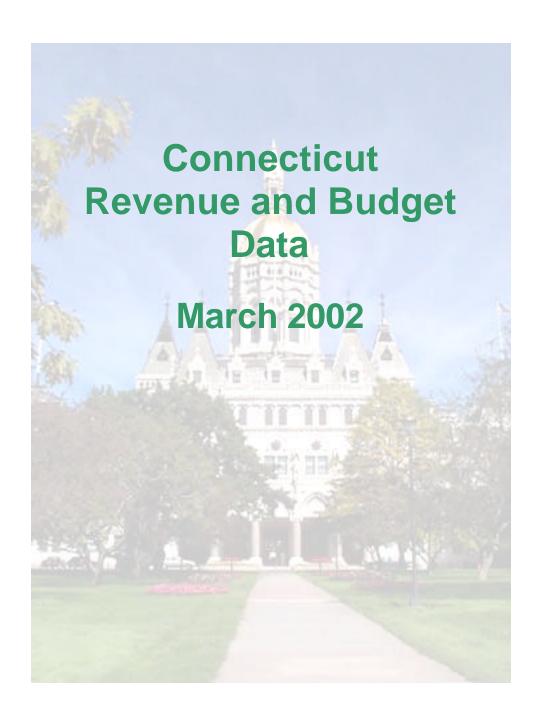
# Connecticut General Assembly OFFICE OF FISCAL ANALYSIS



#### **QUICK REFERENCE**

INSTRUCTION: Place the mouse cursor over the heading you wish to view and double click on it. You can use the Page Up and Page Down keys on your keyboard to view pages consecutively.

#### INTRODUCTION

TAXES TRANSPORTATION FUND

Overview: General Fund Taxes and Other Taxes

Admissions, Dues, Cabaret Alcoholic Beverage Tax

Cigarette Tax Corporation Tax

Gift Tax

Hospital Gross Earnings Tax Inheritance and Estate Taxes

Insurance Tax

Motor Fuels Excise Taxes Personal Income Taxes Petroleum Companies Tax Public Service Corporation Tax Real Estate Conveyance Tax

Sales and Use Tax Tourism Districts **UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION TRUST FUND** 

**LEGALIZED GAMBLING** 

STATE BUDGET OVERVIEW

**SELECT STATE PROGRAMS OR FUNDS** 

Education

State Retirement Funds

**MUNICIPAL FINANCE** 

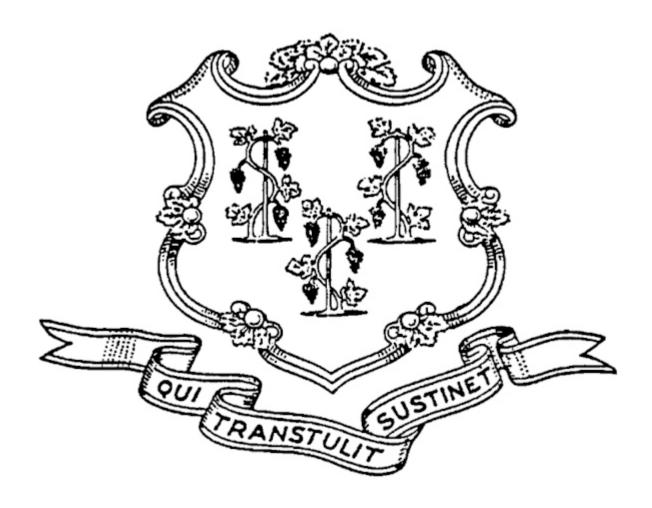
State Aid to Local Governments

State and Local Property Tax Relief for the Elderly

Veterans

**Property Taxes** 

# CONNECTICUT REVENUE AND BUDGET DATA



**OFFICE OF FISCAL ANALYSIS** 

CONNECTICUT GENERAL ASSEMBLY

March 2002

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#### **INTRODUCTION**

This document is designed to be a reference tool for legislators interested in putting the state's revenue and budget picture into historical perspective. Twenty years or more of data on major state taxes and some of the basic expenditure items most often asked for by state legislators is provided. Similar information is included for municipal finances. A section covering a number of important issues and major state and municipal programs or funds of interest to legislators is also provided.

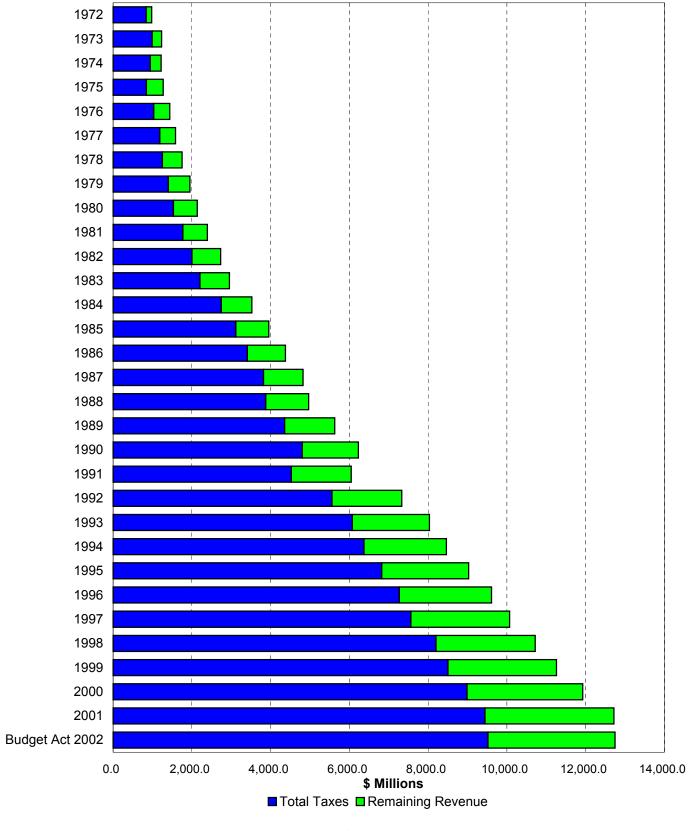
The information presented here is compiled from many authoritative sources, which are noted at the end of each document. In some cases the data is taken directly from the source, while in other cases adjustments are made to provide consistency among data elements. Where these adjustments are made, descriptive footnotes are included. Differences between figures provided in this edition and previous ones are generally due to revised data becoming available.

Any comments or questions concerning the information contained in this document, or suggestions would be welcomed by: Office of Fiscal Analysis, LOB 5200, 300 Capitol Avenue, Hartford, CT 06106.

Visit the Office of Fiscal Analysis website at <a href="http://www.cga.state.ct.us/ofa">http://www.cga.state.ct.us/ofa</a> to view or download this and other documents produced by the office.

## **General Fund Taxes and Other Revenue 1972-2002**

#### **Fiscal Year**



TOTAL GENERAL FUND TAXES AND OTHER REVENUE (Millions \$)

| Fiscal          | <b>Total Gross</b> | Yearly   | <b>General Fund</b> | Yearly   |
|-----------------|--------------------|----------|---------------------|----------|
| Year            | Taxes              | % Change | Revenues            | % Change |
|                 | [1,2]              |          | [1,2,3,4]           |          |
| 1972            | 842.0              | 26.7     | 983.6               | 21.0     |
| 1973            | 992.7              | 17.9     | 1,235.3             | 25.6     |
| 1974            | 941.4              | (5.2)    | 1,224.2             | (0.9)    |
| 1975            | 846.9              | (10.0)   | 1,277.7             | 4.4      |
| 1976            | 1,033.3            | 22.0     | 1,442.2             | 12.9     |
| 1977            | 1,184.3            | 14.6     | 1,588.3             | 10.1     |
| 1978            | 1,252.5            | 5.8      | 1,753.1             | 10.4     |
| 1979            | 1,402.9            | 12.0     | 1,955.7             | 11.6     |
| 1980            | 1,533.1            | 9.3      | 2,142.7             | 9.6      |
| 1981            | 1,771.1            | 15.5     | 2,396.6             | 11.8     |
| 1982            | 2,003.9            | 13.1     | 2,732.5             | 14.0     |
| 1983            | 2,205.8            | 10.1     | 2,956.5             | 8.2      |
| 1984            | 2,744.9            | 24.4     | 3,527.8             | 19.3     |
| 1985            | 3,114.3            | 13.5     | 3,958.3             | 12.2     |
| 1986            | 3,406.8            | 9.4      | 4,378.8             | 10.6     |
| 1987            | 3,818.6            | 12.1     | 4,827.4             | 10.2     |
| 1988            | 3,877.3            | 1.5      | 4,968.8             | 2.9      |
| 1989            | 4,356.7            | 12.4     | 5,630.5             | 13.3     |
| 1990            | 4,802.9            | 10.2     | 6,233.9             | 10.7     |
| 1991            | 4,527.6            | (5.7)    | 6,051.3             | (2.9)    |
| 1992            | 5,558.2            | 22.8     | 7,332.5             | 21.2     |
| 1993            | 6,075.3            | 9.3      | 8,034.9             | 9.6      |
| 1994            | 6,371.0            | 4.9      | 8,465.1             | 5.4      |
| 1995            | 6,820.6            | 7.1      | 9,031.5             | 6.7      |
| 1996            | 7,268.1            | 6.6      | 9,613.9             | 6.4      |
| 1997            | 7,561.1            | 4.0      | 10,072.7            | 4.8      |
| 1998            | 8,198.3            | 8.4      | 10,723.0            | 6.5      |
| 1999            | 8,503.2            | 3.7      | 11,261.4            | 5.0      |
| 2000            | 8,986.3            | 5.7      | 11,927.0            | 5.9      |
| 2001            | 9,442.6            | 5.1      | 12,721.0            | 6.7      |
| Budget Act 2002 | 9,519.2            | 8.0      | 12,749.1            | 0.2      |

Source: Annual Report of the Comptroller, various years.

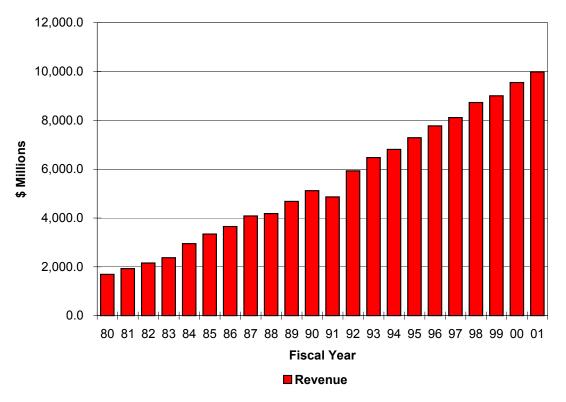
<sup>[1]</sup> From FY69 to FY 74 Public Service Taxes went into the Public Service Tax Sinking 'Fund rather than the General Fund. To make the data comparable, the tax was added to Total General Fund Revenues for these years.

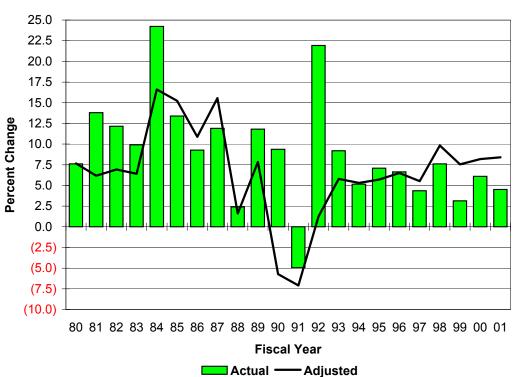
<sup>[2]</sup> From FY 75 to FY 84 the Transportation Fund was included in the General Fund. To make the data comparable, Motor Fuels Tax was eliminated from Total Taxes and revenues later transferred to the Transportation Fund were removed from Total General Fund Revenues for these years. Other tables in this book include Motor Fuels Tax in Total Taxes and thus are not comparable with the figures appearing here.

<sup>[3]</sup> To make the data comparable, Refunds of Taxes which are subtracted from revenues in the Comptroller's Annual Report were added to Total General Fund Revenues for FY 86 and subsequent years.

<sup>[4]</sup> Beginning in FY 92 through FY 97 Total General Fund Revenues include Economic Recovery Fund payments which transfers to the Ecnomic Recovery Fund to pay off the FY 91 accumulated General Fund deficit which are subtracted from revenues beginning in FY 92 through FY 97 in the Comptroller's Annual Report are added back to Total General Fund Revenues to make data comparable.

## Total Tax Revenue (General & Transportation Fund) Collections and Growth Rates FY 80 - FY 01



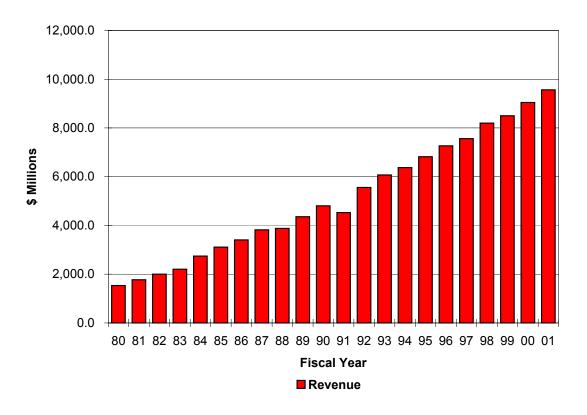


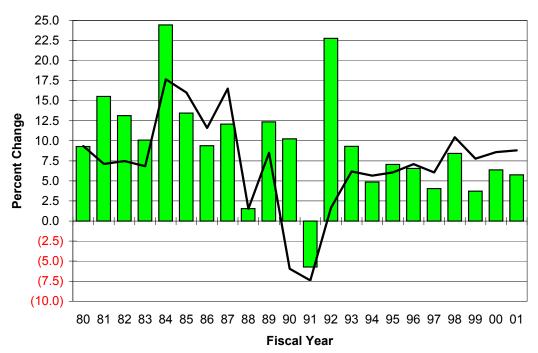
Adjusted for Legislative Base and Rate changes. Estimates made at time legislation was adopted.

#### TAX REVENUE ACTUAL and ADJUSTED GROWTH RATES

| Total Tax Revenue (General & Transportation Fund) |           |         |           |        |          |
|---|-----------|---------|-----------|--------|----------|
|   | Revenue   | Tax     | Non-      | Actual | Adjusted |
|   | (000,000) | Changes | recurring | %      | %        |
|   | ,         | _       |           |        |          |
| FY72  | 974.1     | 187.4   | 0.0       |        |          |
| FY73  | 1,136.4   | 58.6    | 14.5      | 16.7   | 9.2      |
| FY74  | 1,082.6   | (102.3) | 0.0       | (4.7)  | 5.6      |
| FY75  | 990.0     | (28.4)  | 0.0       | (8.6)  | (5.9)    |
| FY76  | 1,190.9   | 149.5   | 27.7      | 20.3   | 2.4      |
| FY77  | 1,347.1   | (0.7)   | 71.6      | 13.1   | 9.7      |
| FY78  | 1,417.0   | (4.1)   | 4.0       | 5.2    | 11.1     |
| FY79  | 1,571.7   | (9.6)   | 0.0       | 10.9   | 11.9     |
| FY80  | 1,691.4   | (0.9)   | 0.0       | 7.6    | 7.7      |
| FY81  | 1,924.8   | 128.9   | 0.0       | 13.8   | 6.2      |
| FY82  | 2,158.6   | 65.0    | 35.3      | 12.1   | 6.9      |
| FY83  | 2,372.3   | 28.9    | 84.2      | 9.9    | 6.4      |
| FY84  | 2,946.9   | 233.1   | 45.8      | 24.2   | 16.6     |
| FY85  | 3,341.3   | (1.8)   | 0.0       | 13.4   | 15.2     |
| FY86  | 3,651.2   | (113.3) | 60.0      | 9.3    | 10.9     |
| FY87  | 4,085.4   | (68.8)  | 4.0       | 11.9   | 15.6     |
| FY88  | 4,183.3   | 36.0    | 0.0       | 2.4    | 1.6      |
| FY89  | 4,677.2   | 108.3   | 57.6      | 11.8   | 7.8      |
| FY90  | 5,115.3   | 730.3   | 29.7      | 9.4    | (5.7)    |
| FY91  | 4,862.5   | 92.4    | 45.6      | (4.9)  | (7.1)    |
| FY92  | 5,928.2   | 1,039.0 | 11.6      | 21.9   | 1.3      |
| FY93  | 6,473.1   | 197.0   | 17.6      | 9.2    | 5.8      |
| FY94  | 6,806.7   | (38.3)  | 47.3      | 5.2    | 5.3      |
| FY95  | 7,289.2   | 179.5   | (35.4)    | 7.1    | 5.7      |
| FY96  | 7,772.8   | (9.4)   | (19.1)    | 6.6    | 6.5      |
| FY97  | 8,111.7   | (96.6)  | (13.9)    | 4.4    | 5.5      |
| FY98  | 8,729.0   | (178.7) | (16.6)    | 7.6    | 9.8      |
| FY99  | 9,003.1   | (362.7) | (40.5)    | 3.1    | 7.6      |
| FY00  | 9,551.8   | (245.4) | 13.1      | 6.1    | 8.2      |
| FY01  | 9,983.2   | (347.2) | (9.4)     | 4.5    | 8.4      |

#### Total General Fund Tax Revenue Collections and Growth Rates FY 80 - FY 01





Adjusted for Legislative Base and Rate changes. Estimates made at time legislation was adopted.

Actual — Adjusted

#### TAX REVENUE ACTUAL and ADJUSTED GROWTH RATES

#### **Total General Fund Tax Revenue**

| Total General Fund Tax Revenue |           |         |           |        |          |
|--------------------------------|-----------|---------|-----------|--------|----------|
|                                | Revenue   | Tax     | Non-      | Actual | Adjusted |
|                                | (000,000) | Changes | recurring | %      | %        |
|                                |           |         |           |        |          |
| FY72                           | 842.0     | 165.1   | 0.0       |        |          |
| FY73                           | 992.7     | 54.1    | 14.5      | 17.9   | 9.8      |
| FY74                           | 941.4     | (101.3) | 0.0       | (5.2)  | 6.6      |
| FY75                           | 846.9     | (28.4)  | 0.0       | (10.0) | (7.0)    |
| FY76                           | 1,033.3   | 149.5   | 13.7      | 22.0   | 2.7      |
| FY77                           | 1,184.3   | (15.3)  | 71.6      | 14.6   | 10.6     |
| FY78                           | 1,252.5   | (4.1)   | 4.0       | 5.8    | 12.6     |
| FY79                           | 1,402.9   | (9.6)   | 0.0       | 12.0   | 13.1     |
| FY80                           | 1,533.1   | (8.0)   | 0.0       | 9.3    | 9.3      |
| FY81                           | 1,771.1   | 128.9   | 0.0       | 15.5   | 7.1      |
| FY82                           | 2,003.9   | 65.0    | 35.3      | 13.1   | 7.5      |
| FY83                           | 2,205.8   | 18.9    | 83.7      | 10.1   | 6.8      |
| FY84                           | 2,744.9   | 202.1   | 45.8      | 24.4   | 17.7     |
| FY85                           | 3,114.3   | (16.7)  | 0.0       | 13.5   | 16.0     |
| FY86                           | 3,406.8   | (128.6) | 60.0      | 9.4    | 11.6     |
| FY87                           | 3,818.6   | (84.5)  | 4.0       | 12.1   | 16.5     |
| FY88                           | 3,877.3   | 4.2     | 0.0       | 1.5    | 1.5      |
| FY89                           | 4,356.7   | 92.3    | 57.6      | 12.4   | 8.5      |
| FY90                           | 4,802.9   | 730.3   | 29.7      | 10.2   | (6.0)    |
| FY91                           | 4,527.6   | 62.0    | 45.6      | (5.7)  | (7.4)    |
| FY92                           | 5,558.2   | 991.0   | 11.6      | 22.8   | 1.6      |
| FY93                           | 6,075.3   | 169.0   | 17.6      | 9.3    | 6.2      |
| FY94                           | 6,371.0   | (76.3)  | 47.3      | 4.9    | 5.7      |
| FY95                           | 6,820.6   | 149.3   | (35.4)    | 7.1    | 6.1      |
| FY96                           | 7,268.1   | (54.7)  | (19.1)    | 6.6    | 7.1      |
| FY97                           | 7,561.1   | (153.4) | (13.9)    | 4.0    | 6.1      |
| FY98                           | 8,198.3   | (151.1) | (16.6)    | 8.4    | 10.4     |
| FY99                           | 8,503.2   | (310.0) | (40.5)    | 3.7    | 7.8      |
| FY00                           | 9,045.4   | (244.4) | 13.1      | 6.4    | 8.6      |
| FY01                           | 9,565.7   | (252.6) | (9.4)     | 5.8    | 8.8      |

#### **GENERAL FUND REVENUE INCREASES AND DECREASES**

The following two sections list General Fund revenue increases and decreases enacted since FY 72. If the full effect of the revenue change does not occur in the first year, an estimate for the portion of the revenue impact occurring in the second year is also given. Revenue changes are based on the fiscal impact at the time the change was enacted.

Only estimated gains or losses above \$100,000 are included here. Items which affect revenue collections for only one year are noted below the dollar estimate.

#### FY 71-72

| Capital Gains and Dividends Tax - New tax of 6% on Capital Gains and Dividends was established  | 54.0               |
|---|--------------------|
| Cigarette Tax - Tax was increased from 16 to 21 cents per pack  | 12.5               |
| Motor Fuels Tax - Tax was increased from 8 to 10 cents per gallon (eff 9/1/91) (10 mos)   | 22.3               |
| Public Service Corporation Tax -The exemption for The portion of The gas, water, telephone and electric bills that exceeded \$20 was repealed                           | 6.9                |
| - Telephone companies tax increased from 6% to 8%   | 8.1                |
| Sales and Use Tax - Tax rate increased from 5% to 6.5%, effective 9/1/71 (10 months)  | 70.5               |
| Self-Insured Business - A new tax of 2.5% on death benefits and 2.75% on other benefits was established   | 0.3                |
| Fees - Professional fees were increased   | 4.6                |
| <ul> <li><u>Tuition</u></li> <li>Tuition payments are required for attendance at State Colleges and the University of Connecticut. (effective January, 1972)</li> </ul> | 6.8                |
| Lottery - A State lottery game was established  | 2.5                |
| TOTAL FY 71-72  | 188.5              |
| FY 72-73  |                    |
| Inheritance Tax - Estate and Inheritance taxes are due within 9 months of the date of death, rather than 18 or 14 months respectively                                   | 14.5<br>(one time) |
| Motor Fuels Tax - Tax was increased from 8 to 10 cents per gallon (eff 9/1/91) (2 mos)  | 4.5                |

| Sales and Use Tax - Tax rate increased from 5% to 6.5%, effective 9/1/71 (2 months) - Tax rate increased from 6.5% to 7%, effective 7/1/72 - Utility bill exemption was reduced from \$20 to \$10, eff 7/1/72 | 14.0<br>30.3<br>20.6 |
|---|----------------------|
| TOTAL FY 72-73  | 83.9                 |
| 101/12111210  | 00.0                 |
| FY 73-74  |                      |
| Insurance Companies Tax - Domestic companies are subject to the tax of 2%   | 1.7                  |
| FY 74-75  |                      |
| Public Service Corporation Tax - Public service tax fund was abolished, so 20% of collections which had been diverted, will remain in the General Fund  | 14.2                 |
| Sales and Use Tax - Tax rate increased from 6% to 7%, effective 4/1/75 (3 months)   | 18.5                 |
| TOTAL FY 74-75  | 32.7                 |
| FY 75-76  |                      |
| Capital Gains and Dividends Tax   |                      |
| - Capital Gains tax rate increased from 6% to 7%  | 2.5                  |
| - Dividends tax imposed at the rate of 7%   | 29.8                 |
| Corporation Business Tax - Tax rate increased from 8% to 10%, effective 1/1/75 (6 months)   | 19.8                 |
| Color and Han Tay   |                      |
| Sales and Use Tax - Tax rate increased from 6% to 7%, effective 4/1/75 (9 months)   | 55.8                 |
| - Rental and leasing of tangible and personal property are taxable  | 15.0                 |
| - Base extended to include tax on business services   | 26.8                 |
| - Monthly tax collection (December 1975 Special Session)  | 1.3                  |
| Approval Changes (December 1075 Special Section)  | (one time)           |
| Accrual Changes (December 1975 Special Session) - Receipts due by June 30 but collected in July, are accrued:   | (one time)           |
| Cigarette tax   | 4.3                  |
| Motor Fuels tax   | 14.0                 |
| Alcoholic Beverage tax  | 2.1                  |
| Federal Revenue Sharing Funds   | 7.1                  |
| <u>Transfer of Funds (December 1975 Special Session)</u> Excess funds from the following were transferred:  |                      |
| - Banking Fund  | 1.6                  |
| - Highway Right-of-Way Revolving Fund   | 2.3                  |
|   |                      |

| <ul><li>Real Estate Guarantee Trust Fund</li><li>Boating Fund</li><li>Motor Vehicle fees increased</li></ul>                                 | 0.8<br>0.5<br>17.9         |
|--|----------------------------|
| TOTAL FY 75-76   | 201.6                      |
| FY 76-77   |                            |
| Corporation Business Tax - Tax rate increased from 8% to 10%, effective 1/1/75 (6 months) - Estimated payments are required                  | 13.2<br>35.0<br>(one time) |
| Insurance Companies Tax - Estimated payments are required  | 4.0 (one time)             |
| Motor Fuels Tax - Rate was increased from 10 to 11 cents per gallon  | 14.6                       |
| Public Service Corporation Tax - Quarterly payments are required   | 30.6 (one time)            |
| Tolls - Tolls on The Parkway were increased  | 1.4                        |
| Special Revenue - A daily lottery game was established   | 9.0                        |
| TOTAL FY 76-77   | 107.8                      |
| FY 77-78   |                            |
| Special Revenue - Tax rates on jai alai and dog racing handles were increased - Instant lottery proceeds were directed into The General Fund | 1.9<br>9.9                 |
| TOTAL FY 77-78   | 11.8                       |
| FY 78-79   |                            |
| Fines - A 10% surtax was added to some motor vehicle violations  | 0.4                        |
| FY 79-80   |                            |
| Fines - The 10% surtax was added to remaining motor vehicle violations   | 0.2                        |

| <u>License, Permits and Fees</u> - Supreme court filing fees for cases under \$7,500 were increased from \$30 to \$55   | 0.1               |
|---|-------------------|
| - Home improvement contractors and salesmen must register and pay fee of \$30   | 0.2               |
| TOTAL FY 79-80  | 0.5               |
| FY 80-81  |                   |
| Petroleum Company Tax - A 2% tax on petroleum company gross receipts was established  | 49.0              |
| Sales and Use Tax - Rate increased from 7% to 7.5%, effective 7/1/80 - Exemption for cigarettes was eliminated, effective 7/1/80  | 61.6<br>17.6      |
| General - Delinquent tax interest rate raised from 12% to 15% per annum   | 0.5               |
| License, Permits and Fees  - The distribution of 25% of court fines to municipalities was eliminated  - Miscellaneous fee increased  - Corporate filing fees and uniform commercial code-required | 0.5<br>1.2        |
| fees were increased - Assessment practices changed so that The Insurance Dept. is supported by domestic insurance companies   | 1.4               |
| Motor Vehicle Receipts - Biennial registration established  | 8.5               |
| - Car dealers fees increased from \$8 to \$20   | (two year)<br>0.4 |
| Sales of Commodities and Services - Financial support of families of individuals in State humane institutions was increased   | 0.3               |
| TOTAL FY 80-81  | 141.0             |
| FY 81-82  |                   |
| Alcoholic Beverage Tax - Minimum mark-up provisions were eliminated   | 1.1               |
| Capital Gains and Dividends Tax  - Certain gains or losses from The sale of depreciable personal property are treated as capital gains (effective 1/1/81) (November 1981 Special Session)         | 1.0               |

| Corporation Business Tax   |                 |
|--|-----------------|
| - Tax rates increased effective 1/1/81 (6 months):   | 16.2            |
| Net Income Base: 9% to 10%<br>Capital Base: .00031 to .0031  |                 |
| Minimum Tax: \$50 to \$100   |                 |
| - Tax on net income plus compensation to owners and officers was   | 25.8            |
| added (fourth base) and the minimum tax was raised to \$250 - Tax on dividends was eliminated, all income is subject to                                | 2.0             |
| apportionment and the calculation of the apportionment   | 2.0             |
| ratio will include a double weighting of the sales factor  |                 |
| <ul> <li>Depreciation deductions related to use of new Accelerated</li> <li>Cost Recovery schedule were limited (Nov. 1981 Special Session)</li> </ul> | 6.5             |
| - Interest on delinquent corporation taxes was increased from  | 0.2             |
| 15% to 20% per annum. (November 1981 Special Session)  |                 |
| - All taxpayers must make an estimated payment of \$250 or 60%, whichever is greater, in their 6th month and 80% of the total                          | 35.3 (one time) |
| estimated payment in their 12th month (effective 1/1/82)   | (one time)      |
| (November 1981 Special Session)  |                 |
| Estate Income Tax  |                 |
| - New tax of 10% on estate income in excess of \$20,000 is   | 2.5             |
| established (November 1981 Special Session)  |                 |
| Petroleum Companies Tax  |                 |
| - Companies distributing petroleum products are subject to tax on  | 1.0             |
| the first sale of the product in Connecticut (effective 5/1/82)  |                 |
| Public Service Corporation Tax   |                 |
| - The gross receipts tax on telephone and community antenna  | 11.4            |
| television companies was increased from 8% to 9% effective 1/1/81  |                 |
| Unincorporated Business  |                 |
| - New tax of 5% on firms with net income over \$15,000 and   | 30.0            |
| gross receipts are over \$50,000 (effective 1/1/81) - Businesses not entirely conducted in Connecticut may only  | 1.2             |
| deduct 50% of the net income attributable to Connecticut or  | 1.2             |
| \$15,000, whichever is greater (effective 1/1/81)  |                 |
| (November 1981 Special Session)  |                 |
| General  |                 |
| - Interest rate on delinquent taxes remains at 1.25% per month   | 0.5             |
| - The time period after which unclaimed property is turned   | 7.0             |
| over to the state was reduced (November 1981 Special Session)  |                 |
| Licenses, Permits and Fees   |                 |
| <ul><li>Motor carrier registration was increased from \$5 to \$10</li><li>Filing fee for the registration of securities was raised from</li></ul>      | 1.4<br>0.2      |
| \$200 to \$300 and the licensing fee for consumer collection   | 0.2             |
| agencies was raised from \$100 to \$200  |                 |
|  |                 |

| <ul> <li>Fines for reckless driving and evading responsibility were increased</li> <li>A \$10 surcharge was added for those convicted for or pleading</li> <li>Nolo Contendere to certain motor vehicle violations</li> </ul> | 0.3<br>1.4      |
|---|-----------------|
| <ul> <li>Fee for filing in small claims court was raised from \$8 to \$10</li> <li>Sales tax permit fee increased from \$1 to \$20 and an annual renewal is required at a fee of \$10 (1981 Nov Spec Session)</li> </ul>      | 0.3<br>0.6      |
| - Certain legal motion filing fees were increased (1981 Nov Spec Ses) - Insurance licenses issued for 2 years rather than 1 (effective 5/1/82)  | 0.5<br>0.1      |
| Special Revenue - Jai Alai and dog racing are permitted on Sundays  | 1.8             |
| <u>Transfer Other Funds</u> - Tolls were increased  | 15.8            |
| TOTAL FY 81-82  | 164.1           |
| FY 82-83  |                 |
| Capital Gains and Dividends Tax   |                 |
| - Estimated payment of dividends tax of 50% is required in the sixth month (November 1981 Special Session)  | 50.0 (one time) |
| Corporation Business Tax - Tax rates increased effective 1/1/81 (6 months) Net Income Base: 9% to 10% Capital Base: .00031 to .0031 Minimum Tax: \$50 to \$100  | 10.8            |
| - All taxpayers must make an estimated payment of \$250 or 60%,   | 33.7            |
| whichever is greater, in their 6th month and 80% of the total estimated payment in their 12th month (effective 1/1/82)  | (one time)      |
| - Certain gains or losses from The sale of depreciable personal property are treated as capital gains (Nov Special Session)   | 1.0             |
| Motor Fuels Tax   |                 |
| <ul><li>Tax rate increased to 14 cents from 11 cents per gallon.</li><li>Tax increase was also applied to gasoline in inventory</li></ul>   | 10.0<br>0.5     |
| (effective 4/1/83)  | (one time)      |
| Petroleum Companies Tax Companies distributing petroleum products are subject to  | 9.0             |
| <ul> <li>Companies distributing petroleum products are subject to<br/>tax on the first sale of the product in Connecticut</li> </ul>  | 8.0             |
| Sales and Use Tax   | 0.5             |
| <ul><li>Corporate officers are personally liable for payment of taxes due</li><li>Exemption for seeds and fertilizer not used in The</li></ul>  | 0.5<br>1.0      |
| agricultural production process was repealed as of 4/1/83 Exemption for meals costing less than \$1 repealed effective 4/1/83   | 3.0             |

| Licenses, Permits and Fees  |                                   |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| - Professional engineer and land surveyor registration fees   | 0.3                               |
| were increased - Registration fees for motorcycles increased from \$8 to \$10   | 0.2                               |
| - The registration of liquor brands by out-of-state   | 0.2                               |
| shippers was increased from \$25 to \$100 - Architect registration fees increased from \$35 to \$75   | 0.1                               |
| - Sales tax permit fee increased from \$1 to \$20 and an annual   | 0.8                               |
| renewal is required at a fee of \$10 (November 1981 Special Session)  | 0.0                               |
| - Filing fees for certain legal motions were increased (November 1981 Special Session)  | 0.8                               |
|   |                                   |
| <u>Commodities and Services</u> - The sale of Laurel Heights Hospital was authorized  | 5.0                               |
| (November 1981 Special Session)   | 5.0                               |
| - The Department of Agriculture may lease State lands for   | 0.2                               |
| agricultural purposes   |                                   |
| Miscellaneous   |                                   |
| - The Department of income Maintenance can take assignment  | 0.2                               |
| of the assets of an estate up to the amount the state has paid on the individual's behalf   |                                   |
| ·   |                                   |
| Special Revenue   |                                   |
|   | 13                                |
| - The tax on feature bets at OTB was increased from 17% to 19% and the tax on dog racing was increased from 8% to 8.25%   | 1.3                               |
| - The tax on feature bets at OTB was increased from 17% to 19% and the tax on dog racing was increased from 8% to 8.25%   |                                   |
| - The tax on feature bets at OTB was increased from 17% to 19%  | 1.3<br><b>127.6</b>               |
| - The tax on feature bets at OTB was increased from 17% to 19% and the tax on dog racing was increased from 8% to 8.25%   |                                   |
| - The tax on feature bets at OTB was increased from 17% to 19% and the tax on dog racing was increased from 8% to 8.25%  TOTAL FY 82-83  FY 83-84   |                                   |
| - The tax on feature bets at OTB was increased from 17% to 19% and the tax on dog racing was increased from 8% to 8.25%  TOTAL FY 82-83   |                                   |
| - The tax on feature bets at OTB was increased from 17% to 19% and the tax on dog racing was increased from 8% to 8.25%  TOTAL FY 82-83  FY 83-84  Alcoholic Beverage Tax - Rates were increased by 20%, effective 8/1/83 (1983 June Spec Sess)   | 127.6                             |
| - The tax on feature bets at OTB was increased from 17% to 19% and the tax on dog racing was increased from 8% to 8.25%  TOTAL FY 82-83  FY 83-84  Alcoholic Beverage Tax   | 127.6                             |
| - The tax on feature bets at OTB was increased from 17% to 19% and the tax on dog racing was increased from 8% to 8.25%  TOTAL FY 82-83  FY 83-84  Alcoholic Beverage Tax - Rates were increased by 20%, effective 8/1/83 (1983 June Spec Sess)  Capital Gains, Dividends & Interest Tax - A graduated Interest-income tax was established for taxpayers with more than \$50,000 AGI. The dividends threshold was also  | <b>127.6</b> 4.8                  |
| - The tax on feature bets at OTB was increased from 17% to 19% and the tax on dog racing was increased from 8% to 8.25%  TOTAL FY 82-83  FY 83-84  Alcoholic Beverage Tax - Rates were increased by 20%, effective 8/1/83 (1983 June Spec Sess)  Capital Gains, Dividends & Interest Tax - A graduated Interest-income tax was established for taxpayers with more than \$50,000 AGI. The dividends threshold was also increased to \$50,000 AGI and tax rates were changed to coincide   | <b>127.6</b> 4.8                  |
| - The tax on feature bets at OTB was increased from 17% to 19% and the tax on dog racing was increased from 8% to 8.25%  TOTAL FY 82-83  FY 83-84  Alcoholic Beverage Tax - Rates were increased by 20%, effective 8/1/83 (1983 June Spec Sess)  Capital Gains, Dividends & Interest Tax - A graduated Interest-income tax was established for taxpayers with more than \$50,000 AGI. The dividends threshold was also  | <b>127.6</b> 4.8                  |
| - The tax on feature bets at OTB was increased from 17% to 19% and the tax on dog racing was increased from 8% to 8.25%  TOTAL FY 82-83  FY 83-84  Alcoholic Beverage Tax - Rates were increased by 20%, effective 8/1/83 (1983 June Spec Sess)  Capital Gains, Dividends & Interest Tax - A graduated Interest-income tax was established for taxpayers with more than \$50,000 AGI. The dividends threshold was also increased to \$50,000 AGI and tax rates were changed to coincide with the tax on interest income (June 1983 Special Session) - Individuals whose Estimated dividends and Interest tax liability exceeds \$200 must make an estimated payment in the  | <b>127.6</b> 4.8 82.0             |
| - The tax on feature bets at OTB was increased from 17% to 19% and the tax on dog racing was increased from 8% to 8.25%  TOTAL FY 82-83  FY 83-84  Alcoholic Beverage Tax - Rates were increased by 20%, effective 8/1/83 (1983 June Spec Sess)  Capital Gains, Dividends & Interest Tax - A graduated Interest-income tax was established for taxpayers with more than \$50,000 AGI. The dividends threshold was also increased to \$50,000 AGI and tax rates were changed to coincide with the tax on interest income (June 1983 Special Session) - Individuals whose Estimated dividends and Interest tax liability exceeds \$200 must make an estimated payment in the sixth month of their income year equal to 50% of estimated   | <b>127.6</b> 4.8 82.0             |
| - The tax on feature bets at OTB was increased from 17% to 19% and the tax on dog racing was increased from 8% to 8.25%  TOTAL FY 82-83  FY 83-84  Alcoholic Beverage Tax - Rates were increased by 20%, effective 8/1/83 (1983 June Spec Sess)  Capital Gains, Dividends & Interest Tax - A graduated Interest-income tax was established for taxpayers with more than \$50,000 AGI. The dividends threshold was also increased to \$50,000 AGI and tax rates were changed to coincide with the tax on interest income (June 1983 Special Session) - Individuals whose Estimated dividends and Interest tax liability exceeds \$200 must make an estimated payment in the  | <b>127.6</b> 4.8 82.0             |
| - The tax on feature bets at OTB was increased from 17% to 19% and the tax on dog racing was increased from 8% to 8.25%  TOTAL FY 82-83  FY 83-84  Alcoholic Beverage Tax - Rates were increased by 20%, effective 8/1/83 (1983 June Spec Sess)  Capital Gains, Dividends & Interest Tax - A graduated Interest-income tax was established for taxpayers with more than \$50,000 AGI. The dividends threshold was also increased to \$50,000 AGI and tax rates were changed to coincide with the tax on interest income (June 1983 Special Session) - Individuals whose Estimated dividends and Interest tax liability exceeds \$200 must make an estimated payment in the sixth month of their income year equal to 50% of estimated tax liability (June 1983 Special Session)  Cigarette Tax  | 4.8<br>82.0<br>45.0<br>(one time) |
| - The tax on feature bets at OTB was increased from 17% to 19% and the tax on dog racing was increased from 8% to 8.25%  TOTAL FY 82-83  FY 83-84  Alcoholic Beverage Tax - Rates were increased by 20%, effective 8/1/83 (1983 June Spec Sess)  Capital Gains, Dividends & Interest Tax - A graduated Interest-income tax was established for taxpayers with more than \$50,000 AGI. The dividends threshold was also increased to \$50,000 AGI and tax rates were changed to coincide with the tax on interest income (June 1983 Special Session) - Individuals whose Estimated dividends and Interest tax liability exceeds \$200 must make an estimated payment in the sixth month of their income year equal to 50% of estimated tax liability (June 1983 Special Session)  Cigarette Tax - The rate was increased from 21 to 26 cents per pack of twenty. | <b>127.6</b> 4.8 82.0             |
| - The tax on feature bets at OTB was increased from 17% to 19% and the tax on dog racing was increased from 8% to 8.25%  TOTAL FY 82-83  FY 83-84  Alcoholic Beverage Tax - Rates were increased by 20%, effective 8/1/83 (1983 June Spec Sess)  Capital Gains, Dividends & Interest Tax - A graduated Interest-income tax was established for taxpayers with more than \$50,000 AGI. The dividends threshold was also increased to \$50,000 AGI and tax rates were changed to coincide with the tax on interest income (June 1983 Special Session) - Individuals whose Estimated dividends and Interest tax liability exceeds \$200 must make an estimated payment in the sixth month of their income year equal to 50% of estimated tax liability (June 1983 Special Session)  Cigarette Tax  | 4.8<br>82.0<br>45.0<br>(one time) |

| Corporation Business Tax - Tax rate increased from 10 to 11.5% (June 1983 Special Session)  | 30.0               |
|---|--------------------|
| Inheritance & Estate Tax - A surtax of 10% was added to the tax on estates established on or after July 1, 1983 (June 1983 Special Session)   | 3.0                |
| Motor Fuels Tax - Tax rate increased from 11 to 14 cents per gallon (effective 4/1/83)  | 31.0               |
| Real Estate Conveyance Tax - A new State tax on Real Estate conveyances was established (June 1983 Special Session)   | 37.7               |
| Sales and Use Tax  - Exemption for seeds and fertilizer not used in the agricultural production process was repealed as of 4/1/83.  - Exemption for meals costing less than \$1 repealed 4/1/83.  - The tax on business services was increased from 3.5% to 7.5%,   | 2.0<br>9.0<br>33.0 |
| effective 8/1/83 (June 1983 Special Session) (11 months)  License, Permits and Fees  - The Alcohol Education & Treatment Fund was eliminated 7/1/83   | 0.8                |
| <ul> <li>Various Motor Vehicle fees were increased</li> <li>Initial license application filing fee for insurance agents, brokers and public adjusters was raised to \$20 from \$5. A filing fee of \$20 was established for casualty adjusters, damage appraisers, insurance consultants and other</li> </ul> | 4.3<br>0.4         |
| <ul> <li>insurance-related occupations.</li> <li>The report that stock corporations must file with The Secretary of the State is changed from annually to biennially and filing fees were increased.</li> </ul>   | 1.4                |
| - The fee on Fines for Certain Motor Vehicle violations and infractions was increased (effective 10/1/83)   | 0.2                |
| Fines - Fees received by DEP to cover costs of reviewing applications for monitoring compliance with various state and federal permits was extended   | 0.1                |
| - Various court fees were increased   | 5.0                |
| Special Revenue - Tax structure on greyhound racing was changed as follows: (1) Takeout increased from 18.5% to 19% (2) Tax rate increased from 8.25% to 8.5%   | 0.3                |
| (3) Increased amount to purses from .25% to .5%  - Takeout rate for OTB on in-State racing events must be The rate applicable to such racing event rather than OTB rate   | 1.0                |

| - Sunday off-track betting on harness or thoroughbred racing events at facilities equipped to receive live telecasts   | 0.8                       |
|--|---------------------------|
| TOTAL FY 83-84   | 308.2                     |
| FY 84-85   |                           |
| Inheritance & Estate Tax - A surtax of 10% was added to the tax on estates established on or after July 1, 1983 (June 1983 Special Session)  | 9.0                       |
| Sales and Use Tax - Tax rate on business services from 3.5% to 7.5%, eff 8/1/83 (1 month)  | 3.0                       |
| Miscellaneous - Transportation Fund and Tuition Fund revenues were included in formula for determining FY 85 assessments to cover Insurance Department expenses.   | 0.3                       |
| Fines - Various court fees were increased  | 6.7                       |
| TOTAL FY 84-85   | 19.0                      |
| FY 85-86   |                           |
| Corporation Business Tax  - Increased cash flow from change in timing of Estimated payment  - Firms are limited to 88% deduction of federal depreciation expense for 1985 income year. Full deduction is allowed in 1986 income year and thereafter. | 0.4<br>20.0<br>(one time) |
| Public Service Corporation Tax  - The 9% tax on sales of interstate telecommunications service was extended to 12/31/85  | 20.0                      |
| <u>License, Permits and Fees</u> - Inspection fee for motor vehicles over 10 yrs old increased from \$2 to \$10 (effective 10/1/84)  | 0.6                       |
| - A fee of \$20 was established for the provision of expedited services by the Secretary of the State's Office (effective 7/1/85)  | 0.1                       |
| <ul> <li>Application fee - Independent social worker</li> <li>Certificate of operations fee for elevators, escalators and tramways was increased (effective 10/1/85)</li> </ul>  | 0.1<br>0.4                |
| Special Revenue - Wagering on make-up performances at OTB and Teletrack was allowed when requested by facility   | 0.1                       |

| Miscellaneous  |            |
|--|------------|
| - Increase in the Department of Public Utility Control's   | 0.5        |
| appropriation, which is covered by industry assessments  | 0.0        |
| <ul> <li>Investment income earnings of The Budget Reserve Fund were<br/>transferred to the General Fund</li> </ul>             | 9.0        |
| TOTAL FY 85-86   | 51.2       |
| FY 86-87   |            |
| Corporation Business Tax   |            |
| - Firms are limited to 88% deduction of federal depreciation   | 9.0        |
| expense for 1985 income year. Full deduction is allowed in 1986 income year and thereafter.                                    | (one time) |
| - Maximum tax on the capital base is increased from \$100,000 to   |            |
| \$500,000 (effective 1/1/86)   | 0.5        |
| Insurance Companies Tax  |            |
| - Foreign Insurance Companies were prevented from deducting their  | 4.0        |
| assessments to Workers' Compensation Funds from their Premiums   |            |
| Tax Liability (effective 10/1/85)  |            |
| Public Service Corporation Tax   |            |
| - Telecommunication services which are not rate regulated are  | 15.0       |
| subject to 6.5% tax (effective 7/1/86)  - The existing tax on long-distance telecommunications services                        | 10.0       |
| was extended to 6/30/86  |            |
| License, Permits and Fees  |            |
| - A fee of \$20 was established for the provision of expedited   | 0.5        |
| services by the Secretary of the State's Office (effective 7/1/85)   |            |
| <ul> <li>Certificate of operations fee for elevators, escalators and<br/>tramways was increased (effective 10/1/85)</li> </ul> | 0.5        |
| trainways was increased (enective 16/1/05)   |            |
| TOTAL FY 86-87   | 39.5       |
| FY 87-88   |            |
| Sales and Use Tax  |            |
| - Non-Alcoholic beverages included in definition of meal for purposes  | 0.4        |
| of meals under \$2 exemption, effective 7/1/87 - Established exemption for business services provided to A company             | 30.0       |
| that is 100% owned or between companies 100% owned by another  | 30.0       |
| company. This made it clear that tax is due on services provided   |            |
| to or by companies that are not 100% owned. (July 1987 Special Sess)   |            |
| License, Permits and Fees  |            |
| - Boiler inspection fees were increased 10/1/86  | 0.1        |

| Cresial Devenue   |                    |
|---|--------------------|
| <ul> <li>Special Revenue</li> <li>A 5% tax on gross receipts from bingo was established and the sale of sealed tickets was legalized</li> </ul>   | 1.6                |
| - Changes regarding The use and payment of proceeds from dog racing   | 1.5                |
| TOTAL FY 87-88  | 33.6               |
| FY 88-89  |                    |
| Alcoholic Beverage Tax - The excise tax on beer and wine was increased by 100% and liquor by 50% (effective 4/1/89). (1989 Regular Session)   | 5.8                |
| - Beer and wine floor stock (1989 Regular Session)  | 2.1 (one time)     |
| Capital Gains, Interest and Dividends Tax - An estimated payment of 100% of the amount due is required by the 15th day of sixth month on all capital gains realized in the  | 25.0               |
| first five months of the income year. (1989 Regular Session)  - The long-term exclusion for gains realized on or after 2/9/89 was repealed and the maximum tax on capital gains income was limited  | 25.0               |
| to 5% of adjusted gross income. (1989 Regular Session) - The tax rates on Interest and dividends were increased.  | 21.0               |
| Cigarette Tax  - The tax on cigarettes was increased from 13 to 20 mills (or 26 to 40 cents per pack of 20), effective 4/1/89. (1989 Regular Session)   | 9.0                |
| - Cigarette floor stock (1989 Regular Session)  | 2.5                |
| - The correctional institution exemption was eliminated. (1989 Regular Session)   | (one time) 0.4     |
| Corporation Business Tax  |                    |
| <ul> <li>Revenue is no longer earmarked for The property tax Relief Fund</li> <li>A 15% surtax was added. This is calculated before any credit is applied against the Corporation Business Tax. The minimum tax was increased from \$100 to \$250 (1989 Regular Session)</li> </ul> | 26.0<br>35.0       |
| <ul><li>Insurance Premiums Tax</li><li>Changed The timing and percentage of Estimated payments due effective 1/1/89. (1989 Regular Session)</li></ul>   | 16.0<br>(one time) |
| <u>License, Permits and Fees</u> - Various new or revised fees - Fee change for appeals process   | 0.3<br>0.5         |
| <ul><li>Special Revenue</li><li>A 5% tax on gross receipts from bingo was established and the sale of sealed tickets was legalized</li></ul>  | 1.9                |

| - The state's off-track betting vendor was authorized to accept wagering on any type of racing event (1987 Regular Session)   | 1.5                       |
|---|---------------------------|
| TOTAL FY 88-89  | 172.0                     |
| FY 89-90  |                           |
| Alcoholic Beverage Tax - Increased the excise tax on beer and wine 100% and liquor by 50%.  | 14.5                      |
| Capital Gains, Interest and Dividends Tax  - An estimated payment of 100% of the amount due is required by the 15th day of sixth month on all capital gains realized in the first five months of the income year.  - The long-term exclusion for gains realized on or after 2/9/89 was repealed and the maximum tax on capital gains income was limited to 5% of adjusted graps income. | 5.0<br>(one time)<br>73.0 |
| to 5% of adjusted gross income.  - The tax rates on Interest and dividends were increased.  - Gains from The sale of Real property of nonresidents is taxable effective 1/1/90 (1990 Regular Session)   | 36.0<br>4.0               |
| Cigarette Tax  - The tax on cigarettes was increased from 13 to 20 mills (or 26 to 40 cents per pack of 20).  - The correctional institution exemption was eliminated.  - A 20% excise tax on non-cigarette tobacco products was established.   | 31.0<br>0.8<br>2.0        |
| Controlling Interest Transfer Tax - Placed a tax of 1.0% on the value of real property when the controlling interest was transferred through the sale of stock.   | 0.5                       |
| Corporation Business Tax - A 15% surtax was added. This is calculated before any credit is applied against the Corporation Business Tax. The minimum tax was increased from \$100 to \$250.   | 62.0                      |
| - The deduction for income taxes paid to other states was eliminated effective 1/1/89.  | 20.0                      |
| <ul> <li>The surtax was increased from 15% to 20% effective 1/1/89.</li> <li>The first \$25,000 of tax savings for corporations filing a combined return was eliminated effective 1/1/90.</li> </ul>  | 45.0<br>15.0              |
| - Tax payments collected by 8/15 are accrued to prior year  | 35.6 (one time)           |
| Occupational Tax - The annual tax paid by attorneys was increased from \$150 to \$450.  | 3.0                       |
| Real Estate Conveyance Tax  - Increased The tax rate on residential and vacant land sales. The old tax rate was .45%.  -The portion of the purchase price below \$800,000 is taxed at .5%   | 4.5                       |
| person of the parended price below \$600,000 to taked at 1070   | <b>∓.</b> 0               |

| -The portion over \$800,000 is taxed at 1.0% - Increased nonresidential tax rate from .45% to 1.0%.   | 4.0<br>17.0                             |
|---|---|
| <ul> <li>Sales and Use Tax</li> <li>Tax rate increased from 7.5% to 8.0%, effective 7/1/90</li> <li>The exemption on meals under \$2.00 is repealed.</li> <li>Imposed tax on natural gas, electricity and oil provided to businesses. Utilities used in manufacturing and agricultural production were excluded. An exemption was provided for the first \$150 per month of electrical usage.</li> <li>The Base of taxable enumerated services was expanded.</li> </ul> | 161.0<br>20.0<br>71.0                   |
| <ul> <li>Imposed tax on telecommunications services, eff 1/1/90 (6 months)</li> <li>Imposed tax on community antenna television companies, eff 1/1/90</li> </ul>  | 54.0<br>11.0                            |
| License, Permits and Fees - fees established for Real Estate or residential property Appraiser (1988 Regular Session) - Fee change for appeals process (1988 Regular Session) - Increased license fees for pistols and revolvers - Established fees relating to hazardous waste storage - Revised or established new court fees in Certain areas - Increased fees in Various State agencies   | 0.6<br>0.7<br>0.1<br>0.2<br>7.7<br>20.0 |
| Fines, Escheats and Rents - Shortened holding period for Certain abandoned bank accounts  | 10.0                                    |
| TOTAL FY 89-90  | 804.2                                   |
| FY 90-91  |   |
| Capital Gains, Interest and Dividends Tax - Gains from The sale of Real property of nonresidents is taxable effective 1/1/90 (1990 Regular Session)   | 6.5                                     |
| Corporation Business Tax - The first \$25,000 of tax savings for corporations filing a combined return was eliminated effective 1/1/90 (1989 Reg. Session)  | 35.0                                    |
| - Second estimated payment increased from 60% to 70% eff 1/1/91   | 45.0 (one time)                         |
| <ul> <li>Inheritance Tax</li> <li>Tax payment is due within 6 months of date of death rather than 9 months after death, effective 7/1/90</li> </ul>   | 30.0 (one time)                         |
| <ul> <li>Insurance Premiums Tax</li> <li>Surplus lines Insurance are collected on A Quarterly rather than A semiannual basis, effective 10/1/90</li> </ul>  | 0.7 (one time)                          |
| Sales and Use Tax - The interest rate on delinquent taxes was increased from 10 to 15%  | 2.0                                     |

| <ul> <li>The penalty on delinquent taxes was increased from 15 to 20%</li> <li>Imposed tax on telecommunications services, eff 1/1/90 (6 months)</li> <li>Imposed tax on community antenna television companies, eff 1/1/90 (1989 Regular Session)</li> </ul>                                      | 2.0<br>73.4<br>14.0                        |
|--|--|
| General - A tax amnesty program is provided between 9/1/90 and 11/30/90 for any tax due prior to 3/31/90   | 10.0<br>(one time)                         |
| Licenses, Permits and Fees  - Fees for filing certain corporate documents are increased 7/1/90  - A \$10 late fee is established for emissions inspections performed more than 30 days after expiration date effective 10/1/90   | 1.0<br>2.1                                 |
| TOTAL FY 90-91   | 221.7                                      |
| FY 91-92   |  |
| Cigarette Tax  - The rate is increased from 40 cents per pack to 45 cents, effective 10/1/91 (1991 June Special Session)(9 months)  - Tax on floor stock as of 10/1/91   | 8.5<br>0.5                                 |
| Corporation Business Tax  - The maximum for the capital base is increased from \$0.5 million to \$1 million, effective 1/1/92 (1991 June Special Session)  - Thirty percent of dividends received from companies with ownership less than 20% is included in the income base (1991 June Spec Sess) | (one time) 16.0 (one time) 31.0 (one time) |
| Gift Tax - The tax is imposed on certain gifts valued over \$10,000 at rates from 1-6% effective 9/1/91 (1991 June Special Session)  | 2.5  |
| Inheritance Tax - Tax payment is due within 6 months of date of death rather than 9 months, effective 7/1/90   | 8.0 (one time)                             |
| Marijuana Tax - The tax is Imposed on marijuana and other controlled substances effective 10/1/91.   | 0.1  |
| Personal Income Tax  - The tax is imposed on Connecticut Adjusted Gross Income at 1.5% for the 1991 income year and 4.5% thereafter. A low income credit is provided and the standard deduction is phased out. Withholding begins 9/1/91. (1991 June Special Session)                              | 1,744.7                                    |

| Petroleum Company Tax  - The rate is increased from 3 to 5% effective 10/1/91 and a use tax is imposed (1991 June Special Session)   | 28.0            |
|--|-----------------|
| Sales and Use Tax - Raised rate on hotel rooms from 8 to 12%, eff 10/1/91 (9 months) - Rate on boats is lesser of Connecticut or destination state, effective 10/1/91 (9 months)               | 8.3<br>0.6      |
| - Additions to tax base at 6%, effective 10/1/91 (9 months)  | 95.9            |
| <u>Licenses, Permits and Fees</u> - Implementation of revenue-related Thomas Commission recommendations effective 9/1/91 (1991 June Special Session)   | 0.2             |
| - Fee established for issuing certificates of evidence of securities   | 0.1             |
| deposit, effective 10/1/91 - Eliminated exemption for Real Estate brokers and salesmen with appraiser's license effective 7/1/91   | 0.3             |
| <ul><li>Various dairy-related fees were increased</li><li>Registration fee of \$100 per brand of motor fuel was established</li></ul>  | 0.1<br>0.1      |
| TOTAL FY 91-92   | 1,944.9         |
| FY 92-93   |                 |
| Cigarette Tax  - The rate is increased from 40 cents per pack to 45 cents, effective 10/1/91 (1991 June Special Session)(3 months)   | 3.5             |
| Corporation Business Tax - The maximum for the capital base is increased from \$0.5 million to \$1 million, effective 1/1/92 (1991 June Special Session)                                       | 12.0            |
| - Thirty percent of dividends RECEIVED from Companies with ownership less than 20% is included in the income base (1991 June Spec Sess)  | 18.0            |
| - Unrelated business income of nonprofit corporations is taxable, effective 1/1/92   | 3.0 (one time)  |
| Gift Tax - The tax is imposed on certain gifts valued over \$10,000 at rates from 1-6% effective 9/1/91 (1991 June Special Session)  | 5.5             |
| Medical Services Provider Tax - A tax of 1.75% is imposed on nursing home facility net revenues between 4/1/92 and 3/31/93 (1992 May Special Session).   | 23.0 (one time) |
| Personal Income Tax  - The tax is imposed on Connecticut Adjusted Gross Income at 4.5%.  A low income credit is provided and the standard deduction is phased out. (1991 June Special Session) | 448.0           |

| - Expenses connected with income which is exempt from Federal taxation but taxable in state are deductible from income. Expenses connected with income which is not taxable in state are not deductible from income. (effective with 1992 income year) (1992 May Special Session)  | 1.0                |
|--|--------------------|
| Petroleum Company Tax - The rate is increased from 3 to 5% effective 10/1/91 and a use tax is imposed (1991 June Special Session)  | 9.0                |
| Sales and Use Tax - Raised rate on hotel rooms from 8 to 12%, eff 10/1/91 (3 months) - Rate on boats is lesser of Connecticut or destination state, effective 10/1/91 (3 months) - Additions to tax base at 6%, effective 10/1/91 (3 months)   | 3.7<br>0.4<br>38.3 |
| - Expanded definition of amusements & recreation, eff 7/1/92   | 1.5                |
| General - Taxpayers with liabilities over \$500,000 are required to transfer payments electronically effective 1/1/93. The revenue increase is due to increased investment income. (1992 May Special Session)  | 0.3                |
| Licenses, Permits and Fees  - Fee established for issuing certificates of evidence of securities deposit, effective 10/1/91 (1991 Regular Session)   | 0.1<br>1.5         |
| <ul> <li>Various health-related professions fees are established or increased, effective 7/1/92. (1992 May Special Session)</li> <li>Various fees are established or changed effective 7/1/92 (1992 May Special Session)</li> </ul>  | 15.2               |
| TOTAL FY 92-93   | 584.0              |
| FY 93-94   |                    |
| Cigarette Tax - The rate is increased from 45 cents per pack to 47 cents, eff 7/1/93 - Tax on floor stock as of 7/1/93   | 3.6<br>0.2         |
| Corporation Business Tax - Unrelated business income of nonprofit corporations is taxable, effective 1/1/92 (1992 Regular Session)   | (one time)         |
| <ul> <li>Hospital Gross Receipts Tax</li> <li>An 11% tax is imposed on hospital gross earnings, effective 4/1/94.</li> <li>(It should be noted that the imposition of this tax replaced payments by hospitals into an Uncompensated Care Pool Fund which was a non-appropriated fund designed to compensate hospitals for providing services to those unable to pay.)</li> </ul> | 54.2               |

| Motor Vehicle Tire Tax - A \$2 tax is levied on all tires sold in the state, eff 7/1/93.   | 5.5                      |
|--|--------------------------|
| Personal Income Tax  - Tax payers are required to pay The higher of their liability under the state Personal Income Tax or 23% of their federal Alternative Minimum Tax liability, effective 1/1/93.   | 4.6                      |
| Sales and Use Tax  |                          |
| <ul> <li>All freight and delivery charges must be included in The sales<br/>price for purposes of calculating tax liability, eff 7/1/93</li> </ul>   | 1.0                      |
| <ul> <li>Applied 12% Room Occupancy Tax to campgrounds, eff 7/1/93</li> <li>(passed 1992 Regular Session, repealed 1993 Regular Session)</li> </ul>  | 0.1                      |
| - Patient care services provided by hospitals (It should be noted that the imposition of this tax replaced payments by hospitals into an Uncompensated Care Pool Fund which was a non-appropriated fund designed to compensate hospitals for providing services to those unable to pay.) | 26.0                     |
| Licenses, Permits, Fees  |                          |
| - \$100 new application fee and \$50 renewal fee is applied for all X-ray technicians, effective 10/1/93.  | 1.0                      |
| - The massage therapist license Application fee is increased from \$100 to \$300 effective 7/1/93 (1992 Regular Session)   | 0.1                      |
| General - Taxpayers with liabilities over \$500,000 are required to transfer payments electronically effective 1/1/93. The revenue increase is due to increased investment income. (1992 May Special Session)  | 0.3                      |
| - The abandonment period for unclaimed stocks and dividends is   | 2.0                      |
| reduced from 7 to 5 years, effective upon passage Hospitals are charged an Assessment equal to The cost of operating the Commission on Hospitals and Health Care, effective 7/1/93.  | 2.5                      |
| TOTAL FY 93-94   | 103.1                    |
| FY 94-95   |                          |
| Cigarette Tax - The rate is increased from 47 cents per pack to 50 cents, eff 7/1/94 - Tax on floor stock as of 7/1/94   | 5.2<br>0.3<br>(one time) |
| Hospital Gross Receipts Tax - An 11% tax is imposed on hospital gross earnings, effective 4/1/94.  | (one time)               |
| Insurance Premiums Tax - The tax is imposed on health maintenance organizations, eff 1/1/95.   | 13.3                     |

| Sales and Use Tax - Patient care services provided by hospitals   | 78.0           |
|---|----------------|
| General  - A two year pilot program is established for the sales of product advertising on lottery tickets, play slips, and other lottery media.  | 0.5            |
| - Hospitals are charged an Assessment equal to The cost of operating the Commission on Hospitals and Health Care, effective 7/1/93.   | 0.8            |
| <u>Licenses, Permits, Fees</u> - \$100 new application fee and \$50 renewal fee is applied for all  | 0.4            |
| X-ray technicians, effective 10/1/93 Raise permit fee to sell or carry a pistol from \$25 to \$35, eff 10/1/93.   | 0.1            |
| TOTAL FY 94-95  | 266.7          |
| FY 95-96  |                |
| Corporation Business Tax - The Clean Air Act traffic management credit scheduled to begin with the 1995 income year is delayed until the 1997 income year.                              | 0.5 (one time) |
| <ul> <li>The credit for capital goods expenditures by small and medium sized<br/>firms scheduled to begin in the 1995 income year is delayed until the<br/>1997 income year.</li> </ul> | 1.0 (one time) |
| Insurance Premiums Tax -The tax is imposed on health maintenance organizations, eff 1/1/95.   | 8.8            |
| Public Service Companies Tax - The repeal of the tax on private water companies is delayed from 7/1/96 to 7/1/97.   | 8.0 (one time) |
| General - A pilot program is established for the sales of product advertising on lottery tickets, play slips, and other lottery media.  | 1.5            |
| - The state's participation in multi-state lottery games (Powerball) Tax amnesty program between 9/1/95 and 11/30/95.   | 10.0<br>31.0   |
| License, Permits and Fees   | (One Time)     |
| <ul><li>Various fee increases eff 10/1/95</li><li>\$100 fee established for out-of-state insurance adjusters, eff 1/1/96</li></ul>  | 0.7<br>3.6     |
| TOTAL FY 95-96  | 65.1           |

#### FY 96-97

| Corporation Business Tax  - The Clean Air Act traffic management credit scheduled to begin with the 1995 income year is delayed until the 1997 income year.  | 1.5<br>(one time)                     |
|--|---------------------------------------|
| - The credit for capital goods expenditures by small and medium sized firms scheduled to begin in the 1995 income year is delayed until the 1997 income year.  | 3.3 (one time)                        |
| - Requiring motor carriers for hire to apportion their net income based on the relative number of miles driven in state effective with the 1996 income year  | 0.5                                   |
| Motor Vehicle Tire Tax -The repeal of the tax is delayed from 7/1/96 to 7/1/97.  | 4.0 (one time)                        |
| Sales and Use Tax  - The effective dates for the exemptions listed below are delayed from 7/1/ Tax preparation services Auctioneering Services Sales of safety apparel Purchases by private water companies Aircraft trade-ins Phase out tax on computer & data processing services. | 96 to 7/1/97. 2.2 0.1 2.0 3.0 0.1 4.2 |
|  | (all 1 Time)                          |
| TOTAL FY 96-97   | 20.9                                  |
| FY 97-98   |                                       |
| Corporation Business Tax - Nexus Investigation Program, DRS  | 3.0                                   |
| Personal Income Tax - Non-resident and Nexus Investigation Program, DRS  | 6.0                                   |
| Inheritance & Estate - Establish generation skipping transfer tax - Expand estate tax to include non-resident estates  | 0.4<br>0.1                            |
| Sales and Use Tax - Nexus Investigation Program, DRS   | 1.0                                   |
| TOTAL FY 97-98   | 10.5                                  |

#### FY 98-99

| Corporation Business Tax   |            |
|--|------------|
| - Nexus Investigation Program, DRS - Repeal the Home Grown Cattle deduction, and the following tax credits: Air Pollution Abatement Facilities, Industrial Waste Treatment                     | 3.0<br>0.3 |
| Facilities, Work Education, Employee Training and New Facilities.  - Provide for single factor apportionment formula for financial services companies and exclude them from the capital base.  | 5.3        |
| Restrict the deductibility of certain intangible expenses and certain interest expenses with a related member.   | 6.2        |
| Personal Income Tax - Non-resident and Nexus Investigation Program, DRS  | 6.0        |
| Inheritance & Estate - Establish generation skipping transfer tax - Expand estate tax to include non-resident estates  | 1.4<br>0.1 |
| Insurance Premiums Tax -Exempt domestic insurers from the Corporation Income Tax on small companies, who no longer will be able to credit 80% of the Corporation Tax against the Premiums Tax. | 1.0        |
| Sales and Use Tax<br>- Nexus Investigation Program, DRS  | 1.0        |
| <u>License, Permits and Fees</u><br>- Fee established for all construction at 16 Cents per \$1,000 of value.<br>- Establishes license for Pharmacy Technicians.                                | 0.8<br>0.1 |
| TOTAL FY 98-99<br>FY 99-00   | 25.2       |
| Corporation Business Tax  - Repeal the Home Grown Cattle deduction, and the following tax  Credits: Air Pollution Abatement Facilities, Industrial Waste Treatment                             | 4.4        |
| Facilities, Work Education, Employee Training and New Facilities.  - Provide for single factor apportionment formula for financial services companies and exclude them from the capital base.  | 2.2        |
| - Restrict the deductibility of certain intangible expenses and certain interest expenses with a related member.   | 6.8        |
| Insurance Premiums Tax -Exempt domestic insurers from the Corporation Income Tax on small companies, who no longer will be able to credit 80% of the Corporation Tax against the Premiums Tax. | 1.0        |

| <u>License, Permits and Fees</u> - Fee established for all construction at 16 Cents per \$1,000 of value Establishes license for Pharmacy Technicians.   | 0.3<br>0.1  |
|--|-------------|
| TOTAL FY 99-00   | 14.8        |
| FY 00-01   |             |
| Corporation Business Tax - Repeal the Home Grown Cattle deduction, and the following tax Credits: Air Pollution Abatement Facilities, Industrial Waste Treatment Facilities, Work Education, Employee Training and New Facilities.   | 0.7         |
| Sales and Use Tax - Changes when sales tax is due on prepaid phone cards.  | 0.2         |
| Tobacco Products - Changed the tax on snuff from 20% to 40 cents per ounce.  | 0.2         |
| TOTAL FY 00-01   | 1.1         |
| FY 01-02   |             |
| Personal Income Tax - Impose the income tax on a nonresident that wins the CT Lottery and and allows a resident that wins an out-of-state lottery to claim a credit against the CT income tax for taxes paid to other jurisdictions. | 4.0         |
| Cigarette Excise Tax - Excise Tax rate is increased from 50 cents per pack to \$1.10, 4/1/02 - Floor Tax   | 28.7<br>9.5 |
| <ul><li>Insurance Premiums</li><li>Tax credit for HMOs provind health coverage for HUSKY A, B, and Plus Program is eliminate.</li></ul>  | (one time)  |
| Sales Tax - Increase in Cigarette Excise Tax increases retail prices generates additional sales tax revenue  | 1.5         |
| TOTAL FY 01-02   | 57.7        |

#### FY 71-72

| Sales and Use Tax - The full trade-in value for cars is exempt, rather than first \$500  | (6.5)                                     |
|--|---|
| FY 72-73   |   |
| No significant decreases   |   |
| FY 73-74   |   |
| Capital Gains & Dividends Tax  - Tax on dividends was repealed  - A \$100 Capital Gains Tax exemption is provided for individuals who are blind or over age 65   | (29.0)<br>(0.4)                           |
| Corporation Tax  - The tax alternative on asset value is reduced from 4 mills to .25 mills  - Full use of federal loss carry forward provisions are allowed  | (5.0)<br>(3.0)                            |
| Motor Fuels Tax - Gasoline for school buses and other municipal vehicles is exempt   | (1.0)                                     |
| Sales and Use Tax - Sales tax lowered from 7% to 6.5%, effective 7/1/73 - Sales tax reduced from 6.5% to 6%, effective 5/1/74 (2 months) - Exemptions provided for:  | (34.0)<br>(6.0)                           |
| Production materials  Motor vehicles sold out-of-state Sales by non-profit organizations less than \$2 Full trade-in value of boats and auto-dealer trade-ins Full exemption for public utility bills is allowed, effective 3/1/74 (4 months) (1974 Regular Session) | (4.0)<br>(0.3)<br>(0.1)<br>(3.8)<br>(7.0) |
| Tuition - Tuition is waived for dependents of POW's or MIA's   | (0.6)                                     |
| TOTAL FY 73-74   | (94.2)                                    |
| FY 74-75   |   |
| Capital Gains & Dividends Tax  - A one-time exemption is allowed for the sale of a principle residence by persons over 65  | (1.0)                                     |
| Motor Fuels Tax - One cent of the Motor fuels tax is diverted to the Transportation Fund   | (14.0)                                    |

| Sales and Use Tax - Sales tax reduced from 6.5% to 6%, effective 5/1/74 (10 months) - Full exemption for public utility bills is allowed, effective 3/1/74 (8 mos)  | (31.9)<br>(14.0)                   |
|---|------------------------------------|
| TOTAL FY 74-75  | (60.9)                             |
| FY 75-76  |                                    |
| Sales and Use Tax - Exemptions are provided for: Ambulance-type vehicles Tangible personal property for low and moderate income housing   | (0.2)                              |
| FY 76-77  |                                    |
| Sales and Use Tax  - Tax on business services is reduced from 7% to 3.5%  - Rate for machinery used in a production process is reduced to 3.5%  - Tax on real property renovation work is eliminated  - Exemption is provided for life preserving medical equipment | (13.5)<br>(10.5)<br>(3.5)<br>(1.0) |
| TOTAL FY 76-77  | (24.0)                             |
| FY 77-78  |                                    |
| Sales and Use Tax - Tax on manufacturing and farm machinery is reduced to 2.5% - Exemption is provided for printed material sold out-of-state   | (3.6)<br>(0.5)                     |
| TOTAL FY 77-78  | (4.1)                              |
| FY 78-79  |                                    |
| Cabaret Tax - Cabaret tax is reduced from 10% to 5%   | (0.8)                              |
| Public Service Corporations Tax - Exemption is provided for railroads whose net operating income is less than 12% of their gross earnings.  | (0.1)                              |
| Sales and Use Tax  - Tax on manufacturing machinery is eliminated  - Municipalities may receive 4.5% of the tax on lodgings for visitors and convention centers or continue to receive amusements tax receipts  | (8.2)<br>(0.5)                     |
| TOTAL FY 78-79  | (9.6)                              |

#### FY 79-80

| Corporation Tax - Credits are allowed for cooperative work education programs - Credits are allowed for apprenticeship programs  | (0.2)<br>(0.3)          |
|--|-------------------------|
| Motor Fuels Tax - The tax on gasohol is reduced to 10 cents per gallon   | (0.1)                   |
| Sales and Use Tax - Exemptions are provided for: - Sales to senior centers - Motor vehicle out-of-state driving services - Solar energy systems  TOTAL FY 79-80                    | (0.1)<br>(0.1)<br>(0.1) |
| FY 80-81   |                         |
| No decreases   |                         |
| FY 81-82   |                         |
| Corporation Tax - Credit is provided for establishing A day care facility  | (0.1)                   |
| Sales and Use Tax - Municipalities may establish a convention and visitor's commission and receive a portion of the sales tax collections on lodging equivalent to 4.5% of the tax | (0.1)                   |
| License, Permits and Fees  |                         |
| <ul> <li>Separate tuition funds are established at UConn and the<br/>Health Center respectively</li> </ul>   | (7.3)                   |
| Active duty national guardsmen are allowed A tuition waver if they attend certain State institutions of higher education   | (0.2)                   |
| TOTAL FY 81-82   | (7.7)                   |
| FY 82-83   |                         |
| Corporation Tax  |                         |
| - Credits are provided for: energy Conservation, Employment Training, Day Care Centers and approved municipal projects   | (1.0)                   |
| - Fourth base is repealed effective with income years beginning  | (4.0)                   |
| on or after 1/1/83 (November 1981 Special Session)   | (estimated pmt.)        |

| Sales and Use Tax - Exemption is provided for materials sold to radio and television when used for broadcasting to the public  | (0.4)                  |
|--|------------------------|
| TOTAL FY 82-83   | 3 (5.4)                |
| FY 83-84   |                        |
| Corporation Tax - Fourth base is repealed effective with income years beginning on or after 1/1/83 (November 1981 Special Session)   | (15.0)                 |
| <ul> <li>Unincorporated Business Tax</li> <li>Tax is repealed effective with income years beginning on or after 1/1/83 (November 1981 Special Session)</li> </ul>  | (33.0)                 |
| Special Revenue - Municipal portion of gross wager from OTB is increased to 4/10 of 1% from .25%   | (0.4)                  |
| TOTAL FY 83-84   | (48.4)                 |
| FY 84-85   |                        |
| Capital Gains, Dividends and Interest Tax - Sub-S Corporations may deduct the amount of interest income included in net income from interest income subject to State's interest tax (effective for tax years beginning 1/1/85) | (0.5)                  |
| - Exclude Social Security and Railroad Retirement from AGI for   | (1.0)                  |
| Dividends and Interest Tax calculation (1985 Regular Session) - Interest and Dividend Tax rate reductions (1985 Regular Session)   | (7.0)                  |
| <ul> <li>Taxpayers age 65 or over with AGI less than \$10,000, exclusive<br/>of Capital Gains, are exempt from the Capital Gains Tax<br/>(1985 Regular Session)</li> </ul>   | (0.5)                  |
| Corporation Tax - Tax Credits for day care expenditures are increased (1983 Regular Session)   | (0.1)                  |
| - Tax Credits for Neighborhood Assistance Program are increased  | (0.5)                  |
| <ul> <li>Minimum Tax is reduced from \$250 to \$100, effective with<br/>income years beginning 1/1/85 (1985 Regular Session)</li> </ul>  | (2.0) (estimated pmt.) |
| Estate Income Tax  | (0.0)                  |
| <ul> <li>Requirement that A Fiduciary file an estimated estate income tax is eliminated</li> </ul>   | (0.3)<br>(one time)    |

| Motor Fuels Tax  |  |
|--|--|
| - All revenue is transferred to the Transportation Fund - Fuel purchased exclusively for use in farming is exempt  | (195.0)<br>(0.2)                           |
| Public Service Corporations Tax - The 5% tax applicable to water companies may only be levied on water companies as defined by DPUC regulation   | (0.1)                                      |
| Sales and Use Tax - Exemption for clothing under \$50 (effective 4/1/85) (1985 Regular Session)  | (17.0)                                     |
| License, Permits and Fees - Tuition funds received by several state institutions of higher education will be deposited to their respective accounts rather than the General Fund   | (22.6)                                     |
| <ul> <li>Motor vehicle- and transportation-related license, permits<br/>and fees were transferred to the Transportation Fund from the<br/>General Fund over a 2 year period (effective 10/1/84)</li> </ul>   | (4.8)                                      |
| - All Motor vehicle-related registrations and licenses were transferred to the Transportation Fund   | (80.0)                                     |
| TOTAL FY 84-85   | (331.6)                                    |
|  | (00110)                                    |
| FY 85-86   | (661.6)                                    |
| FY 85-86  Admissions, Dues, and Cabaret Tax  | (00110)                                    |
|  | (0.1)                                      |
| Admissions, Dues, and Cabaret Tax - Annual dues or initiation fees less than \$100 are exempt  Capital Gains, Dividends and Interest Tax - Sub-S Corporations may deduct the amount of interest income included in net income from the interest income subject to State's interest tax (effective for income years beginning 1/1/85)   |  |
| Admissions, Dues, and Cabaret Tax - Annual dues or initiation fees less than \$100 are exempt  Capital Gains, Dividends and Interest Tax - Sub-S Corporations may deduct the amount of interest income included in net income from the interest income subject to State's  | (0.1)                                      |
| Admissions, Dues, and Cabaret Tax - Annual dues or initiation fees less than \$100 are exempt  Capital Gains, Dividends and Interest Tax - Sub-S Corporations may deduct the amount of interest income included in net income from the interest income subject to State's interest tax (effective for income years beginning 1/1/85) (1984 Regular Session) - Interest and Dividend Tax rate reductions - Social Security and Railroad Retirement are excluded from AGI  | (0.1)                                      |
| Admissions, Dues, and Cabaret Tax - Annual dues or initiation fees less than \$100 are exempt  Capital Gains, Dividends and Interest Tax - Sub-S Corporations may deduct the amount of interest income included in net income from the interest income subject to State's interest tax (effective for income years beginning 1/1/85) (1984 Regular Session) - Interest and Dividend Tax rate reductions  | (0.1)<br>(1.1)                             |
| Admissions, Dues, and Cabaret Tax - Annual dues or initiation fees less than \$100 are exempt  Capital Gains, Dividends and Interest Tax - Sub-S Corporations may deduct the amount of interest income included in net income from the interest income subject to State's interest tax (effective for income years beginning 1/1/85) (1984 Regular Session) - Interest and Dividend Tax rate reductions - Social Security and Railroad Retirement are excluded from AGI for Dividends and Interest Tax calculation - Savings account interest forfeited due to premature withdrawal  | (0.1)<br>(1.1)<br>(18.1)<br>(3.4)          |
| Admissions, Dues, and Cabaret Tax  - Annual dues or initiation fees less than \$100 are exempt  Capital Gains, Dividends and Interest Tax  - Sub-S Corporations may deduct the amount of interest income included in net income from the interest income subject to State's interest tax (effective for income years beginning 1/1/85) (1984 Regular Session)  - Interest and Dividend Tax rate reductions  - Social Security and Railroad Retirement are excluded from AGI for Dividends and Interest Tax calculation  - Savings account interest forfeited due to premature withdrawal is deductible from the amount of taxable interest | (0.1)<br>(1.1)<br>(18.1)<br>(3.4)<br>(0.1) |

| Inheritance Tax - Succession tax exemption increases: - Spouse - \$100,000 to \$300,000 - Children - \$20,000 to \$50,000  | (2.2)                                      |
|--|--|
| - Increase from \$50,000 to \$100,000 the initial amount a surviving spouse receives from an estate when there is no will  | (0.1)                                      |
| Public Service Tax - tax rate on residential Sales of gas and electricity was reduced from 5% to 4%  | (11.7)                                     |
| Petroleum Companies Tax - Exempt Home Heating Oil from 2% tax - Transfer to Emergency Spill Response Fund  | (14.0)<br>(1.5)                            |
| Sales and Use Tax - Exemptions: Clothing under \$50 effective 4/1/85 Clothing under \$75 effective 10/1/85 Non-prescription drugs effective 4/1/86 Seeds and fertilizer Other Sales tax reductions             | (45.0)<br>(9.0)<br>(8.0)<br>(2.0)<br>(3.1) |
| Special Revenue - A special Fund is established to pay for Greyhound urine analysis  | (0.3)                                      |
| License, Permits and Fees - Motor vehicle- and transportation-related license, permits and fees will be transferred to the Transportation Fund from the General Fund effective 10/1/84. (1984 Regular Session) | (38.3)                                     |
| TOTAL FY 85-86   | (188.7)                                    |
| FY 86-87   |  |
| Capital Gains, Dividends & Interest Tax - Reduce interest and dividend tax rate  | (20.8)                                     |
| Inheritance Tax - Succession Tax Exemption increases: (1985 Regular Session) - Spouse - \$100,000 to \$300,000   | (6.2)                                      |
| <ul> <li>Children - \$20,000 to \$50,000</li> <li>Increase from \$50,000 to \$100,000 the initial amount a surviving spouse receives from an estate when there is no will (1985 Regular Session)</li> </ul>    | (0.2)                                      |
| - Three year phase out of succession tax on spouses (1986 Regular Session)   | (1.2)                                      |

| Public Service Tax - Residential gas and electricity rate reduced to 4% (1985 Reg Sess) - Two-ninths of telephone tax is paid directly to towns  | (13.5)<br>(23.6)  |
|--|---|
| Real Estate Conveyance Tax - Reduce real estate conveyance tax from .5% to .45% (eff 1/1/87)   | (3.3)   |
| Sales and Use Tax - Exemptions: Clothing under \$75 effective 10/1/85 (1985 Regular Session) Seeds and fertilizer effective 4/1/86 (1985 Regular Session) Other Sales Tax reductions (1985 Regular Session) Meals under \$2 Cloth for home sewing of clothing Adult diapers Diabetic testing equipment First \$2,500 of funeral expenses Rate reduction from 7.5 to 5% on repair and replacement parts Sales Tax refund - \$7,500 maximum per firm | (5.0)<br>(2.0)<br>(0.7)<br>(20.0)<br>(0.5)<br>(0.9)<br>(2.4)<br>(2.0)<br>(2.0)<br>(1.0) |
| <ul> <li>- Tax eliminated on:         Any items purchased with federal food stamps         Industrial, commercial testing and research services         Exemption on services related to development/Production of new products or systems by joint venture firms         Transfer of from General Fund to transportation Fund of 50% of Sales Tax collected on aviation fuel at Bradley Airport     </li> </ul>                                   | (0.1)<br>(1.6)<br>(1.0)<br>(0.4)  |
| <ul><li>Special Revenue</li><li>Municipal share of revenue from OTB is increased to 1% from 4/10 of one per cent, effective 1/1/87.</li></ul>  | (0.6)   |
| Sales of Commodities and Services  - Toll moneys from the Merritt and Wilbur Cross Parkways are earmarked for a special fund effective 4/1/87 (1987 Regular Session)   | (2.6)   |
| TOTAL FY 86-87   | (111.6)   |
| FY 87-88   |   |
| Capital Gains, Dividends & Interest Tax - 60% of long-term gains are excluded from the tax   | (141.0)   |
| <ul> <li>Corporation Tax</li> <li>Tax credit of 50% of cost to provide child day care subsidies to employees for certain companies (1986 Regular Session)</li> <li>Taxpayers with an estimated liability of less than \$1,000 do not have to file estimated tax payments</li> </ul>  | (0.3)<br>(1.0)  |

| Inheritance Tax - Three year phase out of succession tax on spouses (1986 Regular Session)   | (6.2)                            |
|--|----------------------------------|
| Petroleum Companies Tax - Propane gas sold for residential heating use is exempt   | (0.1)                            |
| Public Service Corporations Tax  - Competition is allowed in the provision of resale, private line and coin operated telephone services  - The two-ninths of the telephone tax earmarked in FY 86 for direct payment to towns is increased to three-ninths                                     | (1.1)<br>(12.5)                  |
| Real Estate Conveyance Tax - Reduce real estate conveyance tax from .5% to .45% (eff 1/1/87) (1986 Regular Session)  | (3.4)                            |
| Sales and Use Tax - Exemptions: Aviation Fuel used in experimental testing Sales of eye medication Collection agency business services Exemption increased for items costing less than \$15 to less than \$100 for sales at non-profit nursing homes, convalescent homes or adult care centers | (0.4)<br>(0.1)<br>(1.0)<br>(0.1) |
| Special Revenue - Municipal share of revenue from OTB is increased to 1% from 4/10 of one per cent, effective 1/1/87. (1986 Regular Session) - The tax rate on dog racing is reduced to 7.25% from 8.5%  | (0.6)<br>(1.5)                   |
| Sales of Commodities and Services - Tolls on Merritt and Wilbur Cross Parkways transferred to special fund for toll plaza removal effective 7/1/87 (1986 Regular Session)  | (10.0)                           |
| TOTAL FY 87-88   | (179.3)                          |
| FY 88-89   |                                  |
| <ul> <li>Inheritance Tax</li> <li>Three year phase out of succession tax on spouses (1986 Regular Session)</li> <li>Pension plan payments of self-employed individuals are excluded from the gross taxable estate</li> </ul>   | (22.6)<br>(1.0)                  |
| Sales and Use Tax - Exemption for Metro-North Commuter Railroad Company and the Metropolitan Transit Authority   | (0.3)                            |

| <ul> <li>Eliminate sunset provision for the exemption for business<br/>services provided between affiliated companies.</li> </ul>   | (60.0)              |
|---|---------------------|
| TOTAL FY 88-89  | (83.9)              |
| FY 89-90  |                     |
| Capital Gains, Dividends & Interest Tax - Exemption for capital gains that result form the trading or holding of dealer equity options  | (0.2)               |
| Inheritance Tax - Three year phase out of Succession tax on spouses (1986 Reg. Ses.)  | (5.0)               |
| TOTAL FY 89-90  | (5.2)               |
| FY 90-91  |                     |
| Corporation Tax  - Liability calculated on the capital base is limited to A \$50,000 maximum for regulated investment companies or real estate investment trusts beginning 1/1/91. Liability for these companies is limited to \$500,000 for 1986 to 1990 income years. | (2.0)<br>(one year) |
| Public Service Corporations Tax  - Tax rate on community antenna television companies is reduced from 9% to 5%  The tax on telegrammunications convices in repealed effective 1/1/00  | (11.0)              |
| - The tax on telecommunications services is repealed effective 1/1/90   | (89.0)              |
| Sales and Use Tax  - The definition of consulting services is narrowed effective 7/1/90  - Consignment fees from Sales of works of art or clothing are exempt from taxable enumerated services effective 7/1/90   | (0.3)<br>(0.4)      |
| <ul> <li>Molds, dies, patterns and sand handling equipment used in metal<br/>casting sold after 4/1/85 are exempt effective 7/1/90</li> </ul>   | (0.2)               |
| TOTAL FY 90-91  | (102.9)             |
| FY 91-92  |                     |
| Capital Gains, Interest and Dividends Tax  - Tax rates are reduced to approximately 2/3 of prior rates for the 1991 income year and eliminated thereafter   | (318.2)             |

| Corporation Tax - Liability calculated on the capital base is limited to A \$50,000 maximum for regulated investment companies or real estate investment trusts beginning 1/1/91. Liability for these   | (1.7)                                    |
|---|--|
| companies is limited to \$500,000 for 1986 to 1990 income years.  - The 20% surtax is reduced to 10% beginning 1/1/92.  | (32.0)                                   |
| Public Service Corporations Tax - The tax on telecommunications services is repealed effective 1/1/90   | (18.0)                                   |
| Sales and Use Tax  - The rate is reduced from 8% to 6% effective 10/1/91  - Various goods and services are exempted eff 10/1/91 (PA 91-3)(at 6%)  - Taxpayers may use cash-basis accounting for state if using it for federal purposes (estimate at 6%) | (450.6)<br>(14.3)<br>(7.5)<br>(one time) |
| TOTAL FY 91-92  | (842.3)                                  |
| FY 92-93  |  |
| Capital Gains, Interest and Dividends Tax  - Tax rates are reduced to approximately 2/3 of prior rates for the 1991 income year and eliminated thereafter   | (223.3)                                  |
| Corporation Tax - The surtax is removed effective 1/1/93.   | (59.0)                                   |
| Personal Income Tax   | (4.0)                                    |
| <ul> <li>Intervivos trusts are taxed based on the number of<br/>beneficiaries living in state (effective 1/1/93)</li> </ul>   | (1.0)<br>(one time)                      |
| - Estimated payments on nonwithheld income are required if tax  | (2.0)                                    |
| liability is expected to exceed \$200 (effective 1/1/93)  | (one time)                               |
| Sales and Use Tax - The rate is reduced from 8% to 6% (1991 June Special Session, effective 10/1/92)  | (195.0)                                  |
| - Various goods and services are exempted eff 10/1/91 (PA 91-3)(at 6%)  | (5.2)                                    |
| - Various goods and services are exempted eff 7/1/92 (PA 92-17&133)   | (6.9)                                    |
| - Out-of-state boat purchasers must sign A residency affidavit  | (0.5)                                    |
| - Computer and data processing services are exempt in certain cases effective 1/1/93  | (3.0)                                    |
| - The manufacturing exemption is broadened  | (6.0)                                    |
| - Aviation gasoline is exempt from the tax at 2.5%  | (0.8)                                    |
| - Golf services at municipal courses are exempt prior to 1/1/93   | (1.0)                                    |
|   | (one time)                               |
| TOTAL FY 92-93  | (503.7)                                  |

#### FY 93-94

| Admissions Tax   |   |
|--|---|
| - Exemptions for Beehive Stadium, the William O'Neal Center, The New Britain Veterans Memorial Stadium, and the Tennis Center of Connecticut, effective 1/1/94   | (0.3)                                   |
| - The Tennis Center of Connecticut exemption is made effective 7/1/93  | (0.2)<br>(one time)                     |
| Alcoholic Beverage Tax  - The tax rate for small wineries (production of up to 55,000 gallons annually) is reduced from \$.60 to \$.15 per gallon, effective 7/1/93.   | (0.1)                                   |
| <ul> <li>Corporation Tax</li> <li>The surtax is removed effective 1/1/93.</li> <li>A research and development credit is established (effective 1/1/93)</li> <li>Mutual funds and real estate investment trusts (REITs) are exempt from the tax, effective with the 1993 income year.</li> <li>The interest rate is reduced from 20% to 15%, effective with the 1994 income year.</li> </ul>  | (59.0)<br>(3.5)<br>(0.9)<br>(0.5)       |
| Oil Companies Gross Receipts Tax - Kerosene Fuel used for home heating is exempt, effective 10/1/93.   | (0.2)                                   |
| Personal Income Tax  - Taxpayers are not subject to penalties or interest resulting from underpayment of estimated tax due for the 1992 income year.  - Estimated payments are conformed to the federal IRS code, effective 1/1/93.  - The percentage of social security benefits which is included in state adjusted gross income is limited to the percentage that was taxable under the 1993 federal income tax rules. The change is effective with the 1994 income year. | (2.0) (one time) (5.0) (one time) (4.0) |
| Public Service Corporations Gross Receipts Tax - The 5% tax on electricity and natural gas to manufacturers in SIC 2000-3999 is reduced to 4%, effective 1/1/94  | (2.7)                                   |
| Sales and Use Tax  - The manufacturing exemption is broadened (1992 Regular Session, effective 7/1/92)  - Licensed massage therapist services are exempt (1992 Regular   | (4.0)<br>(0.2)                          |
| Session exemption is effective 7/1/92 but the licensing program is not in operation until 7/1/93)  - Computer and data processing services are exempt in certain   | (5.0)                                   |
| case (1992 Regular Session, effective 1/1/93)  - Aviation repair parts and services are exempt, (1992 Regular Session, effective 7/1/93)   | (9.8)                                   |
| oession, enective 11 1130)   |   |

| - Equipment, tools, and materials used exclusively to manufacture optical lenses, effective 7/1/93.   | (0.2)                            |
|---|----------------------------------|
| - Various goods and services are exempt, effective 1/1/94   | (4.6)                            |
| - Sales to nonprofit elderly, rest and nursing homes eff 1/1/94   | (0.1)                            |
| - Repealed 12% Room Occupancy Tax on campgrounds, effective 7/1/93  | (0.1)                            |
| - Sample drugs available by prescription, given to doctors for no consideration, eff 1/1/90   | (1.0)                            |
| Licenses, Permits, Fees - The \$500 fee for ambulatory facilities operated by municipal health departments, health districts, license nonprofit nursing or community health agencies and well child clinics is eliminated, the fee per infirmary is reduced from \$500 to \$75 and a \$25 per bed fee is created, effective 7/1/93.   | (0.1)                            |
| Special Revenue   |                                  |
| <ul> <li>Off-track betting system privatization with a 3.5% tax imposed on the private provider based on the total amount wagered, effective 7/1/93.</li> </ul>   | (6.6)                            |
| - Tax rate on Jai Alai is reduced from a 6.75% flat rate to a sliding   | (8.4)                            |
| scale from 2% - 4%. The tax rate on dog racing is reduced from 5% - 8.5% to 2% - 4%, effective 7/1/93.  |                                  |
| TOTAL FY 93-94  | (118.5)                          |
|   | ,                                |
| FY 94-95  | ,                                |
| FY 94-95 Admissions Tax   | ,                                |
|   | (0.1)                            |
| Admissions Tax - Carnival and amusement rides are exempted from the tax, effective effective 7/1/94 Exemptions for Beehive Stadium, the William O'Neal Center, The New Britain Veterans Memorial Stadium, and the Tennis Center of  | , ,                              |
| Admissions Tax - Carnival and amusement rides are exempted from the tax, effective effective 7/1/94 Exemptions for Beehive Stadium, the William O'Neal Center, The  | (0.1)                            |
| Admissions Tax - Carnival and amusement rides are exempted from the tax, effective effective 7/1/94 Exemptions for Beehive Stadium, the William O'Neal Center, The New Britain Veterans Memorial Stadium, and the Tennis Center of  | (0.1)                            |
| Admissions Tax  - Carnival and amusement rides are exempted from the tax, effective effective 7/1/94.  - Exemptions for Beehive Stadium, the William O'Neal Center, The New Britain Veterans Memorial Stadium, and the Tennis Center of Connecticut, effective 1/1/94   | (0.1)                            |
| Admissions Tax  - Carnival and amusement rides are exempted from the tax, effective effective 7/1/94.  - Exemptions for Beehive Stadium, the William O'Neal Center, The New Britain Veterans Memorial Stadium, and the Tennis Center of Connecticut, effective 1/1/94  Corporation Tax  - The corporate income tax rate is reduce from 11.5% to 11.25%,   | (0.1)                            |
| Admissions Tax  - Carnival and amusement rides are exempted from the tax, effective effective 7/1/94.  - Exemptions for Beehive Stadium, the William O'Neal Center, The New Britain Veterans Memorial Stadium, and the Tennis Center of Connecticut, effective 1/1/94  Corporation Tax  - The corporate income tax rate is reduce from 11.5% to 11.25%, beginning with the 1995 income year.  - A credit is provided which is equal of the cost of: (1) the construction new filling stations or improvements to existing stations which provide compressed natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas or liquefied gas, and (2) the conversion of motor vehicles so they can use these fuels or electricity. The credit is effective for the 1994 through 1998   | (0.1)<br>(0.4)<br>(6.6)          |
| Admissions Tax  - Carnival and amusement rides are exempted from the tax, effective effective 7/1/94.  - Exemptions for Beehive Stadium, the William O'Neal Center, The New Britain Veterans Memorial Stadium, and the Tennis Center of Connecticut, effective 1/1/94  Corporation Tax  - The corporate income tax rate is reduce from 11.5% to 11.25%, beginning with the 1995 income year.  - A credit is provided which is equal of the cost of: (1) the construction new filling stations or improvements to existing stations which provide compressed natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas or liquefied gas, and (2) the conversion of motor vehicles so they can use these fuels or electricity. The credit is effective for the 1994 through 1998 income years.  - The manufacturing exemption is broadened (1992 Regular Session)  - The interest rate is reduced from 20% to 15%, effective with the 1994 | (0.1)<br>(0.4)<br>(6.6)          |
| Admissions Tax  - Carnival and amusement rides are exempted from the tax, effective effective 7/1/94.  - Exemptions for Beehive Stadium, the William O'Neal Center, The New Britain Veterans Memorial Stadium, and the Tennis Center of Connecticut, effective 1/1/94  Corporation Tax  - The corporate income tax rate is reduce from 11.5% to 11.25%, beginning with the 1995 income year.  - A credit is provided which is equal of the cost of: (1) the construction new filling stations or improvements to existing stations which provide compressed natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas or liquefied gas, and (2) the conversion of motor vehicles so they can use these fuels or electricity. The credit is effective for the 1994 through 1998 income years.  - The manufacturing exemption is broadened (1992 Regular Session)  | (0.1)<br>(0.4)<br>(6.6)<br>(0.7) |

| <ul> <li>Unpaid loss reserve adjustment required by the federal code for<br/>non-life insurance companies shall not be deducted from gross<br/>income effective with the 1994 income year.</li> </ul>  | (0.5)               |
|--|---------------------|
| Insurance Premiums Tax - Rate is reduced from 2% to 1.75%, effective 1/1/95.   | (4.0)               |
| Public Service Corporations Gross Receipts Tax - The 5% tax on electricity and natural gas to manufacturers in SIC 2000-3999 is reduced to 4%, effective 1/1/94  | (5.4)               |
| Personal Income Tax  - The structure for the credit is changed, effective with the 1995 income   | (4.0)               |
| year.  - The percentage of social security benefits which is included in state adjusted gross income is limited to the percentage that was taxable under the 1993 federal income tax rules. The change is effective with the 1994 income year.   | (6.0)               |
| Sales and Use Tax - Various goods and services are exempted, eff 1/1/94 and 1/1/95.  | (1.7)               |
|  |                     |
| TOTAL FY 94-95   | (45.2)              |
| TOTAL FY 94-95 FY 95-96  | (45.2)              |
| FY 95-96  Corporation Tax  - The credit for apprenticeship wages is increases from \$2.50/hr to \$4.00/hr and the maximum credit allowed is increased from \$3,000   | <b>(45.2)</b> (0.1) |
| Corporation Tax  - The credit for apprenticeship wages is increases from \$2.50/hr to \$4.00/hr and the maximum credit allowed is increased from \$3,000 \$4,800 per year effective with the 1994 income year.  - The interest rate on underpayments is reduced 15% to 12%. The interest rate paid by the state refunds of overpayments is reduced from 9% to 8%. The rate changes are applicable to taxes due on or |                     |
| Corporation Tax  - The credit for apprenticeship wages is increases from \$2.50/hr to \$4.00/hr and the maximum credit allowed is increased from \$3,000 \$4,800 per year effective with the 1994 income year.  - The interest rate on underpayments is reduced 15% to 12%. The interest rate paid by the state refunds of overpayments is reduced   | (0.1)               |

| - The corporate income tax rate is reduce from 11.25% to 11% by PA 93-74 and reduced from 11% to 10.75% by PA 95-160 beginning with the 1996 income year.  | (20.3)              |
|--|---------------------|
| - The interest rate is reduced from 20% to 15%, effective with the 1994  | (2.5)               |
| income year Employer assisted housing credit up to \$100,000 effective with the 1994 income year   | (1.0)               |
| <ul> <li>The date when companies may claim a tax credit equal to 5% of<br/>their incremental employee training expenses is changed from 1/1/95<br/>to 1/1/94.</li> </ul>                                     | (1.6)<br>(one time) |
| <ul> <li>Capital goods credit for small to medium sized companies<br/>(Delayed from the 1995 to 1997 income year)</li> </ul>   | 0.0                 |
| Insurance Premiums Tax - Rate is reduced from 2% to 1.75%, effective 1/1/95.   | (3.0)               |
| Personal Income Tax - The structure for the credit is changed, effective with the 1995 income  | (5.5)               |
| year.  - The percentage of social security benefits which is included in state adjusted gross income is limited to the percentage that was taxable under the 1993 federal income tax rules. The change is    | (6.0)               |
| effective with the 1994 income year.  - The rate is reduced from 4.5% to 3.0% for the first \$9,000 of taxable income for Joint filers, \$7,000 for Head of Household filers, and \$4,500 for Single filers. | (6.0)               |
| Public Service Corporations Gross Receipts Tax  - The 5% tax on electricity and natural gas to manufacturers in SIC 2000-3999 is reduced to 4%, effective 1/1/94   | (5.6)               |
| Sales and Use Tax  - The manufacturing exemption is broadened  - Interest rate for underpayments is reduced from 20% to 12%,   | (3.0)<br>(1.1)      |
| effective for taxes due on or after 7/1/95.  |                     |
| <ul> <li>Repair services to hearing aid are exempted effective.</li> <li>Sales on computer and data processing services and equipment under certain conditions.</li> </ul>                                   | (0.2)<br>(0.3)      |
| <ul> <li>Exemption for the trade-in allowance on remanufactured core<br/>components for trucks with a gross vehicle rating of more than 26,000<br/>pounds.</li> </ul>  | (0.1)               |
| - Oxygen, blood, or blood plasma for medical use in animals is exempted  | (0.1)               |

#### General

- PA 94-4 MSS reduced the interest rate on underpayments from 15% (0.1)to 12% for Sales and Use and Corporate Taxes. PA 95-26 and PA 95-359 reduce the interest rate for all other taxes to 12% annually. The interest rate paid by the state refunds of overpayments is reduced from 9% to 8%. The rate changes are applicable to taxes due on or after 7/1/95.

> **TOTAL FY 95-96** (60.1)

> > (19.2)

(2.0)

(4.0)

#### FY 96-97

- Corporation Tax - A tax credit for machinery and equipment purchased between 1/1/95 (0.4)and 5/31/95 is provided. The credit must be taken against the firm's (one time) 1997 income year liability. - Phase-out of the tax on the net income of subchapter S corporations (2.0)by reducing the percentage which is taxable to 90% on 1/1/97, 75% on 1/1/98, 55% on 1/1/99, and 30% on 1/1/2000. On 1/1/2001 and after S-Corp net income is exempted. - Capital goods credit for small to medium sized companies. 0.0 (Delayed from the 1995 to 1997 income year) - A credit is provided for 100% of the Property Tax paid on data (27.0)processing equipment, effective with Property Tax paid on the 10/1/94 grand list. - The interest rate on underpayments is reduced 15% to 12%. The (1.2)interest rate paid by the state refunds of overpayments is reduced from 9% to 8%. The rate changes are applicable to taxes due on or after 7/1/95. - The creation of the Clean Air Act traffic management credit for (1.0)expenses associated with Clean Air Act attainment standards. Firms may claim up to \$250 per employee. All companies combined are limited to \$1.5 million per year.(Delayed from 1995 to 1997 income year)
- The corporate income tax rate is reduce from 10.75% to 10.50%, beginning with the 1997 income year.
- The interest rate is reduced from 20% to 15%, effective with the 1994 income year.
- The creation of a new form of business called a limited liability company (LLC), which took effect 7/1/93. An LLC combines the limited liability characteristics of a corporations with the tax status of partnerships, which allows income to be passed through and taxed at the member level.

| - A credit is provided for research and development expenditures for the 1993 income year. The 1993 and 1994 credits may not be taken until the 1995 income year. The credit is subject to employment restrictions with regard to certain aerospace firms. It is also subject to the following limitations:  R&D Expend.  Tax Credit | (30.0)              |
|--|---------------------|
| < \$50m 1% of R&D Expend.  |                     |
| \$50-\$100m \$.5m + 2% of R&D Expend. over \$50m   |                     |
| \$100-\$200m \$1.5 m + 4% of R&D Expend. over \$100m   |                     |
| >\$200m  |                     |
| Hospital Gross Receipts Tax - The 11% tax rate is reduced to 9.25% on 10/1/96, 8.25% on 10/1/97, 7.25% on 10/1/98, and 6.25% on 10/1/99.   | (26.0)              |
| Insurance Premiums Tax   |                     |
| - A credit is provided for 100% of the Property Tax paid on data   | (11.4)              |
| processing equipment.  | (one time)          |
| Motor Vehicle Tire Tax   |                     |
| -The repeal of the tax is delayed from 7/1/96 to 7/1/97.   | 0.0                 |
|  |                     |
| Personal Income Tax  |                     |
| - The rate is reduced from 4.5% to 3.0% for the first \$9,000 of taxable   | (94.0)              |
| income for Joint filers, \$7,000 for Head of Household filers, and \$4,500 for Single filers.  |                     |
| - A credit for up to \$100 is provided for Personal and Real Property  | (100.0)             |
| Taxes paid on a taxpayer's primary residence in state or a motor   | (10010)             |
| vehicle. The credit is effective for taxes paid on the 10/1/95 Grand   |                     |
| List.  |                     |
| Public Service Corporations Gross Receipts Tax   |                     |
| - The 5% tax on steam companies is phased out by 1% each year  | (0.2)               |
| beginning 7/1/96 and eliminated 7/1/00. The rate is reduced from   | (0.2)               |
| 5% to 4% effective 7/1/96.   |                     |
| - The 5% tax on electricity and natural gas to manufacturers in  | (5.0)               |
| SIC 2000-3999 is reduced to 4%, effective 1/1/94   | (4.0)               |
| <ul> <li>A credit is provided for 100% of the Property Tax paid on data<br/>processing equipment.</li> </ul>   | (1.6)<br>(one time) |
| processing equipment.  | (one time)          |
| Sales and Use Tax  |                     |
| - Exempt certain services in construction, renovation, but not operations  | (0.2)               |
| of low- and moderate-income housing facilities retroactive to 1/1/97.  | (one time)          |
| <ul> <li>The manufacturing exemption is broadened</li> <li>The following are exempted during the 1996 Regular Session</li> </ul>   | (4.0)               |
| Biotechnology firms  | (0.5)               |
| Transportation services  | (0.2)               |
| Machinery, equipment, tools and materials used in the commercial   | (0.2)               |
|  |                     |

processing of photographic film and paper. - Interest rate for underpayments is reduced from 20% to 12%, (2.1)effective for taxes due on or after 7/1/95. **TOTAL FY 96-97** (332.1)FY 97-98 **Corporation Tax** - Single factor apportionment formula for credit card income (4.0)(one time) - Phase-out of the tax on the net income of subchapter S corporations (3.0)by reducing the percentage which is taxable to 90% on 1/1/97, 75% on 1/1/98, 55% on 1/1/99, and 30% on 1/1/2000. On 1/1/2001 and after S-Corp net income is exempted. - Allow subchapter S corporations to take credits on the same phase (1.5)out schedule of the tax on net income effective with 1997 income year. (one time) - A tax credit for machinery and equipment purchased between 1/1/95 (1.3)and 5/31/95 is provided. The credit must be taken against the firm's (one time) 1997 income year liability. - Capital goods credit for small to medium sized companies. (1.0)(Delayed from the 1995 to 1997 income year) (one time) - A credit is provided for 100% of the Property Tax paid on data (10.0)processing equipment, effective with Property Tax paid on the 10/1/94 grand list. - The creation of the Clean Air Act traffic management credit for (0.5)expenses associated with Clean Air Act attainment standards. Firms may claim up to \$250 per employee. All companies combined are limited to \$1.5 million per year. (Delayed from 1995 to 1997 income - The creation of a credit for capital good expenditures by small and (1.0)medium sized businesses.(Delayed from 1995 to 1997 income year.) - The interest rate on underpayments is reduced 15% to 12%. The (1.2)interest rate paid by the state refunds of overpayments is reduced from 9% to 8%. The rate changes are applicable to taxes due on or after 7/1/95. - The corporate income tax rate is reduce from 10.50% to 9.50%, (33.4)beginning with the 1998 income year. - The interest rate is reduced from 20% to 15%, effective with the 1994 (1.0)income year. - The creation of a new form of business called a limited liability (5.0)company (LLC), which took effect 7/1/93. An LLC combines the limited liability characteristics of a corporations with the tax status of partnerships, which allows income to be passed through and taxed at the member level.

| Hospital Gross Receipts Tax  |                |
|--|----------------|
| - The 11% tax rate is reduced to 9.25% on 10/1/96, 8.25% on 10/1/97, 7.25% on 10/1/98, and 6.25% on 10/1/99.   | (23.5)         |
| - Exempt children's hospital from the tax.   | (2.5)          |
| <ul> <li>Inheritance Tax</li> <li>Phase out the inheritance tax by increasing the exemption amount for each class of inheritors over five years. Class A begins in 1997, Class B begins in 1999, and Class C begins in 2001.</li> </ul>  | (43.6)         |
| Insurance Premiums Tax   |                |
| <ul> <li>Rate is reduced from 2% to 1.75%, effective 1/1/95.</li> <li>A credit is provided for 100% of the Property Tax paid on data processing equipment.</li> </ul>  | (3.0)<br>(8.4) |
| <ul> <li>Exempt insurance health policies written for State Employee Plans</li> <li>Eliminate tax on Medicaid contracts, contracts for the HUSKY plan, and future contracts to serve individuals receiving General Assistance.</li> </ul>  | (2.0)<br>(2.8) |
| Motor Vehicle Tire Tax - Repeal of the \$2 per tire tax. (Delayed from 7/1/96 to 7/1/97)   | (4.0)          |
| Personal Income Tax  |                |
| - Increase 3% taxable income levels to \$12,500 for Joint filer, \$10,000 for Head, and \$6,250 effective for the 1997 income year.  | (39.0)         |
| - Increase the Property Tax Credit from the \$100 maximum to \$215 maximum for the 1997 income year and to \$285 maximum for income year 1998 and thereafter below certain income levels. PA 98-110 raised the credit from \$285 to \$350 for the 1998 income year and thereafter. | (85.0)         |
| - Exempt 1/2 of the 50% of Social Security Benefits effective 1998   | (1.0)          |
| <ul> <li>Raise estimated tax underpayment limit from \$200 to \$500</li> <li>Allow farmers and fishermen to make one instead of two estimated</li> </ul>   | (0.2)<br>(1.5) |
| payments.  | (one time)     |
| Admissions Tax   |                |
| <ul> <li>Exempt live performances held at Gateway's Candlewood Playhouse,<br/>and Ocean Beach Park</li> </ul>  | (0.1)          |
| - Increase maximum motion picture charge exempt from \$2.00 to \$4.50.   | (8.0)          |
| Petroleum Companies  | (2.2)          |
| - Phase-out fuel used in interstate commerce and #6 fuel used by industrial consumers (SIC 2000-3000) by 1% over five years eff 7/1/98   | (0.2)          |
| - Transfer revenue generated from the tax, \$20 million in FY 98 and \$36 million thereafter to the Transportation Fund  | (20.0)         |

| Public Service Corporations Gross Receipts Tax  - The 5% tax on steam companies is phased out by 1% each year beginning 7/1/96 and eliminated 7/1/00. The rate is reduced from 4% to 3% effective 7/1/96.           | (0.2)               |
|---|---------------------|
| - The 5% tax on electricity and natural gas to manufacturers in SIC 2000-3999 is reduced to 4%, effective 1/1/94  | (5.0)               |
| - A credit is provided for 100% of the Property Tax paid on data processing equipment.  | (1.2)               |
| - Tax on water companies is repealed. (Delayed from 7/1/96 to 7/1/97)   | (8.0)               |
| Sales and Use Tax - The following are exempted during the 1997 Regular Session  |                     |
| Sales associated with aircraft weighing 6,000 lbs or more Historical Societies  | (0.1)<br>(0.1)      |
| Nonprofit bazaars and fairs   | (0.1)               |
| Vegetable seed and yarn   | (0.1)               |
| Waste to Energy   | (0.2)               |
| Broadcast equipment Tourism District  | (0.3)<br>(0.1)      |
| Tourism District-One Time   | (0.1)               |
|   | (one time)          |
| - Allocation of Sales and Use Tax increase over FY 97 to the Conn.  | (0.2)               |
| Film, Video and Media Office Various goods and services are exempted by the 1995 Session  | (one time)<br>(4.5) |
| effective 7/1/97.   | (4.0)               |
| <ul> <li>The following exempted during the 1994 Special Session were delayed<br/>from effective 7/1/96 to 7/1/97.</li> </ul>  |                     |
| Tax preparation services  | (2.2)               |
| Auctioneer services   | (0.1)               |
| Safety apparel Sales to private water companies   | (2.0)<br>(3.0)      |
| Aircraft trade-ins  | (0.1)               |
| The tax on computer data processing services is phased out by 1% each year beginning 7/1/97 and eliminated 7/1/02. The rate is reduced from 6% to 5% effective 7/1/97. (Delayed from 7/1/96 to 7/1/97 by PA 95-160) | (4.2)               |
| - The tax on repair and maintenance services performed on boats is phased out by 2% each year beginning 7/1/97. The rate is reduced from 6% to 4% effective 7/1/97.   | (1.1)               |
| TOTAL FY 97-98  | (333.4)             |
| FY 98-99  |                     |
| Corporation Business Tax - Phase-in a credit for the amount spent on fixed capital investments  | (1.3)               |
| as follows: 3% for the 1998 income year, 4% for 1999, and 5% for the 2000 income year and after   | (1.3)               |

| - Phase-in a credit for the amount spent on human capital investments as follows: 3% for the 1998 income year, 4% for 1999, and 5% for the 2000 income year and after   | (0.3)                        |
|---|------------------------------|
| - Up to \$1,000 credit per income year for construction trades apprenticeship   | (0.1)                        |
| <ul> <li>Extend the sunset on Alternative Clean Fuels tax credits</li> <li>Increase the Neighborhood Assistance Act tax credits limit from<br/>\$3 million to \$4 million effective with the 1998 income year.</li> </ul>   | (1.0)<br>(1.0)               |
| - Single factor apportionment formula for credit card income - Phase-out of the tax on the net income of subchapter S corporations by reducing the percentage which is taxable to 90% on 1/1/97, 75% on 1/1/98, 55% on 1/1/99, and 30% on 1/1/2000. On 1/1/2001 and after S-Corp net income is exempted.  | (3.0)<br>(4.0)               |
| <ul> <li>Allow subchapter S corporations to take credits on the same phase out schedule of the tax on net income effective with 1997 income year.</li> <li>The creation of the Clean Air Act traffic management credit for expenses associated with Clean Air Act attainment standards. Firms may claim up to \$250 per employee. All companies combined are limited to \$1.5 million per year.(Delayed from 1995 to 1997 income year)</li> </ul> | (1.3)<br>(one time)<br>(1.5) |
| - Capital goods credit for small to medium sized companies.   | (3.3)                        |
| <ul> <li>(Delayed from the 1995 to 1997 income year)</li> <li>The creation of a credit for capital good expenditures by small and medium sized businesses. (Delayed from 1995 to 1997 income year.)</li> </ul>  | (one time)<br>(3.3)          |
| - The corporate income tax rate is reduce from 9.50% to 8.50%, beginning with the 1999 income year.   | (56.0)                       |
| <ul> <li>Establish an exemption for Passive Investment Companies (PIC)</li> <li>Exempt domestic insurers from the Corporate Income Tax.</li> </ul>  | (14.0)<br>(7.0)              |
| Hospital Gross Receipts Tax - The 11% tax rate is reduced to 9.25% on 10/1/96, 8.25% on 10/1/97, 7.25% on 10/1/98, and 6.25% on 10/1/99.  | (19.5)                       |
| Inheritance Tax - Phase out the inheritance tax by increasing the exemption amount for each class of inheritors over five years. Class A begins in 1997,  | (22.1)                       |
| Class B begins in 1999, and Class C begins in 2001.  - Clarify transfers of farmland to be valued as farmland to a partnership, corporation, or trust held by a family who are Class AA, A or B inheritors.   | (0.1)                        |
| <ul> <li>Insurance Premiums Tax</li> <li>Eliminate tax on Medicaid contracts, contracts for the HUSKY plan, and future contracts to serve individuals receiving General Assistance.</li> </ul>  | (1.7)                        |
| Petroleum Companies - Phase-out fuel used in interstate commerce and #6 fuel used by industrial consumers (SIC 2000-3000) by 1% over five years eff 7/1/98  | (0.2)                        |

| - Transfer revenue generated from the tax, \$20 million in FY 98 and \$36 million thereafter to the Transportation Fund  | (36.0)                                    |
|--|---|
| Public Service Corporations Gross Receipts Tax  - The 5% tax on steam companies is phased out by 1% each year beginning 7/1/96 and eliminated 7/1/00. The rate is reduced from 3% to 2% effective 7/1/96.  | (0.2)                                     |
| Personal Income Tax  Increase 3% taxable income levels to \$15,000 for Joint filer, \$12,000 for Head, and \$7,500 effective for the 1998 income year.  Increase the Property Tax Credit from the \$100 maximum to \$215 maximum for the 1997 income year and to \$285 maximum for income year 1998 and thereafter below certain income levels. (see below)  Increased the Property Tax Credit from \$285 to \$359 effective 1/1/98.  Exempt 1/2 of the 50% of Social Security Benefits effective 1998 | (75.0)<br>(56.0)<br>(45.0)<br>(9.0)       |
| <ul> <li>Raise estimated tax underpayment limit from \$200 to \$500</li> <li>Sales and Use Tax</li> <li>The tax on repair and maintenance services performed on boats is</li> </ul>  | (0.1)                                     |
| phased out by 2% each year beginning 7/1/97. The rate is reduced from 4% to 2% effective 7/1/98.  The tax on computer data processing services is phased out by 1% each year beginning 7/1/97 and eliminated 7/1/02. The rate is reduced from 5% to 4% effective 7/1/98. (Delayed from 7/1/97 to 7/1/98 by PA 95 169)  | (4.1)                                     |
| 7/1/98 by PA 95-160)  - The following are exempted during the 1998 Regular Session Newspapers sold over the counter Trade-ins of like kind Coupons and discounts Deposits Repair and replacement parts   | (3.5)<br>(1.0)<br>(2.0)<br>(0.1)<br>(3.3) |
| <u>License, Permits &amp; Fees</u> - Reduce fees for Alcohol and Drug Counselors.  | (0.1)                                     |
| TOTAL FY 98-99   | (377.3)                                   |
| FY 99-00   |   |
| Corporation Business Tax - Phase-in a credit for the amount spent on fixed capital investments as follows: 3% for the 1998 income year, 4% for 1999, and 5% for  | (5.5)                                     |
| the 2000 income year and after - Phase-in a credit for the amount spent on human capital investments as follows: 3% for the 1998 income year, 4% for 1999, and 5% for the 2000 income year and after   | (1.4)                                     |

| <ul> <li>Up to \$1,000 credit per income year for construction trades<br/>apprenticeship</li> </ul>   | (0.3)                        |
|---|------------------------------|
| <ul> <li>Allow subchapter S corporations to take credits on the same phase out schedule of the tax on net income effective with 1997 income year.</li> <li>Phase-out of the tax on the net income of subchapter S corporations by reducing the percentage which is taxable to 90% on 1/1/97, 75% on 1/1/98, 55% on 1/1/99, and 30% on 1/1/2000. On 1/1/2001 and after S-Corp net income is exempted.</li> </ul> | (0.9)<br>(one time)<br>(4.0) |
| - The corporate income tax rate is reduce from 8.50% to 7.50%, beginning with the 2000 income year.   | (62.2)                       |
| <ul> <li>Establish an exemption for Passive Investment Companies (PIC)</li> <li>Exempt domestic insurers from the Corporate Income Tax.</li> <li>Increase the cap for credit for low income housing from \$1 million to \$5 million</li> </ul>  | (6.0)<br>(3.0)<br>(4.0)      |
| <ul> <li>Modify the R&amp;D credit for companies with more than 2,500 fulltime<br/>employees and over \$3 billion in revenue</li> </ul>   | (2.0)                        |
| - Establish a credit for 50% of the land donated for open space and exempt the capital gains realized for land sold to be preserved as open space.  | (1.0)                        |
| <ul> <li>Increase the Neighborhood Assistance Act cap on the tax credit<br/>from \$4 million to \$5 million</li> </ul>  | (1.0)                        |
| - Extend the sunset on Alternative Fuels Tax Credit from 1/1/2000 to 1/1/2002   | (0.5)                        |
| - Establish a credit for guarantee fees paid when obtaining SBA loans   | (0.2)                        |
| Personal Income Tax  - Credit for the amount of Property Tax paid on privately-owned motor vehicles is phased in over a five year period beginning with 1997 income year. (Repealed by PA 97-309)   | 0.0                          |
| - Increase 3% taxable income levels to \$15,000 for Joint filer, \$12,000   | (17.0)                       |
| for Head, and \$7,500 effective for the 1998 income year.  - Increase the Property Tax Credit from the \$100 maximum to \$215 maximum for the 1997 income year and to \$350 maximum for income year 1998 and thereafter below certain income levels.  | (11.0)                       |
| - Exempt the remaining 25% of Social Security benefits for Joint Filers with AGI under \$60,000 and Single Filers with AGI under \$50,000   | (2.2)                        |
| - Increase the maximum property tax credit from \$350 to \$425 for income 1999 and to \$500 for income 2000 and thereafter.   | (44.0)                       |
| Hospital Gross Receipts Tax - The 11% tax rate is reduced to 9.25% on 10/1/96, 8.25% on 10/1/97, 7.25% on 10/1/98, and 6.25% on 10/1/99.  | (20.0)                       |
| - Reduce the tax from 6.25% to 4.5% effective 10/1/99 - Exempt John Dempsy Hospital from the tax  | (22.0)<br>(4.5)              |

| Inheritance Tax - Phase out the inheritance tax by increasing the exemption amount for each class of inheritors over five years. Class A begins in 1997, Class B begins in 1999, and Class C begins in 2001.                                    | (37.9)          |
|---|-----------------|
| - Repeal requirement that land donated be classified as open space  Insurance Premiums Tax  | (0.1)           |
| <ul> <li>Eliminate tax on Medicaid contracts, contracts for the HUSKY plan,<br/>and future contracts to serve individuals receiving General Assistance.</li> </ul>  | (2.0)           |
| Petroleum Companies - Phase-out fuel used in interstate commerce and #6 fuel used by industrial consumers (SIC 2000-3000) by 1% over five years eff 7/1/98  | (0.2)           |
| Public Service Corporations Gross Receipts Tax  - The 5% tax on steam companies is phased out by 1% each year beginning 7/1/96 and eliminated 7/1/00. The rate is reduced from 2% to 1% effective 7/1/96.                                       | (0.2)           |
| Real Estate Conveyance Tax - Sale of development rights to agricultural land to the state under the state farmland preservation program   | (0.1)           |
| Admissions Tax  - Exempt from the Admission tax the following: Stafford Motor Speedway, Thompson Speedway, Waterford Speedbowl, Bridgeport Harbor Yard Stadium, New Haven Ravens Games, Waterbury Spirit Games, New Britain Rock Cats Games and | (0.7)           |
| increase the exemption of movie tickets from \$4.50 to \$5.00  - The portion of dues paid by members of social clubs to acquire   | (0.1)           |
| open space land - Repeal the Dues Tax effective 7/1/99.   | (1.5)           |
| Sales and Use Tax  - The tax on computer data processing services is phased out by 1% each year beginning 7/1/97 and eliminated 7/1/02. The rate is reduced from 4% to 3% effective 7/1/99. (Delayed from 7/1/98 to 7/1/99 by PA 95-160)        | (4.2)           |
| - The tax on repair and maintenance services performed on boats is phased out by 2% each year beginning 7/1/97. The tax is eliminated effective 7/1/99.   | (1.2)           |
| - Repair and replacement parts - Transfer Sales tax collected by DMV to the Transportation Fund.  | (3.3)<br>(10.0) |

| - The following are exempted during the 1999 Regular Session Inclined stairway chairlifts Bicycle helmets Labor on vessels purchased by nonresidents & not registerd in CT Shoe repair services Calibration services Treat sale-leaseback transactions as a single transaction Wheel chairs and other vital life function equipment and repair Non-prescription medicines and drugs to include ALL used in humans Sales between business where the same interest owns each 'Call Before You Dig' services Training services provided by higher education institutions - Reduce the Sales Tax hospital services from 6% to 5.75% - Exempt John Dempsey Hospital and hospital patient care services - Extend the sunset retroactively from 1/1/98 to 1/1/2002 for clean power or alternative fuel or electic motor vehicles Telecom and CATV services rendered between parent companies and wholly-owned subsidiaries Reduce tax rate to 4% effecive 7/1/99, 2% 7/1/00 and exempt as of 7/1/01 the following home remodeling serivces: paving, painting, staining, wallpapering, roofing, siding and exterior metal work Pernit building material suppliers that sell a majority of goods to contractors the option of remitting te tax when the receive payment rather than when the sale is made.  Special Revenue | (0.1) (0.1) (1.3) (0.1) (0.2) (2.0) (0.1) (1.5) (1.0) (0.1) (0.3) (4.4) (3.2) (0.2) (0.9) (3.3) |
|--|---|
| - Increase the amount transferred from lottery operations to Chronic Gamblers Treatment Fund.  | (0.4)   |
| TOTAL FY 99-00   | (295.8)   |
| FY 00-01   |   |
| Corporation Business Tax - Phase-in a credit for the amount spent on fixed capital investments as follows: 3% for the 1998 income year, 4% for 1999, and 5% for the 2000 income year and after   | (2.1)   |
| - Phase-in a credit for the amount spent on human capital investments as follows: 3% for the 1998 income year, 4% for 1999, and 5% for the 2000 income year and after  | (0.6)   |
| - Up to \$1,000 credit per income year for construction trades apprenticeship  | (0.1)   |
| ···  |   |
| - Phase-out of the tax on the net income of subchapter S corporations by reducing the percentage which is taxable to 90% on 1/1/97, 75% on 1/1/98, 55% on 1/1/99, and 30% on 1/1/2000. On 1/1/2001 and after S-Corp net income is exempted.  | (5.0)   |

| - The corporate income tax rate is reduce from 8.50% to 7.50%,   | (38.5)          |
|--|-----------------|
| beginning with the 2000 income year.  - Extend the carry-forward for up to 15 years of the research and experiment credit effective with the 2000 income year.   | (3.8)           |
| - Extend the research and development credit to qualified small business defined as firms with a gross income under \$100 million.   | (1.2)           |
| - Establish a Rehabiliting Historic Homes credit, capped at \$3 million - Credit for donation of computers to schools  | (1.0)<br>(0.3)  |
| Personal Income Tax  | (0.0)           |
| - Increase the maximum property tax credit from \$350 to \$425 for income 1999 and to \$500 for income 2000 and thereafter.  | (42.0)          |
| - Increase the standard exemption amount for Single Filers from \$12,000 to \$15,000 over eight years. For Income year 2000, \$12,250.   | (12.9)          |
| Gift Tax   | (4.0)           |
| - Phase out tax on gifts under \$1 million over six years  | (1.0)           |
| Hospital Gross Receipts Tax  - The 11% tax rate is reduced to 9.25% on 10/1/96, 8.25% on 10/1/97, 7.25% on 10/1/98, and 6.25% on 10/1/99.  | (5.0)           |
| - Reduce the tax from 6.25% to 4.5% effective 10/1/99 - The tax is repealed effective 4/1/01.  | (5.8)<br>(75.0) |
| Inheritance Tax - Phase out the inheritance tax by increasing the exemption amount   | (20.7)          |
| for each class of inheritors over five years.  | (=0.17)         |
| Insurance Premiums Tax   | (0.5)           |
| <ul> <li>Establish a Rehabiliting Historic Homes credit, capped at \$3 million</li> <li>Credit for HMOs providing HUSKY coverage increased from \$55 to \$73.50 times the average monthly enrollment per calendar year.</li> </ul> | (0.5)<br>(14.5) |
| Petroleum Companies  |                 |
| - Phase-out fuel used in interstate commerce and #6 fuel used by industrial consumers (SIC 2000-3000) by 1% over five years eff 7/1/98   | (0.2)           |
| <ul> <li>Transfer an additional \$10 million per fiscal year to the TF.</li> <li>Transfer \$6 million in FY 01 to the Environmental Quality Fund.</li> </ul>   | (10.0)<br>(6.0) |
| Public Service Corporations Gross Receipts Tax   | , ,             |
| - The 5% tax on steam companies is phased out by 1% each year beginning 7/1/96 and eliminated 7/1/00. The rate is eliminated.  | (0.2)           |
| - Establish a Rehabiliting Historic Homes credit, capped at \$3 million  | (0.5)           |

| Sales and Use Tax  - The tax on computer data processing services is phased out by 1% each year beginning 7/1/97 and eliminated 7/1/02. The rate is                | (4.2)          |
|--|----------------|
| reduced from 3% to 2% effective 7/1/00. (Delayed from 7/1/99 to 7/1/00 by PA 95-160)   |                |
| - Transfer Sales tax collected by DMV to the Transportation Fund.  | (42.5)         |
| <ul> <li>Effect of electric deregulation on Sales Tax. Electric distribution<br/>companies must provide all customers in their service areas a standard</li> </ul> | (1.7)          |
| offer option from 1/1/00 to 1/1/04 that is at least 10% below the approved rate on 12/1/96.  |                |
| <ul> <li>Telecom and CATV services rendered between parent companies<br/>and wholly-owned subsidiaries.</li> </ul>   | (0.3)          |
| - Reduce tax rate to 4% effecive 7/1/99, 2% 7/1/00 and exempt as of  | (3.4)          |
| 7/1/01 the following home remodeling serivces: paving, painting, staining, wallpapering, roofing, siding and exterior metal work.                                  |                |
| - Reduce the Sales Tax hospital services from 6% to 5.75%  | (0.2)          |
| - Child Car Seats  | (0.5)          |
| <ul><li>College Textbooks</li><li>Items sold through vending machines costing less than 50 cents</li></ul>   | (3.5)<br>(0.2) |
| - Passenger cars est highway MPG > 50mpg prior to 7/1/02   | (0.01)         |
| - Increasing exemption for clothing and footwear \$50 to \$75  | (29.0)         |
| - Sales Tax Free Week  | (3.0)          |
| <ul> <li>Leased employees wages and benefits under Prof service agreements</li> <li>Property removed from retailor's inventory</li> </ul>                          | (0.1)<br>(0.1) |
| Admissions & Dues  |                |
| - Reduce the tax rate from 10% to 8% on movie tickets  | (1.2)          |
| <ul> <li>Exempt the CT Expo Center</li> <li>Admissions charge subject to the Cabaret Tax prior to repeal.</li> </ul>   | (0.2)<br>(1.3) |
| - Club locker dues   | (0.2)          |
| Special Revenue  |                |
| - Increase the amount transferred from lottery operations to Chronic Gamblers Treatment Fund.  | (0.3)          |
| TOTAL FY 00-01   | (339.3)        |
| FY 01-02   |                |
| Corporation Business Tax   |                |
| - Phase-in a credit for the amount spent on fixed capital investments as follows: 3% for the 1998 income year, 4% for 1999, and 5% for                             | (1.7)          |
| the 2000 income year and after - Phase-in a credit for the amount spent on human capital investments   | (0.4)          |
| as follows: 3% for the 1998 income year, 4% for 1999, and 5% for the 2000 income year and after  |                |
| - Phase-out of the tax on the net income of subchapter S corporations  | (4.0)          |
| by reducing the percentage which is taxable to 90% on 1/1/97, 75%  |                |

| on 1/1/98, 55% on 1/1/99, and 30% on 1/1/2000. On 1/1/2001 and  |                 |
|---|-----------------|
| after S-Corp net income is exempted.  - The corporate income tax rate is reduce from 8.50% to 7.50%,  | (10.4)          |
| beginning with the 2000 income year.  - Extend the carry-forward for up to 15 years of the research and   | (0.1)           |
| experiment credit effective with the 2000 income year.  - Extend the research and development credit to qualified small   | (1.8)           |
| business defined as firms with a gross income under \$100 million.  - Eliminate Corporate Income Tax payment for S-Corporations under   | (3.5)           |
| the minimum and capital base effective for the 2000 income year.  - Allow mfgs and broadcasters to use single factor formula  - Credit for donation of computers to schools  - Exchange of R&D tax credits will be an offset to revenue (see Refunds)       | (53.6)<br>(0.2) |
| Personal Income Tax - Increase the standard exemption amount for Single Filers from \$12,000 to \$15,000 over eight years. For Income year 2001, \$12,500.  | (1.7)           |
| Gift Tax - Phase out tax on gifts under \$1 million over six years  | (2.8)           |
| Hospital Gross Receipts Tax - The 11% tax rate is reduced to 9.25% on 10/1/96, 8.25% on 10/1/97, 7.25% on 10/1/98, and 6.25% on 10/1/99.  | (5.0)           |
| <ul> <li>Inheritance Tax</li> <li>Phase out the inheritance tax by increasing the exemption amount for each class of inheritors over five years. Class A begins in 1997, Class B begins in 1999, and Class C begins in 2001.</li> </ul>                     | (29.7)          |
| <ul> <li>Insurance Premiums Tax</li> <li>Exempt new or renewal insurance health coverage for municipal employees and non-profit organizations written after July 1, 2001.</li> </ul>  | (1.0)           |
| Petroleum Companies - Phase-out fuel used in interstate commerce and #6 fuel used by  | (0.2)           |
| industrial consumers (SIC 2000-3000) by 1% over five years eff 7/1/98  - Transfer \$8 million in FY 02 and FY 03 to the Environmental Quality Fund.  - Extend the exemption of sales of propane or natural gas used as fuel in motor vehicles until 6/30/02 | (8.0)<br>(0.2)  |
| Public Service Corporations Gross Receipts Tax - Extend the exemption of sales of propane or natural gas used as fuel in motor vehicles until 6/30/02   | (0.2)           |
| Admissions & Dues - Reduce the tax rate from 10% to 6% on movie tickets.  | (1.2)           |

#### Sales and Use Tax

| TOTAL FY 01-02   | (332.7)    |
|--|------------|
| <ul> <li>Refunds of payments will be an offset to revenue (prior to FY 02 refunds<br/>of payments were appropriated.</li> </ul>  | (0.5)      |
| Refunds  - The exchange of unused Corporate Income Tax R&D tax credits by corporation will be an offset to General Fund revenue.   | (14.0)     |
| instead when they are provided.  | (one time) |
| - Changes when the sales tax exemption is applied when hospitals are   | (18.0)     |
| - Extend sunset from January 1, 2002 to July 1, 2002 on Alternative Fuel vehicles, conversion equipment, and filling/recharging stations   | (0.2)      |
| July 1, 2001 to June 30, 2003.  - Exempt materials, equipment, tools, fuel and machinery from tax when used by a fuel cell manufacturing facility.   | (0.1)      |
| - Suspend Sales Tax (5.75%) on hospital patient care services from   | (111.4)    |
| - Canes, support hoses, caskets, smoking cessation products  | (0.4)      |
| - TV equipment for the visually impared  | (0.01)     |
| - High speed data transmission equipment sold to CATV or Telcos  | (8.0)      |
| <ul><li>7/1/01 the following home remodeling serivces: paving, painting, staining, wallpapering, roofing, siding and exterior metal work.</li><li>Pilot program credit for computer purchased for ecommerce</li></ul>                  | (2.0)      |
| - Reduce tax rate to 4% effecive 7/1/99, 2% 7/1/00 and exempt as of  | (3.3)      |
| each year beginning 7/1/97 and eliminated 7/1/02. The rate is reduced from 2% to 0% effective 7/1/01. (Delayed from 7/1/00 to 7/1/01 by PA 95-160 and by PA 00-170)  - Transfer Sales tax collected by DMV to the Transportation Fund. | (37.0)     |
| - The tax on computer data processing services is phased out by 1%   | (12.1)     |

DATES OF ADOPTION OF MAJOR STATE TAXES BY STATE

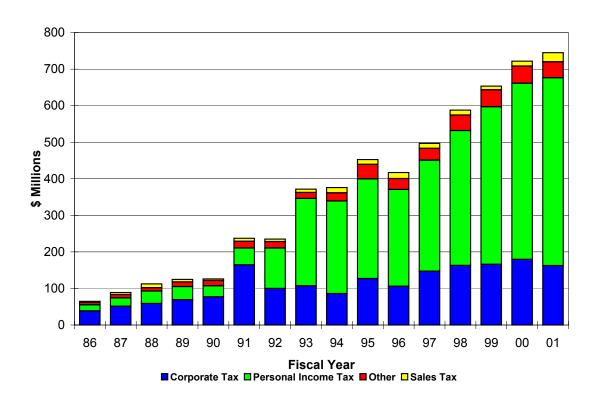
| State          | Individual<br>Income | Corporate Income | General<br>Sales | Gasoline | Cigarettes | Distilled<br>Spirits[a] |
|----------------|----------------------|------------------|------------------|----------|------------|-------------------------|
| Alabama        | 1933                 | 1933             | 1936             | 1923     | 1935       | _                       |
| Alaska         | 1949 [b]             | 1949             | -                | 1946     | 1949       | 1945                    |
| Arizona        | 1933                 | 1933             | 1933             | 1921     | 1933       | 1975                    |
| Arkansas       | 1929                 | 1929             | 1935             | 1921     | 1929       | 1935                    |
| California     | 1935                 | 1929             | 1933             | 1923     | 1959       | 1935                    |
| Colorado       | 1937                 | 1937             | 1935             | 1919     | 1964       | 1933                    |
| Connecticut    | 1969 [c]             | 1915             | 1947             | 1921     | 1935       | 1937                    |
| Delaware       | 1917                 | 1957             | _                | 1923     | 1943       | 1933                    |
| Florida        | -                    | 1971             | 1949             | 1921     | 1943       | 1935                    |
| Georgia        | 1929                 | 1929             | 1951             | 1921     | 1937       | 1937                    |
| Hawaii         | 1901                 | 1901             | 1935             | 1932     | 1939       | 1939                    |
| Idaho          | 1931                 | 1931             | 1965             | 1923     | 1945       | -                       |
| Illinois       | 1969                 | 1969             | 1933             | 1927     | 1941       | 1934                    |
| Indiana        | 1963                 | 1963             | 1933             | 1923     | 1947       | 1933                    |
| lowa           | 1934                 | 1934             | 1933             | 1925     | 1921       | _                       |
| Kansas         | 1933                 | 1933             | 1937             | 1925     | 1927       | 1948                    |
| Kentucky       | 1936                 | 1936             | 1960             | 1920     | 1936       | 1934                    |
| Louisiana      | 1934                 | 1934             | 1938             | 1921     | 1932       | 1934                    |
| Maine          | 1969                 | 1969             | 1951             | 1923     | 1941       | -                       |
| Maryland       | 1937                 | 1937             | 1947             | 1922     | 1958       | 1933                    |
| Massachusetts  | 1916                 | 1919             | 1966             | 1929     | 1939       | 1933                    |
| Michigan       | 1967                 | 1967             | 1933             | 1925     | 1947       | -                       |
| Minnesota      | 1933                 | 1933             | 1967             | 1925     | 1947       | 1934                    |
| Mississippi    | 1912                 | 1921             | 1932             | 1922     | 1932       | 1966                    |
| Missouri       | 1917                 | 1917             | 1934             | 1925     | 1955       | 1934                    |
| Montana        | 1933                 | 1917             | _                | 1921     | 1947       | _                       |
| Nebraska       | 1967                 | 1967             | 1967             | 1925     | 1947       | 1935                    |
| Nevada         | -                    | -                | 1955             | 1923     | 1947       | 1935                    |
| New Hampshire  | 1923 [b]             | 1970             | -                | 1923     | 1939       | -                       |
| New Jersey     | 1976                 | 1958             | 1966             | 1927     | 1948       | 1933                    |
| New Mexico     | 1933                 | 1933             | 1933             | 1919     | 1943       | 1934                    |
| New York       | 1919                 | 1917             | 1965             | 1929     | 1939       | 1933                    |
| North Carolina | 1921                 | 1921             | 1933             | 1921     | 1969       | -                       |
| North Dakota   | 1919                 | 1919             | 1935             | 1919     | 1927       | 1936                    |
| Ohio           | 1971                 | 1971             | 1934             | 1925     | 1931       | -                       |
| Oklahoma       | 1915                 | 1931             | 1933             | 1923     | 1933       | 1959                    |
| Oregon         | 1930                 | 1929             | -                | 1919     | 1965       | -                       |
| Pennsylvania   | 1971                 | 1935             | 1953             | 1921     | 1937       | -                       |
| Rhode Island   | 1971                 | 1947             | 1947             | 1925     | 1939       | 1933                    |
| South Carolina | 1922                 | 1922             | 1951             | 1922     | 1923       | 1935                    |
| South Dakota   | -                    | -                | 1933             | 1922     | 1923       | 1935                    |
| Tennessee      | 1931 [b]             | 1923             | 1947             | 1923     | 1925       | 1939                    |
| Texas          | -                    | -                | 1961             | 1923     | 1931       | 1935                    |
| Utah           | 1931                 | 1931             | 1933             | 1923     | 1923       | -                       |
| Vermont        | 1931                 | 1931             | 1969             | 1923     | 1937       | -                       |
| Virginia       | 1916                 | 1915             | 1966             | 1923     | 1960       | _                       |
| Washington     | -                    | -                | 1933             | 1921     | 1935       | -                       |
| West Virginia  | 1961                 | 1967             | 1933             | 1923     | 1947       | -                       |
| Wisconsin      | 1911                 | 1911             | 1961             | 1925     | 1939       | 1934                    |
| Wyoming        | -                    | -                | 1935             | 1923     | 1951       | -                       |
|                |                      |                  |                  |          |            |                         |

<sup>[</sup>a] Excludes excises by the states that own and operate liquor stores, and by North Carolina where county stores operate under state supervision.

<sup>[</sup>b] Taxes are limited: New Hampshire and Tennessee (interest and dividends). Alaska abolished its individual income tax in 1980.

<sup>[</sup>c] Connecticut established a capital gains tax in FY 1969, a dividends tax in FY 1972, an interest tax in FY 1984 and an earned income tax in FY 1992.

## Refund of Taxes FY 86 - FY 01



#### Refund of Taxes (\$ Millions)

| Fiscal | Sales | Corp. | Personal<br>Income |         |       |
|--------|-------|-------|--------------------|---------|-------|
| Year   | Tax   | Tax   | Tax*               | Other** | Total |
| 1986   | 2.8   | 38.4  | 16.6               | 6.9     | 64.7  |
| 1987   | 5.7   | 51.3  | 22.5               | 9.2     | 88.7  |
| 1988   | 10.2  | 58.6  | 34.2               | 9.3     | 112.3 |
| 1989   | 7.2   | 69.1  | 35.9               | 12.6    | 124.8 |
| 1990   | 4.5   | 77.1  | 30.3               | 14.3    | 126.2 |
| 1991   | 8.4   | 164.4 | 45.9               | 18.7    | 237.4 |
| 1992   | 7.0   | 99.7  | 111.0              | 17.2    | 234.9 |
| 1993   | 9.0   | 107.4 | 238.8              | 16.3    | 371.5 |
| 1994   | 14.4  | 85.8  | 253.3              | 22.6    | 376.1 |
| 1995   | 13.1  | 126.8 | 272.7              | 39.7    | 452.3 |
| 1996   | 16.5  | 105.7 | 265.0              | 29.7    | 416.9 |
| 1997   | 13.4  | 147.2 | 303.4              | 32.5    | 496.5 |
| 1998   | 13.4  | 162.6 | 369.3              | 42.3    | 587.6 |
| 1999   | 10.0  | 165.7 | 431.0              | 46.5    | 653.2 |
| 2000   | 13.2  | 179.6 | 481.5              | 47.2    | 721.5 |
| 2001   | 24.8  | 162.3 | 513.9              | 43.9    | 744.9 |

<sup>\*</sup>Prior years to FY 92 is only Capital Gains, Interest & Dividends.

\*\*Includes Transportation and Other Funds.

#### PENALTY AND INTEREST REVENUE FROM ALL STATE TAXES (\$ Millions)

| Fiscal<br>Year | Total<br>Interest | Total<br>Penalty | Total All Taxes Penalty & Interest |
|----------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1986           | \$48.6            | \$16.1           | \$64.7                             |
| 1987           | 43.3              | 17.5             | 60.8                               |
| 1988           | 41.3              | 11.5             | 52.8                               |
| 1989           | 58.7              | 14.7             | 73.4                               |
| 1990           | 75.0              | 8.9              | 83.9                               |
| 1991           | 79.7              | 16.4             | 96.1                               |
| 1992           | 70.7              | 15.2             | 85.9                               |
| 1993           | 73.6              | 14.7             | 88.3                               |
| 1994           | 75.9              | 17.5             | 93.4                               |
| 1995           | 80.4              | 20.2             | 100.6                              |
| 1996           | 50.2              | 13.8             | 64.0                               |
| 1997           | 54.9              | 16.7             | 71.6                               |
| 1998           | 62.2              | 16.3             | 78.5                               |
| 1999           | 50.1              | 13.3             | 63.4                               |
| 2000           | 46.6              | 14.5             | 61.1                               |
| 2001           | 54.0              | 15.7             | 69.7                               |

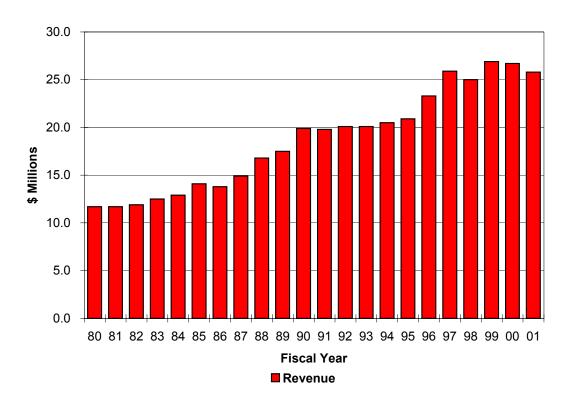
Note: For most taxes, excluding Sales and Use and Income Taxes, the penalty for late payment of the tax is \$50 or 10% of the tax due, whichever is greater. The penalty for late payment of Sales and Use Tax owed is 15% of the amount due, or \$50, whichever is greater. The penalty for late payment of Income Tax is 10% of the balance due. Interest is also charged on a monthly basis, and, effective for taxes owed on or after 7/1/95, is 1% per month or 12% annually. Prior to 7/1/95 the interest rate varies by tax type.

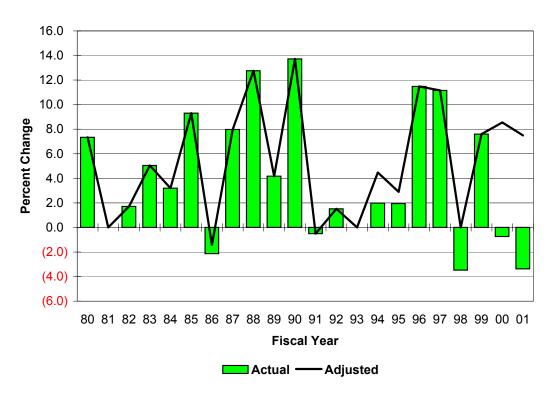
#### PENALTY AND INTEREST REVENUE BY MAJOR TAX SOURCE (\$ Millions)

| Fiscal<br>Year | •        | ration<br>ax |          | nd Use<br>ax | Capital<br>Dividends | Gains,<br>& Interes |          | l Income<br>ax |
|----------------|----------|--------------|----------|--------------|----------------------|---------------------|----------|----------------|
|                | Interest | Penalty      | Interest | Penalty      | Interest             | Penalty             | Interest | Penalty        |
| 1986           | \$22.2   | \$2.1        | \$17.6   | \$5.1        | \$3.1                | \$7.8               | NA       | NA             |
| 1987           | 21.2     | 2.4          | 15.7     | 5.9          | 3.2                  | 7.9                 | NA       | NA             |
| 1988           | 18.1     | 8.0          | 21.3     | 4.8          | 1.9                  | 6.9                 | NA       | NA             |
| 1989           | 34.6     | 1.1          | 20.3     | 12.2         | 1.6                  | 0.7                 | NA       | NA             |
| 1990           | 32.5     | 0.5          | 35.3     | 6.6          | 1.8                  | 0.4                 | NA       | NA             |
| 1991[1]        | 33.9     | 1.0          | 28.8     | 8.3          | 3.4                  | 3.0                 | NA       | NA             |
| 1992           | 41.7     | 1.5          | 21.3     | 7.2          | 2.0                  | 4.2                 | 0.4      | 1.2            |
| 1993           | 36.2     | 2.7          | 30.2     | 5.9          | NA                   | NA                  | 1.9      | 3.5            |
| 1994           | 34.7     | 2.6          | 30.2     | 6.7          | NA                   | NA                  | 4.1      | 5.0            |
| 1995           | 30.8     | 1.4          | 33.3     | 11.9         | NA                   | NA                  | 6.1      | 4.1            |
| 1996           | 24.5     | 0.6          | 16.3     | 6.8          | NA                   | NA                  | 6.1      | 3.3            |
| 1997           | 24.5     | 8.0          | 20.6     | 6.4          | NA                   | NA                  | 6.3      | 5.2            |
| 1998           | 37.8     | 0.6          | 14.8     | 6.4          | NA                   | NA                  | 6.3      | 5.5            |
| 1999           | 22.4     | 0.5          | 13.6     | 6.0          | NA                   | NA                  | 10.9     | 4.9            |
| 2000           | 18.8     | 0.6          | 15.9     | 5.7          | NA                   | NA                  | 8.4      | 6.2            |
| 2001           | 16.2     | 0.8          | 16.2     | 5.8          | NA                   | NA                  | 11.9     | 7.1            |

<sup>[1]</sup> PA 91-3(JSS) imposed a tax on the income of individuals, trusts, and estates derived from in-state sources beginning in the 1991 income year. After 1/1/92 the capital gains tax was eliminated, and all income derived from capital is taxable under the personal income tax. Source: The Department of Revenue Services

# Admissions, Dues and Cabaret Taxes Collections and Growth Rates FY 80 - FY 01





Adjusted for Legislative Base and Rate changes. Estimates made at time legislation was adopted.

#### TAX REVENUE ACTUAL and ADJUSTED GROWTH RATES

| A -1 |       |     |     | <b>D</b> | <b>T</b> |
|------|-------|-----|-----|----------|----------|
| Δam  | nicei | nne | ลทต | INIAC    | Taxes    |
|      |       |     |     |          |          |

|      | Aumissions and Dues Taxes |         |           |        |          |  |  |  |  |
|------|---------------------------|---------|-----------|--------|----------|--|--|--|--|
|      | Revenue                   | Tax     | Non-      | Actual | Adjusted |  |  |  |  |
|      | (000,000)                 | Changes | recurring | %      | %        |  |  |  |  |
|      |                           |         |           |        |          |  |  |  |  |
| FY72 | 7.0                       | 0.0     | 0.0       |        |          |  |  |  |  |
| FY73 | 7.3                       | 0.0     | 0.0       | 4.3    | 4.3      |  |  |  |  |
| FY74 | 8.5                       | 0.0     | 0.0       | 16.4   | 16.4     |  |  |  |  |
| FY75 | 9.4                       | 0.0     | 0.0       | 10.6   | 10.6     |  |  |  |  |
| FY76 | 9.5                       | 0.0     | 0.0       | 1.1    | 1.1      |  |  |  |  |
| FY77 | 10.1                      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 6.3    | 6.3      |  |  |  |  |
| FY78 | 11.0                      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 8.9    | 8.9      |  |  |  |  |
| FY79 | 10.9                      | (8.0)   | 0.0       | (0.9)  | 6.4      |  |  |  |  |
| FY80 | 11.7                      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 7.3    | 7.3      |  |  |  |  |
| FY81 | 11.7                      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 0.0    | 0.0      |  |  |  |  |
| FY82 | 11.9                      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 1.7    | 1.7      |  |  |  |  |
| FY83 | 12.5                      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 5.0    | 5.0      |  |  |  |  |
| FY84 | 12.9                      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 3.2    | 3.2      |  |  |  |  |
| FY85 | 14.1                      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 9.3    | 9.3      |  |  |  |  |
| FY86 | 13.8                      | (0.1)   | 0.0       | (2.1)  | (1.4)    |  |  |  |  |
| FY87 | 14.9                      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 8.0    | 8.0      |  |  |  |  |
| FY88 | 16.8                      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 12.8   | 12.8     |  |  |  |  |
| FY89 | 17.5                      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 4.2    | 4.2      |  |  |  |  |
| FY90 | 19.9                      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 13.7   | 13.7     |  |  |  |  |
| FY91 | 19.8                      | 0.0     | 0.0       | (0.5)  | (0.5)    |  |  |  |  |
| FY92 | 20.1                      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 1.5    | 1.5      |  |  |  |  |
| FY93 | 20.1                      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 0.0    | 0.0      |  |  |  |  |
| FY94 | 20.5                      | (0.3)   | (0.2)     | 2.0    | 4.5      |  |  |  |  |
| FY95 | 20.9                      | (0.4)   | 0.0       | 2.0    | 2.9      |  |  |  |  |
| FY96 | 23.3                      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 11.5   | 11.5     |  |  |  |  |
| FY97 | 25.9                      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 11.2   | 11.2     |  |  |  |  |
| FY98 | 25.0                      | (0.9)   | 0.0       | (3.5)  | 0.0      |  |  |  |  |
| FY99 | 26.9                      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 7.6    | 7.6      |  |  |  |  |
| FY00 | 26.7                      | (2.5)   | 0.0       | (0.7)  | 8.6      |  |  |  |  |
| FY01 | 25.8                      | (2.9)   | 0.0       | (3.4)  | 7.5      |  |  |  |  |
|      |                           |         |           |        |          |  |  |  |  |

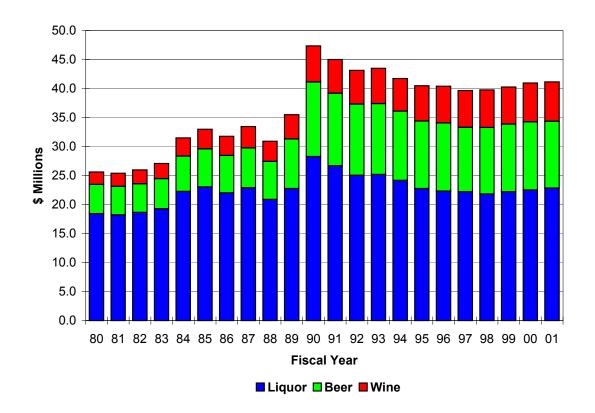
#### ADMISSIONS, DUES AND CABARET TAXES

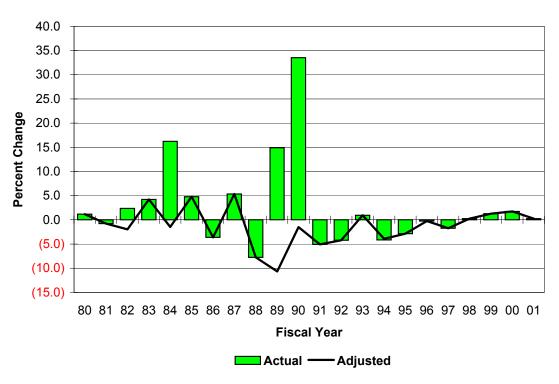
| Fiscal<br>Year | Revenues (Millions \$) | Rate        | Base Change   |
|----------------|------------------------|-------------|---|
| 1972           | 7.0                    | 10%         |   |
| 1973           | 7.3                    | 10%         | Cabaret tax is not imposed on places providing the music of a single instrumental performer.  |
| 1974           | 8.5                    | 10%         | Exemption: for charges paid by members of a senior citizens center as long as the charge to a single event is paid for groups at least ten persons.                           |
| 1975           | 9.4                    | 10%         |   |
| 1976           | 9.5                    | 10%         |   |
| 1977           | 10.1                   | 10%         |   |
| 1978           | 11.0                   | 10%         | The exemption allowed single instrumental performers is extended to all single performers   |
| 1979           | 10.9                   | 10%, 5%     | Cabaret tax reduced to 5% from 10%  |
| 1980           | 11.7                   | 10%, 5%     |   |
| 1981           | 11.7                   | 10%, 5%     |   |
| 1982           | 11.9                   | 10%, 5%     |   |
| 1983           | 12.5                   | 10%, 5%     |   |
| 1984           | 12.9                   | 10%, 5%     |   |
| 1985           | 14.1                   | 10%, 5%     |   |
| 1000           | 17.1                   | 10 70, 0 70 |   |
| 1986           | 13.8                   | 10%, 5%     | Annual dues or initiation fees which are less than \$100 are exempt from the dues tax   |
| 1987           | 14.9                   | 10%, 5%     |   |
| 1988           | 16.8                   | 10%, 5%     |   |
| 1989           | 17.5                   | 10%, 5%     | Live performances held at non-profit theaters or playhouses are exempt from Admissions Tax     Admissions Tax exemption increased from \$1 to \$2                             |
| 1990           | 19.9                   | 10%, 5%     |   |
| 1991           | 19.8                   | 10%, 5%     |   |
| 1992           | 20.1                   | 10%, 5%     |   |
| 1993           | 20.1                   | 10%, 5%     | PA 93-3 and PA 93-74 create exemptions for Beehive Stadium, the Wm. O'Neill Center, the Tennis Foundation of CT, and the New Britain Memorial Stadium from the Admission Tax. |
| 1994           | 20.5                   | 10%, 5%     | PA 94-4 (May S. S.) exempts carnival or amusement ride charges from the admissions tax beginning 7/1/94.  |
| 1995           | 20.9                   | 10%, 5%     |   |
| 1996           | 23.3                   | 10%, 5%     |   |
| 1990           | 20.0                   | 10 /0, 0 /0 |   |

#### ADMISSIONS, DUES AND CABARET TAXES

|      | Revenues (Millions \$) | Rate    | Base Change  |
|------|------------------------|---------|--|
| 1997 | 25.9                   | 10%, 5% |  |
| 1998 | 25.0                   | 10%, 5% | PA 97-315 exempts live performances at the Gateway's Candlewood Playhouse and at Ocean Beach Park from the Admissions Tax. It also increases the maximum motion picture charge exempt from the Admissions Tax from \$2.00 to \$4.50.   |
| 1999 | 26.9                   | 10%, 5% | PA 98-244 exempts from the 5% Cabaret tax (1) places offering Karaoke without a paid entertainer, and (2) restaurants operating under a liquor permit that only allows the sale of beer only or beer and wine.   |
| 2000 | 26.7                   | 10%, 5% | PA 99-173 made the following changes:  (1) Repealed the Cabaret Tax effective 7/1/99. The tax originally was levied on the amount charged for admissions, refreshment service or merchandise at a cabaret or similar place furnishing music, dancing privileges, or other entertainment for profit, for profit, at the rate of 5%.  (2) Increased the exempt for movie tickets from \$4.50 to \$5.00.  (3) Exempted the following: Stafford Motor Speedway, Lime Rock Park, Thompson Speedway, Waterford Speedbowl, Bridgeport Harbor Yard Stadium, New Haven Ravens Games, and Waterbury Spirits Games.  (4) Exempted private lawn bowling clubs from the Dues Tax.  PA 99-1 JSS exempts the New Britain Stadium and the New Britain Rock Cats retroactive to when the stadium was placed in service.  PA 99-173 and PA 99-235 exempted the portion of dues dues paid by members of clubs (e. g. golf, social) to acquire |
| 2001 | 25.8                   | 10%, 5% | open space.  PA 00-170 made the following changes: (1) Exempts events held at the Connecticut Expo Center from the admissions tax. (2) Reduced the admissions tax on movie theater tickets from 10% to 8% effective 7/1/00 and to 6% effective 7/1/01 and there after. (3) Exempted establishments from the admission tax that were subject to the Cabaret Tax (REPEALED) before July 1, 1999.  PA 00-174 exempted club locker rentals from the Dues Tax.  |
| 2002 | 25.3<br>Budget Act     | 10%, 5% |  |

## Alcoholic Beverage Tax Collections and Growth Rates FY 80 - FY 01





Adjusted for Legislative Base and Rate changes. Estimates made at time legislation was adopted.

#### TAX REVENUE ACTUAL and ADJUSTED GROWTH RATES

|        | Alcohol   |         |           |        |          |
|--------|-----------|---------|-----------|--------|----------|
|        | Revenue   | Tax     | Non-      | Actual | Adjusted |
|        | (000,000) | Changes | recurring | %      | %        |
| E) (70 | 04.4      | 0.0     | 0.0       |        |          |
| FY72   | 24.1      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 0.4    | 0.4      |
| FY73   | 24.2      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 0.4    | 0.4      |
| FY74   | 24.7      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 2.1    | 2.1      |
| FY75   | 24.2      | 0.0     | 0.0       | (2.0)  | (2.0)    |
| FY76   | 26.5      | 0.0     | 2.1       | 9.5    | 0.8      |
| FY77   | 24.3      | 0.0     | 0.0       | (8.3)  | (0.4)    |
| FY78   | 25.2      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 3.7    | 3.7      |
| FY79   | 25.3      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 0.4    | 0.4      |
| FY80   | 25.6      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 1.2    | 1.2      |
| FY81   | 25.4      | 0.0     | 0.0       | (8.0)  | (0.8)    |
| FY82   | 26.0      | 1.1     | 0.0       | 2.4    | (2.0)    |
| FY83   | 27.1      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 4.2    | 4.2      |
| FY84   | 31.5      | 4.8     | 0.0       | 16.2   | (1.5)    |
| FY85   | 33.0      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 4.8    | 4.8      |
| FY86   | 31.8      | 0.0     | 0.0       | (3.6)  | (3.6)    |
| FY87   | 33.5      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 5.3    | 5.3      |
| FY88   | 30.9      | 0.0     | 0.0       | (7.8)  | (7.8)    |
| FY89   | 35.5      | 5.8     | 2.1       | 14.9   | (10.7)   |
| FY90   | 47.4      | 14.5    | 0.0       | 33.5   | (1.5)    |
| FY91   | 45.0      | 0.0     | 0.0       | (5.1)  | (5.1)    |
| FY92   | 43.1      | 0.0     | 0.0       | (4.2)  | (4.2)    |
| FY93   | 43.5      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 0.9    | 0.9      |
| FY94   | 41.7      | (0.1)   | 0.0       | (4.1)  | (3.9)    |
| FY95   | 40.5      | 0.0     | 0.0       | (2.9)  | (2.9)    |
| FY96   | 40.4      | 0.0     | 0.0       | (0.2)  | (0.2)    |
| FY97   | 39.7      | 0.0     | 0.0       | (1.7)  | (1.7)    |
| FY98   | 39.8      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 0.3    | 0.3      |
| FY99   | 40.3      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 1.3    | 1.3      |
| FY00   | 41.0      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 1.7    | 1.7      |
| FY01   | 41.1      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 0.2    | 0.2      |

# **ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE TAX**

|              | Revenues<br>(Millions \$) | Base Change   |
|--------------|---------------------------|---|
| 1972<br>1973 | 24.1<br>24.2              |   |
| 1974<br>1975 | 24.7<br>24.2              |   |
| 1976         | 26.5                      |   |
| 1977         | 24.3                      |   |
| 1978<br>1979 | 25.2<br>25.3              |   |
| 1980         | 25.6                      | The amount of alcoholic beverages that an individual may bring into the state without owing tax is increased from 1 to 4 gallons.   |
| 1981         | 25.4                      | 5 year moratorium on new package store permits (Eff. 6/8/81).   |
| 1982         | 26.0                      | Eliminated minimum mark-up on beer and alcohol (1/1/82)   |
| 1983         | 27.1                      | <ol> <li>Eliminated minimum mark-up on wine (1/1/83.)</li> <li>Sunday liquor sales authorized for cafes.</li> </ol>   |
|              |                           | <ul><li>3) Package, drug &amp; grocery stores may sell liquor on Election Day and Independence Day if also a Saturday (10/1/82).</li><li>4) Legal drinking age is raised from 18 to 19 (7/1/82).</li></ul>  |
|              |                           |   |
| 1984         | 31.5                      | <ol> <li>The legal drinking age is raised 19 to 20 (10/1/83).</li> <li>Eliminated the revolving fund established to pay for alcohol education and treatment program. All fund monies and future revenue collections will be deposited into the General Fund.</li> <li>Established two classes of liquor permits at Bradley International</li> </ol> |
|              |                           | Airport. Night club permit cost is \$3000 for a restaurant and \$1,200 for a bar.   |
|              |                           | 4) All rates increase by 20%:   |
|              |                           | (8/1/83) Beer - \$3.00/bbl<br>Distilled liquor - \$3.00/gal   |
|              |                           | Wine - \$.30/gal  |
| 1985         | 33.0                      | Sparkling wine - \$.75/gal  |
| 1986         | 31.8                      | <ol> <li>Ended 5 year moratorium on new package store permits (7/1/86)</li> <li>The legal drinking age is raised from 20 to 21 (9/1/85).</li> <li>Eliminated night club liquor permits.</li> </ol>  |
| 1987         | 33.5                      |   |
| 1988         | 30.9                      | Reduction in tax rate from \$3/gal to \$1.35/gal on wine (7/1/87)   |
| 1989         | 35.5                      | All rates increased: (4/1/89) Beer - \$6.00/bbl   |
|              |                           | Distilled liquor - \$4.50/gal   |
|              |                           | Wine - \$.60/gal<br>Sparkling wine - \$1.50/gal   |
|              |                           | Wine cooler - \$2.05/gal  |

# **ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE TAX**

|                              | Revenues<br>(Millions \$)    | Base Change   |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|---|
| 1990<br>1991<br>1992         | 47.4<br>45.0<br>43.1         |   |
| 1993<br>1994<br>1995<br>1996 | 43.5<br>41.7<br>40.5<br>40.4 | Separate tax levied on small wineries (under 55,000 gal/yr) is established.   |
| 1997                         | 39.7                         | <ol> <li>PA 96-220</li> <li>Allows farm wineries to sell wine by the glass and bottle for on premise consumption.</li> <li>Allows hard cider permit holders to make, store, bottle, distribute, and sell at wholesale and retail apple wine with up to 15% alcohol.</li> <li>The sunset date that allowed brew pubs which held a permit on 1/1/94 to sell beer for off-premise consumption until 10/1/96 is eliminated.</li> <li>Allows the purchase for consumer aged 21 or over to brew beer for personal or family use.</li> </ol> |
| 1998                         | 39.8                         | PA 97-243 adopts the federal standards for differentiation between still and sparkling wines. It includes hard cider (which was previously excluded) in the "still wine" definition for purposes of the Alcoholic Beverage Tax. But it subjects cider containing not more than 7% to the same tax as applies to beer effective 7/1/97.  |
| 1999                         | 40.3                         | PA 98-236 establishes keg beer registration and prohibits liquor sales through drive-up windows. It allows an apple brandy manufacturer to also manufacture eau-de-vie which is another type of brandy distilled from fruit byproducts.   |
| 2000                         | 41.0                         | PA 99-65 allows any person other than a minor to produce wine, for personal or family use only, without payment of tax. Such wine may be transported in sealed containers for use at organized affairs, including exhibitions, tastings, contests or competitions, but may not be sold or offered for sale. Effective 10/1/1999.  |
|                              |                              | PA 99-121 allows individuals to import up to 5 gallons of alcoholic beverages for their own consumption from outside the United States each year. Alcoholic beverages need not be purchased by the individual importing them.   |
| 2001                         | 41.1                         | PA 00-01 June 30th Special Session permits the retail sales of alcohol on Sundays preceding Christmas and New Years Days. PA 00-192 relaxes restriction on liquor sales occurring on Christmas Day.   |
| 2002                         | 41.0<br>Budget Act           | PA 01-92 allows individuals to import alcoholic beverages into CT for their own consumption without having to be physically present at the point of purchase.   |

## **ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE TAX RATES**

|        |          |          | Wine      | Wine Over       |          |           |          | Liquor   |
|--------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------------|----------|-----------|----------|----------|
| Fiscal |          |          | Under 21% | 21% Alcohol &   | Small    | Distilled |          | Based    |
| Year   |          | everages | Alcohol   | Sparkling Wines | Wineries | Liquor    | Alcohol  | Coolers  |
|        | (\$/bbl) | (\$/gal) | (\$/gal)  | (\$/gal)        | (\$/gal) | (\$/gal)  | (\$/gal) | (\$/gal) |
| 1972   | 2.5      | 0.0833   | 0.25      | 0.625           |          | 2.50      | 2.50     |          |
| 1973   | 2.5      | 0.0833   | 0.25      | 0.625           |          | 2.50      | 2.50     |          |
| 1974   | 2.5      | 0.0833   | 0.25      | 0.625           |          | 2.50      | 2.50     |          |
| 1975   | 2.5      | 0.0833   | 0.25      | 0.625           |          | 2.50      | 2.50     |          |
| 1976   | 2.5      | 0.0833   | 0.25      | 0.625           |          | 2.50      | 2.50     |          |
| 1977   | 2.5      | 0.0833   | 0.25      | 0.625           |          | 2.50      | 2.50     |          |
| 1978   | 2.5      | 0.0833   | 0.25      | 0.625           |          | 2.50      | 2.50     |          |
| 1979   | 2.5      | 0.0833   | 0.25      | 0.625           |          | 2.50      | 2.50     |          |
| 1980   | 2.5      | 0.0833   | 0.25      | 0.625           |          | 2.50      | 2.50     |          |
| 1981   | 2.5      | 0.0833   | 0.25      | 0.625           |          | 2.50      | 2.50     |          |
| 1982   | 2.5      | 0.0833   | 0.25      | 0.625           |          | 2.50      | 2.50     |          |
| 1983   | 2.5      | 0.0835   | 0.25      | 0.625           |          | 2.50      | 2.50     |          |
| 1984   | 3.0      | 0.1000   | 0.30      | 0.750           |          | 3.00      | 3.00     |          |
| 1985   | 3.0      | 0.1000   | 0.30      | 0.750           |          | 3.00      | 3.00     |          |
| 1986   | 3.0      | 0.1000   | 0.30      | 0.750           |          | 3.00      | 3.00     |          |
| 1987   | 3.0      | 0.1000   | 0.30      | 0.750           |          | 3.00      | 3.00     |          |
| 1988   | 3.0      | 0.1000   | 0.30      | 0.750           |          | 3.00      | 3.00     | 1.35 [1] |
| 1989   | 3.0      | 0.1000   | 0.30      | 0.750           |          | 3.00      | 3.00     | 1.35     |
| 1990   | 6.0      | 0.2000   | 0.60      | 1.500           |          | 4.50      | 4.50     | 2.05     |
| 1991   | 6.0      | 0.2000   | 0.60      | 1.500           |          | 4.50      | 4.50     | 2.05     |
| 1992   | 6.0      | 0.2000   | 0.60      | 1.500           |          | 4.50      | 4.50     | 2.05     |
| 1993   | 6.0      | 0.2000   | 0.60      | 1.500           |          | 4.50      | 4.50     | 2.05     |
| 1994   | 6.0      | 0.2000   | 0.60      | 1.500           | 0.15 [2] | 4.50      | 4.50     | 2.05     |
| 1995   | 6.0      | 0.2000   | 0.60      | 1.500           | 0.15     | 4.50      | 4.50     | 2.05     |
| 1996   | 6.0      | 0.2000   | 0.60      | 1.500           | 0.15     | 4.50      | 4.50     | 2.05     |
| 1997   | 6.0      | 0.2000   | 0.60      | 1.500           | 0.15     | 4.50      | 4.50     | 2.05     |
| 1998   | 6.0      | 0.2000   | 0.60      | 1.500           | 0.15     | 4.50      | 4.50     | 2.05     |
| 1999   | 6.0      | 0.2000   | 0.60      | 1.500           | 0.15     | 4.50      | 4.50     | 2.05     |
| 2000   | 6.0      | 0.2000   | 0.60      | 1.500           | 0.15     | 4.50      | 4.50     | 2.05     |
| 2001   | 6.0      | 0.2000   | 0.60      | 1.500           | 0.15     | 4.50      | 4.50     | 2.05     |

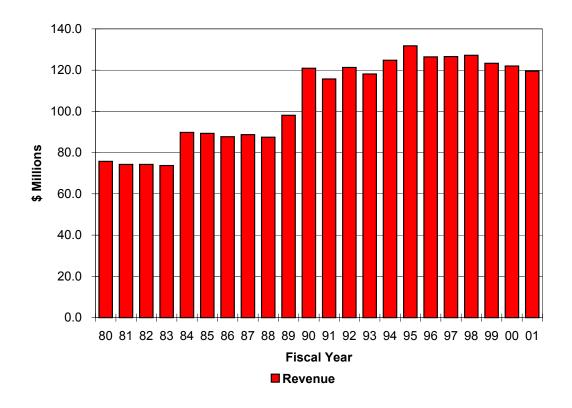
<sup>[1]</sup> Prior to PA 87-574, liquor based coolers were taxed as distilled liquor.

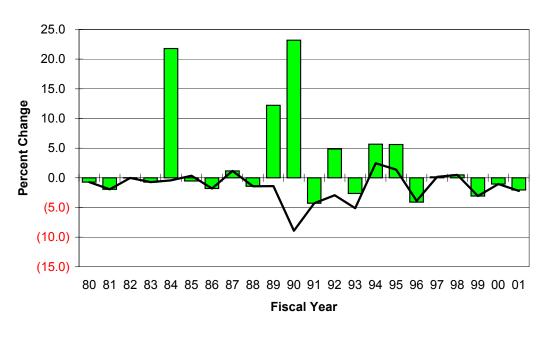
<sup>[2]</sup> Prior to PA 93-74, small wineries (under 55,000 gal/yr) were taxed as wine under 21% alcohol.

# ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE TAX REVENUE (Millions \$)

|        |         |       |          | Wine      | Wine Over       |           |         | Liquor  |          |
|--------|---------|-------|----------|-----------|-----------------|-----------|---------|---------|----------|
| Fiscal | Total   |       | everages | Under 21% | 21% Alcohol &   | Distilled |         | Based   | Small    |
| Year   | Revenue | bbl   | gal      | Alcohol   | Sparkling Wines | Liquor    | Alcohol | Coolers | Wineries |
| 1972   | \$24.1  | \$0.6 | \$3.6    | \$1.2     | \$0.3           | \$18.4    | \$0.02  |         |          |
| 1973   | 24.2    | 0.6   | 3.7      | 1.3       | 0.2             | 18.4      | 0.02    |         |          |
| 1974   | 24.7    | 0.7   | 3.8      | 1.3       | 0.2             | 18.7      | 0.02    |         |          |
| 1975   | 24.2    | 0.7   | 4.0      | 1.4       | 0.2             | 18.0      | 0.02    |         |          |
| 1976   | 26.5    | 0.7   | 4.3      | 1.5       | 0.2             | 19.7      | 0.02    |         |          |
| 1977   | 24.3    | 0.7   | 4.0      | 1.6       | 0.2             | 17.9      | 0.02    |         |          |
| 1978   | 25.2    | 0.7   | 4.2      | 1.7       | 0.2             | 18.4      | 0.03    |         |          |
| 1979   | 25.3    | 0.7   | 4.4      | 1.8       | 0.2             | 18.2      | 0.03    |         |          |
| 1980   | 25.6    | 8.0   | 4.3      | 1.9       | 0.2             | 18.4      | 0.04    |         |          |
| 1981   | 25.4    | 0.9   | 4.0      | 2.0       | 0.3             | 18.2      | 0.05    |         |          |
| 1982   | 26.0    | 0.9   | 4.1      | 2.1       | 0.3             | 18.6      | 0.04    |         |          |
| 1983   | 27.1    | 0.9   | 4.3      | 2.3       | 0.4             | 19.3      | 0.03    |         |          |
| 1984   | 31.5    | 1.0   | 5.2      | 2.7       | 0.5             | 22.2      | 0.04    |         |          |
| 1985   | 33.0    | 1.0   | 5.6      | 2.8       | 0.6             | 23.0      | 0.04    |         |          |
| 1986   | 31.8    | 0.9   | 5.6      | 2.8       | 0.6             | 21.9      | 0.07    |         |          |
| 1987   | 33.4    | 0.9   | 6.0      | 3.1       | 0.6             | 22.7      | 0.15    |         |          |
| 1988   | 30.9    | 0.9   | 5.7      | 2.9       | 0.6             | 20.7      | 0.13    | \$0.08  |          |
| 1989   | 35.5    | 1.2   | 7.4      | 3.5       | 0.7             | 22.5      | 0.16    | 0.09    |          |
| 1990   | 47.4    | 1.7   | 11.1     | 5.3       | 0.9             | 27.8      | 0.18    | 0.33    |          |
| 1991   | 45.0    | 1.8   | 10.7     | 4.9       | 0.9             | 25.9      | 0.15    | 0.57    |          |
| 1992   | 43.1    | 1.8   | 10.4     | 5.0       | 8.0             | 24.4      | 0.14    | 0.51    |          |
| 1993   | 43.5    | 1.9   | 10.4     | 5.3       | 8.0             | 24.6      | 0.15    | 0.47    |          |
| 1994   | 41.7    | 1.7   | 10.2     | 4.9       | 0.7             | 23.4      | 0.26    | 0.47    | \$0.007  |
| 1995   | 40.5    | 1.6   | 10.0     | 5.4       | 0.7             | 22.4      | 0.21    | 0.14    | 0.01     |
| 1996   | 40.4    | 1.6   | 10.2     | 5.6       | 0.7             | 22.0      | 0.19    | 0.16    | 0.01     |
| 1997   | 39.7    | 1.5   | 9.6      | 5.7       | 0.7             | 21.8      | 0.14    | 0.24    | 0.011    |
| 1998   | 39.8    | 1.5   | 10.0     | 5.8       | 0.7             | 21.5      | 0.14    | 0.14    | 0.01     |
| 1999   | 40.3    | 1.4   | 10.3     | 5.7       | 0.7             | 21.9      | 0.13    | 0.15    | 0.009    |
| 2000   | 41.0    | 1.3   | 10.4     | 6.0       | 0.7             | 22.2      | 0.16    | 0.19    | 0.009    |
| 2001   | 41.1    | 1.2   | 10.3     | 6.2       | 0.6             | 22.4      | 0.16    | 0.26    | 0.011    |

# Cigarette Tax and Tobacco Products Tax Collections and Growth Rates FY 80 - FY 01





Adjusted for Legislative Base and Rate changes. Estimates made at time legislation was adopted.

Actual — Adjusted

## TAX REVENUE ACTUAL and ADJUSTED GROWTH RATES

|      | Cigarettes |         |           |        |          |
|------|------------|---------|-----------|--------|----------|
|      | Revenue    | Tax     | Non-      | Actual | Adjusted |
|      | (000,000)  | Changes | recurring | %      | %        |
|      |            |         |           |        |          |
| FY72 | 68.2       | 12.5    | 0.0       |        |          |
| FY73 | 69.9       | 0.0     | 0.0       | 2.5    | 2.5      |
| FY74 | 72.4       | 0.0     | 0.0       | 3.5    | 3.5      |
| FY75 | 70.2       | 0.0     | 0.0       | (3.0)  | (3.0)    |
| FY76 | 77.4       | 0.0     | 4.3       | 10.2   | 4.1      |
| FY77 | 74.8       | 0.0     | 0.0       | (3.3)  | 2.4      |
| FY78 | 76.2       | 0.0     | 0.0       | 1.8    | 1.8      |
| FY79 | 76.3       | 0.0     | 0.0       | 0.2    | 0.2      |
| FY80 | 75.8       | 0.0     | 0.0       | (0.7)  | (0.7)    |
| FY81 | 74.3       | 0.0     | 0.0       | (1.9)  | (1.9)    |
| FY82 | 74.3       | 0.0     | 0.0       | (0.0)  | (0.0)    |
| FY83 | 73.8       | 0.0     | 0.0       | (0.7)  | (0.7)    |
| FY84 | 89.8       | 15.6    | 8.0       | 21.8   | (0.4)    |
| FY85 | 89.3       | 0.0     | 0.0       | (0.6)  | 0.3      |
| FY86 | 87.7       | 0.0     | 0.0       | (1.8)  | (1.8)    |
| FY87 | 88.7       | 0.0     | 0.0       | 1.2    | 1.2      |
| FY88 | 87.5       | 0.0     | 0.0       | (1.4)  | (1.4)    |
| FY89 | 98.1       | 9.4     | 2.5       | 12.2   | (1.4)    |
| FY90 | 120.9      | 33.8    | 0.0       | 23.2   | (8.9)    |
| FY91 | 115.7      | 0.0     | 0.0       | (4.3)  | (4.3)    |
| FY92 | 121.3      | 8.5     | 0.5       | 4.8    | (2.9)    |
| FY93 | 118.1      | 3.5     | 0.0       | (2.6)  | (5.1)    |
| FY94 | 124.8      | 3.6     | 0.2       | 5.7    | 2.5      |
| FY95 | 131.8      | 5.2     | 0.3       | 5.6    | 1.4      |
| FY96 | 126.4      | 0.0     | 0.0       | (4.1)  | (3.9)    |
| FY97 | 126.6      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 0.2    | 0.2      |
| FY98 | 127.2      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 0.5    | 0.5      |
| FY99 | 123.3      | 0.0     | 0.0       | (3.1)  | (3.1)    |
| FY00 | 122.0      | 0.0     | 0.0       | (1.1)  | (1.1)    |
| FY01 | 119.5      | 0.2     | 0.0       | (2.0)  | (2.2)    |

## **CIGARETTE TAX AND TOBACCO PRODUCTS TAX**

|              | Revenues<br>(Millions \$) |              | Base Change   |
|--------------|---------------------------|--------------|---|
| 1972         | 68.2                      | 0.21         |   |
| 1973         | 69.9                      | 0.21         |   |
| 1974         | 72.4                      | 0.21         |   |
| 1975         | 70.2                      | 0.21         |   |
| 1976<br>1977 | 77.4<br>74.8              | 0.21<br>0.21 |   |
| 1977         | 74.8<br>76.2              | 0.21         |   |
| 1979         | 76.3                      | 0.21         |   |
| 1980         | 75.8                      | 0.21         |   |
| 1981         | 74.3                      | 0.21         | Cigarettes subject to sales tax (tobacco products has been subject to the Sales and Use Tax).   |
| 1982         | 74.3                      | 0.21         |   |
| 1983         | 73.8                      | 0.21         |   |
| 1984         | 89.8                      | 0.26         | Effective 8/1/83  |
| 1985         | 89.3                      | 0.26         |   |
| 1986         | 87.7                      | 0.26         | If the federal excise tax on cigarettes is ever reduced, the state excise tax will increase by the amount of the federal excise tax reduction.                    |
| 1987         | 88.7                      | 0.26         |   |
| 1988         | 87.5                      | 0.26         |   |
| 1989         | 98.1                      | 0.26         |   |
| 1990 [1]     | 120.9                     | 0.40         | PA 89-16 (effective 4/1/89):  (a) Tax rate increased from 26 to 40 cents per pack.  (b) Exemption for cigarettes sold at correctional institutions is eliminated. |
|              |                           |              | PA 89-251 Imposes 20% Tobacco Products Tax on non-cigarette tobacco items.  |
| 1991         | 115.7                     | 0.40         | <b>v</b>  |
| 1992         | 121.3                     | 0.45         | PA 91-3 (JSS) increased rate, effective 10/1/91.  |
| 1993         | 118.1                     | 0.45         |   |
| 1994         | 124.8                     | 0.47         | PA 93-74 increased rate, effective 7/1/93.  |
| 1995         | 131.8                     | 0.50         | PA 93-74 increased rate, effective 7/1/94.  |

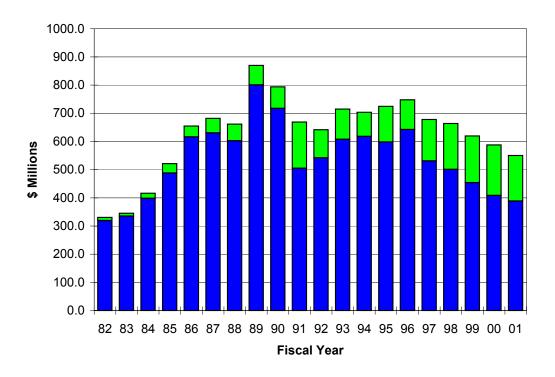
<sup>[1]</sup> FY 90 and all subsequent years include revenue from the 20% excise tax on non-cigarette

## **CIGARETTE TAX AND TOBACCO PRODUCTS TAX**

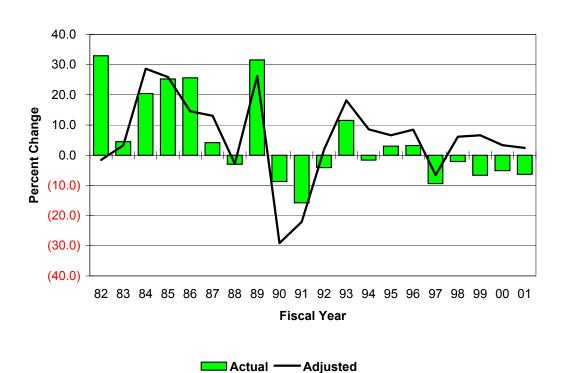
|       | Revenues (Millions \$) | Tax Rate (\$/pack)     | Base Change  |
|-------|------------------------|------------------------|--|
| tobac | co products.           |                        |  |
| 1996  | 126.4                  | 0.50                   |  |
| 1997  | 126.6                  | 0.50                   |  |
| 1998  | 127.2                  | 0.50                   |  |
| 1999  | 123.3                  | 0.50                   |  |
| 2000  | 122.0                  | 0.50                   | PA 99-109 prohibits cigarette distributors and dealers from selling cigarettes produced and labeled for export only.   |
| 2001  | 119.5                  | 0.50                   | PA 00-56 and PA 00-170 prohibits the sale of single cigarettes or cigarette packs containing less than 20 cigarettes. PA 01-6 JSS allows fines for dealers or distributors which sell cigarettes in packs that do not contain at least 20 cigarettes per pack. |
|       |                        |                        | PA 00-170 and 00-215 changed the tax on snuff from 20% of the whole sale price to 40 cents per ounce.  |
| 2002  | 117.0<br>Budget Act    | \$1.11<br>(eff 4/1/02) | PA 01-6 JSS applies the cigarette tax instead of the tobacco products tax to "roll your own" and requires certain labeling to appear on snuff products to be taxed by weight instead of wholesale price.   |
|       |                        |                        | PA 02-1 increased the excise tax from 50 cents per pack to \$1.11 per pack.  |

<sup>[1]</sup> FY 90 and all subsequent years include revenue from the 20% excise tax on non-cigarette tobacco products.

# Corporation Tax Collections and Growth Rates FY 82 - FY 01



■ Net Collections ■ Refunds



Adjusted for Legislative Base and Rate changes. Estimates made at time legislation was adopted.

# TAX REVENUE ACTUAL and ADJUSTED GROWTH RATES

| Corporations |           |         |           |        |          |  |  |
|--------------|-----------|---------|-----------|--------|----------|--|--|
|              | Revenue   | Tax     | Non-      | Actual | Adjusted |  |  |
|              | (000,000) | Changes | recurring | %      | %        |  |  |
|              | (,,       | g       |           |        |          |  |  |
| FY72         | 122.7     | 0.0     | 0.0       |        |          |  |  |
| FY73         | 138.6     | 0.0     | 0.0       | 13.0   | 13.0     |  |  |
| FY74         | 140.2     | (8.0)   | 0.0       | 1.2    | 6.9      |  |  |
| FY75         | 140.0     | 0.0     | 0.0       | (0.1)  | (0.1)    |  |  |
| FY76         | 143.2     | 19.8    | 0.0       | 2.3    | (11.9)   |  |  |
| FY77         | 201.7     | 13.2    | 35.0      | 40.9   | 7.2      |  |  |
| FY78         | 199.6     | 0.0     | 0.0       | (1.0)  | 19.7     |  |  |
| FY79         | 231.1     | 0.0     | 0.0       | 15.8   | 15.8     |  |  |
| FY80         | 246.1     | (0.5)   | 0.0       | 6.5    | 6.7      |  |  |
| FY81         | 248.7     | 0.0     | 0.0       | 1.1    | 1.1      |  |  |
| FY82         | 330.7     | 50.6    | 35.3      | 33.0   | (1.6)    |  |  |
| FY83         | 345.5     | 6.8     | 33.7      | 4.5    | 3.2      |  |  |
| FY84         | 416.1     | 15.0    | 0.0       | 20.4   | 28.6     |  |  |
| FY85         | 521.3     | (2.6)   | 0.0       | 25.3   | 25.9     |  |  |
| FY86         | 654.8     | (2.5)   | 60.0      | 25.6   | 14.6     |  |  |
| FY87         | 681.9     | 9.5     | 0.0       | 4.1    | 13.0     |  |  |
| FY88         | 661.3     | (1.3)   | 0.0       | (3.0)  | (2.8)    |  |  |
| FY89         | 870.0     | 35.0    | 0.0       | 31.6   | 26.3     |  |  |
| FY90         | 794.1     | 142.0   | 35.6      | (8.7)  | (29.1)   |  |  |
| FY91         | 669.0     | 35.0    | 43.0      | (15.8) | (22.1)   |  |  |
| FY92         | 641.4     | (33.7)  | 36.9      | (4.1)  | 1.9      |  |  |
| FY93         | 715.2     | (29.0)  | 29.8      | 11.5   | 18.2     |  |  |
| FY94         | 703.5     | (58.4)  | 17.7      | (1.6)  | 8.6      |  |  |
| FY95         | 724.7     | (6.6)   | 0.3       | 3.0    | 6.6      |  |  |
| FY96         | 748.1     | (23.9)  | (13.6)    | 3.2    | 8.4      |  |  |
| FY97         | 677.9     | (37.9)  | 4.1       | (9.4)  | (6.6)    |  |  |
| FY98         | 663.7     | (41.9)  | (9.4)     | (2.1)  | 6.1      |  |  |
| FY99         | 619.5     | (71.9)  | (26.2)    | (6.7)  | 6.6      |  |  |
| FY00         | 587.8     | (74.9)  | (4.4)     | (5.1)  | 3.3      |  |  |
| FY01         | 550.5     | (59.9)  | 4.0       | (6.3)  | 2.4      |  |  |

| Fiscal Re<br>Year (Mil |       | Rate | Base Changes  |
|------------------------|-------|------|---|
| 1972                   | 122.7 | 8.0  |   |
| 1973                   | 138.6 | 8.0  |   |
|                        | 140.2 | 8.0  |   |
|                        | 140.0 | 8.0  |   |
|                        | 143.2 | 10.0 |   |
|                        | 201.7 |      | Accelerated payments  |
|                        | 199.6 | 10.0 | A constitution of the color of |
| 1979 2                 | 231.1 | 10.0 | A credit against the state corporation business tax is allowed equal to 25% of the portion to tax which is allocable to new, expanded, or substantially renovated manufacturing facility in an economically distressed municipality.  |
| 1980 2                 | 246.1 | 10.0 | <ul> <li>Tax credit allowed for:</li> <li>(1) An approved cooperative work education occupations programs. The credit is equal to 10% of wages paid by an employer to a qualified high school student. The maximum credit is \$300 per income year.</li> <li>(2) Apprenticeship training in the machine tool and metal trades. The credit equals \$2.50 per hour of training and may not exceed the lesser of \$3,000 or 50% of wages paid in any income year.</li> </ul>   |
| 1981 2                 | 248.7 | 10.0 |   |
| 1982                   | 330.7 | 10.0 | <ul> <li>(1) (a) effective tax rate goes to 10% from 9.1%;</li> <li>(b) tax on capital base is increased to 3.1 mills from .31 mills;</li> <li>(c) the minimum tax is increased to \$250 from \$50.</li> <li>(2) A tax credit (up to 25% of cost) is provided for establishing a day care facility.</li> <li>(3) An exemption is provided for the earnings of International Banking Facilities.</li> <li>(4) A new fourth base is established for calculating tax liability (corporations whose gross receipts exceed \$50,000 must calculate their tax liability on the base of a 5% tax on 50% of their net income and compensation paid to officers and owners of more than 1% of the common stock.)</li> <li>(5) (a) The corporation business tax on dividends is eliminated;</li> <li>(b) The allocation formula is eliminated and all business income is distributed to Connecticut on the basis of the apportionment factor;</li> <li>(c) The sales factor is to be double weighted in arriving at the apportionment factor.</li> <li>(6) The urban jobs tax credit is increased to 50% from 25% for that portion of tax allocable to a manufacturing facility located in an enterprise zone.</li> <li>(7) Effective with income years beginning on or before 1/1/82, corporate taxpayers must make an estimated payment of 60% of their tax liability or \$250 whichever is greater, during the sixth month of their income year. An additional payment, bringing the total estimated payment to 80%, is required during the twelfth month.</li> <li>(8) Accelerated Cost Recovery System (ACRS) is disallowed (eff 1/1/81) (A description of ACRS is included under Business Taxes.)</li> </ul>  |

|      | Revenues<br>(Millions \$) | Rate | Base Changes  |
|------|---------------------------|------|---|
| 1983 | 345.5                     | 10.0 | <ul> <li>(1) Exemption for gains resulting from the sale or exchange on cattle raised from birth on a farm in Connecticut. (To qualify for the exclusion at least 75% of a taxpayers gross income must be derived from farming).</li> <li>(2) Calculation of tax liability on bases of net income plus compensation to owners and officers is repealed with income years beginning 1/1/83.</li> <li>(3) Various tax credits are provided to business firms choosing to engage in various community service activities as follows (1/1/82):  Project Credit</li> </ul>   |
|      |                           |      | (a) Energy conservation and employee training70%(b) Eligible program as determined by municipality50%(c) Child Day Care Centers50%  |
|      |                           |      | (4) Businesses located in enterprise zones are ineligible to receive<br>the 50% urban jobs tax credit if a firm has relocated to a designated<br>enterprise zone from a distressed municipality or an area eligible for<br>enterprise zone designation.   |
| 1984 | 416.1                     | 11.5 | <ul><li>(1) Rate increases effective with income years beginning 1/1/83.</li><li>(2) Tax credit for expenditures for day care is increased to \$20,000 from \$10,000.</li></ul>   |
| 1985 | 521.3                     | 11.5 | (1) Corporate tax credits are increased under the Neighborhood Assistance Program.  |
| 1986 | 654.8                     | 11.5 | <ol> <li>Corporations may only deduct 88% of there federal depreciation expense for income year 1985. The full deduction is allowed for income year 1986 and thereafter. (A description of ACRS is include under Business Taxes.)</li> <li>The minimum tax is reduced from \$250 to \$100 (1/1/85)</li> <li>Neighborhood assistance: Annual tax credit is increased to \$2 million from \$1.5 million (7/1/85).</li> <li>The tax exemption for companies providing alternative energy systems is extended for three years, until FY 1987.</li> </ol>  |
| 1987 | 681.9                     | 11.5 | <ol> <li>(1) Regulated investment companies and real estate investment trusts will no longer be allowed a deduction for dividends paid when determining the tax on their capital base (10/1/86).</li> <li>(2) Maximum tax on capital base is increased from \$100,00 to \$500,000 (1/1/86).</li> <li>(3) Neighborhood Assistance tax credits increased to a maximum \$3 million per year from \$2 million (1/1/86)</li> <li>(4) A tax credit of \$250,000 per year for all firms is available to businesses providing subsidies to employees for child day care. Tax credit is 50% of cost of subsidy (7/1/86).</li> <li>(5) A tax credit for 50% of donations to the Rental Housing Assistance Trust Fund is allowed up to a limit of \$25,000 in credits per firm annually; the annual limit for all firms is \$500,000 (1/1/86 but not after 1/1/88).</li> </ol> |
| 1988 | 661.3                     | 11.5 | (1) Taxpayers with estimated liability less than \$1,000 are not  |

|      | Revenues<br>(Millions \$) | Rate | Base Changes  |
|------|---------------------------|------|---|
|      |                           |      | required to file estimated payments (1/1/87) (2) July 1987 Special Session: A residential property tax relief fund is established and for FY 1989 a portion of the corporation tax is earmarked as follows:  FY 1989-1991: 1/23 of Corp. Tax  FY 1992: 1/46 of Corp. Tax  |
| 1989 | 870.0                     | 11.5 | (1) Earmarking of revenue for the Property Tax Relief Fund begun in the July 1987 Special Session is eliminated   |
| 1990 | 794.1                     | 11.5 | <ul> <li>(1) PA 89-16 <ul> <li>(a) A 15% surtax is added and the minimum tax is increased from \$100 to \$250 (1/1/89)</li> <li>(b) The timing and percentage of estimated payment due is is changed (1/1/89)</li> </ul> </li> <li>(2) PA 89-251 <ul> <li>(a) The deduction for income taxes paid to other states is eliminated (1/1/89)</li> <li>(b) The surtax is increased form 15% to 20% (1/1/89)</li> <li>(c) The first \$25,000 of tax savings for firms filing a combined return eliminated (1/1/90)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>   |
| 1991 | 669.0                     | 11.5 | <ul> <li>(1) PA 90-148 - The second estimated payment is increased from 60% to 70% (1/1/91)</li> <li>(2) PA 90-174 - Liability calculated on the capital base is limited to \$50,000 maximum for regulated investment companies or real estate investment trusts beginning 1/1/91. Liability for 1986 to 1990 income year is limited to \$500,000 (7/1/90).</li> </ul>  |
| 1992 | 641.4                     | 11.5 | <ul> <li>(1) PA 91-3 (JSS)</li> <li>(a) The 20% surtax is reduced to 10% for 1992 income years.</li> <li>(b) The maximum for the capital base is increased from \$0.5 million to \$1 million, effective 1/1/92.</li> <li>(c) Thirty percent of dividends received from companies in which ownership is less than 20% must be included in the net income base, effective 1/1/91</li> <li>(2) PA 91-179 provides a credit for up to 10% of the cost of operating natural gas-powered vehicles for the 1991 and 1992 income years.</li> </ul>  |
| 1993 | 715.2                     | 11.5 | <ol> <li>(1) PA 91-3 (JSS) eliminates the 10% surtax for 1993 income years.</li> <li>(2) PA 92-124 applies the tax to unrelated business income of nonprofit corporations, beginning with 1992 income years.</li> <li>(3) PA 92-193 establishes credits for research and development, job training and technology-related research and development grants to state colleges and universities. The credits are phased in over a period of years.</li> <li>(4) PA 92-250 establishes a credit for manufacturing or other economic-base businesses based upon the number of new employees and square feet occupied, effective with 1993 income years.</li> </ol> |
| 1994 | 703.5                     | 11.5 | (1) PA 93-74 makes the following changes: (a) The tax rate is reduced as follows:   |

Fiscal Revenues
Year (Millions \$)

Rate

#### **Base Changes**

income years beginning

| on or after: | New tax rate |
|--------------|--------------|
| 1/1/95       | 11.25%       |
| 1/1/96       | 11.00%       |
| 1/1/97       | 10.50%       |
| 1/1/98       | 10.00%       |

- (b) Mutual funds and real estate investment trusts (REITS) are exempted from the tax effective with 1993 income years.
- (c) The interest rate for the tax is reduced from 20% to 15%, effective with 1994 income years.
- (2) PA 93-74 and 332 provide that the unpaid loss reserve adjustment required by the federal code for non-life insurance companies shall not be deducted from gross income, effective with 1993 income years.
- (3) PA 382 provides a 5% credit for small- and a 10% credit for mediumsized companies for the increase in capital goods expenditure over the prior year, effective with 1995 income years.
- (4) PA 93-433 provides a 1-6% credit for research and development expenditures, effective with 1993 income years. The credit is subject to certain employment restrictions.
- (5) PA 93-267 creates a new form of business called Limited Liability Company (LLC), effective 10/1/93.
- (6) PA 93-311 creates entertainment districts where certain entertainment-related businesses may be eligible for the same benefits that applies to businesses located within enterprise zones.

1995 724.7 11.5, 11.25 (1) PA 94-4 (May S. S.) makes the following changes:

- (a) Increases credit for apprenticeship wages from \$2.50 per hr to \$4.00 per hr and the maximum credit allowed from \$3,000 to \$4,800 per year, effective 1/1/94.
- (b) Creates a credit for 50% of the traffic management program expenses related to attainment of Clean Air Act standards, 1/1/95.
- (c) Expands the 5% credit provided by PA 93-382 for machinery and equipment expenditures to companies employing 250-500 employees is expanded to include businesses with up to 800 employees, effective 1/1/95.
- (d) Creates a credit for 100% of Property Tax paid on data processing equipment, effective with Property Tax paid on the 10/1/94 grand list.
- (2) PA 94-170 provides a credit which is equal to 50% of the cost of:
  - (1) the construction of new filling stations which provide compressed natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas or liquefied natural gas, and
  - (2) the conversion of motor vehicles so they can use these fuels or electricity. This credit is effective for the 1994--1998 income years.
- (3) PA 94-4 exempts cooperative housing corporations from the tax, effective with the 1990 income year.
- (4) PA 94-214 creates a credit equal to the following percentage of monies invested through a fund manager in a qualified insurance business:
  - (1) 10% of the investment for tax year beginning 3 years after the date of investment to no later than 7 years after the date of investment,
  - (2) 20% of the investment for tax years beginning seven years and ending 10 years from the date of investment.

# Fiscal Revenues Year (Millions \$)

Rate

#### **Base Changes**

- The credit is applicable against the corporate income tax, insurance premiums tax, and the personal income tax.
- (5) PA 94-1 (Oct S. S.) Allows foreign banks to open certain federal- or state-licensed branches and other banking offices in Connecticut. It makes these foreign banks and other financial institutions eligible for up to \$145 million in state tax credits over 15 years if they meet certain building and job creation requirements.

## 1996 748.1 11.25, 10.75 (1) PA 95-160 contains the following provisions:

(a) The tax rate reduction schedule contained in PA 93-74 is modified as follows:

| income years beginning on or after | Tax Rate |
|------------------------------------|----------|
| 1/1/96                             | 10.75    |
| 1/1/97                             | 10.50    |
| 1/1/98                             | 9.50     |
| 1/1/99                             | 8.50     |
| 1/1/00                             | 7.50     |

- (b) Delays the Clean Air Act traffic management credit that was scheduled to take effect beginning with the 1995 income year to the 1997 income year.
- (c) Delays the credit for capital goods expenditures by small- and medium-sized firms that was scheduled to take effect beginning with the 1995 income year to the 1997 income year.
- (d) The credit against the Insurance Premiums Tax provided in PA 94-4 (MSS) for 100% of the property tax paid on data processing equipment is delayed from the 10/1/94grand list to the 10/1/96 grand list. No change for the Corporate tax credit.
- (2) PA 95-129 modifies the 50% tax credit for firms moving into the state which construct a building of at 900,000 sq. ft. and locate 2,000 jobs in state. The Act provides a 40% credit for the location of 1,600 jobs in state or a 30% credit for 1,200 jobs located in state.
- (3) PA 95-284 provides a tax credit for firms that participate in qualified plastics trades apprenticeship programs. The credit is for up to \$4,800 per apprentice and is applicable beginning with the 1995 income year.
- (4) PA 95-327 allows corporations the option of making estimated payments based on (1) their current year's estimated liability or (2) a percentage of their prior year's estimate tax payment. The percentages for option (2) are as follows:

| Income Year | %    |
|-------------|------|
| 1996        | 200% |
| 1997        | 175% |
| 1998        | 150% |
| 1999        | 125% |
| 2000        | 100% |

- (5) PA 95-288 creates a tax credit for firms which invest in the Critical Industries Development Account.
- (6) PA 95-334 expands the definition of a manufacturing facility to include plant, buildings, or other real property for purpose of identifying a manufacturing firm located anywhere in a town within an entertainment district.

# Fiscal Revenues Year (Millions \$) Rate

#### **Base Changes**

- (7) PA 95-283 extends the tax exemption for new and newly acquired manufacturing machinery from four to five years and makes machinery and equipment used in producing motion pictures and video and sound recordings eligible for the exemption.
- (8) PA 95-15 modifies tax credit for expenditures related to alternative vehicle fuels and extends the sunset date.
- (9) PA 95-268 modifies the Neighborhood Assistance Act and transfers responsibility from the Department of Social Services to the Department of Revenue Services.
  - (a) Requires DRS to prorate the tax credits available to business if the total amount of credits exceeds the statuary \$3 million limit.
  - (b) It lowers the tax credit for most programs from 50% to 40% of the amount invested.
  - (c) Allows tax credit only for cash assistance.
  - (d) It limits the ability to carry tax credits backwards to the two preceding years and repeals the carry forward.
  - (e) Reduces the amount of investment in any one program may qualify for from \$300,000 to \$150,000.
- (10) PA 95-325 makes expenditures related to the Clean Air Act traffic management credit made between 1/1/95 and 1/1/97, eligible for the tax credit in 1997.

1997 677.9 10.75,10.50 (1) PA 96-175 phases out the tax on the net income of subchapter S corporations by reducing the percentage which is taxable. The phase-out is as follows:

| Beginning on    | % of Net       |
|-----------------|----------------|
| or after        | Taxable Income |
| January 1, 1997 | 90%            |
| January 1, 1998 | 75%            |
| January 1, 1999 | 55%            |
| January 1, 2000 | 30%            |
| January 1, 2001 | Exempt         |

- (2) PA 96-144 contained the following provisions
  - (a) provides a tax credit for machinery and equipment purchased between January 1,1995 to May 30,1995 for companies who employ up to 800 employees. Companies that have up to 250 employees are eligible of a credit of 10% the equipment's purchase price, while companies with between 250 and 800 employees are eligible for a 5% credit of the purchase price. The credit must be taken against a company's 1997 liability.
  - (b) extends back the credit for property tax on data processing on insurance, hospital, and medical services corporations, railroad and utility companies, and air carriers to income years starting on or after 1/1/95.
  - (c) allows the carry forward of the credit for property tax on data processing equipment for five succeeding years provided the taxpayer has applied all other credits allowed by law and the property tax credit exceeds its remaining liability.
- (3) PA 96-265 requires motor carriers to apportion their income based on the relative number of miles drive in state. Effective beginning with the 1996 income year.
- (4) PA 96-252 allows biotechnology companies to carry forward the

Fiscal Revenues
Year (Millions \$) Rate

#### **Base Changes**

- existing 20% credit for research and development expenses. The credit applies to the amount a company spends on research and development that exceeds the amount it spent in the prior year. The Act allows the credit to carried forward for up to 15 years. Effective beginning with the 1997 income year.
- (5) PA 96-197 exempts out-of-state Connecticut corporations from the state's corporation business tax if their only contact with the state is participation as a limited partner in an investment partnership.
- (6) PA 96-253 exempts banks, insurers, and investment companies from the corporate business tax if all of their business is outside the United States, and if the company's headquarters is located within a special export zone in Hartford.
- (7) PA 96-104 exempts out-of-state companies engaged in business with in state printers provided the companies whose only activities in the state are related to a contract with in-state commercial printers to print and distribute printed material.
- (8) PA 96-111 allows regulated investment companies to use a different apportionment formula to determine corporate tax liability based on the shareholder or accounts that are domiciled in Connecticut effective beginning with the 1996 income year.
- (9) PA 96-239 contained the following provisions
  - (a) expands enterprise zone benefits to service firms located in a town with an enterprise zone within it. Firms located outside the enterprise zone would still be eligible for the benefits. The act adds telemarketer to the definition of service firms eligible for such benefits.
  - (b) provides a property tax abatement for service firms located outside enterprise zones but in the same town effective 7/1/96.
  - (c) provides a job creation credit for service firms based on the number of new hires in conjunction with the development or acquisition of their facilities.
  - (d) provides a 10 year corporate tax credit for newly created business that locates in an enterprise zone and hires zone or town residents effective 1/1/97. The credit is 100% for the first three years and 50% for next seven years.
- (10) PA 96-139 made technical changes to effective date of the corporate tax rate reductions enacted in PA 95-160.
- (11) PA 96-183 expands the alternative fuels credit against the corporation business tax for expenditures related to alternative fuels equipment for a LPG or LNG stations.
- (12) PA 96-262 creates a new tax credit for business that provide parent education programs to their employees and those "investing" in child care. The credit is 40% of the amount a business spends on parenting classes. The credit is only available after the employer has exhausted the day care subsidy credit. The act also appears to create a 60% credit for businesses that invest in child care programs on top of the existing credit for when they establish day care facilities under the Neighborhood Assistance Act.
- (13) PA 96-222 makes retail product distribution facilities eligible for certain property tax exemptions and corporate business credits relating to enterprise zones or location in towns with such zones.
- (14) PA 96-264 extends enterprise zone benefits to certain biotechnology,

**Base Changes** 

pharmaceutical, and photonics companies to such businesses

(9) PA 97-164 extends the pawnbroker laws to limited liability companies

(10) PA 97-163 accelerates the reduction in the percentage of the previous year's tax liability that a business may use to calculate estimated

in addition to people, corporations, and partnerships.

tax payments for the present year (safe harbor).

Fiscal Revenues Year (Millions \$)

Rate

|      |       |            | located in enterprise zone towns with major research university.  |
|------|-------|------------|---|
| 1998 | 663.7 | 10.50,9.50 | <ul> <li>located in enterprise zone towns with major research university.</li> <li>(1) PA 97-317 allows state charted banks to sell insurance directly or through a subsidiary.</li> <li>(2) PA 97-295 contained the following provisions in order to streamline the Corporate Business Tax</li> <li>(a) Repealed the Home Grown Cattle deduction and the following tax credits: Air Pollution, Industrial Waste, Work Education, Employee Training, and New Facilities</li> <li>(b) Provide a credit for the amount spent on fixed capital investment and also a credit for the amount spend on human capital investments. Both credits are phased in as follows: 3% for the 1998 income year, 4% for 1999, and 5% for the 2000 income year.</li> <li>(c) Provide a credit for up to \$1,000 per income year for construction trades apprenticeships.</li> <li>(d) Extend the sunset on the Corporation Tax credits for vehicles powered by alternative fuels and related expenditures and for construction of or improvements to filling stations to provide natural gas, liquefied petroleum or natural gas by two years.</li> <li>(3) PA 97-283 allows S-Corporation to take credits on the same phase-out schedule of the Corporate Business Tax on S-Corporation net income. PA 96-175 prohibited S-Corporations from using Corporate Tax credits to offset their liability during the period of the phase-out. This change is effective with the 1997 income year.</li> <li>(4) PA 97-251 increases the limit from \$3 million to \$4 million for credits available under the Neighborhood Assistance Act effective with the 1998 income year.</li> <li>(5) PA 97-309 Nexus Investigation Project (DRS Program)</li> <li>(6) PA 97-4 (June 18, 1997 Special Session) provides a single factor</li> </ul> |
|      |       |            | apportionment formula for credit card income for certain eligible institutions.   |
|      |       |            | <ul> <li>(7) PA 97-259 increases the maximum credit from \$10,000 to \$50,000 a a business can receive under the Neighborhood Assistance Act to plan, prepare, build or acquire, as well as any equipment used, to established a child day care facility for its employees. It also increases from \$20,000 to \$50,000 the annual tax credit it can receive for building, renovating, or equipping the day care facility for its employees.</li> <li>(8) PA 97-70 authorizes single-member limited liability companies.</li> </ul>   |

| Fiscal | Revenues      |      |
|--------|---------------|------|
| Year   | (Millions \$) | Rate |

#### **Base Changes**

- (11) PA 97-228 replaces the \$2,000 per year penalty on foreign (out of state) business for each year or portion of year they operate in CT without registering with the secretary of state with a \$165 per month penalty for each month they operate without registering in CT.
- (12) PA 97-193 permits DRS commissioner to disallow any credit against the corporation business tax if the company claiming the credit is more than 30 days delinquent on any state taxes, including interest and penalties, fees, or other related charges. It also allows OPM to deny an exemption from the property tax for new manufacturing machinery and equipment if the owner is delinquent in is corporation business tax payments.
- (13) PA 97-292 limits to \$15 million the amount of any tax credit that funds can take on any single business investment in an insurance business for insurance reinvestment funds established to create new jobs pursuant to PA 94-214.
- (14) PA 97-119 prohibits recipients of real estate investment trust (REIT) dividends from deducting them from gross income for the purpose of determining state corporation tax liability unless the dividend meets certain conditions.
- 1999 619.5 9.50, 8.50 (1) PA 98-110 contained the following provisions effective for the 1999 income year:
  - (a) Provide single apportionment formula for financial service companies and exclude financial service companies from the capital base.
  - (b) Establishes an exemption for Passive Investment Companies (PICs).
  - (c) Exempts domestic insurers from the tax.
  - (d) Restricts deductibility of certain intangible expenses and certain interest expenses with a related member
  - (e) Effective for the 2000 income year, extend the carry-forward for up to 15 years of the research and experiment credit to any corporation.
  - (f) Effective for the 2000 income year, extend the 6% research and development credit to qualified small business, defined as firms with gross income of under \$100 million.
  - (2) PA 98-244 contained the following provisions
    - (a) Eliminates Corporate Income Tax payments for S-Corporations under the minimum and capital base effective with the 2000 income year.
    - (b) Eliminate the minimum tax for foreign corporations whose sole activity in this state consists of trading stocks and securities for its own account.
    - (c) Requires corporations eligible to claim more than one tax credit to take them in a specified order.
  - (3) PA 98-28 restructures the electric industry to allow consumers to choose their electric suppliers beginning January 1, 2000 for select groups and July 1, 2000 for all other consumers. Until competition begins, rates are capped at their December 31, 1996 levels. This will be accomplished by requiring each electric company to unbundled its electricity generation and distribution components. The generation component will be subject to competition from other suppliers. Suppliers are entitled to a one-time \$1,500 corporation tax credit starting July 1, 1998 for each dislocated worker they employ for more than six months.

| 2000 587.8 8.50, 7.50 (1) PA 99-173 contained the following provisions:  (a) Extends the net operating loss carry-forward and net capital loss carry over provisions from 5 years to 20 years.  (b) Exempts capital gains realized from the sale of open space or land to the state, a municipality, or non-profit land conservation organization or a water company where the land is permanently preserved space or as Class I or Class II watershed land.  (c) Increased the cap on Neighborhood Assistance Program tax credits from \$4 million to \$5 million.  (d) Extended the sunset date from 1/4/2000 to 1/1/2002 for provisions regarding Alternative Fuels and vehicles powered by alternative fuels or electricity.  (e) Modified the Research and Development Expenses at Aerospace Companies tax credit for companies with more than 2,500 employees over \$3 billion in revenue provided they are located in enterprise zones. (See item number 3)  (f) Transferred the administration of Opportunity Certificates created by PA 97-295 from the Department of Social Services to the Department of Labor.  (g) Establishes a credit for guarantee fees paid when obtaining financing from the Small Business Administration  (h) Establishes a credit for the rehabilitation of historic homes. The credit applies to expenses over \$15,000 with a cap on the credit of \$30,000 for each home. The credit is capped at \$3 million per year and can be carried forward for up to four years  (i) Permits companies with sale of less than \$70 million in gross sales to sell unused Research and Experiment Credits and Research and Experiment Credits and Research and Development Credit tax credits back to the state at 65% of their value. PA 01-6 JSS allows payment as retunds.  (j) Increased the cap on the Low and Moderate Income Housing Program and Rental Housing Assistance Trust Fund credits from \$1 million to \$5 million.  (2) PA 99-173 and PA 99-235 establish a credit equal to 50% of the land donated to the state, its subdivision, or non profit land conservation for opens space.  (           |       | Revenues      | Rate            | Base Changes  |
|---|-------|---------------|-----------------|---|
| <ul> <li>(a) Extends the net operating loss carry-forward and net capital loss carry over provisions from 5 years to 20 years.</li> <li>(b) Exemplis capital gains realized from the sale of open space or land to the state, a municipality, or non-profit land conservation organization or a water company where the land is permanently preserved space or as Class I or Class II watershed land.</li> <li>(c) Increased the cap on Neighborhood Assistance Program tax credits from \$4 million to \$5 million.</li> <li>(d) Extended the sunset date from 1/1/2000 to 1/1/2002 for provisions regarding Alternative Fuels and vehicles powered by alternative fuels or electricity.</li> <li>(e) Modified the Research and Development Expenses at Aerospace Companies tax credit for companies with more than 2,500 employees over \$3 billion in revenue provided they are located in enterprise zones. (See item number 3)</li> <li>(f) Transferred the administration of Opportunity Certificates created by PA 97-295 from the Department of Social Services to the Department of Labor.</li> <li>(g) Establishes a credit for guarantee fees paid when obtaining financing from the Small Business Administration</li> <li>(h) Establishes a credit for the rehabilitation of historic homes. The credit applies to expenses over \$15,000 with a cap on the credit of \$30,000 for each home. The credit is capped at \$3 million per year and can be carried forward for up to four years</li> <li>(i) Permits companies with sale of less than \$70 million in gross sales to sell unused Research and Experiment Credits and Research and Development Credit tax credits back to the state at 65% of their value. PA 01-6 JSS allows payment as refunds.</li> <li>(j) Increased the cap on the Low and Moderate Income Housing Program and Rental Housing Assistance Trust Fund credits from \$1 million to \$5 million.</li> <li>(2) PA 99-173 and PA 99-235 establish a credit equal to 50% of the land donated to the state, its subdivision, or non profit land conservation for opens space.</li> <li>(3) PA 99-11</li></ul> | i Gai | (Millions 4)  | ixate           | Dase Offanges   |
| Tax Credit (10% for 250 or fewer permanent full-time employees and  | Year  | (Millions \$) | Rate 8.50, 7.50 | <ul> <li>(a) Extends the net operating loss carry-forward and net capital loss carry over provisions from 5 years to 20 years.</li> <li>(b) Exempts capital gains realized from the sale of open space or land to the state, a municipality, or non-profit land conservation organization or a water company where the land is permanently preserved space or as Class I or Class II watershed land.</li> <li>(c) Increased the cap on Neighborhood Assistance Program tax credits from \$4 million to \$5 million.</li> <li>(d) Extended the sunset date from 1/1/2000 to 1/1/2002 for provisions regarding Alternative Fuels and vehicles powered by alternative fuels or electricity.</li> <li>(e) Modified the Research and Development Expenses at Aerospace Companies tax credit for companies with more than 2,500 employees over \$3 billion in revenue provided they are located in enterprise zones. (See item number 3)</li> <li>(f) Transferred the administration of Opportunity Certificates created by PA 97-295 from the Department of Social Services to the Department of Labor.</li> <li>(g) Establishes a credit for guarantee fees paid when obtaining financing from the Small Business Administration</li> <li>(h) Establishes a credit for the rehabilitation of historic homes. The credit applies to expenses over \$15,000 with a cap on the credit of \$30,000 for each home. The credit is capped at \$3 million per year and can be carried forward for up to four years</li> <li>(i) Permits companies with sale of less than \$70 million in gross sales to sell unused Research and Experiment Credits and Research and Development Credit tax credits back to the state at 65% of their value. PA 01-6 JSS allows payment as refunds.</li> <li>(j) Increased the cap on the Low and Moderate Income Housing Program and Rental Housing Assistance Trust Fund credits from \$1 million to \$5 million, or non profit land conservation for opens space.</li> <li>(3) PA 99-173 and PA 99-235 establish a credit equal to 50% of the land donated to the state, its subdivision, or non profit land con</li></ul> |
|   |       |               |                 | Tax Credit (10% for 250 or fewer permanent full-time employees and  |

2001

550.5

7.50

(1) PA 00-170 contained the following provisions:

# Fiscal Revenues Year (Millions \$) Rate

#### **Base Changes**

- (a) establishes a credit for the donation of new or used computers to local schools effective 1/1/00.
- (b) Allows manufacturers and broadcasters to use a single factor formula to apportion their income for corporate income tax purposes. Manufacturers cannot apply the new formula to their first and second estimated payments in 2001. Effective 1/1/01 for manufacturers and 10/1/01 for broadcasters. PA 01-6 JSS requires such corporations to file in writing their intent to use receipts as single factor for tax purposes.
- (c) Allows S-Corporations to take the entire credit for low- and moderate-income housing in the 1999 and 2000 income years instead as PA 99-83 (see above) originally allowed.
- (d) established a site remediation tax credit for remediation of urban sites. The amount of credit cannot exceed the amount of state revenue the Department of Economic and Community Development determines will be generated by the investment—the revenue loss from the credit is expected to be offset by the tax revenue from the new development.
- (e) expands the Manufacturer Assistance Act tax benefits to include eligible financial institutions constructing new facilities and creating new jobs.
- (f) disallow tax credits for investments made to the Insurance Reinvestment Fund made after July 1, 2000.
- (2) PA 00-192 expands the Human Capital Credit to include donations to the Individual Development Account. The Individual Development Account was created to allow certain low-income and qualified disable taxpayers to open savings accounts and receive matching funds as an incentive for saving for specific purposes. Effective 1/1/2001.
- (3) PA 00-203 creates the Charter Oak Open Space Trust Account and extends the credit for land donated to the state to be carry forward 10 years. It also clarifies use value of the land as fair market value of land at its highest and best use as determined by a certified real estate appraiser.

#### 2002 501.2 7.50 Budget Act

PA 01-8 JSS sets aside \$1 million of \$5 million of the credits available on Low and Moderate Housing Program and Rental Housing Assistance Trust Fund for supportive housing pilots initiative. The supportive housing pilots initiative is to provide up to 650 units of affordable housing and support services.

PA 01-9 JSS modifies the Urban & Industrial Site Investment Fund credit, and allows taxpayers investing any amount in eligible environmental remediation and urban site reinvestment projects through Community Economic Entities to qualify for state business tax credits.

PA 01-6 JSS allows the exchange of unused R&D credit to be an offset to revenue. It also requires corporations that engage in financial service activities to file in writing that they are going to use receipts as the single factor for tax purposes. It also gives municipalities an extra 15 days to submit to DRS its annual list of programs to which businesses can make donations under the Neighborhood Assistance Act.

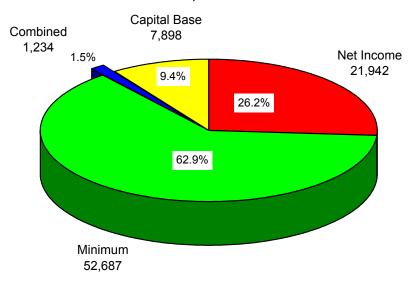
## Fiscal Revenues Year (Millions \$) Rate

### **Base Changes**

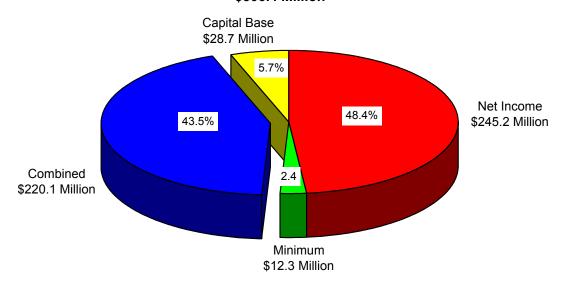
PA 01-6 JSS modifies the Insurance Reinvestment Act in a manner that the recapture of tax credits would only occur when there is a reduction in state employment levels and not when there is a decrease in the percentage of total workforce in this state due to an increase in out-of-state workforce. It also sunsets the tax credits for investments in insurance companies made after December 31, 2015.

# Corporate Tax Return Statistics 1999 Income Year

# Number of Returns by Type 83,761



# Total Tax Liability Paid by Type of Return \$506.4 Million



### **CORPORATION TAX CREDITS**

Connecticut offers ten different tax credits to Corporation Business Tax payers. The table below 'indicates the number of returns claiming a particular tax credit and the total dollar amount claimed.

|                         | Income Year |              |           |             |
|-------------------------|-------------|--------------|-----------|-------------|
|                         | 19          | 87           | 19        | 88          |
|                         | Number of   | Amount       | Number of | Amount      |
| Type of Credit          | Returns     | Claimed      | Returns   | Claimed     |
| Neighborhood Assistance | 160         | \$1,004,091  | 158       | \$1,237,261 |
| New Facilities          | 50          | 743,979      | 61        | 229,397     |
| Industrial Waste        | 11          | 354,408      | 15        | 87,962      |
| Apprenticeship          | 14          | 79,560       | 14        | 62,181      |
| Enterprise Zones        | 19          | 158,645      | 13        | 107,867     |
| Air Pollution Abatement | 9           | 213,940      | 9         | 261,419     |
| Work Education          | 11          | 27,871       | 8         | 6,885       |
| Child Day Care          | 14          | 120,212      | 18        | 153,050     |
| Rental Housing          | <u>1</u>    | <u>7,350</u> | <u>15</u> | 299,236     |
| TOTAL                   | 289         | \$2.710.056  | 311       | \$2,445,258 |

|                         | Income Year |             |                |                |
|-------------------------|-------------|-------------|----------------|----------------|
|                         | 19          | 89          | 19             | 90             |
|                         | Number of   | Amount      | Number of      | Amount         |
| Type of Credit          | Returns     | Claimed     | Returns        | Claimed        |
| Neighborhood Assistance | 132         | \$1,124,215 | 105            | \$679,225      |
| New Facilities          | 66          | 402,964     | 46             | 119,958        |
| Industrial Waste        | 10          | 91,380      | 7              | 61,634         |
| Apprenticeship          | 11          | 45,253      | 14             | 38,070         |
| Enterprise Zones        | 19          | 79,154      | 8              | 130,643        |
| Air Pollution Abatement | 8           | 108,542     | No Credit Clai | med for 1990   |
| Work Education          | 8           | 9,896       | 9              | 7,355          |
| Child Day Care          | 14          | 34,242      | 25             | 272,762        |
| Rental Housing          | <u>25</u>   | 392,490     | <u>8</u>       | <u>161,647</u> |
| TOTAL                   | 293         | \$2,288,136 | 222            | \$1,471,294    |

|                            | 1991                 |                   | 19                   | 92                |
|----------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| Type of Credit             | Number of<br>Returns | Amount<br>Claimed | Number of<br>Returns | Amount<br>Claimed |
| Neighborhood Assistance    | 114                  | \$853,169         | 226                  | \$1,761,292       |
| New Facilities             | 50                   | 395,068           | 85                   | 935,580           |
| Industrial Waste           | 8                    | 71,140            | 15                   | 331,574           |
| Apprenticeship             | 14                   | 35,518            | 17                   | 52,486            |
| Enterprise Zones           | 17                   | 150,911           | 30                   | 188,703           |
| Air Pollution Abatement    | 4                    | 321,210           | 8                    | 118,309           |
| Work Education             | 6                    | 3,749             | 6                    | 3,189             |
| Child Day Care             | 17                   | 122,053           | 34                   | 799,540           |
| Rental Housing             | 16                   | 308,035           | 20                   | 405,252           |
| Clean Alternative Fuels    | 0                    | 0                 | 3                    | 15,448            |
| Research & Experimentation | <u>0</u>             | <u>0</u>          | <u>0</u>             | <u>0</u>          |
| TOTAL                      | 246                  | \$2,260,853       | 444                  | \$4,611,373       |

# CORPORATION TAX CREDITS (Continued)

# Income Year

|                              | 1993                 |                   | 1994                 |                   |
|------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| Type of Credit               | Number of<br>Returns | Amount<br>Claimed | Number of<br>Returns | Amount<br>Claimed |
| Neighborhood Assistance      | 231                  | \$1,829,270       | 172                  | \$2,244,150       |
| New Facilities               | 84                   | 861,169           | 9                    | 23,214            |
| Manufacturing Facilities     | 0                    | 0                 | 72                   | 913,360           |
| Industrial Waste             | 9                    | 6,972             | 9                    | 491,787           |
| Apprenticeship               | 19                   | 55,568            | 24                   | 109,410           |
| Enterprise Zones             | 31                   | 128,982           | 47                   | 307,674           |
| Air Pollution Abatement      | 11                   | 83,271            | 75                   | 208,911           |
| Work Education               | 6                    | 3,327             | 14                   | 47,463            |
| Employee Training            | 0                    | 0                 | 68                   | 168,515           |
| Child Day Care               | 29                   | 431,027           | 33                   | 389,568           |
| Rental Housing               | 16                   | 361,677           | 22                   | 645,811           |
| Employer Assisted Housing    | 0                    | 0                 | 17                   | 696,085           |
| Clean Alternative Fuels      | 5                    | 17,725            | 18                   | 1,023,475         |
| Research Grants to Higher Ed | 0                    | 0                 | 20                   | 11,916            |
| Research & Experimentation   | <u>120</u>           | 6,271,728         | <u>207</u>           | <u>17,375,176</u> |
| TOTAL                        | 561                  | \$10,050,716      | 807                  | \$24,656,515      |

|                              | 1995                 |                   | 19                   | 996               |
|------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| Type of Credit               | Number of<br>Returns | Amount<br>Claimed | Number of<br>Returns | Amount<br>Claimed |
| Electronic Data Processing   | 2,940                | \$24,177,852      | 4,207                | \$30,702,243      |
| Neighborhood Assistance      | 250                  | 1,579,428         | 239                  | 1,929,244         |
| Manufacturing Facilities     | 74                   | 880,055           | 97                   | 1,438,744         |
| Industrial Waste             | 8                    | 41,385            | 14                   | 48,066            |
| Apprenticeship               | 21                   | 110,053           | 20                   | 144,036           |
| Enterprise Zones             | 48                   | 497,738           | 46                   | 588,785           |
| Air Pollution Abatement      | 48                   | 496,013           | 13                   | 175,945           |
| Work Education               | 9                    | 16,226            | 29                   | 11,172            |
| Employee Training            | 116                  | 386,854           | 199                  | 1,152,161         |
| Child Day Care               | 33                   | 339,092           | 23                   | 355,668           |
| Rental Housing               | 22                   | 971,338           | 23                   | 784,756           |
| Employer Assisted Housing    | 14                   | 525,942           | 8                    | 467,425           |
| Clean Alternative Fuels      | 11                   | 913,290           | 6                    | 371,450           |
| Financial Institutions       |                      |                   | 1                    | 250               |
| Research Grants to Higher Ed | 1                    | 250               | 2                    | 4,450             |
| Research & Experimentation   | 192                  | 21,966,634        | 236                  | 21,305,092        |
| Research & Development       | <u>152</u>           | 5,437,646         | <u>177</u>           | 9,182,729         |
| TOTAL                        | 3,939                | \$58,339,796      | 5,340                | \$68,662,216      |

# CORPORATION TAX CREDITS (Continued)

|                              | 1997       |               | 1998       |                   |
|------------------------------|------------|---------------|------------|-------------------|
|                              | Number of  | Amount        | Number of  | Amount            |
| Type of Credit               | Returns    | Claimed       | Returns    | Claimed           |
| Electronic Data Processing   | 4,844      | \$38,083,580  | 5,842      | \$26,132,451      |
| Fixed Capital                | _          | -             | 4,340      | \$20,416,193      |
| Human Capital                | _          | -             | 336        | \$1,501,947       |
| Machinery and Equipment      | 1,737      | \$12,025,481  | 1,662      | \$9,676,278       |
| Neighborhood Assistance      | 226        | 2,035,945     | 263        | 2,265,651         |
| Manufacturing Facilities     | 96         | 969,638       | 110        | 954,663           |
| Industrial Waste             | 10         | 379,098       | 3          | 3,390             |
| Apprenticeship               | 52         | 344,055       | 65         | 960,165           |
| Enterprise Zones             | 35         | 398,206       | 39         | 293,618           |
| Air Pollution Abatement      | 9          | 164,124       | 18         | 29,416            |
| Work Education(1)            | 20         | 461,762       | -          | -                 |
| Employee Training(1)         | 170        | 1,859,704     | =          | -                 |
| Child Day Care               | 20         | 504,864       | 17         | 66,155            |
| Housing Program Contribution | 26         | 999,297       | 25         | 992,250           |
| Employer Assisted Housing    | 11         | 533,958       | 4          | 167,060           |
| Clean Alternative Fuels      | 19         | 862,174       | 9          | 173,585           |
| Financial Institutions       | 0          | 0             | 0          | 0                 |
| Opportunity Certificate      | 8          | 29,621        | 11         | 104,906           |
| Traffic Reduction            | 3          | 10,709        | 4          | 6,366             |
| Research Grants to Higher Ed | 15         | 45,843        | 10         | 87,076            |
| Research & Experimentation   | 229        | 22,745,583    | 215        | 19,863,128        |
| Research & Development       | <u>180</u> | 55,439,160    | <u>217</u> | <u>30,062,084</u> |
| TOTAL                        | 7,710      | \$137,892,802 | 13,190     | \$113,756,382     |

<sup>(1)</sup> Combined with Human Capital Credit.

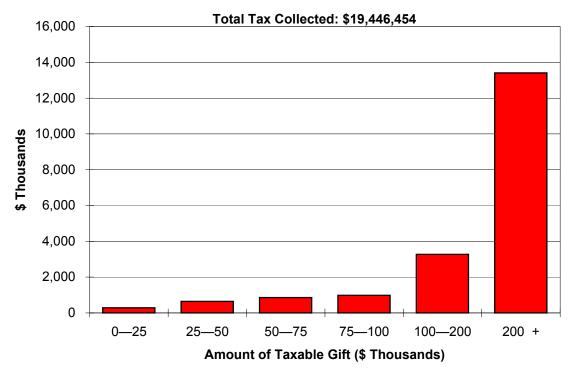
# CORPORATION TAX CREDITS (Continued)

1999

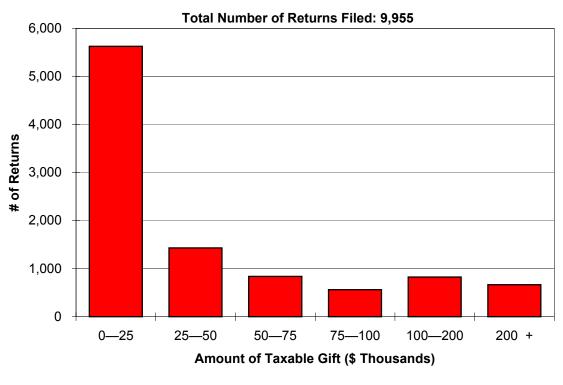
| Type of Credit                 | Number of<br>Returns | Amount<br>Claimed |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| Electronic Data Processing     | 6,329                | \$29,296,541      |
| Fixed Capital                  | 6,055                | 37,374,387        |
| Human Capital                  | 388                  | 2,868,128         |
| Machinery and Equipment        | 1,431                | 7,262,009         |
| Neighborhood Assistance        | 258                  | 2,447,486         |
| Mfg Facilites/Enterprise Zones | 158                  | 1,119,742         |
| Apprenticeship                 | 78                   | 557,725           |
| Enterprise Zones (2)           | -                    | -                 |
| Air Pollution Abatement        | 11                   | 23,649            |
| Child Day Care                 | 17                   | 245,018           |
| Housing Program Contribution   | 62                   | 2,093,902         |
| Employer Assisted Housing      | 15                   | 454,850           |
| Clean Alternative Fuels        | 12                   | 267,772           |
| Financial Institutions         | -                    | -                 |
| Open Space Land Donation       | 3                    | 86,033            |
| Insurance Reinvestment         | 1                    | 8,281             |
| Opportunity Certificate        | 21                   | 72,694            |
| Traffic Reduction              | 1                    | 12,862            |
| Small Business Guaranty Fee    | 1                    | 7,684             |
| Research Grants to Higher Ed   | 1                    | 319,005           |
| Research & Experimentation     | 192                  | 13,577,729        |
| Research & Development         | <u>279</u>           | <u>15,197,525</u> |
| TOTAL                          | 15,313               | \$113,293,022     |

<sup>(2)</sup> Combined with Manufacturing Facilities

Gift Tax 2000 Income Year



**■** Gift Tax Collected

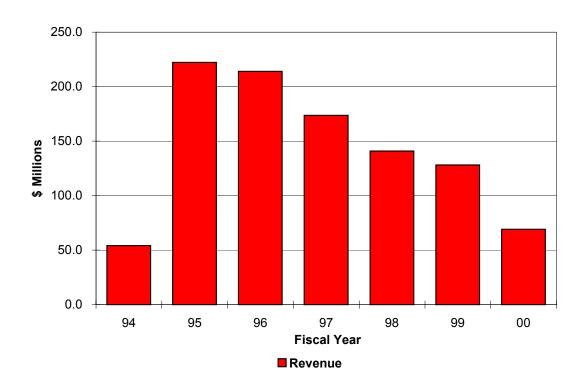


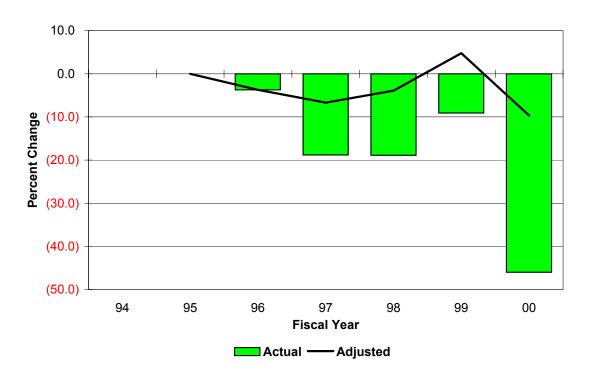
■ Number of Returns

# **GIFT TAX**

|                              | Revenue<br>(\$ Millions)     | %<br>Change                    | Base Changes   |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| 1992                         | 1.3                          |                                | PA 91-3 (JSS) imposes a variable tax on gifts taxable under federal law (gifts worth over \$10,000)  |
| 1993                         | 18.0                         | -                              | PA 92-5 (MSS) imposes a 10% penalty if the tax is not paid by the April 15 deadline.   |
| 1994                         | 15.5                         | -13.5%                         | PA 93-261 Makes the amount of Gift Tax paid a credit against the Succession (Inheritance) Tax but includes the amount of such gifts in the gross taxable estate for Succession Tax purpose.  |
| 1995                         | 12.4                         | -20.2%                         | PA 94-5 Changes the due date of the tax for the year in which the donor dies to 9 months after death, effective with the 1994 income year.   |
|                              |                              |                                | PA 94-4 (May S. S.) Requires that farm land given as a gift to the donor's lineal descendants or spouse be valued in accordance with its farm use and not at fair market value.  |
| 1996                         | 17.4                         | 40.7%                          | PA 95-27 Allows gift tax returns to be filed the day after Patriot's Day (celebrated in Massachusetts where the federal gift tax return is filed). It also limits the time period for recouping the tax differential to 10 years following the transfer of land should the land's use be changed from farm land or transferred to someone who is not a lineal descendant. The owner is liable for the difference between the tax paid and what the tax would have been paid under the fair market value. |
| 1997<br>1998<br>1999<br>2000 | 18.0<br>20.3<br>31.2<br>32.8 | 3.2%<br>12.7%<br>53.7%<br>5.1% | PA 00-170 Phases out the tax on gifts under \$1 million over a six-year period beginning with gifts given after 1/1/01.  |
| 2001                         | 28.2                         | -13.9%                         |  |

# Hospital Gross Receipts Tax (Repealed\*) Collections and Growth Rates FY 94 - FY 00





Adjusted for Legislative Base and Rate changes. Estimates made at time legislation was adopted.

\*Repealed effective April 1, 2000.

## TAX REVENUE ACTUAL and ADJUSTED GROWTH RATES

# **Hospital Gross Receipts**

| Revenue   | Tax   | Non-  | Actual   | Adjusted  |
|-----------|---|---|--|---|
| (000,000) | Changes   | recurring   | %  | %   |
|           |   |   |  |   |
| 54.2      | 54.2  | 0.0   |  |   |
| 222.3     | 168.1   | 0.0   | 0.0  | 0.0   |
| 214.0     | 0.0   | 0.0   | (3.7)  | (3.7)   |
| 173.7     | (26.0)  | 0.0   | (18.8)   | (6.7)   |
| 140.9     | (26.0)  | 0.0   | (18.9)   | (3.9)   |
| 128.1     | (19.5)  | 0.0   | (9.1)  | 4.8   |
| 69.2      | (46.5)  | 0.0   | (46.0)   | (9.7)   |
| 0.0       | (85.8)  | 0.0   | 0.0  | 24.0  |
|           | 54.2<br>222.3<br>214.0<br>173.7<br>140.9<br>128.1<br>69.2 | (000,000) Changes  54.2 54.2 222.3 168.1 214.0 0.0 173.7 (26.0) 140.9 (26.0) 128.1 (19.5) 69.2 (46.5) | (000,000)         Changes         recurring           54.2         54.2         0.0           222.3         168.1         0.0           214.0         0.0         0.0           173.7         (26.0)         0.0           140.9         (26.0)         0.0           128.1         (19.5)         0.0           69.2         (46.5)         0.0 | (000,000)     Changes     recurring     %       54.2     54.2     0.0       222.3     168.1     0.0     0.0       214.0     0.0     0.0     (3.7)       173.7     (26.0)     0.0     (18.8)       140.9     (26.0)     0.0     (18.9)       128.1     (19.5)     0.0     (9.1)       69.2     (46.5)     0.0     (46.0) |

### **HOSPITAL GROSS RECEIPTS TAX**

| Fiscal<br>Year | Revenue<br>(Millions \$) | Base Changes  |
|----------------|--------------------------|---|
| 1994           | 54.2                     | PA 94-9 terminates the Uncompensated Care (UCC) pool but maintains the state's 6% sales tax on hospital patient care services and imposes a new 11% tax on each hospital's gross earnings. The act also creates a new payment program for hospitals to cover the cost of bad debts, shortfalls in reimbursement for Medicaid patients, and care for poor patients. The tax on gross receipts takes effect 4/1/94.   |
|                |                          | PA 94-175 clarifies that tangible property transferred incidental to a hospital's "patient care services" is also subject to the state sales tax under PA 94-9. The act also prohibits a court, in an appeal concerning the revenue services commissioner's decision about the 11% hospital gross earnings tax imposed by PA 94-9, from waving the statutory interest of 1-2/3% a month for an unpaid tax.  |
| 1995           | 222.3                    | PA 95-160 retains the 6% sales tax on hospital patient care services and the 11% gross earnings tax. Under this act, the state is authorized, instead of required, to make payments to hospitals for uncompensated care and can receive federal matching funds for such payments. The act requires each hospital to include all applicable taxes in the price of each item in its pricemaster. It also requires final settlement of all prior Uncompensated Care Pool obligations and liabilities by 6/15/95. |
|                |                          | PA 95-359 reduces the interest rate on unpaid tax from 1 2/3% to 1 % per month.   |
| 1996           | 214.0                    |   |
| 1997           | 173.7                    | PA 96-144 reduces the tax rate from 11% to 9.25% on 10/1/96 8.25% on 10/1/97 7.25% on 10/1/98 6.25% on 10/1/99  |

PA 96-238 eliminates the net revenue compliance beginning with 10/1/96 and modifies the method for compliance for the previous hospital fiscal year (10/1/95). It also prohibits hospitals from back billing for services provided between November 1, 1994 and through June 1, 1995.

## **HOSPITAL GROSS RECEIPTS TAX**

| Fiscal<br>Year | Revenue (Millions \$) | Base Changes   |
|----------------|-----------------------|--|
| 1998           | 140.9                 | PA 97-2 exempts the CT Children's Hospital from the hospital gross receipts tax and from sales tax imposed on hospital patient care services. The Act also eliminates the hospital net revenue compliance payments calculated for hospital fiscal year 1995 and due on or after January 31, 1997 provided that hospitals submit a satisfactory release of all present and future legal claims contesting compliance payments. It also repeals the assessment, collection, or deduction of compliance payments for hospital fiscal years 1996 and afterwards. |
| 1999           | 128.1                 |  |
| 2000           | 69.2                  | PA 99-173 exempts the John Dempsey Hospital at the University of Connecticut from the tax. It also lowered the tax rate from 6.25% effective 10/1/99 to 4.5% effective 10/1/99 and thereafter.   |
| 2001           | 0.0<br>Budget Act     | PA 00-170 eliminates the tax effective April 1, 2000.  |

#### **HOSPITAL GROSS EARNINGS TAX**

In 1991, Congress passed a law, effective in January, 1992, barring states not already operating state run pools as a means of equalizing the burden of providing hospital care for the poor from doing so in an effort to control federal Medicaid costs. That is, those states with such a pool in place before the effective date of the act were "grand fathered" into the existing Medicaid program. Those states without such a pool system were prohibited from establishing one on or after the effective date of the federal law.

In response to this federal action, the Connecticut General Assembly in December, 1991 enacted a pool system so that our state would be "grand-fathered" into the Medicaid reimbursement program and thus be eligible to collect additional federal dollars.

The 1991 legislation created an "off-budget" pool which collected money through a flat assessment on hospitals. These funds were immediately sent back to Connecticut hospitals, based on a federally-mandated distribution formula which sought to recognize those health institutions which provided greater levels of uncompensated care. At the time, uncompensated care was defined as free care, bad debt and underpayment by government programs such as Medicaid, Medicare and Champus.

This program operated in that form, by and large, until a federal court decision in 1993 struck down the pool system as violating the federal law with regard to the Employment Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA). In response to the court's order, the Legislature, in March, 1994, terminated the Uncompensated Care Pool, moved the expenditures "on-budget" into the General Fund and eliminated the assessment in favor of a gross earnings tax of 11% and a 6% sales tax (PA 94-9).

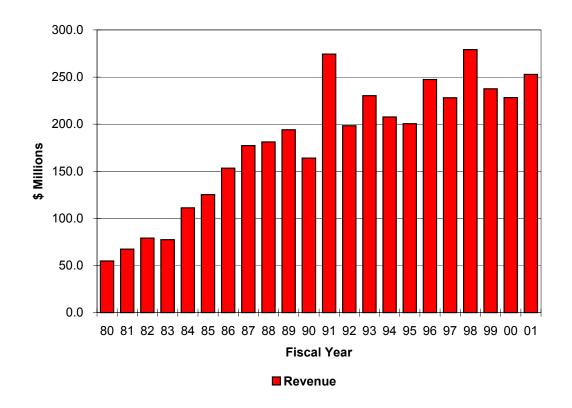
However, this legislation was struck down in November, 1994 by another federal district court judge. Nonetheless, the program continued until April, 1995, when the United States Supreme Court ruled that ERISA did not bar the operation of such state run programs. (Travelers v. Cuomo).

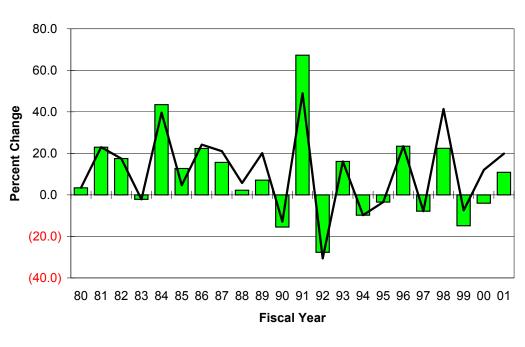
In the wake of the Supreme Court's ruling, the Legislature enacted Public Act 95-160, which sought to reaffirm the operation of the Uncompensated Care Program. Also, the 1995 legislation retained the program as an "on-budget" item and left the prior revenue system in place.

Subsequently, during the 1996 Regular Session, the gross earnings tax rate was lowered from 11% to 9.25% effective on 10/1/96, to 8.25 on 10/1/97, to 7.25% on 10/1/98 and 4.5% on and after 10/1/99 (PA 96-144 and PA 99-173).

PA 00-170 eliminated the tax effective April 1, 2000.

# Inheritance and Estate Taxes Collections and Growth Rates FY 80 - FY 01





Adjusted for Legislative Base and Rate changes. Estimates made at time legislation was adopted.

Actual —

Adjusted

## TAX REVENUE ACTUAL and ADJUSTED GROWTH RATES

| Inheritance |           |         |           |        |          |
|-------------|-----------|---------|-----------|--------|----------|
|             | Revenue   | Tax     | Non-      | Actual | Adjusted |
|             | (000,000) | Changes | recurring | %      | %        |
|             |           |         |           |        |          |
| FY72        | 49.7      | 0.0     | 0.0       |        |          |
| FY73        | 64.2      | 0.0     | 14.5      | 29.2   | 0.0      |
| FY74        | 53.9      | 0.0     | 0.0       | (16.0) | 8.5      |
| FY75        | 46.0      | 0.0     | 0.0       | (14.7) | (14.7)   |
| FY76        | 45.2      | 0.0     | 0.0       | (1.7)  | (1.7)    |
| FY77        | 48.7      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 7.7    | 7.7      |
| FY78        | 48.9      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 0.4    | 0.4      |
| FY79        | 53.0      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 8.4    | 8.4      |
| FY80        | 54.8      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 3.4    | 3.4      |
| FY81        | 67.4      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 23.0   | 23.0     |
| FY82        | 79.2      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 17.5   | 17.5     |
| FY83        | 77.5      | 0.0     | 0.0       | (2.1)  | (2.1)    |
| FY84        | 111.2     | 3.0     | 0.0       | 43.5   | 39.6     |
| FY85        | 125.3     | 9.0     | 0.0       | 12.7   | 4.6      |
| FY86        | 153.3     | (2.3)   | 0.0       | 22.3   | 24.2     |
| FY87        | 177.3     | (8.2)   | 0.0       | 15.7   | 21.0     |
| FY88        | 181.2     | (6.2)   | 0.0       | 2.2    | 5.7      |
| FY89        | 194.0     | (23.6)  | 0.0       | 7.1    | 20.1     |
| FY90        | 164.0     | (5.0)   | 0.0       | (15.5) | (12.9)   |
| FY91        | 274.3     | 30.0    | 0.0       | 67.3   | 49.0     |
| FY92        | 198.3     | 8.0     | 0.0       | (27.7) | (30.6)   |
| FY93        | 230.2     | 0.0     | 0.0       | 16.1   | 16.1     |
| FY94        | 207.7     | 0.0     | 0.0       | (9.8)  | (9.8)    |
| FY95        | 200.5     | 0.0     | 0.0       | (3.5)  | (3.5)    |
| FY96        | 247.4     | 0.0     | 0.0       | 23.4   | 23.4     |
| FY97        | 228.0     | 0.0     | 0.0       | (7.8)  | (7.8)    |
| FY98        | 279.2     | (43.1)  | 0.0       | 22.5   | 41.4     |
| FY99        | 237.6     | (20.7)  | 0.0       | (14.9) | (7.5)    |
| FY00        | 228.1     | (38.0)  | 0.0       | (4.0)  | 12.0     |
| FY01        | 252.8     | (20.7)  | 0.0       | 10.8   | 19.9     |

| Revenues<br>(\$000) | Rate and Base Changes   |
|---------------------|---|
| 49.7                | Inheritance - The time limit for filing succession tax returns goes to 9 months from 1 year after death. Estate - To 9 months from 18 months.   |
| 64.2                |   |
| 53.9                |   |
| 46.0                |   |
| 45.2                |   |
| 48.7                |   |
| 48.9                |   |
| 53.0                | Exemption levels double; Farm land valued at current use and not fair market; value of annuity exempt for servicemen  |
| 54.8<br>67.4        |   |
| 79.3                | An Estate Tax is established: 1) A tax of 10% is levied on net income of Estates (an exemption of \$20,000 plus all federal exemptions are allowed) 2) If estimated tax liability is in excess of \$200 an estimated payment of 50% is due in the sixth month of the Estate's income year. Final payment is due in the fourth month following end of income year (1/1/82).  |
| 77.5                |   |
| 111.2               | A surtax of 10% is added to the tax on estates established on or after 7/1/83. Transfers of farmland are exempt.  |
| 125.3               | <ul><li>(1) The transfer of land certified to be held as open space in perpetuity is exempt from Succession Tax.</li><li>(2) Estate income tax:</li></ul>   |
|                     | <ul><li>(a) Eliminates requirement that a fiduciary file an estimated tax return</li><li>(b) The definition of fiduciary is expanded to include fiduciaries of non-resident estates</li></ul>   |
| 153.3               | <ol> <li>The exemption for surviving husband or wife (Class AA) is increased to \$300,000 from \$100,000 and the exemption for parents, grandparents and descendants (Class A) is increased to \$50,000 from \$20,000 (7/1/85).</li> <li>The money which a surviving spouse initially receives from an estate when there is no will is raised to \$100,000 from \$50,000 (7/1/85).</li> <li>Estates in which more than 35% of the value of the gross estate is comprised of interest for a closely held business may take up to ten years to pay the Succession Tax (7/1/85)</li> </ol> |
|                     | 49.7 64.2 53.9 46.0 45.2 48.7 48.9 53.0 54.8 67.4 79.3  |

| Fiscal<br>Year | Revenues<br>(\$000) | Rate and Base Chang  | ges   |
|----------------|---------------------|--|---|
| 1987           | 177.3               | <ul><li>(1) The Inheritance Tax on Class AA (Survey) phased out over 3 years (7/1/86).</li><li>(2) No tax is due if liability is less than \$10</li></ul>  | . ,   |
| 1988           | 181.2               | <ul><li>(1) PA 87-459 - Payments from pension plindividuals are excluded from gross tax</li><li>(2) PA 87-491 - Up to \$200,000 in artworks Connecticut artist may be accepted and (1/1/87).</li></ul>   | able estate (7/1/87).<br>s from a deceased  |
| 1989<br>1990   | 193.9<br>164.0      |  |   |
| 1991           | 274.3               | PA 92-148 - Tax payment is due with 6 morather than 9 months (7/1/90).   | onths of date of death                      |
| 1992<br>1993   | 198.3<br>230.2      | <b>,</b> ,   |   |
| 1994           | 207.7               | PA 93-261 - Gift Tax paid to the state is c<br>amount of Inheritance Tax due, applicable<br>after 7/1/93. The act also exempts gifts th<br>under the gift tax from the inheritance tax.  | to gifts made on or                         |
| 1995           | 200.5               | PA 95-256 phases out the inheritance tax exemption amount for each class of inherit period. The phase out of Class A begins it 1999 and Class C in 2001. Each Class phase of the control o | tors over a five year<br>n 1997; Class B in |
|                |                     | Class A  | Date  |
|                |                     | Property under \$50,000  | Through 12/31/96                            |
|                |                     | Property under \$250,000   | 1/1/97<br>1/1/98                            |
|                |                     | Property under \$500,000 Property under \$800,000  | 1/1/99                                      |
|                |                     | Property under \$2,000,000   | 1/1/00                                      |
|                |                     | Eliminated   | 1/1/01                                      |
|                |                     | Class B  | Date  |
|                |                     | Property under \$6,000   | Through 12/31/98                            |
|                |                     | Property under \$200,000   | 1/1/99                                      |
|                |                     | Property under \$400,000   | 1/1/00                                      |
|                |                     | Property under \$600,000<br>Property under \$1,500,000   | 1/1/01<br>1/1/02                            |
|                |                     | Eliminated   | 1/1/03                                      |

| INHERITANCE TAX |                     |  |  |  |
|-----------------|---------------------|--|--|--|
| Fiscal<br>Year  | Revenues<br>(\$000) | Rate and Base Chang  | es   |  |
|                 |                     | Class C Property under \$1,000 Property under \$200,000 Property under \$400,000 Property under \$600,000 Property under \$1,500,000 Eliminated  | Date Through 12/31/00 1/1/01 1/1/02 1/1/03 1/1/04 1/1/05 |  |
|                 |                     | PA 95-298 allows any person or entity to tra<br>of a decedent to his surviving spouse witho<br>of the commissioner of DRS.   |  |  |
| 1996<br>1997    | 247.4<br>228.0      |  |  |  |
| 1998            | 279.2               | PA 97-165 expands the Estate Tax to include estates and establishes a State generation. The tax is the same as the credit allowed ageneration-skipping transfer tax.   | -skipping transfer tax.                                  |  |
| 1999            | 237.6               | PA 98-244 classifies farmland transferred by partnership, corporation or trust held by farmare Class AA, A or B, inheritors, to be value Succession Tax purposes.  | nily members who   |  |
| 2000            | 228.1               | PA 99-173 and PA 99-235 repeals the requidonated to be classified as open space for Succession Tax purposes as an incentive to discount sale of land to be preserved as open space.                                | Inheritance and of for donating or                       |  |
| 2001            | 252.8               |  |  |  |
| 2002            | 210.0<br>Budget Act | PA 01-1 of the November 15, 2001 Special delays the phase-out schedule of the tax by increases in exemption amounts for Class I one year. (The table below reflects the new change is indicated by the asterisk*). | postponing the and Class C by                            |  |

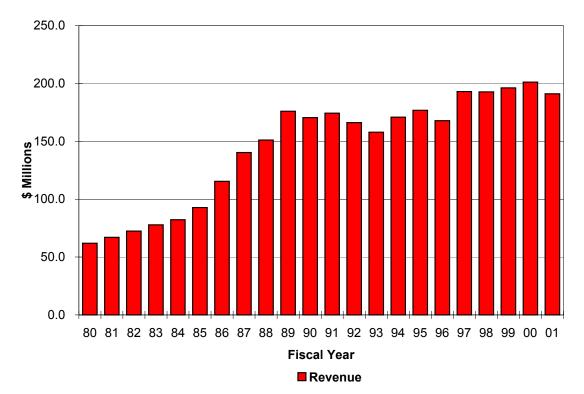
| Class A (No Change)        | Date             |
|----------------------------|------------------|
| Property under \$50,000    | Through 12/31/96 |
| Property under \$250,000   | 1/1/97           |
| Property under \$500,000   | 1/1/98           |
| Property under \$800,000   | 1/1/99           |
| Property under \$2,000,000 | 1/1/00           |
| Eliminated                 | 1/1/01           |

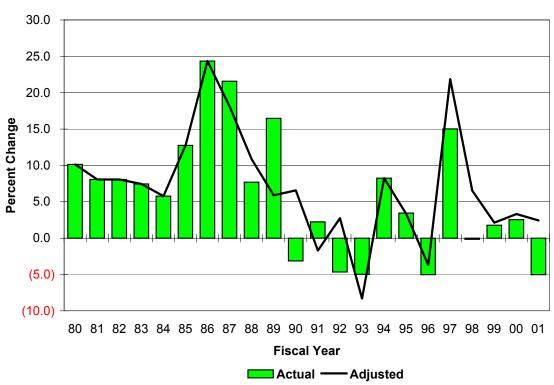
# Fiscal Revenues Year (\$000)

# **Rate and Base Changes**

| Class B  | Date                                  |
|--|---------------------------------------|
| Property under \$6,000   | Through 12/31/98                      |
| Property under \$200,000   | 1/1/99                                |
| Property under \$400,000   | 1/1/00                                |
| Property under \$600,000   | 1/1/01                                |
| Property under \$1,500,000   | 1/1/03*                               |
| Eliminated   | 1/1/04*                               |
|  |                                       |
| Class C  | Date                                  |
| Class C<br>Property under \$1,000  | <b>Date</b><br>Through 12/31/00       |
|  |                                       |
| Property under \$1,000   | Through 12/31/00                      |
| Property under \$1,000<br>Property under \$200,000                             | Through 12/31/00<br>1/1/01            |
| Property under \$1,000<br>Property under \$200,000<br>Property under \$400,000 | Through 12/31/00<br>1/1/01<br>1/1/03* |

# Insurance Companies Collections and Growth Rates FY 80 - FY 01





Adjusted for Legislative Base and Rate changes. Estimates made at time legislation was adopted.

# TAX REVENUE ACTUAL and ADJUSTED GROWTH RATES

|              | Insurance    |              |            |                  |                |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|------------|------------------|----------------|
|              | Revenue      | Tax          | Non-       | Actual           | Adjusted       |
|              | (000,000)    | Changes      | recurring  | %                | %              |
| EV70         | <b>54.0</b>  | 10.6         | 0.0        |                  |                |
| FY72         | 51.8         | 19.6         | 0.0        | 0.5              | 20.2           |
| FY73         | 56.7         | (10.8)       | 0.0        | 9.5              | 30.3           |
| FY74<br>FY75 | 44.1<br>34.0 | (8.7)<br>0.0 | 0.0<br>0.0 | (22.2)<br>(22.9) | (6.9)          |
| FY76         | 34.0<br>44.2 | 0.0          | 6.0        | 30.0             | (22.9)<br>12.4 |
| FY77         | 44.2<br>49.0 | 0.0          | 6.0        | 10.9             | 12.4           |
| FY78         | 51.7         | 0.0          | 4.0        | 5.5              | 10.9           |
| FY79         | 56.3         | 0.0          | 0.0        | 8.9              | 18.0           |
| FY80         | 62.0         | 0.0          | 0.0        | 10.1             | 10.1           |
| FY81         | 67.0         | 0.0          | 0.0        | 8.1              | 8.1            |
| FY82         | 72.4         | 0.0          | 0.0        | 8.1              | 8.1            |
| FY83         | 77.8         | 0.0          | 0.0        | 7.5              | 7.5            |
| FY84         | 82.3         | 0.0          | 0.0        | 5.8              | 5.8            |
| FY85         | 92.8         | 0.0          | 0.0        | 12.8             | 12.8           |
| FY86         | 115.4        | 0.0          | 0.0        | 24.4             | 24.4           |
| FY87         | 140.3        | 0.0          | 4.0        | 21.6             | 18.1           |
| FY88         | 151.1        | 0.0          | 0.0        | 7.7              | 10.9           |
| FY89         | 176.0        | 0.0          | 16.0       | 16.5             | 5.9            |
| FY90         | 170.5        | 0.0          | 0.0        | (3.1)            | 6.6            |
| FY91         | 174.3        | 0.0          | 6.7        | 2.2              | (1.7)          |
| FY92         | 166.2        | 0.0          | (6.0)      | (4.6)            | 2.7            |
| FY93         | 157.9        | 0.0          | 0.0        | (5.0)            | (8.3)          |
| FY94         | 170.9        | 0.0          | 0.0        | 8.2              | 8.2            |
| FY95         | 176.8        | 5.2          | (5.0)      | 3.5              | 3.3            |
| FY96         | 167.9        | (7.2)        | 0.0        | (5.0)            | (3.7)          |
| FY97         | 193.1        | (11.5)       | 0.0        | 15.0             | 21.9           |
| FY98         | 192.8        | (12.9)       | 0.0        | (0.2)            | 6.5            |
| FY99         | 196.2        | (0.7)        | 0.0        | 1.8              | 2.1            |
| FY00         | 201.2        | (1.5)        | 0.0        | 2.5              | 3.3            |
| FY01         | 191.1        | (15.0)       | 0.0        | (5.0)            | 2.4            |

# INSURANCE TAX (Millions \$)

|            | Total     | Premiums Tax |           |              | Hospitals | Health Care |
|------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|-------------|
| Fiscal     | Insurance | Domestic     | Foreign   | Unauthorized | & Medical | Centers     |
| Year       | Revenues  | Companies    | Companies | Insurers     | Services  | (HMOs)[7]   |
|            |           |              |           |              |           |             |
| 1976 [1]   | 44.2      | 11.9         | 26.0      |              | 6         |             |
| 1977 [1,2] | 49.0      | 13.7         | 27.9      |              | 7         |             |
| 1978 [1]   | 51.7      | 15.8         | 27.6      | NC [3]       | 8         |             |
| 1979       | 56.3      | 17.4         | 30.3      | NC [3]       | 9         |             |
| 1980       | 62.0      | 19.1         | 33.6      | 0.09         | 9         |             |
| 1981       | 67.0      | 19.3         | 36.9      | 0.3          | 11        |             |
| 1982       | 72.4      | 19.6         | 40.2      | 0.3          | 12        |             |
| 1983       | 77.8      | 20.2         | 44.5      | 0.3          | 13        |             |
| 1984       | 82.3      | 19.7         | 48.5      | 0.3          | 14        |             |
| 1985 [4]   | 92.8      | 29.1         | 57.8      | 0.3          | 6         |             |
| 1986       | 115.4     | 43.3         | 71.3      | 8.0          | 0.02      |             |
| 1987       | 140.3     | 47.2         | 91.1      | 2.0          | 0.01      |             |
| 1988       | 151.1     | 48.5         | 100.2     | 2.3          | 0.03      |             |
| 1989 [5]   | 176.0     | 59.7         | 114.3     | 2.0          | [6]       |             |
| 1990       | 170.5     | 58.2         | 110.0     | 2.3          |           |             |
| 1991       | 174.3     | 60.5         | 111.7     | 2.1          |           |             |
| 1992       | 166.2     | 47.4         | 116.9     | 1.9          |           |             |
| 1993       | 157.9     | 35.6         | 119.7     | 2.6          |           |             |
| 1994       | 170.9     | 43.3         | 125.4     | 2.2          |           |             |
| 1995       | 176.8     | 39.5         | 125.7     | 2.4          |           | 9.2         |
| 1996       | 167.9     | 29.5         | 117.3     | 2.2          |           | 18.9        |
| 1997       | 193.1     | 30.4         | 126.5     | 1.8          |           | 34.4        |
| 1998 [8]   | 189.3     | 34.7         | 121.9     | 2.0          |           | 30.7        |
| 1999       | 196.2     | 33.0         | 131.0     | 1.6          |           | 30.6        |
| 2000 [9]   | 201.2     | 26.9         | 135.3     | 1.9          |           | 37.2        |
| 2001       | 191.1     | 26.3         | 134.1     | 1.8          |           | 28.9        |

<sup>[1]</sup> Accelerated payments of \$6.0 million in 1976 and 1977 and \$4.0 million in 1978.

<sup>[2]</sup> In FY 1977 the Comptroller included \$705,000 of self-insurance employee funds in insurance. During prior years and in subsequent years self-insurance employee funds were included in miscellaneous funds. It has been subtracted from total.

<sup>[3]</sup> No collections.

<sup>[4]</sup> Foreign insurance companies are prevented from deducting their assessments to Workers' Compensation funds from their tax liability.

<sup>[5]</sup> Includes accelerated payments of \$15.0 million.

<sup>[6]</sup> As of 1986, there are no more insurance companies operating under hospital and medical services status.

<sup>[7]</sup> PA94-4(MSS) imposes the insurance premiums tax on HMOs effective 1/1/95.

<sup>[8]</sup> PA 98-122 exempts individual health insurance plans issued to self employed people from the small employer health care plan law, including the state's premium tax, on small employer plans. PA 98-11 (JSS) exempts insurance health polocies written for State Employee Health Plans from the premiums tax.

<sup>[9]</sup> PA 00-170 established a credit for HMOs providing medical coverage through HUSKY A or HUSKY B. The credit is equal to \$73.50 times the average monthly enrollment in the programs per calendar year effective 1/1/00. PA 01-6 JSS increased the credit from \$55 to \$73.50. PA 02-3 eliminated the credit and replaces the credit with supplamental payments.

<sup>[10]</sup> PA 01-30 exempt new or renewal insurance health coverage for municipal employees and non-profit organizations written after July 1, 2001.

#### **INSURANCE PREMIUMS TAX RATES**

|            | Dom        | estic           |            |              | Hospital &   | Health Care |
|------------|------------|-----------------|------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|
| Fiscal     | Life       | Other           | Foreign    | Unauthorized | Medical      | Centers     |
| Year       | Premiums   | <b>Premiums</b> | Premiums   | Insurers     | Services [1] | (HMOs)[2]   |
|            |            |                 |            |              |              |             |
| 1976       | 2.0%       | 2.0%            | 2.0%       | 3.5%         | 2.0%         |             |
| 1977       | 2.0%       | 2.0%            | 2.0%       | 3.5%         | 2.0%         |             |
| 1978       | 2.0%       | 2.0%            | 2.0%       | 3.5%         | 2.0%         |             |
| 1979       | 2.0%       | 2.0%            | 2.0%       | 3.5%         | 2.0%         |             |
| 1980       | 2.0%       | 2.0%            | 2.0%       | 4.0%         | 2.0%         |             |
| 1981       | 2.0%       | 2.0%            | 2.0%       | 4.0%         | 2.0%         |             |
| 1982       | 2.0%       | 2.0%            | 2.0%       | 4.0%         | 2.0%         |             |
| 1983       | 2.0%       | 2.0%            | 2.0%       | 4.0%         | 2.0%         |             |
| 1984       | 2.0%       | 2.0%            | 2.0%       | 4.0%         | 2.0%         |             |
| 1985       | 2.0%       | 2.0%            | 2.0%       | 4.0%         | 2.0%         |             |
| 1986       | 2.0%       | 2.0%            | 2.0%       | 4.0%         | 2.0%         |             |
| 1987       | 2.0%       | 2.0%            | 2.0%       | 4.0%         | 2.0%         |             |
| 1988       | 2.0%       | 2.0%            | 2.0%       | 4.0%         | 2.0%         |             |
| 1989       | 2.0%       | 2.0%            | 2.0%       | 4.0%         | 2.0%         |             |
| 1990       | 2.0%       | 2.0%            | 2.0%       | 4.0%         | 2.0%         |             |
| 1991       | 2.0%       | 2.0%            | 2.0%       | 4.0%         | 2.0%         |             |
| 1992       | 2.0%       | 2.0%            | 2.0%       | 4.0%         | 2.0%         |             |
| 1993       | 2.0%       | 2.0%            | 2.0%       | 4.0%         | 2.0%         |             |
| 1994       | 2.0%       | 2.0%            | 2.0%       | 4.0%         | 2.0%         |             |
| 1995 [2]   | 2.0%/1.75% | 2.0%/1.75%      | 2.0%/1.75% | 2.0%/1.75%   | 2.0%/1.75%   | 1.75%       |
| 1996       | 1.75%      | 1.75%           | 1.75%      | 1.75%        | 1.75%        | 1.75%       |
| 1997       | 1.75%      | 1.75%           | 1.75%      | 1.75%        | 1.75%        | 1.75%       |
| 1998 [3,4] | 1.75%      | 1.75%           | 1.75%      | 1.75%        | 1.75%        | 1.75%       |
| 1999       | 1.75%      | 1.75%           | 1.75%      | 1.75%        | 1.75%        | 1.75%       |
| 2000       | 1.75%      | 1.75%           | 1.75%      | 1.75%        | 1.75%        | 1.75%       |
| 2001       | 1.75%      | 1.75%           | 1.75%      | 1.75%        | 1.75%        | 1.75%       |

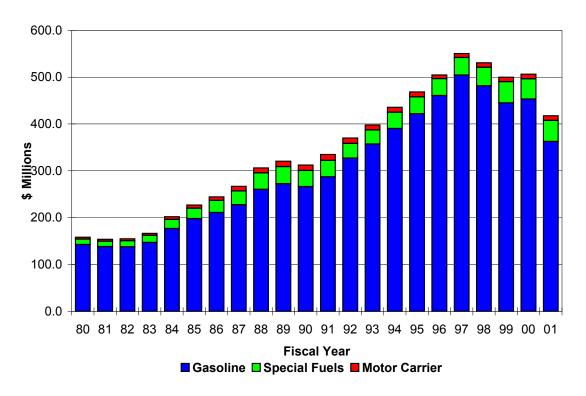
<sup>[1]</sup> As of 1986, there are no insurance companies operating under the hospital and medical service company status. Domestic insurance companies may credit corporation taxes against net premiums tax.

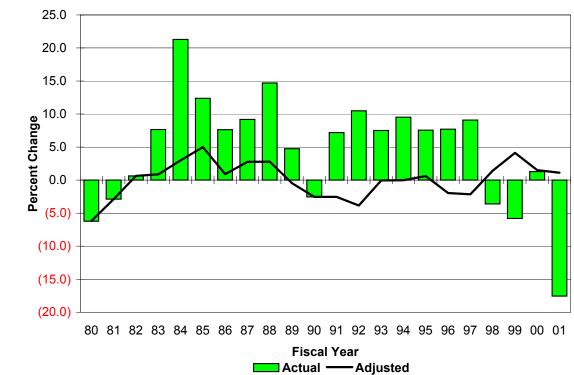
<sup>[2]</sup> Public Act 94-4, May Special Session, reduces the tax rate for premiums written within the state from 2.0% to 1.75% effective 1/1/95. Additionally, PA 94-4 MSS imposes the Insurance Premiums Tax at a rate of 1.75% on Health Maintenance Organizations (HMOs).

<sup>[3]</sup> Public Act 97-11, June 18, 1997 Special Session, exempts insurance health policies written for State Employee Health Plans and the federal government to cover Medicare recipients from the tax on subscriber charges.

<sup>[4]</sup> Public Act 98-110 eliminates the tax on Medicaid contracts, contracts entered to serve children enrolled in the HUSKY program, and future contracts to serve individuals on General Assistance effective 1//1/98.

# Motor Fuels Excise Taxes Collections and Growth Rates FY 80 - FY 01





Adjusted for Legislative Base and Rate changes. Estimates made at time legislation was adopted.

# TAX REVENUE ACTUAL and ADJUSTED GROWTH RATES

| Motor Fuels |           |         |           |        |          |  |
|-------------|-----------|---------|-----------|--------|----------|--|
|             | Revenue   | Tax     | Non-      | Actual | Adjusted |  |
|             | (000,000) | Changes | recurring | %      | %        |  |
|             |           |         |           |        |          |  |
| FY72        | 132.1     | 22.3    | 0.0       |        |          |  |
| FY73        | 143.7     | 4.5     | 0.0       | 8.8    | 5.4      |  |
| FY74        | 141.2     | (1.0)   | 0.0       | (1.8)  | (1.1)    |  |
| FY75        | 143.1     | 0.0     | 0.0       | 1.3    | 1.3      |  |
| FY76        | 157.6     | 0.0     | 14.0      | 10.2   | 0.4      |  |
| FY77        | 162.8     | 14.6    | 0.0       | 3.3    | 3.2      |  |
| FY78        | 164.5     | 0.0     | 0.0       | 1.0    | 1.0      |  |
| FY79        | 168.8     | 0.0     | 0.0       | 2.6    | 2.6      |  |
| FY80        | 158.3     | (0.1)   | 0.0       | (6.2)  | (6.2)    |  |
| FY81        | 153.7     | 0.0     | 0.0       | (2.9)  | (2.9)    |  |
| FY82        | 154.7     | 0.0     | 0.0       | 0.6    | 0.6      |  |
| FY83        | 166.5     | 10.0    | 0.5       | 7.7    | 0.9      |  |
| FY84        | 202.0     | 31.0    | 0.0       | 21.3   | 3.0      |  |
| FY85        | 227.0     | 14.9    | 0.0       | 12.4   | 5.0      |  |
| FY86        | 244.3     | 15.3    | 0.0       | 7.6    | 0.9      |  |
| FY87        | 266.8     | 15.7    | 0.0       | 9.2    | 2.8      |  |
| FY88        | 306.0     | 31.8    | 0.0       | 14.7   | 2.8      |  |
| FY89        | 320.5     | 16.0    | 0.0       | 4.7    | (0.5)    |  |
| FY90        | 312.4     | 0.0     | 0.0       | (2.5)  | (2.5)    |  |
| FY91        | 334.9     | 30.4    | 0.0       | 7.2    | (2.5)    |  |
| FY92        | 370.0     | 48.0    | 0.0       | 10.5   | (3.9)    |  |
| FY93        | 397.8     | 28.0    | 0.0       | 7.5    | (0.1)    |  |
| FY94        | 435.7     | 38.0    | 0.0       | 9.5    | (0.0)    |  |
| FY95        | 468.6     | 30.2    | 0.0       | 7.6    | 0.6      |  |
| FY96        | 504.7     | 45.3    | 0.0       | 7.7    | (2.0)    |  |
| FY97        | 550.6     | 56.8    | 0.0       | 9.1    | (2.2)    |  |
| FY98        | 530.7     | (27.6)  | 0.0       | (3.6)  | 1.4      |  |
| FY99        | 499.9     | (52.7)  | 0.0       | (5.8)  | 4.1      |  |
| FY00        | 506.4     | (1.0)   | 0.0       | 1.3    | 1.5      |  |
| FY01        | 417.5     | (94.6)  | 0.0       | (17.6) | 1.1      |  |

## **MOTOR FUELS TAX**

| Fiscal | Revenue       | Gasoline Tax       | Base Changes  |
|--------|---------------|--------------------|---|
| Year   | (Millions \$) | (cents per gallon) |   |
| 1972   | 132.1         | 10 (eff. 9/1)      |   |
| 1973   | 143.7         | 10                 |   |
| 1974   | 141.2         | 10                 |   |
| 1975   | 143.1         | 10                 |   |
| 1976   | 157.6         | 11 (eff. 6/1)      |   |
| 1977   | 162.8         | 11                 | Refund of 50% of taxes paid by Connecticut taxi companies   |
| 1978   | 164.5         | 11                 |   |
| 1979   | 168.8         | 11                 | Gasoline tax refunds provided for vans, buses, taxicabs, livery services and buses  |
| 1980   | 158.3         | 11                 | Gasohol added to base (Rate: 10 cents/gallon)   |
| 1981   | 153.7         | 11                 |   |
| 1982   | 154.7         | 11                 |   |
| 1983   | 166.5         | 14 (eff. 4/1)      | Tax rates increased: gasoline: from 11 to 14 cents gasohol: from 10 to 13 cents One cent per gallon is transferred to the Transportation Fund.  |
| 1984   | 202.0         | 14                 | 1) All revenue from the motor fuels tax is transferred to the Transportation Fund from the General Fund. 2) Tax refund on fuel used in buses operated by Connecticut Motor Bus Companies is increased to 100% from 50%. 3) Fuel purchased exclusively for use in farming is exempt (a refund application was previously required).  |
| 1985   | 227.0         | 15 (eff. 7/1)      |   |
| 1986   | 244.3         | 16                 | 1) Motor carriers may register and pay a \$15 fee to DRS to purchase motor fuel at certain designated stations without paying motor fuel tax at the pump. The tax is due quarterly. 2) Motor carrier facilities may pay an annual \$50 fee to DRS and sell diesel fuel without immediate tax payment if the facility is located on I-84 or I-91 and is a full service facility. Effective: 10/1/87. Expires: 6/30/89. |
| 1987   | 266.8         | 17                 |   |
| 1988   | 306.0         | 19                 | <b>F</b>  |
| 1989   | 320.5         | 20                 |   |
| 1990   | 312.4         | 20                 | PA 89-251 - The sunset provision allowing certain facilities to sell diesel fuel without immediate tax payment is removed after 6/30/89.  |
| 1991   | 334.9         | 22 (eff. 7/1/90)   | PA 90-140 - A refund is provided for fuel purchased in-state but consumed out-of-state (1/1/91).  |

## **MOTOR FUELS TAX**

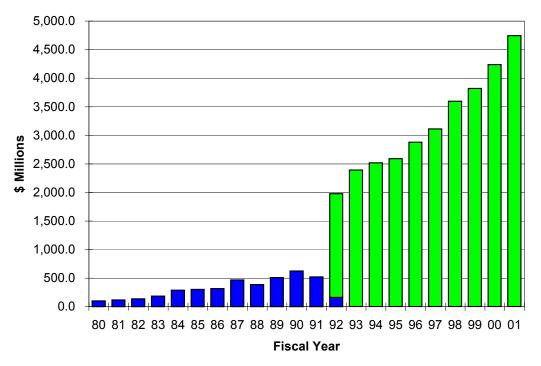
| Fiscal<br>Year | Revenue<br>(Millions \$) | Gasoline Tax<br>(cents per gallon)                        | Base Changes  |
|----------------|--------------------------|---|---|
| 1992           | 370.0                    | 23 (eff. 7/1/91)<br>25 (eff. 9/1/91)                      | PA 91-3 (JSS) - Diesel fuel is taxed at 18 cents per gallon between 9/1/91 and 6/30/92.   |
| 1993           | 397.8                    | 26 (eff. 1/1/92)<br>28 (eff. 1/1/93)                      | PA 92-177 (MSS) - The 6/30/92 sunset on the 18 cent per gallon rate for diesel fuel is removed.   |
| 1994           | 435.7                    | 29 (eff. 7/1/93)<br>30 (eff. 1/1/94)                      | PA 93-93 - Places propane gas in the same category as diesel fuel, therefore reducing the tax to 18 cents per gallon, effective 10/1/93.  |
| 1995           | 468.6                    | 31 (eff. 7/1/93)<br>33 (eff. 1/1/95)                      | PA 93-74 - Increases the motor fuels tax by 5 cents per gallon, in 1 cent increments from October 1, 1995 through January 1, 1997. (See table Summary of Enacted Tax and Fee Increases found under the Transportation Fund section of this book).  PA 94-170 - Sales from compressed natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas or liquefied natural gas are exempted from the Motor Fuels Excise Tax from 7/1/94 to 6/30/99 when they are sold to fleets converted under the Federal Clean Air Act's clean fuel vehicle requirement. |
|                |                          |   | PA 94-4 (MSS) - Railroads are permitted to take their exemption from the Motor Fuels Tax at the pump rather than apply for a refund.  |
| 1996           | 504.7                    | 34 (eff. 10/1/95)<br>35 (eff. 1/1/96)<br>36 (eff. 4/1/96) | PA 95-159 reduced the motor fuel tax rate on natural gas sold as motor vehicle fuel from 32 cents per gasoline gallon equivalent (gge) to 18 cents per gge. Effective retroactive from to 9/91.   |
| 1997           | 550.6                    | 37 (eff. 7/1/96)<br>38 (eff. 10/1/96)<br>39 (eff. 1/1/97) | PA 96-183 broades the exemption for alternative fuels by eliminating the restriction that the fuels were exempt only when sold to fleets converted under the Federal Clean Air Act's clean fuel vehilce requirement effective 7/1/96. The exemption sunsets on 7/1/99. (see PA 96-222)  |
|                |                          |   | PA 96-222 extends the exemption from the motor fuels tax for alternative fuels for two years, until 7/1/2001, and eliminates the limination on the exemption thus making sales of such fuel for any motor vehicle tax exempt.   |
| 1998           | 530.7                    | 36 (eff. 7/1/97)<br>33 (eff. 7/1/98)                      | PA 97-309 reduces the Gasoline Tax from \$0.39 per gallon to \$0.36 effective 7/1/97 and from \$0.36 to \$0.33 effective 7/1/98.  |

## **MOTOR FUELS TAX**

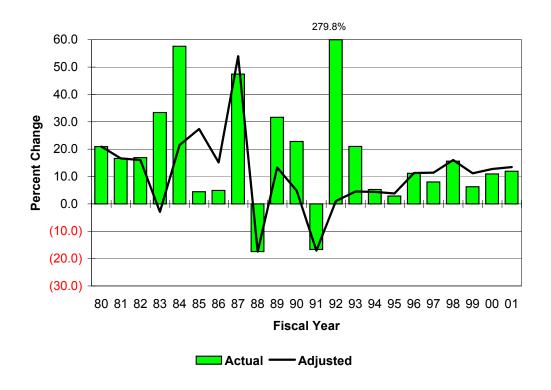
| Fiscal<br>Year | Revenue<br>(Millions \$) | Gasoline Tax<br>(cents per gallon) | Base Changes   |
|----------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
|                |                          |                                    | PA 97-232 exempts fuel used in vehicles to exclusively deliver meals to senior citizens associated with federally funded programs.                               |
|                |                          |                                    | PA 97-281 exempts diesel fuel that is intended for use in portable power generator systems larger than 150 kilowatts from the 18 cents per gallon fuel tax.      |
| 1999           | 499.9                    | 32 (eff. 7/1/98)                   | PA 98-128 reduce the Gasoline Tax from \$0.33 per gallon to \$0.32 effective 7/1/98. This is in addition to the 3 cent reduction effective 7/1/98 per PA 97-309. |
|                |                          |                                    | PA 98-190 exempts fuel used in school busses used to transport school children to and from school from the tax.  |
| 2000           | 506.4                    | 32                                 | PA 99-232 provided the refund of fuel taxes paid by meal on wheels delivery services.  |
|                |                          |                                    | PA 99-173 extends the sunset from 7/1/2000 to 7/1/2002 on the exemption of alternative fuels from the motor fuels tax.   |
| 2001           | 417.5                    | 25 (eff. 7/1/00)                   | PA 00-170 reduced the Gasoline Tax from \$0.32 per gallon to \$0.25 per gallin effective 7/1/00.   |
| 2002           | 413.9<br>Budget Act      | 25                                 |  |

Note: Motor fuels taxes are not adjusted for refunds. For your reference, a table listing Motor Fuels Tax increases is presented under the Transportation Fund section of this book.

# Personal Income Taxes Collections and Growth Rates FY 80 - FY 01



■ Capital Gains, Interest & Dividends Tax ■ Personal Income Tax



Adjusted for Legislative Base and Rate changes. Estimates made at time legislation was adopted.

# TAX REVENUE ACTUAL and ADJUSTED GROWTH RATES

|      |           |         | -         |        | & Dividends* |
|------|-----------|---------|-----------|--------|--------------|
|      | Revenue   | Tax     | Non-      | Actual | Adjusted     |
|      | (000,000) | Changes | recurring | %      | %            |
| FY72 | 60.9      | 54.0    | 0.0       |        |              |
| FY73 | 50.8      | 0.0     | 0.0       | (16.6) | (16.6)       |
| FY74 | 18.7      | (29.4)  | 0.0       | (63.2) | ,            |
| FY75 | 13.6      | (1.0)   | 0.0       | (27.3) |              |
| FY76 | 50.4      | 32.3    | 0.0       | 270.6  | 33.1         |
| FY77 | 59.3      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 17.7   | 17.7         |
| FY78 | 75.6      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 27.5   | 27.5         |
| FY79 | 83.5      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 10.4   | 10.4         |
| FY80 | 101.0     | 0.0     | 0.0       | 21.0   | 21.0         |
| FY81 | 117.8     | 0.0     | 0.0       | 16.6   | 16.6         |
| FY82 | 137.7     | 1.0     | 0.0       | 16.9   | 16.0         |
| FY83 | 183.7     | 0.0     | 50.0      | 33.4   | (2.9)        |
| FY84 | 289.5     | 82.0    | 45.0      | 57.6   | 21.5         |
| FY85 | 302.4     | (9.0)   | 0.0       | 4.5    | 27.4         |
| FY86 | 317.3     | (30.9)  | 0.0       | 4.9    | 15.1         |
| FY87 | 467.8     | (20.8)  | 0.0       | 47.4   | 54.0         |
| FY88 | 386.3     | 0.0     | 0.0       | (17.4) | (17.4)       |
| FY89 | 508.6     | 46.0    | 25.0      | 31.7   | 13.3         |
| FY90 | 624.7     | 112.8   | 5.0       | 22.8   | 4.8          |
| FY91 | 520.5     | 6.5     | 0.0       | (16.7) | (17.1)       |
| FY92 | 1,976.6   | 1,450.6 | 0.0       | 279.8  | 1.1          |
| FY93 | 2,392.0   | 324.0   | 2.1       | 21.0   | 4.5          |
| FY94 | 2,517.7   | 4.6     | 18.5      | 5.3    | 4.4          |
| FY95 | 2,589.9   | (3.0)   | (8.0)     |        | 3.8          |
| FY96 | 2,879.4   | (11.5)  | 7.2       | 11.2   | 11.3         |
| FY97 | 3,110.9   | (88.5)  | (1.1)     |        | 11.4         |
| FY98 | 3,596.2   | (18.7)  | 4.4       | 15.6   | 16.0         |
| FY99 | 3,820.8   | (182.1) | 9.3       | 6.2    | 11.2         |
| FY00 | 4,238.2   | (73.6)  | 14.0      | 10.9   | 12.8         |
| FY01 | 4,744.2   | (54.9)  | 7.9       | 11.9   | 13.4         |

<sup>\*</sup>Capital Gains, Interes and Dividends Tax was repealed as of 1/1/92 and replaced by the Personal Income Tax, effective 10/1/91.

# Capital Gains, Interest & Dividends Tax

| Fiscal | Revenues      | Rate     |    |   |
|--------|---------------|----------|----|---|
| Year   | (Millions \$) | Div/Int. | CG | Base Changes  |
| 1970   | 4.9           | NA       | 6% | Capital gains only. There was no Capital Gains Tax prior to 1970.   |
| 1971   | 10.4          | NA       | 6% |   |
| 1972   | 60.9          | 6%       | 6% | Dividends included (PA 8. Aug. Special Session).  |
| 1973   | 50.8          | 6%       | 6% | Eliminated \$5.00 minimum tax. DISC dividends excluded (1/1/73).  |
| 1974   | 18.7          | NA       | 6% | Dividends tax repealed.   |
| 1975   | 13.6          | 6%       | 6% |   |
| 1976   | 50.4          | 7%       | 7% | Dividends taxed at 7% if AGI greater than \$20,000, 1/1/75.   |
| 1977   | 59.3          | 7%       | 7% | •   |
| 1978   | 75.6          | 1-9%     | 7% | 1-9% on dividends if AGI greater than \$20,000.   |
| 1979   | 83.5          | 1-9%     | 7% |   |
| 1980   | 101.0         | 1-9%     | 7% |   |
| 1981   | 117.8         | 1-9%     | 7% | Liability for CG&D Tax eliminated when amount owed is less than \$10.00.  |
| 1982   | 137.7         | 1-9%     | 7% | <ul> <li>(1) Capital gains taxes paid to another state may be claimed as a credit (credit may be claimed only out-of-state property was a principal place of residence for 6 of the 12 months immediately preceding date of sale) Effective 1/1/81.</li> <li>(2) Income subject to Estate Income Tax is exempt from the Capital Gains &amp; Dividends Tax.</li> </ul> |
| 1983   | 183.7         | 1-9%     | 7% | Beginning 1/1/83 individuals with estimated tax liability in excess of \$200 must make an estimated payment in the 6 month of their income year equal to 50% of their estimated tax liability.  |
| 1984   | 289.5         | 6-13%    | 7% | <ul> <li>(1) 6%-13% on dividends &amp; interest if AGI is at least \$50,000 (1/1/83).</li> <li>(2) Beginning 1/1/84 individuals whose estimated dividends &amp; interest tax liability is in excess of \$200 must make an estimated payment in the sixth month of their income year equal to 50% of their estimated tax liability.</li> </ul>                         |
| 1985   | 302.4         | 6-13%    | 7% | (1) Shareholders in an electing small business corporation) can deduct from interest income tax, the amount of interest income which was also included in the firm's net income (1/1/85).   |

# Capital Gains, Interest & Dividends Tax

| Fiscal | Revenues      | Rate     |    |  |
|--------|---------------|----------|----|--|
| Year   | (Millions \$) | Div/Int. | CG | Base Changes   |
| 1986   | 317.3         | 6-13%    | 7% | <ol> <li>(1) Social security and railroad retirement income is excluded from AGI (1/1/85).</li> <li>(2) Tax rates on interest and dividends revised to 1%-13% (1/1/85).</li> <li>(3) Taxpayers 65 or over and having AGI less than \$10,000 (exclusive of capital gains) are exempt from capital gains tax (1/1/85).</li> <li>(4) A deduction for interest forfeited because of early withdrawal is allowed from interest income subject to tax. Effective 1/1/85.</li> <li>(5) Exempts individuals from the Capital Gains Tax if AGI is below the level necessary for filing a federal return.</li> </ol> |
| 1987   | 467.8         | 1-12%    | 7% | Tax Rate of 1%-12% on interest & dividends if AGI is at least \$54,000 (1/1/86).  (Note: Revenue increase includes revenues from the initial behavioral response of taxpayers to the reduction in Federal tax rates.)  |
| 1988   | 386.3         | 1-12%    | 7% | <ul><li>(1) \$50 minimum late payment penalty eliminated (1/1/87).</li><li>(2) 60% of long-term gains are excluded from the tax to offset its inclusion as a result of federal tax reform (1/1/87).</li></ul>  |
| 1989   | 508.7         | 1-12%    | 7% | (4) DA 00 40   |
| 1990   | 624.7         | 1-14%    | 7% | <ul> <li>(1) PA 89-16 - Estimated payment of 100% of tax due on gains in first five months of year must be paid in sixth month (1/1/89).</li> <li>(2) PA 89-251 <ul> <li>(a) Long-term exclusion for gains realized on or after 2/9/89 is repealed. The maximum tax on capital gains income is limited to 5% of AGI.</li> <li>(b) Interest and dividends tax rates are changed from 1-12% to 1-14%.</li> </ul> </li> <li>('3) PA 89-304 - Capital gains resulting from trading or holding dealer equity options are exempt.</li> </ul>   |
| 1991   | 520.5         | 1-14%    | 7% | PA 90-148 - The tax is applied to capital gains from the sale of real property by nonresidents. (1/1/90)   |

## **Capital Gains, Interest & Dividends Tax**

| Fiscal | Revenues  | R        | ate   |   |
|--------|---|----------|---|---|
| Year   | (Millions \$)                                     | Div/Int. | CG  | Base Changes  |
| 1992   | 159.0   | .75-9.5% | 4.75%   | PA 91-3 (JSS) Makes the following changes: (1) Rates for 1991 income years are lowered. Tax is eliminated for income years beginning on or after 1/1/92 and capital gains, interest or dividend income will be taxable under the Personal Income Tax. (2) Married couples eligible to file jointly for federal tax purposes must file jointly for this tax. |
|        |   |          | I   | Personal Income Tax   |
|        | 1,817.6<br>(Does not include<br>9 million from CG |          | gross inco<br>4.5% ther<br>out the sta              | JSS) An income tax is imposed on Connecticut adjusted ome (AGI) at the rate of 1.5% for the 1991 income year and eafter. The tax provides a low income credit and phases andard deduction. Effective October 1, 1991.  next section for more information.)  |
| 1993   | 2,392.0   | 4.5%     | number of<br>the trust of<br>estimated<br>PA 92-5 ( | (MSS) Inter Vivos trusts are taxed on the basis of the f beneficiaries living in state rather than the location of trustees, effective 1/1/93. The act also changes payment schedule and penalties for failure to file a return.  MSS) Expenses connected with income which is exempt   |
|        |   |          | from inco   | ral taxation but taxable in Connecticut may be deducted me. Expenses connected with income that is exempt tion in Connecticut may not be deducted. Effective 1/1/92.  |
| 1994   | 2,517.7   | 4.5%     |   | Taxpayers are not subject to penalties or interest resulting erpayment of estimated tax due for the 1992 income year.   |
|        |   |          | Taxpayers   | and PA 93-332 Creates the Alternative Minimum Tax. s are required to pay higher of their liability under the sonal Income Tax or 23% of their federal Alternative Tax liability, effective 1/1/93.  |
|        |   |          | and perm  | Conforms estimated payments to the federal IRS Code its taxpayers to round estimates less than \$1 to the nole number when computing their final tax liability. 1/1/93.   |
| 1995   | 2,589.9   | 4.5%     | (1) Chang<br>(2) The pe                             | MSS) Makes the following changes: ges the structure of the low income credit, effective 1/1/95. ercentage of Social Security benefits which is included in state ed gross income is limited to the percentage that was taxable the 1993 federal income tax rules, effective 1994 income year  |

under the 1993 federal income tax rules, effective 1994 income year.

#### **Personal Income Tax**

| Fiscal | Revenues      |      |              |
|--------|---------------|------|--------------|
| Year   | (Millions \$) | Rate | Base Changes |

- (3) A credit for the amount of Property Tax paid on privately-owned motor vehicles is phased in beginning in the 1997 income year. The credit is subject to a formula the net assessed value of the motor vehicle.
- (4) The current Alternative Minimum Tax is replaced with The Connecticut Minimum Tax. Tax liability under the new tax is the lesser of: (a) 19% of Adjusted Federal Tentative Minimum Tax or (b) 5% of adjusted federal alternative minimum taxable income. The change is effective with the 1993 income year.
- (5) The deduction of moving expenses from federal adjusted gross income is eliminated, effective 1/1/94.

PA 94-214 creates a credit equal to the following percentage of monies invested through a fund manager in a qualified insurance business:

- (1) 10% of the investment for tax year beginning 3 years after the date of investment to no later than 7 years after the date of investment,
- (2) 20% of the investment for tax years beginning seven years and ending 10 years from the date of investment.

The credit is applicable against the corporate income tax, insurance premiums tax, and the personal income tax.

1996 2,879.4 3.0% and PA 95-160 contained the following changes to the Personal Income tax:

- 4.5% (1) The rate for the levels of taxable income, is reduced from 4.5% to 3.0% on the first \$4,500 on taxable income for a single filer; \$7,500 for Head of Household and \$9,000 for Joint filers. The new rate structure is effective 7/1/96.
  - (2) A credit of up to \$100 is provided for personal and real property taxes paid on the filer's primary residence in state or a motor vehicle. The amount of credit claimed cannot exceed the filer's tax liability and may not be taken into account when calculating the amount of withholding or estimated payments due. The credit is effective for tax paid on the 10/1/95 grand list.

PA 95-263 contained the following provisions:

- (1) Professional athletic teams are permitted to file composite returns for team members who are not state residents. The teams are are also permitted to make estimated payments in lieu of withholding. Effective 1/1/96.
- (2) In lieu of quarterly estimated payments, farmers and fisherman are permitted to make two installment payments per income year. Payments are due 6/15 of the income year and 1/15 of the following income year. Effective 1/1/96.

#### Personal Income Tax

| Year | (Millions \$) | Rate             | Base Changes   |
|------|---------------|------------------|--|
| 1997 | 3,110.9       | 3.0% and<br>4.5% | PA 96-206 gives unemployment compensation benefit recipients the option to have federal and state taxes withheld from their weekly benefit checks. |

PA 96-253 exempts income derived from foreign residents in connection with a company located within the designated Insurance, and Financial Services Export Zone established under this Act in Hartford.

PA 96-139 specifies that the credit of up to \$100 per year for taxes paid on a primary residence or motor vehicle by a married couple filing jointly may not exceed \$100 of the aggregate property taxes they paid. The act also defines taxpayer filing categories are the same as those under federal income tax for state income tax purposes.

PA 96-221 contained the following provisions:

- (1) establishes the following order when a taxpayer can claim more than one credit against the income tax.
  - (1) the credit based on adjusted gross income
  - (2) credits for income taxes paid to other states
  - (3) credits for income tax imposed by other jurisdiction for people subject to the federal alternative minimum tax
  - (4) any other credit that cannot be carried forward, in the order that maximizes their value to the taxpayer
  - (5) other credits that can be carried forward, in order that maximizes their value to the taxpayer

No credit can be claimed more than once.

- (2) requires income tax liability, as it applies to trusts and estates, be adjusted to reflect any refunds or credit for overpayment of Connecticut income tax to the extent that is included in gross income for federal income tax purposes, and is deductible in determining federal income tax for the proceeding taxable year. Applies to all tax years starting on or after January 1, 1992.
- (3) expands the scope of the law that waives income tax deadlines for people serving in combat zones. It also extends these provisions to zones and times designated by Congress, if it provides that service are to be treated the same as service in presidentially designated zones and times effective beginning with the 1995 income year.

#### Personal Income Tax

| Fiscal | Revenues      |      |              |
|--------|---------------|------|--------------|
| Year   | (Millions \$) | Rate | Base Changes |

PA 96-94 permits taxpayers to file amended 1991 personal income tax returns when the final liability for income tax paid to another state is different from the credit claimed on the taxpayer's CT return. The taxpayer must file the amended return within 30 days after the act's effective date (by June 7, 1996). This was done because PA 92-5 MSS applied only to the 1992 and subsequent income years in regards to the amended return.

1998 3,596.2 3.0% and PA 97-309 and PA 97-322 combined did the following:
4.5% (1) Increase the levels of CT Taxable Income levels su

(1) Increase the levels of CT Taxable Income levels subject to the 3% tax rate as follows:

| Filing        | Prior Law  | Effective | Effective | Effective |
|---------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Status        | PA 965-160 | 1/1/97    | 1/1/98    | 1/1/99    |
|               |            |           |           |           |
| Joint         | \$9,000    | \$12,500  | \$15,000  | \$20,000  |
| Head of House | 7,000      | 10,000    | 12,000    | 16,000    |
| Singles & MFS | 4,500      | 6,250     | 7,500     | 10,000    |

- (2) Repeal the credit for property taxes paid on privately owned motor vehicles (PA 94-4 May Special Session).
- (3) Increases the Property Tax Credit from the maximum \$100 to a maximum of \$215 effective for income year 1997 and to a maximum of \$285 effective for income year 1998 and thereafter below certain income levels.
- (4) Exempts 1/2 of the 50% of Social Security Benefits subject to CT Personal Income Tax effective with the 1998 income year.

PA 97-81 raises the underpayment limit from \$200 to \$500 for the amount of estimated income tax payment before charging interest effective with the 1997 income year.

PA 97-286 changes the requirement for farmers and fishermen to make estimated income tax payments from two payments to one payment due January 15th. The change is effective with the 1997 income year. The act also allows for tax credits against CT Income Tax for certain individuals residing in another state but that keep a permanent residence in the state and is in CT more than 183 days in a taxable year. It also makes technical changes to the alternative minimum tax provisions and defines partnership and partner for state income tax purposes to conform to federal law.

#### **Personal Income Tax**

| Fiscal<br>Year | Revenues<br>(\$Millions) | Rate             | Base Changes   |
|----------------|--------------------------|------------------|--|
|                |                          |                  | PA 97-292 limits to \$15 million the amount of any tax credit that funds can take on any single business investment in an insurance business for insurance reinvestment funds established to create new jobs pursuant to PA 94-214.  |
| 1999           | 3,820.8                  | 3.0% and<br>4.5% | PA 98-110 increase the Property Tax Credit from the maximum \$285 to a maximum of \$350 effective for income year 1998 and thereafter below certain income levels.   |
|                |                          |                  | PA 98-244 extends, from 30 days to 90 days the amount of time a resident who claims an income tax credit for tax paid to another jurisdiction has to report the filing of an amended return with the other jurisdiction or changes made by that jurisdiction.  |
|                |                          |                  | <ul> <li>PA 98-262 contained the following provisions:</li> <li>(1) Clarifies the income tax treatment of nonresident shareholder Subchapter S-Corporations.</li> <li>(2) In regards to the Property Tax Credit, the act excludes any interest fees and charges and specifies that the taxpayer's property tax first becomes due on the date the town designates or, if payable in two installments, on the earlier installment date if the taxpayer so chooses.</li> </ul>  |
| 2000           | 4,238.2                  | 3.0% and<br>4.5% | PA 99-173 made the following changes:  (1) Increased the standard deduction for Single Filers from \$12,000 to \$12,250 for income year 2000 \$12,500 " 2001 \$12,750 " 2002 \$13,000 " 2003 \$13,500 " 2004 \$14,000 " 2005 \$14,500 " 2006 \$15,000 " 2007 and thereafter.  (Note: PA 00-174 made drafting corrections)  (2) Incresed the Property Tax Credit from the maximum \$350 to a maximum of \$425 effective for income year 1999 and to \$500 effective for income year 2000 and thereafter.  (3) Beginning with the 1999 income year, the act exempted the |

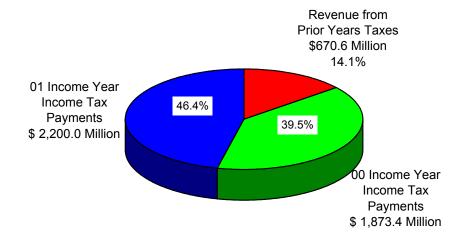
remaining 25% of Social Security Benefits from the State Income Tax for Joint Filers with an adjusted gross income (AGI) under

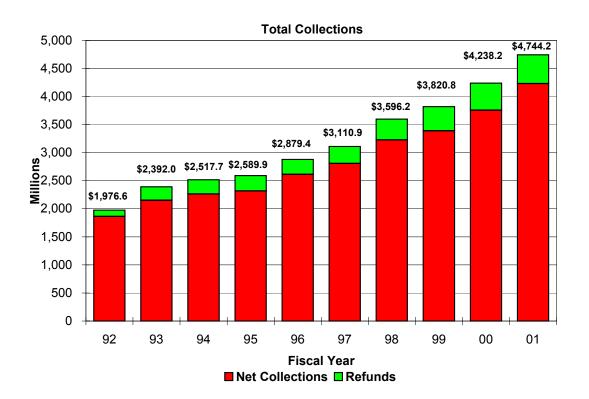
\$60,000 and Single Filers with an AGI under \$50,000.

## Personal Income Tax

| Fiscal<br>Year | Revenues (\$Millions)     | Rate             | Base Changes  |
|----------------|---------------------------|------------------|---|
| 2001           | 4,744.2                   | 3.0% and<br>4.5% | PA 00-82 exempts restitution payments to survivors of various human rights abuses during World War II.  |
|                |                           |                  | PA 00-174 corrected the standard deduction for Single Filer changes made by PA 99-173 for typographical drafting errors. It also clarifies the definition of residency for income tax purposes.   |
|                |                           |                  | PA 00-170 waived interest and penalties on income tax payments where an individual took into account the payment of New York non-resident commuter tax in making payments of the CT income tax.   |
|                |                           |                  | PA 00-192 interest earned on funds deposited in the Individual Development Account are exempted from the tax. The Individual Development Account was created by PA 00-192 to allow certain low-income and qualified disable taxpayers to open savings accounts and receive matching funds as an incentive for saving for specific purposes. Effective 1/1/2001. |
| 2002           | <b>4,841.4</b> Budget Act | 3.0% and<br>4.5% | PA 01-06 (JSS) imposes the income tax on a nonresident that wins the CT Lottery and allows a resident that wins an out-of-state Lottery to credit any taxes paid to other jurisdictions against their CT Income Tax final liability. It also defines that the starting point for CT AGI is Federal Adjusted Gross Income.                                       |

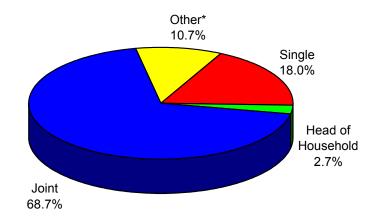
# Personal Income Tax Revenues \$4,744.2 Million FY 2001



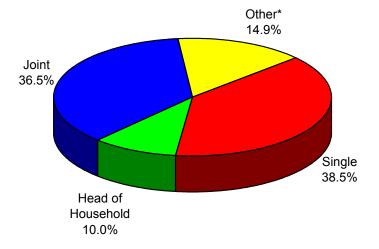


# Full Year Resident Taxpayers and Other Taxpayers 2000 Income Year

Total Income Tax Paid by Type of Return \$3,409.7 Million

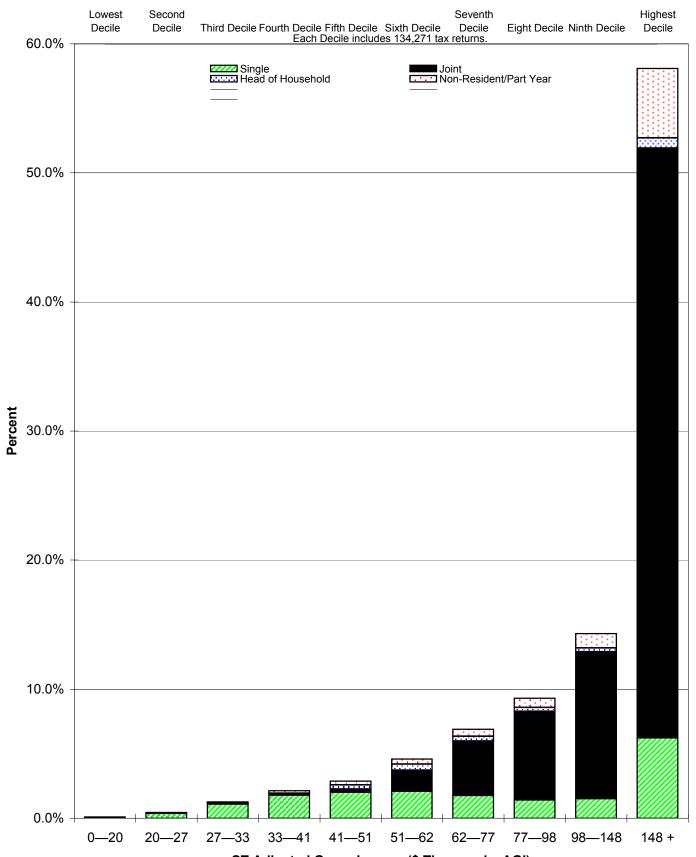


# Percent of Returns by Type of Return 1.6 Million Returns Filed



\*Includes Non-Resident/Part Year Resident, Trust & Estates, S-Corporation and Group returns filed.

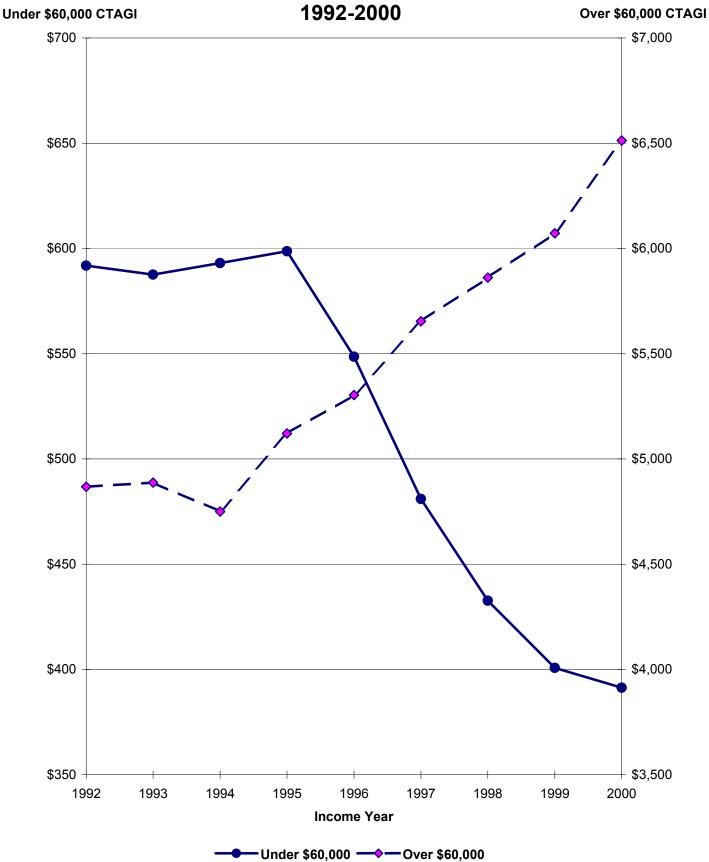
# All Tax Payers\* Percent of Tax Paid 2000 Income Year



CT Adjusted Gross Income (\$ Thousands, AGI)

\*There were 1,573,440 returns filed for 1999 income year of which 1,342,710 were taxpayers with a CT tax liability.

# Average Tax Liability Resident Tax Returns



# PERSONAL INCOME TAX COMPARISON OF 1992 THROUGH 2000 INCOME YEARS NUMBER OF RETURNS

| Resident 7 | •          | 1992      | 1993      | 1994      | 1995      | 1996      | 1997      | 1998      | 1999      | 2000      |
|------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
|            | _          | 40.700    | F4 74F    | 54.040    | E4 470    | E4 EEE    | FF 444    | 50.407    | 00.400    | 05.000    |
| 5 000      | 5,000      | 49,722    | 51,715    | 54,843    | 54,176    | 54,555    | 55,414    | 59,467    | 63,189    | 65,039    |
| 5,000      | 10,000     | 60,735    | 63,629    | 65,602    | 63,981    | 64,524    | 67,226    | 73,102    | 75,647    | 77,749    |
| 10,000     | 15,000     | 90,338    | 91,299    | 90,573    | 88,137    | 86,146    | 86,668    | 89,533    | 88,768    | 87,667    |
| 15,000     | 20,000     | 105,477   | 104,615   | 102,650   | 101,529   | 99,319    | 98,504    | 99,548    | 97,880    | 96,883    |
| 20,000     | 25,000     | 106,836   | 104,970   | 102,691   | 101,072   | 97,801    | 95,710    | 97,836    | 98,134    | 96,953    |
| 25,000     | 30,000     | 98,230    | 95,844    | 94,666    | 93,996    | 93,018    | 92,786    | 93,735    | 94,587    | 94,607    |
| 30,000     | 35,000     | 86,141    | 84,408    | 83,611    | 83,691    | 83,017    | 83,082    | 85,509    | 85,976    | 87,046    |
| 35,000     | 40,000     | 78,452    | 76,242    | 75,832    | 75,321    | 74,805    | 75,240    | 76,219    | 77,059    | 77,296    |
| 40,000     | 45,000     | 70,284    | 68,823    | 68,009    | 67,810    | 67,472    | 67,888    | 68,585    | 67,962    | 68,707    |
| 45,000     | 50,000     | 64,294    | 62,927    | 61,739    | 61,631    | 61,630    | 61,606    | 61,950    | 59,603    | 59,737    |
| 50,000     | 60,000     | 105,463   | 104,248   | 104,863   | 104,709   | 106,163   | 107,107   | 106,217   | 105,774   | 106,957   |
| 60,000     | 75,000     | 104,818   | 105,281   | 108,502   | 111,630   | 114,509   | 119,259   | 120,707   | 122,667   | 125,450   |
| 75,000     | 100,000    | 85,441    | 88,703    | 93,938    | 99,219    | 106,580   | 115,693   | 123,232   | 128,359   | 136,366   |
| 100,000    | 150,000    | 48,932    | 52,258    | 56,709    | 62,354    | 69,893    | 80,111    | 90,240    | 98,551    | 110,155   |
| 150,000    | 200,000    | 16,026    | 17,353    | 18,327    | 20,195    | 22,501    | 26,064    | 29,275    | 33,049    | 36,957    |
| 200,000    | and Over   | 25,202    | 26,457    | 27,964    | 33,080    | 38,060    | 44,928    | 50,655    | 56,948    | 63,796    |
| Total      | Resident   | 1,196,391 | 1,198,772 | 1,210,519 | 1,222,531 | 1,239,993 | 1,277,286 | 1,325,810 | 1,354,153 | 1,391,365 |
| Non-Res.   | /Part-Year | 116,084   | 122,792   | 130,934   | 135,910   | 148,924   | 161,245   | 170,249   | 174,892   | 182,075   |
| Total      | Individual | 1,312,475 | 1,321,564 | 1,341,453 | 1,358,441 | 1,388,917 | 1,438,531 | 1,496,059 | 1,529,045 | 1,573,440 |
| S Cor      | porations  | 24,486    | 24,481    | 25,290    | 25,902    | 26,261    | 27,421    | 26,880    | 23,425    | 21,875    |
| Trust      | & Estates  | 42,784    | 33,022    | 32,220    | 33,931    | 34,498    | 36,321    | 36,422    | 35,792    | 40,266    |
| Gro        | oup Filers | 139       | 117       | 113       | 104       | 121       | 116       | 127       | 102       | 107       |
|            | Total      | 1,379,884 | 1,379,184 | 1,399,076 | 1,418,378 | 1,449,797 | 1,502,389 | 1,559,488 | 1,588,364 | 1,635,688 |

# PERSONAL INCOME TAX COMPARISON OF 1992 THROUGH 2000 INCOME YEARS TOTAL TAX LIABILITY (Millions \$)

| Resident 7 | •           | 1992      | 1993      | 1994      | 1995      | 1996      | 1997      | 1998      | 1999      | 2000      |
|------------|-------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 0          | 5,000       | \$0.0     | \$0.0     | \$0.0     | \$0.0     | \$0.0     | \$0.0     | \$0.0     | \$0.1     | \$0.2     |
| 5,000      | 10,000      | 0.0       | 0.0       | 0.0       | 0.0       | 0.0       | 0.0       | 0.0       | 0.0       | 0.0       |
| 10,000     | 15,000      | 0.8       | 0.8       | 0.7       | 0.7       | 0.3       | 0.3       | 0.3       | 0.3       | 0.3       |
| 15,000     | 20,000      | 11.4      | 11.1      | 10.8      | 8.9       | 5.3       | 3.4       | 3.1       | 3.1       | 2.9       |
| 20,000     | 25,000      | 26.8      | 26.2      | 25.6      | 24.5      | 19.1      | 13.5      | 11.3      | 9.7       | 8.9       |
| 25,000     | 30,000      | 45.6      | 44.5      | 44.5      | 44.2      | 38.2      | 32.4      | 29.3      | 26.0      | 23.3      |
| 30,000     | 35,000      | 61.2      | 59.9      | 60.1      | 59.8      | 53.2      | 46.7      | 44.5      | 41.4      | 39.8      |
| 35,000     | 40,000      | 68.0      | 66.6      | 67.4      | 68.4      | 62.4      | 54.6      | 50.4      | 48.4      | 47.7      |
| 40,000     | 45,000      | 73.6      | 72.6      | 73.1      | 73.6      | 67.2      | 59.3      | 53.9      | 49.4      | 49.3      |
| 45,000     | 50,000      | 77.7      | 76.6      | 76.4      | 76.9      | 71.1      | 62.9      | 57.6      | 52.5      | 52.1      |
| 50,000     | 60,000      | 177.0     | 175.7     | 178.1     | 179.2     | 170.6     | 155.7     | 144.1     | 135.4     | 135.2     |
| 60,000     | 75,000      | 257.8     | 258.9     | 267.6     | 276.6     | 270.0     | 260.4     | 248.8     | 240.5     | 241.9     |
| 75,000     | 100,000     | 283.7     | 294.6     | 312.1     | 329.7     | 341.6     | 350.1     | 357.4     | 359.1     | 375.3     |
| 100,000    | 150,000     | 231.9     | 248.3     | 269.2     | 299.4     | 329.0     | 366.4     | 405.5     | 435.2     | 486.0     |
| 150,000    | 200,000     | 103.5     | 112.4     | 117.1     | 130.8     | 144.3     | 167.1     | 187.7     | 211.7     | 237.6     |
| 200,000    | and Over    | 488.1     | 503.5     | 485.0     | 635.4     | 779.4     | 1,038.7   | 1,227.8   | 1,422.6   | 1,738.0   |
| Tota       | al Resident | \$1,907.1 | \$1,951.6 | \$1,987.8 | \$2,208.3 | \$2,351.8 | \$2,611.4 | \$2,821.7 | \$3,035.7 | \$3,438.3 |
| Non-Res    | ./Part-Year | \$130.5   | \$136.8   | \$147.6   | \$165.9   | \$198.6   | \$234.9   | \$271.0   | \$310.5   | \$333.3   |
| Total      | Individual  | \$2,037.6 | \$2,088.4 | \$2,135.4 | \$2,374.2 | \$2,550.4 | \$2,846.3 | \$3,092.8 | \$3,346.2 | \$3,771.6 |
| S Co       | rporations  | \$0.6     | \$0.5     | \$0.5     | \$0.7     | \$0.9     | \$2.2     | \$3.1     | \$3.0     | \$3.4     |
| Trus       | t & Estates | \$16.3    | \$14.0    | \$14.7    | \$20.2    | \$25.9    | \$65.1    | \$50.0    | \$55.1    | \$67.6    |
| G          | roup Filers | \$3.0     | \$4.3     | \$4.2     | \$4.6     | \$5.3     | \$6.3     | \$6.5     | \$5.3     | \$6.6     |
|            | Total       | \$2,057.5 | \$2,107.2 | \$2,154.8 | \$2,399.7 | \$2,582.5 | \$2,919.9 | \$3,152.4 | \$3,409.7 | \$3,849.2 |

| Municipality(1) | 1994 | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 |
|-----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Andover         | 1.7  | 1.8  | 2.0  | 2.0  | 2.2  | 2.2  | 2.4  |
| Ansonia         | 6.2  | 6.5  | 6.5  | 6.3  | 6.5  | 6.5  | 7.3  |
| Ashford         | 1.8  | 1.8  | 1.9  | 2.0  | 2.1  | 2.1  | 2.4  |
| Avon            | 20.1 | 23.8 | 25.2 | 29.4 | 34.3 | 37.1 | 45.1 |
| Barkhamsted     | 0.4  | 0.4  | 0.4  | 0.4  | 0.5  | 0.5  | 0.5  |
| Beacon Falls    | 2.4  | 2.6  | 2.6  | 2.7  | 2.8  | 2.9  | 3.2  |
| Berlin          | 11.1 | 11.9 | 12.6 | 13.6 | 13.9 | 15.1 | 16.4 |
| Bethany         | 3.8  | 3.4  | 4.2  | 4.1  | 5.1  | 6.3  | 6.2  |
| Bethel          | 10.4 | 11.1 | 11.4 | 12.2 | 12.8 | 13.6 | 15.0 |
| Bethlehem       | 2.1  | 2.3  | 2.5  | 2.5  | 3.9  | 2.9  | 3.3  |
| Bloomfield      | 13.2 | 14.1 | 14.2 | 15.3 | 15.8 | 15.9 | 17.8 |
| Bolton          | 3.7  | 3.8  | 4.0  | 4.1  | 4.4  | 4.6  | 5.2  |
| Bozrah          | 1.2  | 1.5  | 1.4  | 1.9  | 1.6  | 1.7  | 1.8  |
| Branford        | 19.5 | 21.1 | 21.4 | 22.4 | 25.2 | 26.1 | 28.0 |
| Bridgeport      | 28.1 | 28.9 | 28.5 | 28.1 | 28.4 | 28.5 | 31.0 |
| Bridgewater     | 1.8  | 2.0  | 2.1  | 2.7  | 2.7  | 2.7  | 2.8  |
| Bristol         | 26.4 | 27.6 | 27.6 | 29.0 | 29.5 | 29.5 | 34.1 |
| Brookfield      | 11.2 | 12.0 | 12.6 | 14.7 | 14.2 | 16.6 | 16.9 |
| Brooklyn        | 2.2  | 2.8  | 2.2  | 2.4  | 2.5  | 2.6  | 2.9  |
| Burlington      | 6.3  | 6.9  | 7.2  | 7.9  | 8.1  | 9.1  | 10.3 |
| Canaan          | 0.6  | 0.6  | 0.7  | 0.9  | 8.0  | 2.8  | 2.4  |
| Canterbury      | 2.0  | 2.1  | 2.1  | 2.1  | 2.1  | 2.3  | 2.4  |
| Canton          | 7.6  | 8.6  | 8.6  | 9.3  | 9.7  | 10.2 | 10.7 |
| Chaplin         | 0.8  | 0.7  | 0.6  | 0.5  | 0.5  | 0.6  | 1.0  |
| Cheshire        | 22.2 | 24.5 | 25.7 | 27.9 | 29.4 | 30.3 | 36.6 |
| Chester         | 2.2  | 2.5  | 2.7  | 2.8  | 3.0  | 3.4  | 3.8  |
| Clinton         | 6.6  | 7.2  | 7.5  | 7.8  | 8.5  | 8.8  | 9.6  |
| Colchester      | 7.5  | 8.0  | 8.3  | 8.8  | 9.4  | 9.5  | 10.4 |
| Colebrook       | 0.3  | 0.4  | 0.4  | 0.7  | 1.4  | 0.6  | 0.6  |
| Columbia        | 3.1  | 3.4  | 3.5  | 3.8  | 3.9  | 3.9  | 4.3  |
| Cornwall        | 0.6  | 0.6  | 0.9  | 8.0  | 1.1  | 1.0  | 0.9  |
| Coventry        | 5.8  | 6.3  | 6.5  | 6.7  | 7.0  | 7.2  | 7.8  |
| Cromwell        | 8.0  | 8.5  | 9.0  | 9.1  | 10.1 | 10.4 | 11.6 |
| Danbury         | 30.1 | 32.5 | 33.1 | 36.7 | 36.9 | 38.7 | 38.0 |
| Darien          | 29.8 | 37.1 | 42.2 | 56.4 | 61.6 | 65.1 | 76.3 |
| Deep River      | 2.6  | 2.7  | 2.7  | 3.5  | 3.2  | 3.3  | 3.6  |
| Derby           | 5.0  | 5.2  | 5.1  | 5.1  | 5.2  | 5.3  | 5.8  |
| Durham          | 4.9  | 5.3  | 5.7  | 6.5  | 6.7  | 6.4  | 7.8  |
| Eastford        | 0.6  | 0.6  | 0.7  | 0.7  | 0.8  | 0.8  | 0.9  |
| East Granby     | 3.3  | 3.6  | 3.7  | 3.8  | 4.2  | 4.0  | 4.7  |
| East Haddam     | 3.9  | 4.2  | 4.3  | 4.6  | 4.9  | 6.1  | 5.7  |
| East Hampton    | 7.3  | 7.3  | 7.3  | 7.7  | 8.2  | 8.4  | 9.7  |
| East Hartford   | 17.2 | 17.5 | 17.3 | 16.9 | 17.1 | 17.3 | 19.2 |
| East Haven      | 10.3 | 11.9 | 11.5 | 12.0 | 11.9 | 12.3 | 13.2 |
| East Lyme       | 10.4 | 11.0 | 11.4 | 12.3 | 13.5 | 15.1 | 16.1 |
| Easton          | 8.9  | 10.4 | 11.7 | 13.6 | 16.7 | 17.5 | 18.7 |

| Municipality(1) | 1994  | 1995  | 1996  | 1997  | 1998  | 1999  | 2000  |
|-----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| East Windsor    | 4.3   | 4.6   | 4.7   | 4.8   | 4.9   | 5.3   | 5.7   |
| Ellington       | 6.3   | 7.0   | 7.3   | 8.2   | 8.7   | 10.1  | 10.8  |
| Enfield         | 17.5  | 18.4  | 18.3  | 18.8  | 18.6  | 19.2  | 21.2  |
| Essex           | 5.6   | 6.9   | 7.1   | 7.2   | 8.4   | 10.4  | 12.0  |
| Fairfield       | 52.3  | 60.0  | 67.6  | 81.4  | 90.6  | 101.5 | 119.6 |
| Farmington      | 22.4  | 23.8  | 25.3  | 29.4  | 31.8  | 33.8  | 37.8  |
| Franklin        | 0.9   | 1.1   | 1.1   | 1.1   | 1.1   | 1.1   | 1.2   |
| Glastonbury     | 30.7  | 33.9  | 35.7  | 40.9  | 42.8  | 48.3  | 56.9  |
| Goshen          | 1.6   | 1.8   | 2.0   | 2.2   | 2.5   | 2.5   | 2.8   |
| Granby          | 7.9   | 8.6   | 9.3   | 9.9   | 10.3  | 10.6  | 12.4  |
| Greenwich       | 102.8 | 139.4 | 166.4 | 223.6 | 241.4 | 257.1 | 333.4 |
| Griswold        | 2.5   | 2.7   | 2.7   | 2.7   | 2.8   | 2.8   | 3.1   |
| Groton          | 9.9   | 10.7  | 10.9  | 11.0  | 12.1  | 12.0  | 14.2  |
| Guilford        | 21.2  | 20.9  | 22.4  | 24.0  | 26.2  | 27.9  | 33.3  |
| Haddam          | 4.8   | 5.3   | 5.4   | 5.6   | 6.2   | 6.6   | 6.9   |
| Hamden          | 29.7  | 32.3  | 32.7  | 33.2  | 34.7  | 43.9  | 39.3  |
| Hampton         | 0.9   | 1.0   | 1.0   | 1.1   | 1.1   | 1.2   | 1.5   |
| Hartford        | 22.1  | 21.7  | 20.5  | 22.2  | 21.3  | 22.2  | 26.1  |
| Hartland        | 0.9   | 1.0   | 1.0   | 1.0   | 1.1   | 1.1   | 1.2   |
| Harwinton       | 3.4   | 3.7   | 3.9   | 4.3   | 4.7   | 4.6   | 5.9   |
| Hebron          | 5.3   | 5.7   | 6.0   | 6.4   | 7.1   | 8.6   | 12.4  |
| Kent            | 1.7   | 1.9   | 1.8   | 2.0   | 2.7   | 2.7   | 4.3   |
| Killingly       | 4.8   | 5.0   | 4.9   | 4.8   | 4.8   | 4.8   | 5.4   |
| Killingworth    | 4.0   | 4.5   | 4.9   | 5.0   | 5.9   | 6.6   | 7.2   |
| Lebanon         | 3.1   | 3.3   | 3.4   | 3.5   | 4.0   | 4.0   | 4.5   |
| Ledyard         | 8.5   | 9.2   | 9.1   | 9.7   | 10.0  | 10.8  | 11.9  |
| Lisbon          | 1.3   | 1.3   | 1.4   | 1.3   | 1.4   | 1.4   | 1.6   |
| Litchfield      | 6.3   | 6.9   | 7.5   | 8.5   | 8.7   | 9.5   | 10.3  |
| Lyme            | 8.0   | 1.7   | 1.5   | 2.6   | 4.6   | 5.4   | 6.0   |
| Madison         | 16.7  | 18.8  | 20.2  | 23.1  | 25.7  | 27.7  | 31.5  |
| Manchester      | 26.0  | 27.6  | 27.3  | 28.9  | 30.0  | 30.9  | 33.9  |
| Mansfield       | 7.1   | 7.8   | 8.2   | 8.5   | 8.9   | 9.3   | 10.1  |
| Marlborough     | 4.5   | 4.9   | 5.6   | 5.3   | 5.4   | 6.0   | 7.0   |
| Meriden         | 22.0  | 22.8  | 22.8  | 22.9  | 22.9  | 23.3  | 24.9  |
| Middlebury      | 6.3   | 6.8   | 8.1   | 8.6   | 8.4   | 10.2  | 10.4  |
| Middlefield     | 2.5   | 2.6   | 2.7   | 2.8   | 3.1   | 3.4   | 3.6   |
| Middletown      | 19.2  | 20.3  | 20.6  | 21.9  | 23.1  | 23.3  | 25.9  |
| Milford         | 27.9  | 30.6  | 31.8  | 33.1  | 35.5  | 37.5  | 44.8  |
| Monroe          | 13.5  | 15.0  | 16.1  | 17.5  | 18.8  | 20.3  | 22.1  |
| Montville       | 7.1   | 7.6   | 7.4   | 7.5   | 7.7   | 8.0   | 8.7   |
| Morris          | 1.0   | 1.1   | 1.1   | 1.7   | 1.6   | 1.5   | 2.1   |
| Naugatuck       | 12.1  | 12.8  | 12.9  | 12.8  | 12.9  | 13.1  | 14.5  |
| New Britain     | 18.6  | 19.2  | 18.8  | 19.1  | 18.9  | 18.4  | 19.7  |
| New Canaan      | 36.7  | 51.3  | 57.4  | 69.6  | 79.1  | 110.7 | 106.5 |
| New Fairfield   | 7.3   | 8.6   | 9.5   | 9.5   | 10.5  | 10.5  | 11.6  |
| New Hartford    | 4.2   | 4.5   | 4.7   | 5.1   | 5.2   | 6.0   | 8.5   |

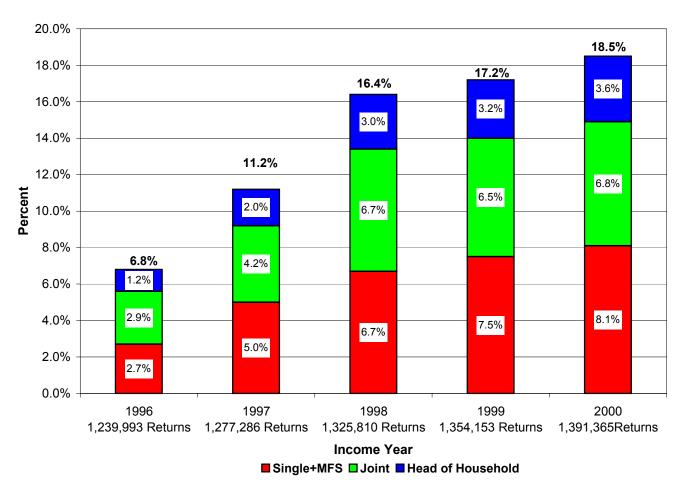
| Municipality(1)  | 1994 | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998  | 1999  | 2000  |
|------------------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| New Haven        | 30.6 | 30.6 | 30.1 | 31.0 | 32.1  | 32.8  | 36.8  |
| Newington        | 16.6 | 17.7 | 17.8 | 18.0 | 18.3  | 18.7  | 20.1  |
| New London       | 6.7  | 6.9  | 6.9  | 6.7  | 7.0   | 6.9   | 7.9   |
| New Milford      | 13.0 | 14.2 | 14.5 | 15.5 | 16.1  | 17.7  | 18.7  |
| Newtown          | 18.2 | 20.4 | 22.0 | 24.9 | 27.3  | 31.3  | 36.0  |
| Norfolk          | 1.0  | 1.1  | 1.2  | 1.3  | 1.3   | 1.3   | 1.6   |
| North Branford   | 8.1  | 9.0  | 9.4  | 9.6  | 10.0  | 10.1  | 10.9  |
| North Canaan     | 1.1  | 1.2  | 1.2  | 1.4  | 1.5   | 0.4   | 0.4   |
| North Haven      | 15.7 | 17.1 | 17.3 | 18.5 | 19.9  | 20.3  | 21.6  |
| North Stonington | 2.5  | 2.6  | 3.0  | 2.8  | 3.4   | 3.6   | 3.9   |
| Norwalk          | 46.4 | 49.3 | 52.8 | 59.2 | 60.8  | 69.5  | 75.4  |
| Norwich          | 13.9 | 14.2 | 14.3 | 14.9 | 14.5  | 14.5  | 15.7  |
| Old Lyme         | 7.4  | 7.9  | 9.5  | 10.2 | 12.1  | 12.1  | 12.9  |
| Old Saybrook     | 6.5  | 7.2  | 8.1  | 8.9  | 9.8   | 9.7   | 10.4  |
| Orange           | 12.4 | 13.6 | 13.5 | 14.5 | 15.8  | 17.0  | 19.1  |
| Oxford           | 5.6  | 5.6  | 7.0  | 6.1  | 7.2   | 7.6   | 8.9   |
| Plainfield       | 3.7  | 4.0  | 3.9  | 3.9  | 3.9   | 4.2   | 4.4   |
| Plainville       | 8.2  | 8.4  | 8.3  | 8.4  | 8.8   | 10.3  | 9.5   |
| Plymouth         | 4.9  | 5.0  | 5.1  | 5.1  | 5.2   | 5.3   | 5.8   |
| Pomfret          | 1.9  | 2.1  | 2.1  | 2.5  | 2.4   | 2.8   | 2.9   |
| Portland         | 5.3  | 5.6  | 5.8  | 6.2  | 6.4   | 7.2   | 7.1   |
| Preston          | 1.9  | 2.2  | 2.3  | 2.1  | 2.5   | 2.4   | 2.6   |
| Prospect         | 4.7  | 5.3  | 5.3  | 5.5  | 5.9   | 6.3   | 6.9   |
| Putnam           | 2.2  | 2.4  | 2.2  | 2.3  | 2.5   | 2.4   | 2.6   |
| Redding          | 9.4  | 11.4 | 12.0 | 14.4 | 16.1  | 16.7  | 18.9  |
| Ridgefield       | 23.5 | 27.4 | 31.7 | 40.7 | 40.6  | 47.5  | 63.1  |
| Rocky Hill       | 11.0 | 11.6 | 11.8 | 12.6 | 15.4  | 14.6  | 15.7  |
| Roxbury          | 2.1  | 2.1  | 2.3  | 2.7  | 2.7   | 3.1   | 3.7   |
| Salem            | 2.2  | 2.4  | 2.4  | 2.4  | 2.8   | 3.0   | 3.1   |
| Salisbury        | 2.6  | 2.7  | 3.0  | 3.8  | 3.7   | 3.8   | 5.1   |
| Scotland         | 0.3  | 0.4  | 0.4  | 0.4  | 0.4   | 0.4   | 0.6   |
| Seymour          | 7.4  | 8.1  | 7.9  | 8.4  | 8.1   | 8.4   | 9.2   |
| Sharon           | 1.6  | 2.0  | 2.3  | 2.7  | 3.2   | 3.6   | 4.7   |
| Shelton          | 22.9 | 25.3 | 26.3 | 27.3 | 28.6  | 30.8  | 34.1  |
| Sherman          | 2.8  | 3.1  | 2.6  | 3.2  | 2.9   | 3.9   | 3.8   |
| Simsbury         | 24.6 | 27.1 | 28.4 | 33.8 | 33.8  | 37.2  | 43.0  |
| Somers           | 4.9  | 5.4  | 5.6  | 6.1  | 6.4   | 6.6   | 7.2   |
| Southbury        | 12.4 | 13.7 | 14.8 | 16.6 | 17.3  | 18.5  | 21.3  |
| Southington      | 23.1 | 25.0 | 26.2 | 28.1 | 29.4  | 30.1  | 32.5  |
| South Windsor    | 17.4 | 18.8 | 19.2 | 20.4 | 21.9  | 22.7  | 25.1  |
| Sprague          | 1.4  | 1.4  | 1.4  | 1.4  | 1.4   | 1.4   | 1.4   |
| Stafford         | 4.0  | 4.1  | 4.2  | 4.3  | 4.4   | 4.5   | 4.9   |
| Stamford         | 73.1 | 83.4 | 88.8 | 97.9 | 109.2 | 115.0 | 132.5 |
| Sterling         | 0.7  | 0.7  | 0.7  | 0.7  | 0.7   | 0.7   | 8.0   |
| Stonington       | 14.2 | 15.7 | 16.4 | 17.5 | 19.9  | 22.6  | 26.9  |
| Stratford        | 25.1 | 27.1 | 27.1 | 26.6 | 1.1   | 29.1  | 31.6  |

| Municipality(1)     | 1994    | 1995    | 1996    | 1997    | 1998    | 1999    | 2000    |
|---------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Suffield            | 7.6     | 8.4     | 8.8     | 9.6     | 10.5    | 11.0    | 12.7    |
| Thomaston           | 3.3     | 3.5     | 3.7     | 3.6     | 3.7     | 3.8     | 4.5     |
| Thompson            | 1.8     | 1.9     | 2.2     | 2.2     | 2.3     | 2.3     | 2.5     |
| Tolland             | 8.4     | 9.2     | 9.6     | 10.7    | 11.4    | 12.0    | 13.3    |
| Torrington          | 13.7    | 14.2    | 14.3    | 14.2    | 14.4    | 15.3    | 16.3    |
| Trumbull            | 27.3    | 30.1    | 31.3    | 32.4    | 35.9    | 38.4    | 45.2    |
| Union               | 0.3     | 0.4     | 0.5     | 0.8     | 0.6     | 0.6     | 0.7     |
| Vernon              | 14.3    | 15.0    | 15.0    | 15.3    | 15.8    | 15.9    | 17.5    |
| Voluntown           | 1.3     | 1.4     | 1.5     | 1.6     | 1.5     | 1.6     | 1.7     |
| Wallingford         | 22.8    | 24.6    | 25.5    | 26.5    | 27.9    | 29.5    | 33.5    |
| Warren              | 0.9     | 1.0     | 1.2     | 1.3     | 1.1     | 1.4     | 1.6     |
| Washington          | 3.7     | 4.1     | 4.8     | 5.9     | 9.2     | 6.6     | 6.5     |
| Waterbury           | 30.0    | 30.8    | 30.4    | 30.1    | 29.7    | 29.7    | 31.7    |
| Waterford           | 11.0    | 11.8    | 12.3    | 12.7    | 13.6    | 14.3    | 15.2    |
| Watertown           | 11.4    | 12.1    | 12.6    | 13.4    | 13.4    | 14.1    | 15.1    |
| Westbrook           | 2.9     | 3.2     | 3.3     | 3.4     | 4.0     | 4.5     | 5.0     |
| West Hartford       | 60.7    | 62.3    | 66.4    | 70.7    | 73.3    | 76.0    | 90.5    |
| West Haven          | 16.6    | 18.3    | 18.1    | 18.3    | 20.1    | 19.0    | 21.2    |
| Weston              | 15.4    | 20.1    | 23.4    | 26.9    | 31.3    | 35.7    | 44.2    |
| Westport            | 40.9    | 48.3    | 55.9    | 66.2    | 77.3    | 90.0    | 90.8    |
| Wethersfield        | 17.5    | 19.4    | 19.7    | 20.8    | 21.3    | 21.6    | 23.9    |
| Willington          | 2.9     | 3.1     | 3.2     | 3.3     | 3.4     | 3.6     | 3.9     |
| Wilton              | 23.1    | 27.6    | 33.1    | 38.3    | 45.5    | 51.9    | 77.5    |
| Winchester          | 5.4     | 5.7     | 5.8     | 5.9     | 6.1     | 6.1     | 5.4     |
| Windham             | 6.2     | 6.6     | 6.4     | 6.6     | 6.4     | 6.4     | 6.8     |
| Windsor             | 16.6    | 17.2    | 17.8    | 18.1    | 18.8    | 19.1    | 20.8    |
| Windsor Locks       | 5.2     | 5.4     | 5.9     | 5.6     | 5.7     | 5.7     | 6.2     |
| Wolcott             | 7.2     | 8.0     | 8.2     | 8.7     | 8.8     | 10.0    | 9.8     |
| Woodbridge          | 13.7    | 16.7    | 16.4    | 19.3    | 22.6    | 20.6    | 23.2    |
| Woodbury            | 7.2     | 8.0     | 8.7     | 10.2    | 10.8    | 11.7    | 12.8    |
| Woodstock           | 2.8     | 2.9     | 3.0     | 3.2     | 3.4     | 3.6     | 4.1     |
| Unknown Zip Code(2) | 0.5     | 1.1     | 2.3     | 3.3     | 29.3    | 0.5     | 0.5     |
| No Longer in CT(3)  | 69.0    | 77.4    | 96.9    | 112.6   | 146.1   | 160.2   | 173.1   |
| Total Resident      | 1,987.8 | 2,208.3 | 2,351.8 | 2,611.4 | 2,821.7 | 3,035.7 | 3,438.3 |

#### Notes:

- (1) Tax returns filed with a valid postal zip code for CT municipalities.
- (2) Resident tax returns filed with an incorrect postal zip code. Therefore it cannot be determined in which municipality such taxpayers reside.
- (3) No longer a CT address but taxpayer filed a resident tax return and indicated CT residency. However current address the Department of Revenue Services has is an out of state address and therefore cannot be attributed to any one of the 169 municipalities.

# Percent of Resident Tax Returns where the CT Income Tax Liability is Eliminated by the combined effect of the Property Tax Credit and the 3% Tax Rate for certain income levels



The table below presents the CT Adjusted Gross Income levels where the final income tax liability is eliminated or zeroed out by the application of the Property Tax Credits in conjunction with the effect of the taxable income levels subject to the 3% tax rate for income years 1999 and 2000 respectively.

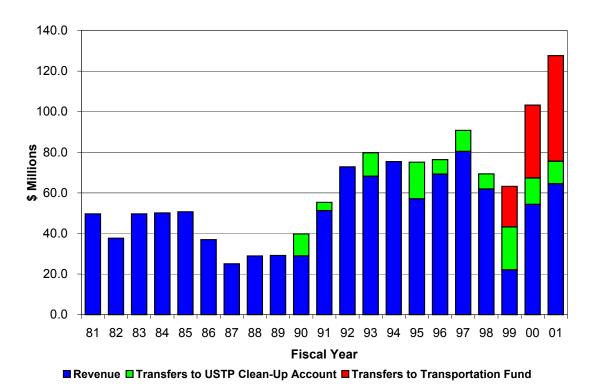
# CT Income Tax Liability Eliminated for CT Adjusted Gross Income Levels by Tax Filing Status

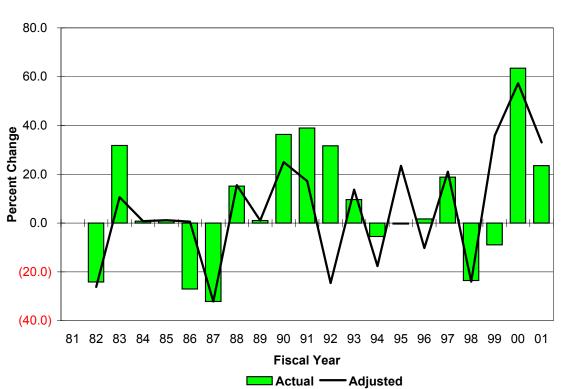
|                               | Joint                         | Married Filing Sep.             | Single                   | Head of Household    |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|
| 1999 Income Year              |                               |                                 | _                        |                      |
| \$425 w/3% Tax Rate           | \$24,000 to \$41,500          | \$12,000 to \$25,000            | \$12,000 to \$25,000     | \$19,000 to \$35,500 |
| (Taxable Income Levels \$7,50 | 00 for Single & MFS, \$15,000 | ) for Joint, and \$12,000 for H | ead of Household Filers) |                      |
|                               |                               |                                 |                          |                      |
| 2000 Income Year              |                               |                                 |                          |                      |
| \$500 w/3% Tax Rate           | \$24,000 to \$41,500          | \$12,000 to \$25,000            | \$12,250 to \$26,350     | \$19,000 to \$35,500 |
| (Taxable Income Levels \$7,50 | 00 for Single & MFS, \$15,000 | ) for Joint, and \$12,000 for H | ead of Household Filers) |                      |

Notes: (1) Married Filing Separate (MFS) is combined with Single Filers for comparison purposes.

- (2) For the 1997 and subsequent income years taxpayers beyond certain income levels are eligible for a maximum \$100 credit for property taxes paid. (For explanation, see previous section.)
- (3) Single Filers' standard exemption amount is increased from \$12,000 to \$15,000 beginning with the 2000 income year.
- (4) Assumes taxpayer claims up to the maximum credit allowed.

# Petroleum Companies Tax Collections and Growth Rates FY 81 - FY 01





Adjusted for Legislative Base and Rate changes.

Net of transfers to the Underground Storage Taxes Petroleum Clean-Up Account

# TAX REVENUE ACTUAL and ADJUSTED GROWTH RATES

| Petroleum | Companies |  |
|-----------|-----------|--|
|-----------|-----------|--|

|      | Revenue   | Tax     | Non-      | Actual | Adjusted |
|------|-----------|---------|-----------|--------|----------|
|      | (000,000) | Changes | recurring | %      | %        |
|      |           |         |           |        |          |
| FY81 | 49.7      | 49.7    | 0.0       |        |          |
| FY82 | 37.7      | 1.0     | 0.0       | (24.1) | (26.2)   |
| FY83 | 49.7      | 8.0     | 0.0       | 31.8   | 10.6     |
| FY84 | 50.1      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 0.8    | 8.0      |
| FY85 | 50.7      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 1.2    | 1.2      |
| FY86 | 37.0      | (14.0)  | 0.0       | (27.0) | 0.6      |
| FY87 | 25.1      | 0.0     | 0.0       | (32.2) | (32.2)   |
| FY88 | 28.9      | (0.1)   | 0.0       | 15.1   | 15.5     |
| FY89 | 29.2      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 1.0    | 1.0      |
| FY90 | 39.8*     | 14.2    | (10.9)    | 36.3   | 25.0     |
| FY91 | 55.3*     | 0.0     | (4.1)     | 38.9   | 17.2     |
| FY92 | 72.8      | 28.0    | 0.0       | 31.6   | (24.6)   |
| FY93 | 79.8*     | 9.0     | (12.0)    | 9.6    | 13.7     |
| FY94 | 75.4      | (0.2)   | 0.0       | (5.5)  | (17.6)   |
| FY95 | 75.1*     | 0.0     | (18.0)    | (0.4)  | 23.5     |
| FY96 | 76.4*     | 0.0     | (7.2)     | 1.7    | (10.2)   |
| FY97 | 90.8*     | 0.0     | (10.4)    | 18.8   | 21.1     |
| FY98 | 69.4*     | 0.0     | (7.5)     | (23.6) | (24.0)   |
| FY99 | 63.2*     | (20.2)  | (21.1)    | (8.9)  | 35.9     |
| FY00 | 103.3*    | (16.2)  | (13.1)    | 63.4   | 57.3     |
| FY01 | 127.6*    | (10.2)  | (17.1)    | 23.5   | 33.1     |

\*Gross before transfers to USTP and Transportation Fund

#### PETROLEUM COMPANIES TAX

| Fiscal | Gross<br>Revenues |      |   |
|--------|-------------------|------|---|
| Year   |                   | Rate | Base Changes  |
| 1981   | 49.7              | 2%   | Levied on gross earnings of petroleum companies engaged in refining and distributing petroleum products to whole-sale and retail dealers for distribution in state.   |
| 1982   | 37.7              | 2%   | Firm is subject to tax when product is first sold in state (tax credit provided if and when product is subsequently sold out of state). Eff 5/1/82.   |
| 1983   | 49.7              | 2%   |   |
| 1984   | 50.1              | 2%   |   |
| 1985   | 50.7              | 2%   |   |
| 1300   | 30.7              | 2 /0 |   |
| 1986   | 37.0              | 2%   | <ol> <li>Gross receipts from sales of home heating fuel are exempt from the tax (7/1/85).</li> <li>The Emergency Spill Response Fund received \$1.5 million from FY 1986 tax receipts.</li> </ol>                                     |
| 1987   | 25.1              | 2%   |   |
| 1988   | 28.9              | 2%   | Sales of propane gas used for residential heating purposes is exempt.   |
| 1989   | 29.2              | 2%   | PA 89-313 - Rate raised from 2 to 3% to fund the Underground Storage Tank Petroleum Clean-up Acct[1].   |
| 1990   | 39.8              | 3%   |   |
| 1991   | 55.3              | 5%   | PA 91-3 (JSS) - The rate is increased 10/1/91.  |
|        | 33.3              | 3,5  |   |
| 1992   | 72.8              | 5%   | PA 92-17 - Bunker fuel oil, intermediate marine diesel fuel oil, and marine gas used in vessels displacing 4,000 deadweight tons is exempted from Petroleum Tax.  |
| 1993   | 79.8              | 5%   | PA 93-74 - Exempts Kerosene used for home heating.  |
| 1994   | 75.4              | 5%   | PA 94-4 (MSS) - Changes the definition of gross receipts for service stations along state highways pursuant to a contract with DOT to base it on the wholesale price of fuel, effective 1/1/88.                                       |
| 1995   | 75.1              | 5%   | PA 95-172 - Earnings from sales of propane used as motor vehicle are exempt from the tax, effective 7/1/95. Sales of propane for heating purposes is extended to all sales, not just limited to residential heating as prior law did. |
| 1996   | 76.4              | 5%   |   |

#### PETROLEUM COMPANIES TAX

|              | Gross<br>Revenues<br>(Millions \$) | Rate     | Base Changes  |
|--------------|------------------------------------|----------|---|
| 1997         | 90.8                               | 5%       | PA 96-183 - Number 2 Oil sold to be used in commercial fishing vessels is exempt from the petroleum gross earnings tax.   |
| 1998         | 69.4                               | 5%       | PA 97-309 - Transfer revenue generated from tax on petroleum products to the Transportation Fund. (\$20 Million in FY99 and \$36 Million in FY 00 and on.)  |
|              |                                    |          | PA 97-281 - Phases out the 5% tax on gross earnings by 1% per year over five years on fuel used in vessels primarily engaged in interstate commerce and on #6 fuel used by industrial customers (SIC 2000-3000) effective 7/1/98.   |
| 1999<br>2000 | 63.2<br>103.3                      | 5%<br>5% |   |
| 2001         | 127.6                              | 5%       | PA 00-170 increased the transfer to the Transporation Fund by \$10 million to \$46 million in FY 01 (see PA 97-309).  |
|              |                                    |          | PA 00-174 exempted paraffin and microcrystalline waxes from the tax.  |
| 2002         | 125.8<br>Estimate                  | 5%       | PA 01-1 JSS transfers \$6 million in FY 01 and \$8 million in FY 02 and FY 03 to the USTF.  |
|              |                                    |          | PA 01-6 JSS makes the following changes: 1) transfer \$1 million in FY 03 to the Conservation Fund Fisheries Account (one time). 2) extends the sunset for the exemption of propane and natural gas when sold as a motor fuel to June 30, 2002. 3) changes the threshold for when a company must pay the tax from \$100,000 to \$3,000 worth of products per quarter. |

#### **PETROLEUM COMPANIES TAX**

### Calculation of General Fund Petroleum Companies Tax Revenue (Amounts in thousands)

|           |          | Transfers<br>to USTP | Transfers Transportation |              |            |
|-----------|----------|----------------------|--------------------------|--------------|------------|
|           | Gross    | Clean-Up             | and Other                | General Fund |            |
|           | Revenues | Account[1]           | Funds[2,3]               | Revenues     |            |
| FY 90     | 39,766   | 10,926               |                          | 28,840       |            |
| FY 91     | 55,290   | 4,074                |                          | 51,216       |            |
| FY 93     | 79,846   | 11,555               |                          | 68,291       |            |
| FY 95     | 75,056   | 18,027               |                          | 57,029       |            |
| FY 96     | 76,359   | 7,182                |                          | 69,177       |            |
| FY 97     | 90,809   | 10,447               |                          | 80,362       |            |
| FY 98     | 69,393   | 7,535                |                          | 61,858       |            |
| FY 99     | 63,234   | 21,085               | 20,000                   | 22,149       |            |
| FY 00     | 103,338  | 13,054               | 36,000                   | 54,284       |            |
| FY 01     | 127,568  | 11,070               | 52,000                   | 64,497       |            |
| Est-FY 02 | 125,800  | 10,000               | 54,000                   | 61,800       | Budget Act |

<sup>[1]</sup> The Underground Storage Tank Petroleum Clean-Up Account within the Environmental Quality Fund reimburses responsible parties for costs incurred due to leaking petroleum underground storage tank systems. The fund balance is maintained between \$5 and 15 million through transfers from tax receipts.

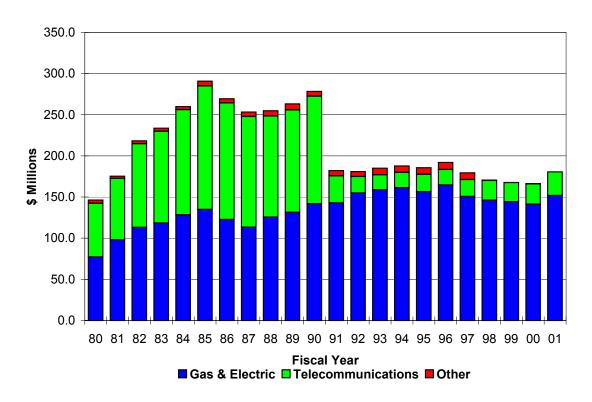
Source: Department of Revenue Services Annual Report, various years and

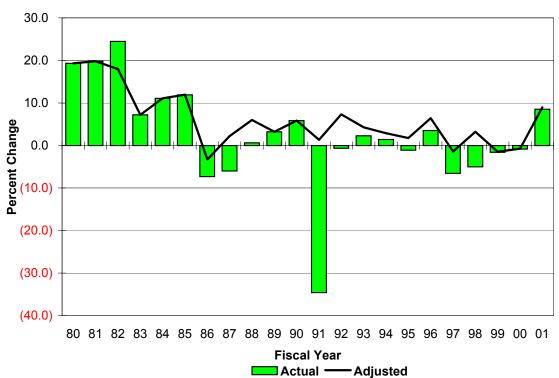
The Annual Report of the State Comptroller, various years.

<sup>[2]</sup> PA 97-309 Transfers \$20 million in FY 99 and \$36 in FY 00 and thereafter to the Transportation Fund. PA 00-170 increased the transfer by \$10 million to \$46 million in FY 01 and thereafter.

<sup>[3]</sup> PA 01-1 JSS Transfers \$6 million in FY 01 and \$8 in FY 02 and FY 03 to the Environmental Quality Fund spill account. PA 01-6 JSS transfers \$1 million FY 03 to Conservation Fund Fisheries Account (one-time).

# Public Service Corporations Collections and Growth Rates FY 80 - FY 01





Adjusted for Legislative Base and Rate changes. Estimates made at time legislation was adopted.

#### TAX REVENUE ACTUAL and ADJUSTED GROWTH RATES

| Public | Service | <ul><li>Corporation</li></ul> | S |
|--------|---------|-------------------------------|---|
|--------|---------|-------------------------------|---|

|      | i abiic oci | _       | lations   |        | A 11 1 1 |
|------|-------------|---------|-----------|--------|----------|
|      | Revenue     | Tax     | Non-      | Actual | Adjusted |
|      | (000,000)   | Changes | recurring | %      | %        |
|      |             |         |           |        |          |
| FY72 | 52.9        | 15.0    | 0.0       |        |          |
| FY73 | 61.7        | 0.0     | 0.0       | 16.6   | 16.6     |
| FY74 | 68.7        | 0.0     | 0.0       | 11.3   | 11.3     |
| FY75 | 82.8        | 0.0     | 0.0       | 20.5   | 20.5     |
| FY76 | 92.7        | 0.0     | 0.0       | 12.0   | 12.0     |
| FY77 | 131.2       | 0.0     | 30.6      | 41.5   | 8.5      |
| FY78 | 108.3       | 0.0     | 0.0       | (17.5) | 7.7      |
| FY79 | 122.6       | (0.1)   | 0.0       | 13.2   | 13.3     |
| FY80 | 146.3       | 0.0     | 0.0       | 19.3   | 19.3     |
| FY81 | 175.3       | 0.0     | 0.0       | 19.8   | 19.8     |
| FY82 | 218.2       | 11.4    | 0.0       | 24.5   | 18.0     |
| FY83 | 233.9       | 0.0     | 0.0       | 7.2    | 7.2      |
| FY84 | 259.8       | 0.0     | 0.0       | 11.1   | 11.1     |
| FY85 | 290.7       | (0.1)   | 0.0       | 11.9   | 11.9     |
| FY86 | 269.4       | (11.7)  | 0.0       | (7.3)  | (3.3)    |
| FY87 | 253.2       | (22.1)  | 0.0       | (6.0)  | 2.2      |
| FY88 | 254.8       | (13.6)  | 0.0       | 0.6    | 6.0      |
| FY89 | 263.0       | 0.0     | 0.0       | 3.2    | 3.2      |
| FY90 | 278.4       | 0.0     | 0.0       | 5.9    | 5.9      |
| FY91 | 182.1       | (100.0) | 0.0       | (34.6) | 1.3      |
| FY92 | 180.9       | (18.0)  | 3.5       | (0.7)  | 7.3      |
| FY93 | 185.0       | 0.0     | 0.0       | 2.3    | 4.3      |
| FY94 | 187.6       | (2.7)   | 0.0       | 1.4    | 2.9      |
| FY95 | 185.5       | (5.4)   | 0.0       | (1.1)  | 1.8      |
| FY96 | 192.0       | (5.4)   | 0.0       | 3.5    | 6.4      |
| FY97 | 179.4       | (9.9)   | 0.0       | (6.6)  | (1.4)    |
| FY98 | 170.4       | (14.8)  | 0.0       | (5.0)  | 3.2      |
| FY99 | 167.7       | (0.2)   | 0.0       | (1.6)  | (1.5)    |
| FY00 | 166.3       | (0.2)   | 0.0       | (0.8)  | (0.7)    |
| FY01 | 180.5       | (0.7)   | 0.0       | 8.5    | 9.0      |

#### **PUBLIC SERVICE CORPORATION TAX**

| Fiscal<br>Year | Revenue<br>(Millions \$) | Base and Rate Changes   |
|----------------|--------------------------|---|
|                |                          | · ·   |
| 1972<br>1973   | 52.9<br>61.7             |   |
| 1974           | 68.7                     |   |
| 1975 [1]       |                          |   |
| 1976           | 92.8                     |   |
| 1977           | 131.7                    | (accelerated payments)  |
| 1978           | 108.3                    |   |
| 1979 [2]       |                          |   |
| 1980           | 146.3                    |   |
| 1981           | 175.3                    |   |
| 1982<br>1983   | 218.2<br>233.9           | (1) Electric & gas companies may deduct revenues derived from energy  |
| 1903           | 233.9                    | conservation loan programs from gross earnings.   |
|                |                          | (2) Various tax credits are provided to firms engaging in community service   |
|                |                          | activities (see corporation tax).   |
| 1984           | 259.8                    | (1) The Department of Revenue Services rules that the tax on cable companies  |
| 1004           | 200.0                    | (CATV) applies to premium services as well as basic services.   |
|                |                          | (2) In response to the Federal break-up of the American Telephone and   |
|                |                          | Telegraph Corporation (AT&T), the definition of telecommunication services  |
|                |                          | subject to the is revised.  |
| 1985           | 290.7                    | (4) The color of one conductivity to accidential consequence is and accident 40/  |
| 1986           | 269.4                    | <ol> <li>The sales of gas or electricity to residential consumers is reduced to 4%<br/>from 5 (10/1/85).</li> </ol>         |
|                |                          | (2) The 3% gross earnings tax on Railroad Car companies is repealed (1/1/85).   |
|                |                          | (3) The 9% tax on the gross receipts from sales of interstate telecommunications services is extended to 12/31/85 (1/1/85). |
|                |                          | (4) Railroad Companies are allowed an alternative method for determining  |
|                |                          | gross receipt in Connecticut. Investments in additional areas are eligible as   |
|                |                          | offsetting tax credits (10/1/85).   |
| 1987           | 253.2                    | (1) (a) Telecommunication services which are not rate regulated by the DPUC   |
|                |                          | are subject to a 6.5% gross receipts tax. The tax is applied to   |
|                |                          | revenues from services:   |
|                |                          | (1) Rendered entirely within Connecticut  |
|                |                          | (2) Which originate or terminate in Connecticut and are billed to<br>Connecticut (7/1/86).                                  |
|                |                          | (b) Companies providing rate regulated service will pay two-ninths of their   |
|                |                          | annual tax as a grant to towns. The payments is in proportion to the  |
|                |                          | number of access lines in each town to the total number of access lines statewide (4/1/87).                                 |
| 1988           | 254.8                    | (1) (a) Telecommunications companies subject to both the 6.5% tax and the   |
|                |                          | 9% tax (i.e., companies providing competitive and regulated services)   |
|                |                          | may pay their entire annual tax by April 1 (1/1/87)   |
|                |                          | (b) Competition in the provision of certain telecommunications services -   |
|                |                          | resale, private lines and coin operated telephones is allowed (7/1/87)  |

#### **PUBLIC SERVICE CORPORATION TAX**

| Fiscal<br>Year       | Revenue<br>(Millions \$) | Base and Rate Changes  |
|----------------------|--------------------------|--|
| 1989                 | 263.0                    | (c) One-third of the tax from regulated non-competitive telecommunications<br>services will be paid to a special fund for payment of a grant to towns<br>(the grant is increased from two-ninths to one-third).  |
| 1990                 | 278.4                    | <ul><li>(1) PA 89-251</li><li>(a) Tax rate on community antenna television companies reduced from 9% to 5%</li></ul>   |
|                      |                          | (b) Tax on regulated and nonregulated telecommunications allowed to expire 1/1/90  |
| 1991<br>1992<br>1993 | 182.1<br>180.9<br>185.0  |  |
| 1994                 | 187.6                    | PA's 93-74 and 93-322 phases out the 5% tax on electricity and natural gas to manufactures (SIC 2000-3999) by 1% each year beginning 1/1/94.   |
| 1995                 | 185.5                    | PA 94-4 (MSS) makes the following changes: (1) Exempts private water companies from the tax effective 7/1/96. (2) Provides a credit for 100% of the Property Tax paid on data processing equipment, effective with Property Tax paid on the 10/1/94 grand list. PA 94-101 exempts natural gas sold as motor vehicle fuel from the Public Service Taxes, effective 7/1/94 |
| 1996                 | 192.0                    | PA 95-160 delays the effective date of:  (1) The credit provided in PA 94-4 (MSS) for 100% of the property tax paid on data processing equipment from the 10/1/94 grand list to the 10/1/96 grand list.  (2) The repeal of the tax on water companies from 7/1/96 to 7/1/97.   |
|                      |                          | PA 95-172 - Earnings from the sale of propane used as motor vehicle fuel are exempt from the tax. Effective 7/1/95.  |
|                      |                          | PA 95-114 - Extends the utility companies tax on natural gas marketers. Marketers do not include gas companies, municipal gas utilities, gas pipeline companies or gas transmission companies. The act makes natural gas marketers eligible for the same exemptions allowed for gas and other utility companies subject to the tax.                                      |
|                      |                          | PA 95-359 - Specifies that natural gas marketers are subject to the tax only with regard to their sales of natural gas, bases their tax liability on the proportion of sales to retail customers that occur in the state, and exempts sales for resale from marketers from the tax   |
| 1997                 | 179.4                    | PA 96-144 - Reinstates the credit provided by PA 94-4 (MSS) for 100% of the Property Tax paid on data processing equipment. The credit was delayed by PA 95-160 from the 10/1/94 grand list to the 10/1/96 grand list.   |

#### **PUBLIC SERVICE CORPORATION TAX**

#### Fiscal Revenue Year (Millions \$)

#### **Base and Rate Changes**

PA 96-205 - The 5% tax on Steam Companies is phased out as follows:

|      |                     | PA 96-205 - The 5% tax on Steam Com   | npanies is phased out as follows:  |
|------|---------------------|---|--|
|      |                     | Effective Date  | Phased Out   |
|      |                     | 7/1/96  | 4%   |
|      |                     | 7/1/97  | 3%   |
|      |                     | 7/1/98  | 2%   |
|      |                     | 7/1/99  | 1%   |
|      |                     | 7/1/00  | Eliminated   |
| 1998 | 170.4               |   |  |
| 1999 | 167.7               | PA 98-28 restructures the electric industrial choose their electric suppliers beginning groups and July 1, 2000 for all other conbegins, rates are capped at their December will be accomplished by requiring each its electricity generation and distribution component will be subject to competition. The Act eliminates the gross earnings to July 1, 2000. | g January 1, 2000 for select<br>nsumers. Until competition<br>nber 31, 1996 levels. This<br>electric company to unbundle<br>n components. The generation<br>on from other suppliers. |
| 2000 | 166.3               | on the credit of \$30,000 for each home.  | lies to expenses over \$15,000 with a cap. The credit is capped at \$3 million up to four years. The credit is available   |
| 2001 | 180.5               |   |  |
| 2002 | 189.7<br>Budget Act | PA 01-6 JSS extends the sunset for the gas when sold as a motor fuel to June 3  |  |

Note: see following chart "Public Services Corporation Taxes" for the individual components of total revenue.

<sup>[1]</sup> Beginning with FY 1965 20% of all Public Service tax receipts went to the Public Service Tax Sinking Fund. The Fund was abolished in FY 75 and all revenues went to the General Fund.

<sup>[2]</sup> An exemption is provided for Railroads whose net operating income is less than 12% of their gross earnings.

#### **PUBLIC SERVICE CORPORATION TAX RATES**

#### Water[7], Gas, Steam

| Fiscal   | Community | ,         |           | Electric | Telegraph     | Railroad  | Railroad | Express |
|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|---------------|-----------|----------|---------|
| Year     | •         |           | Telecomm. | Power    | & Cable       | Car Co's. | Co's.    | Co's.   |
|          |           | Тоторитот |           |          | G. 5 G. G. G. |           | 300.     |         |
| 1972     | NA        | 8.00%     |           | 5.00%    | 4.50%         | 3.00%     | 2%-3.5%  | 2.00%   |
| 1973     | 8.00%     | 8.00      |           | 5.00     | 4.50          | 3.00      | 2 - 3.5  | 2.00    |
| 1974     | 8.00      | 8.00      |           | 5.00     | 4.50          | 3.00      | 2 - 3.5  | 2.00    |
| 1975     | 8.00      | 8.00      |           | 5.00     | 4.50          | 3.00      | 2 - 3.5  | 2.00    |
| 1976     | 8.00      | 8.00      |           | 5.00     | 4.50          | 3.00      | 2 - 3.5  | 2.00    |
| 1977     | 8.00      | 8.00      |           | 5.00     | 4.50          | 3.00      | 2 - 3.5  | 2.00    |
| 1978     | 8.00      | 8.00      |           | 5.00     | 4.50          | 3.00      | 2 - 3.5  | 2.00    |
| 1979     | 8.00      | 8.00      |           | 5.00     | 4.50          | 3.00      | 2 - 3.5  | 2.00    |
| 1980     | 8.00      | 8.00      |           | 5.00     | 4.50          | 3.00      | 2 - 3.5  | 2.00    |
| 1981     | 9.00      | 9.00      |           | 5.00     | 4.50          | 3.00      | 2 - 3.5  | 2.00    |
| 1982     | 9.00      | 9.00      |           | 5.00     | 4.50          | 3.00      | 2 - 3.5  | 2.00    |
| 1983     | 9.00      | 9.00      |           | 5.00     | 4.50          | 3.00      | 2 - 3.5  | 2.00    |
| 1984 [1] | 9.00      | 9.00      |           | 5.00     | 4.50          | 3.00      | 2 - 3.5  | 2.00    |
| 1985     | 9.00      | 9.00      |           | 5.00     | 4.50          | Repealed  | 2 - 3.5  | 2.00    |
| 1986 [2] | 9.00      | 9.00      |           | 5.00     | 4.50          |           | 2 - 3.5  | 2.00    |
| 1987 [3] | 9.00      | 9.00      | 6.50%     | 5.00     | 4.50          |           | 2 - 3.5  | 2.00    |
| 1988     | 9.00      | 9.00      | 6.50      | 5.00     | 4.50          |           | 2 - 3.5  | 2.00    |
| 1989     | 9.00      | 9.00      | 6.50      | 5.00     | 4.50          |           | 2 - 3.5  | 2.00    |
| 1990     | 5.00      | Elimin    | ated [4]  | 5.00     | 4.50          |           | 2 - 3.5  | 2.00    |
| 1991     | 5.00      |           |           | 5.00     | 4.50          |           | 2 - 3.5  | 2.00    |
| 1992     | 5.00      |           |           | 5.00     | 4.50          |           | 2 - 3.5  | 2.00    |
| 1993     | 5.00      |           |           | 5.00     | 4.50          |           | 2 - 3.5  | 2.00    |
| 1994 [5] | 5.00      |           |           | 5.00     | 4.50          |           | 2 - 3.5  | 2.00    |
| 1995     | 5.00      |           |           | 5.00     | 4.50          |           | 2 - 3.5  | 2.00    |
| 1996     | 5.00      |           |           | 5.00     | 4.50          |           | 2 - 3.5  | 2.00    |
| 1997 [6] | 5.00      |           |           | 5.00     | 4.50          |           | 2 - 3.5  | 2.00    |
| 1998 [7] | 5.00      |           |           | 5.00     | 4.50          |           | 2 - 3.5  | 2.00    |
| 1999     | 5.00      |           |           | 5.00     | 4.50          |           | 2 - 3.5  | 2.00    |
| 2000     | 5.00      |           |           | 5.00     | 4.50          |           | 3 - 3.5  | 2.00    |
| 2001     | 5.00      |           |           | 5.00     | 4.50          |           | 3 - 3.5  | 2.00    |

<sup>[1]</sup> The 5% tax on water companies is only levied on water companies as defined under DPUC regulations issued 7/1/84.

<sup>[2]</sup> The tax on sales of gas or electricity to residential customers is reduced from 5% to 4%.

<sup>[3]</sup> The tax rate on interstate firms is reduced to 6.5% and applies to revenues from services: (1) rendered entirely in Connecticut and; (2) which originated or terminate in Connecticut and are billed to Connecticut. Intrastate firms must pay one-third of their annual tax as a grant to towns. The grant amount is based upon the number of access lines in each town to the total number statewide.

<sup>[4]</sup> The tax on regulated and nonregulated telecommunications service was repealed 1/1/90.

<sup>[5]</sup> The 5% tax on electricity and natural gas to manufacturers is phased out by 1% each year beginning 1/1/94.

<sup>[6]</sup> The tax on steam companies is phased out by 1% each year beginning 7/1/96

<sup>[7]</sup> The tax on private water companies was repealed 7/1/97.

### PUBLIC SERVICE CORPORATION TAXES BY SOURCE (\$000)

|         |           |            |            |            |        | Gas,     |            | Telegraph  |           |          |         |
|---------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|--------|----------|------------|------------|-----------|----------|---------|
|         | Community | -          |            |            |        | Electric | Water      | & Cable    | Railroad  | Railroad | Express |
| Year    | TV & Ant. | (repealed) | (repealed) | Power Cos. | Gas    | & Steam  | (repealed) | (repealed) | Car Co's. | Co's.    | Co's.   |
| 1972    | 0         | 26,645     |            | 4,553      | 3,451  | 16,222   | 1,965      | 28.8       | 12        | 37       | 2.1     |
| 1973    | 9         | 30,810     |            | 5,838      | 3,838  | 18,997   | 2,135      | 30.5       | 14        | 45       | 2.0     |
| 1974    | 91        | 34,903     |            | 6,466      | 3,858  | 20,679   | 2,227      | 472.0      | 15        | 26       | 2.0     |
| 1975    | 119       | 37,119     |            | 9,603      | 4,804  | 28,403   | 2,378      | 249.8      | 10        | 61       | 0       |
| 1976    | 553       | 40,996     |            | 10,535     | 5,556  | 32,268   | 2,592      | 154.4      | 6         | 47       | 0       |
| 1977    | 971       | 45,131     |            | 17,547     | 10,981 | 52,049   | 4,323      | 155.3      | 8         | 71       | 0       |
| 1978    | 1,468     | 46,734     |            | 12,526     | 8,667  | 35,363   | 3,217      | 157.5      | 11        | 122      | 0       |
| 1979    | 2,028     | 57,185     |            | 13,877     | 6,989  | 38,873   | 3,347      | 174.5      | 11        | 92       | 0       |
| 1980    | 2,748     | 62,395     |            | 18,699     | 10,186 | 48,228   | 3,755      | 204.0      | 12        | 31       | 0       |
| 1981    | 3,490     | 70,962     |            | 23,692     | 12,574 | 61,640   | 2,675      | 216.9      | 11        | 9        | 0       |
| 1982    | 5,634     | 95,620     |            | 25,716     | 16,619 | 70,828   | 3,542      | 232.9      | 10        | 0.10     | 0       |
| 1983    | 6,947     | 114,467    |            | 24,632     | 17,624 | 76,037   | 3,969      | 223.4      | 8         | 0.08     | 0       |
| 1984    | 13,502    | 114,141    |            | 28,476     | 17,362 | 82,554   | 3,605      | 178.2      | 6         | 0.14     | 0       |
| 1985    | 14,409    | 135,318    |            | 30,118     | 17,450 | 87,345   | 5,857      | 171.8      | 5         | 0.15     | 0       |
| 1986    | 16,743    | 124,701    |            | 27,604     | 15,964 | 79,076   | 5,184      | 157.2      | 1         | 0.12     | 0       |
| 1987    | 16,613    | 97,845     | 19,818     | 25,725     | 13,926 | 73,684   | 5,483      | 126.9      | 0         | 0.18     | 0       |
| 1988    | 21,611    | 73,514     | 27,690     | 27,035     | 15,001 | 83,439   | 6,378      | 115.1      | 0         | 0.14     | 0       |
| 1989    | 24,123    | 71,781     | 28,395     | 27,594     | 15,203 | 88,500   | 7,345      | 94.6       | 0         | 0.08     | 0       |
| 1990    | 29,927    | 74,966     | 25,603     | 29,495     | 27,113 | 85,191   | 5,975      | 104.0      | 0         | 0.50     | 0       |
| 1991[1] | 16,230    | 0          | 16,605     | 32,122     | 26,752 | 83,892   | 6,460      | 65.5       | 0         | 0.10     | 0       |
| 1992    | 16,479    | 3,467      | 17         | 31,180     | 30,264 | 93,414   | 6,049      | 9.9        | 0         | 0.20     | 0       |
| 1993    | 18,389    | 0          | 0          | 32,683     | 33,432 | 92,704   | 7,948      | 0.0        | 0         | 0.20     | 0       |
| 1994    | 18,316    | 0          | 177        | 32,695     | 35,171 | 93,511   | 7,770      | 0.0        | 0         | 0.10     | 0       |
| 1995    | 21,116    | 0          | 10         | 31,388     | 32,912 | 92,119   | 7,699      | 0.0        | 0         | 298      | 0       |
| 1996    | 18,743    | 0          | 5          | 31,553     | 35,899 | 97,173   | 8,355      | 0.0        | 0         | 239      | 0       |
| 1997    | 20,515    | 0          | 0          | 28,849     | 33,523 | 88,289   | 8,090      | 0.0        | 0         | 101      | 0       |
| 1998[2] | 23,897    | 0          | 0          | 26,775     | 29,591 | 89,769   | 278        | 0.0        | 0         | 109      | 0       |
| 1999    | 23,260    | 0          | 0          | 27,907     | 29,375 | 87,007   | 4          | 0.0        | 0         | 152      | 0       |
| 2000    | 24,699    | 0          | 0          | 28,376     | 32,858 | 80,114   | 0          | 0.0        | 0         | 216      | 0       |
| 2001    | 28,640    | 0          | 0          | 27,865     | 50,592 | 73,394   | 0          | 0.0        | 0         | 56       | 0       |

<sup>[1]</sup> The tax on regulated and nonregulated telecommunications service was repealed 1/1/90.

Source: Comparative Statement of State Tax Revenue in Connecticut, Department of Revenue Services, various years.

<sup>[2]</sup> The tax on private water companies was repealed 7/1/97.

#### RATE CHANGES GRANTED TO MAJOR PUBLIC UTILITIES BY THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITY CONTROL

|          |                     |                          | Amount [1]       |                           |
|----------|---------------------|--------------------------|------------------|---------------------------|
| Final De | cision Date:        | Utility                  | (\$ Millions)    |                           |
| 1977     | October             | CL&P                     | 22.6             |                           |
|          |                     | HELCO                    | 12.4             |                           |
|          | December            | SNET                     | 33.8             |                           |
| 1979     | January [2]         | CL&P                     | 6.6              |                           |
|          |                     | HELCO                    | 3.6              |                           |
|          | June                | CL&P                     | 53.7             |                           |
|          |                     | HELCO                    | 32.3             |                           |
| 1980     | October             | SNET                     | 85.3             |                           |
|          |                     | CL&P                     | 81.6             |                           |
|          |                     | HELCO                    | 43.0             |                           |
|          | November            | SNET                     | 16.3             |                           |
| 1981     | November            | CL&P                     | 123.5            |                           |
|          |                     | HELCO                    | 62.5             |                           |
| 1982     | November            | SNET                     | 89.2             |                           |
|          | December [3]        | CL&P                     | 101.7            |                           |
|          | December            | CL&P                     | 99.4             |                           |
|          | December            | UI                       | 23.0             |                           |
| 1985     | October [4]         | CL&P                     |                  | (10/85 -6/86)             |
|          |                     | UI                       | (0.5)            | (10/85 -6/86)             |
| 1986     | July                | CL&P                     | Rates would ren  | nain unchange             |
|          |                     | UI [6]                   | until 1/1/88 [5] |                           |
|          | August              | SNET [7]                 |                  |                           |
|          | February            | CL&P [8]                 | Rates remain ur  | changed                   |
| 1988     | December            | CL&P                     | 27.3             |                           |
|          |                     | CNG                      | 1.4              |                           |
| 1989     | August              | UI                       | 640.0            | [9]                       |
|          |                     | CNG                      | 13.5             |                           |
| 1990     | January             | UI                       | 55.7             |                           |
|          | March               | SCG                      | 8.4              |                           |
|          | September           | CL&P                     | 39.0             |                           |
|          | November            | YG                       | 14.3             |                           |
|          | December            | CL&P                     | 20.0             |                           |
| 1991     | March               | SNET                     | 47.7             |                           |
|          | June                | SNET                     | New rate structu |                           |
|          | A                   | OL AD                    |                  | (7/21/91)                 |
| 4000     | August              | CL&P                     | 77.2             |                           |
| 1992     | August              | YG                       | 12.8             |                           |
| 4000     | December [12]       | UI                       | 33.1             |                           |
| 1993     | June [13]           | CL&P                     | 141.3            |                           |
|          | July                | SNET                     | 39.4             |                           |
| 4004     | December            | SCG                      | 13.4             |                           |
| 1994     | January [14]        | UI                       | 17.3             |                           |
| 4005     | July [15]           | CL&P                     | 47.1             |                           |
| 1995     | July [16]           | CL&P                     | 48.2             |                           |
| 1006     | November            | CNG                      | 8.9              | [47]                      |
| 1990     | March               | SNET                     |                  | [17]                      |
| 1007     | December            | UI<br>for CL & D. and LU | 0.0              | [18]                      |
| 1997     | No rate changes t   |                          | 0.0              | [00]                      |
| 1000     | July<br>February    | YG<br>CL&P               |                  | [23]                      |
| 1990     | •                   |                          | (30.5)           |                           |
| 1000     | April               | CL&P                     |                  | [20]                      |
|          | February<br>January | CL&P<br>CL&P             | (95.8)           | [22]                      |
| 2000     | January             | UI                       |                  |                           |
|          |                     | SCG                      | 0.0              | [22]                      |
|          | May                 | CNG                      | (0.1)            |                           |
|          | September           | CNG                      |                  | [24]                      |
| 2004     | June                | CNG<br>CL&P              |                  | [2 <del>4</del> ]<br>[25] |
| 2001     | September           | CL&P                     |                  | [25]                      |
| 2002     | January             | YG                       | 4.0              | [20]                      |
| 2002     | ouriuar y           | 10                       | 4.0              |                           |

CL&P - Connecticut Light and Power SNET - Southern New England Telephone

CNG - Connecticut Natural Gas
HELCO - Hartford Electric Light Company
SCG - Southern Connecticut Gas UI - United Illuminating
YG - Yankee Gas

#### Notes:

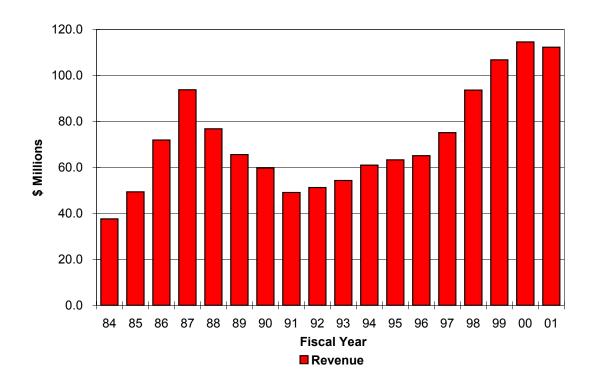
- [1] The total revenue increase for the utility resulting from the rate decision.
- [2] The CL&P and HELCO rate increases are surcharges resulting from a court case.
- [3] HELCO merged with CL&P.
- [4] CL&P and UI requested that the DPUC decrease its rates to reflect the decrease in the gross earnings tax authorized under PA 85-159. This act reduced the tax on sales of gas gas or electricity to residential customers from 5% to 4% (eff. 10/1/85).
- [5] Electric: Fuel adjustment revenues of \$103.8 million are folded into base rates and million from ratepayer fund to be refunded to customers during 7/1/87 12/3/87. Gas: Reduction of gas revenues of \$1.8 million.
- [6] (a) No general rate proceeding since 12/84.
  - (b) In 1986 a fuel adjustment totaling \$66.4 million is reflected as a credit on customer's bills. The credit reflects declining fossil fuel costs since the base period.
- [7] Rate credits to consumers over the period 7/87-12/88: \$23 million; reduced toll rates over the period 7/87-12/88: \$31.5 million.
- [8] Electric: Fuel adjustment revenues of \$42.29 million are folded into base rates and a one-time \$10 million credit is issued is issued to all electric customers. Deferred return on Millstone 3 reduced by \$54.14 million. Gas: A one-time \$10.35 million credit issued to gas firms.
- [9] UI is permitted to phase in the \$640 million investment in Seabrook I over 5 years according to the following schedule:

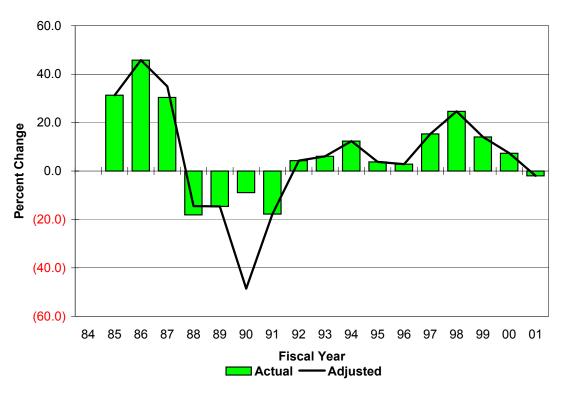
| Effective Date | (\$ Million) |
|----------------|--------------|
| Aug. 23, 1989  | 48.2         |
| Jan. 1, 1990   | 275.2        |
| Jan. 1, 1991   | 68.3         |
| Jan. 1, 1990   | 5.1          |
| Jan. 1, 1992   | 174.8        |
| Jan. 1. 1993   | 68.4         |

- [10] Temporary surcharge to be collected only until permanent new rate approved.
- [11] Temporary surcharge of 12.8% to be collected from 3/20/91 to 7/21/91 pending final decisions on new rate structures.
- [12] Part of first year phase-in authorized in late 1993 two year phase-in.
- [13] Part of first year phase-in authorized in mid 1993 three year phase-in.
- [14] Part of second year phase-in authorized in late 1993 two year phase-in.
- [15] Part of second year phase-in authorized in mid 1993 three year phase-in.
- [16] Part of third year phase-in authorized in mid 1993 three year phase-in.
- [17] No future rate changes are anticipated as deregulation takes effect, prices will be determined in the market. Filed pursuant to PA 94-83 and CGS 16-247k.
- [18] Department approved a Rate Plan providing 3-5% in total customer bill credits from 1997-2001.
- [19] Annual reduction associated with removing Millstone Unit 1 from the rate base. Subject to true up for actual capacity and energy costs.
- [20] Adjustment to CL&P's revenue requirments for the period of time Millstone Unit 2 and 3 are out of the rate base are done on a non-cash basis.
- [21] Decision also ordered non-cash adjustments ti CL&P's revenue requirements of (\$63.2) million for September 28, 1998, February 5, 1999, and (\$136.1) million for rate year 1999. Millstone Unit 1 credit is ended. Millstone Unit 2 continues out of rate base on a non-cash basis.
- [22] Public Act 98-28, An Act Concerning Electric Restructuring, requires that, effective 1/1/00, electric rates be 10% lower than 7/1/96 levels. Due to interim decreases, CL&P rates were reduced by 6% and Ul's by about 6.5%. Revenues were not reduced, but deferred for future collection.
- [23] Annual overearnings of \$3.2 million identified during a four year financial review applied to regulatory assets.
- [24] Result of a reopening of the May 2000 Decision in CNG's rate case.
- [25] In separate Decisions in June and September, transmission and distribution rates and system benefits charge were reduced a total of \$42.4 million and the generation service charge was increased a total of \$42.4 million. An earnings sharing mechanism was also put in place.

Source: The Department of Public Utility Control.

#### Real Estate Conveyance Tax Collections and Growth Rates FY 84 - FY 01





Adjusted for Legislative Base and Rate changes. Estimates made at time legislation was adopted.

#### TAX REVENUE ACTUAL and ADJUSTED GROWTH RATES

| Real Estate C | onveyance | : Tax |
|---------------|-----------|-------|
|---------------|-----------|-------|

|      | Revenue   | Tax     | Non-      | Actual | Adjusted |
|------|-----------|---------|-----------|--------|----------|
|      | (000,000) | Changes | recurring | %      | %        |
|      |           |         |           |        |          |
| FY84 | 37.6      | 37.7    | 0.0       |        |          |
| FY85 | 49.3      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 31.3   | 31.3     |
| FY86 | 71.9      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 45.8   | 45.8     |
| FY87 | 93.7      | (3.3)   | 0.0       | 30.4   | 35.0     |
| FY88 | 76.8      | (3.4)   | 0.0       | (18.1) | (14.5)   |
| FY89 | 65.6      | 0.0     | 0.0       | (14.6) | (14.6)   |
| FY90 | 59.7      | 26.0    | 0.0       | (8.9)  | (48.6)   |
| FY91 | 49.1      | 0.0     | 0.0       | (17.8) | (17.8)   |
| FY92 | 51.2      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 4.3    | 4.3      |
| FY93 | 54.3      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 6.1    | 6.1      |
| FY94 | 61.0      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 12.3   | 12.3     |
| FY95 | 63.3      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 3.8    | 3.8      |
| FY96 | 65.1      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 2.8    | 2.8      |
| FY97 | 75.1      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 15.4   | 15.4     |
| FY98 | 93.6      | 0.0     | 0.0       | 24.6   | 24.6     |
| FY99 | 106.8     | 0.0     | 0.0       | 14.1   | 14.1     |
| FY00 | 114.6     | (0.1)   | 0.0       | 7.3    | 7.4      |
| FY01 | 112.3     | 0.0     | 0.0       | (2.0)  | (2.0)    |
|      |           |         |           |        |          |

#### REAL ESTATE CONVEYANCE AND STOCK TRANSFERS TAX

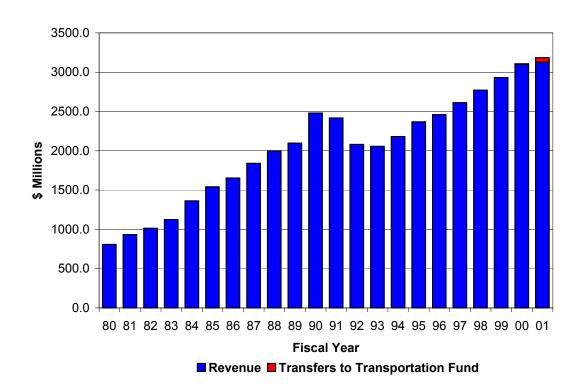
| Fiscal<br>Year | Revenues (Millions \$) | Rate   | Base Changes  |
|----------------|------------------------|--------|---|
| 1984           | \$37.6                 | 0.5%   | The tax became effective on 7/1/83. The tax rate is one-half of one percent (or \$5 per \$1,000) and is levied on the selling price of real estate. The tax is payable by the seller. Exemptions: Real estate conveyances within Enterprise zones.  |
| 1985           | \$49.3                 | 0.5    |   |
| 1986           | \$71.9                 | 0.5    | <ul> <li>Exemptions:</li> <li>(a) Conveyances by recipients of elderly tax relief for homeowners (7/1/85)</li> <li>(b) Conveyances which occur as a result of a superior court decree and transfers in which no consideration is offered. Base Increase: Resale of mobile homes from 10/1/85 to 6/30/86.</li> </ul>                   |
| 1987           | \$93.7                 | 0.45   | The resale of mobile manufactured homes located in mobile home parks or single-family lots are subject to tax (7/1/86).   |
|                |                        |        | Rate Decrease: PA 86-397 reduced the rate from .5% to .045% effective 1/1/87.   |
| 1988           | \$76.8                 | 0.45   | Base Decrease: Tax is eliminated for conveyances valued at less than \$2,000 (7/1/87).  |
| 1989           | \$65.6                 | 0.45   |   |
| 1990           | \$59.7                 | .5-1.0 | Rate Increase: Residential and vacant land sales: .5% on portion of purchase price below \$800,000 and 1.0% for portion above \$800,000. Nonresidential land sales: 1.0% Base Increase: Controlling Interest Transfer Tax - 1.0% tax on the value of real property when controlling interest is transferred through the sale of stock |
| 1991           | \$49.1                 | .5-1.0 | Base Decrease: PA 90-315 - Real property transfers between affiliated federally tax-exempt corporations are exempt if one corporation owns the other or a third entity owns both (7/1/90)   |
| 1992           | \$51.2                 | .5-1.0 | PA 91-356 - Rate reduced from 1% to 0.5% on transfers to regulated lending institutions of property worth more than \$800,000 when mortgage is at least 6 months delinquent. (effective 7/1/91)   |

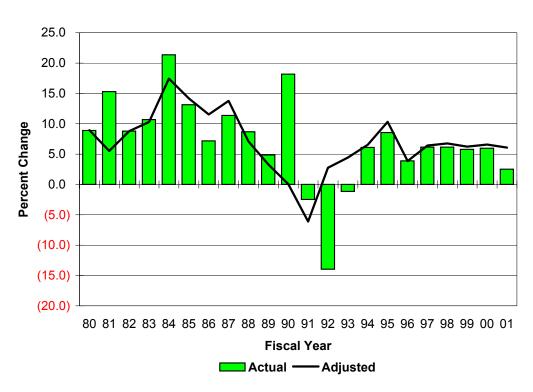
#### **REAL ESTATE CONVEYANCE AND STOCK TRANSFERS TAX**

| Fiscal<br>Year | Revenues<br>(Millions \$) | Rate             | Base Changes   |
|----------------|---------------------------|------------------|--|
|                |                           |                  | PA 91-403 - Transfers between certain tax-exempt corporations are exempt. Transfers to nonprofit organizations which hold land in trust for conservation and recreational purposes is also exempt. (eff 7/1/91). |
| 1993           | \$54.3                    | .5-1.0           | PA 92-57 - The 0.5% rate on transfers to regulated lending institutions for property at least 6 months delinquent is extended to subsidiaries of these institutions. (effective 7/1/92)                          |
| 1994<br>1995   | \$61.0<br>\$63.3          | .5-1.0<br>.5-1.0 |  |
| 1000           | Ψ00.0                     | .5-1.0           |  |
| 1996           | \$65.1                    | .5-1.0           | PA 95-62 - This act exempts conveyance of burial rights in cemeteries from the real estate conveyance tax.   |
| 1997           | \$75.1                    | .5-1.0           |  |
| 1998           | \$93.6                    | .5-1.0           |  |
| 1999           | \$106.8                   | .5-1.0           | PA 98-244 - This act eliminates the ownership or control requirement in regards to transfers between certain tax-exempt affiliated corporations.   |
| 2000           | \$114.6                   | .5-1.0           | PA 99-173 - Farm land development rights sold to the State under farmland preservation program are exempted.   |
| 2001           | \$112.3                   | .5-1.0           | PA 00-140 - Exempt deeds of property for the Adrian's Landing site or the stadium facility site.   |
| 2002           | \$110.0<br>Budget Act     | .5-1.0           |  |

Note: The tax is collected by towns and remitted to the state monthly.

# Sales and Use Taxes Collections and Growth Rates FY 80 - FY 01





Adjusted for Legislative Base and Rate changes. Estimates made at time legislation was adopted.

#### TAX REVENUE ACTUAL and ADJUSTED GROWTH RATES

|      | Sales     | _       |           |        |          |
|------|-----------|---------|-----------|--------|----------|
|      | Revenue   | Tax     | Non-      | Actual | Adjusted |
|      | (000,000) | Changes | recurring | %      | %        |
| FY72 | 358.4     | 64.0    | 0.0       |        |          |
| FY73 | 465.9     | 64.9    | 0.0       | 30.0   | 11.9     |
| FY74 | 451.4     | (55.2)  | 0.0       | (3.1)  | 8.7      |
| FY75 | 425.5     | (27.4)  | 0.0       | (5.7)  | 0.3      |
| FY76 | 542.9     | 97.4    | 1.3       | 27.6   | 4.4      |
| FY77 | 583.7     | (28.5)  | 0.0       | 7.5    | 13.0     |
| FY78 | 654.2     | (4.1)   | 0.0       | 12.1   | 12.8     |
| FY79 | 742.8     | (8.7)   | 0.0       | 13.5   | 14.9     |
| FY80 | 808.9     | (0.3)   | 0.0       | 8.9    | 8.9      |
| FY81 | 932.7     | 79.2    | 0.0       | 15.3   | 5.5      |
| FY82 | 1,014.6   | (0.1)   | 0.0       | 8.8    | 8.8      |
| FY83 | 1,123.1   | 4.1     | 0.0       | 10.7   | 10.3     |
| FY84 | 1,362.9   | 44.0    | 0.0       | 21.4   | 17.4     |
| FY85 | 1,542.0   | (14.0)  | 0.0       | 13.1   | 14.2     |
| FY86 | 1,652.6   | (67.1)  | 0.0       | 7.2    | 11.5     |
| FY87 | 1,840.6   | (39.6)  | 0.0       | 11.4   | 13.8     |
| FY88 | 2,000.3   | 28.8    | 0.0       | 8.7    | 7.1      |
| FY89 | 2,097.6   | 19.7    | 12.0      | 4.9    | 3.3      |
| FY90 | 2,479.0   | 392.0   | 0.0       | 18.2   | 0.1      |
| FY91 | 2,417.8   | 90.5    | 0.0       | (2.5)  | (6.1)    |
| FY92 | 2,080.2   | (381.0) | (23.3)    | (14.0) | 2.8      |
| FY93 | 2,056.2   | (138.5) | (2.3)     | (1.2)  | 4.4      |
| FY94 | 2,181.5   | (22.8)  | 11.1      | 6.1    | 6.5      |
| FY95 | 2,368.1   | (13.8)  | (12.2)    | 8.6    | 10.3     |
| FY96 | 2,460.1   | (6.7)   | (5.5)     | 3.9    | 3.9      |
| FY97 | 2,611.5   | (5.6)   | (6.5)     | 6.2    | 6.4      |
| FY98 | 2,772.1   | (18.8)  | (4.1)     | 6.1    | 6.8      |
| FY99 | 2,932.2   | (14.2)  | (2.5)     | 5.8    | 6.2      |
| FY00 | 3,106.8*  | (37.4)  | 16.6      | 6.0    | 6.6      |
| FY01 | 3,185.2*  | (88.5)  | (4.2)     | 2.5    | 6.1      |

<sup>3,185.2\* (88.5) (4.2) 2.5
\*</sup>Gross before transfers to Transportation Fund.

| Fiscal<br>Year | Gross<br>Revenue<br>(\$Millions) | Rate         | Base Changes  |
|----------------|----------------------------------|--------------|---|
| 1972           | 358.4                            | 6.5%         | Sales tax on utilities services (first \$20 exempt) (\$6.9 million revenue gain). Exempt: Needles and syringes and flyable aircraft manufactured in the state.  |
| 1973<br>1974   | 465.9<br>451.4                   | 7.0%<br>6.5% | Sales tax exemption on utility services lowered to \$10 (\$20.6m)   |
| 1975           | 425.5                            | 6.0%         | Repealed: Sales Tax on utility services   |
| 1976           | 542.9                            | 7.0%         | Renting or leasing business tangible personal property and services added to base   |
| 1977           | 583.7                            | 7.0%         | Tax rate on business services and manufacturing machinery reduced to 3.5 from 7.0%  |
| 1978           | 654.2                            | 7.0%         | <ol> <li>Tax rate on manufacturing machinery reduced to 2.5% from 3.5%</li> <li>Tax rate on farm machinery reduced to 2.5% from 7.0%.</li> <li>Exempt: sales of solar collectors (until 9/30/82).</li> </ol>  |
| 1979           | 742.8                            | 7.0%         | <ol> <li>The 2.5% tax on manufacturing or farm machinery is repealed.</li> <li>Qualifying municipalities may retain 4.5% of the 7% state sales tax collected on hotel or lodging house receipts. Under prior law, one-half of the amusement tax receipts collected on the sale of admission tickets was retained by municipalities. The addition of the sales tax provision allows the municipality the option of retaining amusement tax receipts or sales tax receipts.</li> <li>Exemption for newspapers circulated without charge.</li> </ol>   |
| 1980           | 808.9                            | 7.0%         | Exemptions:  a) Sale of walkers for use by invalids or handicapped. b) Sales of tangible personal property and services to senior citizen centers. c) Motor vehicles driving service related to driving outside the state. d) Solar energy systems. e) Computer programming, sign construction, photofinishing, duplicating and photocopying (tax is applied to ultimate product of such services). f) Motor fuel for van pool vehicles and high-occupancy commuter vehicles.   |
| 1981           | 932.7                            | 7.5%         | <ol> <li>Cigarettes added to tax base.</li> <li>Exempt: Special equipment used by deaf or blind in communicating by telephone.</li> </ol>   |
| 1982           | 1,015.0                          | 7.5%         | <ol> <li>Municipalities may form a district of at least 85,000 in population, establish a convention and visitors commission, and receive a portion of sales tax collections on lodging (approximately 4.5%) \$50,000 (A description of these commissions is is included in this section).</li> <li>Exemptions:         <ul> <li>a) Replacement parts for machinery for firms located in enterprise zones.</li> <li>b) Sale of boats and ancillary equipment used for commercial fishing.</li> <li>c) Sales of services for testing health consequences of consuming a product.</li> <li>d) Purchase of aircraft held for resale and used for other than retention, demonstration or display. (Gross receipts from air taxi and flight instruction are subject to tax)</li> </ul> </li> </ol> |
| 1983           | 1,123.1                          | 7.5%         | 1) A municipal district's share of sales tax receipts from hotels and lodging is reduced from 4.5% to 1.5%  2) Exemptions:  a) An exemption is provided for materials and equipment sold to radio or television stations when used directly in the productions and transmission of programs to the public (10(1/82)).   |

when used directly in the productions and transmission of programs to the public (10/1/82)

| Fiscal | Gross<br>Revenue |      | SALES AND USE TAX  |
|--------|------------------|------|--|
|        | (\$Millions)     | Rate | Base Changes   |
|        |                  |      | <ul> <li>b) Any vessel transferred to the owner of a business from that business is exempt from tax if last sale was subject to tax.</li> <li>3) Exemptions Repealed:</li> <li>a) Seed and fertilizer not used in agricultural production (4/1/83)</li> <li>b) Definition for meals under \$1.00 (4/1/83)</li> <li>4) Definition of a retailer liable for collection and payment of tax is clarified.</li> <li>5) Any corporate officer responsible for filing and paying taxes due is personally liable for willful nonpayment of taxes</li> </ul>  |
| 1984   | 1,362.9          | 7.5% | <ol> <li>Tax rate on business services increased to 7.5 from 3.5 (8/1/83)</li> <li>Retailers are entitled to a credit on items when a partial return is given</li> <li>Exemptions:         <ul> <li>Gold or silver bullion or the legal tender of any nation are exempt if total purchases exceeds \$1,000</li> <li>Vessels brought into state between October 1 and April 30 exclusively for storage, maintenance or repair</li> </ul> </li> </ol>  |
| 1985   | 1,542.0          | 7.5% | Exemptions: a) Exemption for renewable energy systems is extended to FY 1986 (7/1/84) b) Companies which voluntarily contract with a firm to clean up hazardous waste site are exempt from services tax (7/1/84) c) Home delivered meals to elderly, disabled and homebound individuals (7/1/84) d) Clothing less than \$50 enacted during the 1985 session but effective 4/1/85   |
| 1986   | 1,652.6          | 7.5% | 1) Exemptions: a) Clothing less than \$50 (4/1/85) b) Clothing less than \$75 (10/1/85) c) Sales of non-prescription drugs (7/1/85) d) Sales of seeds and fertilizer (4/1/86) e) The value of construction equipment or machinery used in trade-ins is allowed as a deduction for purposes of determining the price subject to tax (10/1/85) f) The leasing or rental of motion pictures for display at a theater (7/1/85) g) Sales of renewable energy source systems is extended from 7/1/86 to 7/1/91. h) From 10/1/85 to 6/30/86 the resale of mobile manufactured homes will be subject to real estate conveyance tax instead of sales tax i) The price of items exempt from the tax is increased from \$2 to \$5, when sold by schools or charitable organizations to support youth activities (7/1/85) 2) Rate reduction: Aviation fuel is reduced from 7.5% to 2% for sales occurring between 7/1/85 and 6/30/87 3) Base Increase: Sale of new mobile manufactured homes 12 or more feet wide (10/1/85 to 6/30/86) |
| 1987   | 1,840.6          | 7.5% | 1) Exemptions and base reductions: a) Meals under \$2 are exempt (7/1/86) b) Cloth and fabric for non-commercial sewing and used in making clothing are exempt (7/1/86) c) Disposable pads (adult diapers) are exempt (7/1/86) d) Diabetic required testing equipment (test strips, lancets, and glucose monitoring equipment) are exempt (7/1/86) e) First \$2,500 of funeral expenses are exempt (7/1/86) f) Sales under \$15 by non-profit nursing or convalescent home gift shops are exempt (7/1/86)  |

| Fiscal |              |      |  |  |
|--------|--------------|------|--|--|
| Year   | (\$Millions) | Rate | Base Changes   |  |
|        |              |      | g) Services provided by corporations participating in a joint venture, and related to the production or development of new or experimental products or systems are exempt. The exemption is permitted for up to 10 years. (7/1/86) h) Refund for repair and replacement parts which are used directly in a manufacturing or agricultural production process. The total refund per year per firm may not exceed \$7,500 (1/1/86) i) Items purchased with federal food stamps are exempt (10/1/86) j) Sales taxes collected at Bradley from sale of aviation fuel is transferred to the Bradley Airport Revenue Fund from the General Fund (7/1/86) 2) The rate for repair or replacement parts for machinery used directly in a manufacturing or agricultural production process is reduced from 7.5% to 5%.  3) The taxable basis for new mobile manufactured homes is reduced from 100% to 70% of the manufacturer's sales price. (7/1/86)  |  |
| 1988   | 2,000.4      | 7.5% | Exemptions and base reductions:  a) Aviation Fuel used in experimental testing of any product is exempt (7/1/87)  b) Non-alcoholic beverages are included within the definition of meals for purposes of the exemption for meals costing less than \$2.00 (7/1/87)  c) Sales of eye medications are exempt (7/1/86)  d) The exemption for sales at non-profit nursing homes, convalescent homes or adult day care centers is increased from items costing less than \$15 to items costing less than \$100 (7/1/87)  e) Sales of ambulances operating under a certificate or license issued by the Office of Emergency Medical Services are exempt (4/1/87).  f) An exemption is provided for business services to a company that is 100% owned or between companies that are both 100% owned by another company. The exemption covers transactions during the period 7/1/82 through 6/30/88. Companies having paid the tax will be allowed to file for a refund (Passage). g) The tax on the services of collection agencies is eliminated (7/1/87). |  |
| 1989   | 2,097.6      | 7.5% | <ol> <li>The state may collect revenue from out-of-state mail order houses, in the event that Federal legislation over turns the Bellas-Hess decision.</li> <li>The sunset provision for the exemption for business services provided between affiliated companies is eliminated.</li> </ol>   |  |
| 1990   | 2,479.0      | 8.0% | <ol> <li>The exemption for meals under \$2 is eliminated</li> <li>Base Increases:         <ul> <li>The tax is imposed on natural gas, electricity and oil provided to businesses.</li> <li>Utilities used in manufacturing and agriculture are excluded. An exemption is provided for the first \$150 per month of electrical usage.</li> <li>The enumerated services base was expanded.</li> <li>The tax was imposed on telecommunications services.</li> <li>The tax was imposed on community antenna. (1/1/90)</li> </ul> </li> </ol>   |  |
| 1991   | 2,417.8      | 8.0% | <ol> <li>Exemptions and base decreases: (effective 7/1/90)</li> <li>Consignment fees on sales of art works or clothing are exempt.</li> <li>Lodging at facilities operated by nonprofit charities are exempt.</li> <li>Environmental-maintenance equipment used in computer disk production are exempt.</li> <li>The price of items exempt from the tax is increased from \$5 to \$20, when sold by schools or charitable organizations to support youth activities.</li> <li>Materials and equipment used for medical or surgical training program production and transmission are exempt.</li> </ol>   |  |

|                | _                    |                        | SALES AND USE TAX   |
|----------------|----------------------|------------------------|---|
|                | Gross                |                        |   |
| Fiscal<br>Year | Revenue (\$Millions) | Rate                   | Base Changes  |
|                |                      |                        | f) Molds, dies, patterns and sand-handling equipment used in metal casting sold after 4/1/85 are exempt. g) The definition of consulting services is narrowed. h) Cash-basis taxpayers may claim a credit for sales occurring after 7/1/89 if the account receivable is deemed worthless. (effective upon passage) 2) Out-of-state retailers owned or controlled by a firm owning an in-state business in a similar type of business are required to collect the tax (7/1/90)   |
| 1992           | 2,080.2              | 6.0%<br>(eff. 10/1/91) | 1) Exemptions and base decreases: (effective 10/1/91) a) Architectural, building engineering, planning or design services, including landscape architecture b) Interior decorating and design services c) Direct mail advertising services d) Commercial trucks with over 26,000 lbs gross vehicle weight or used exclusively for interstate freight transport e) Component parts used in manufacturing processes f) Materials and equipment used in a printing process g) Equipment associated with operating natural gas-powered vehicles purchased between 10/1/91 and 1/1/93 h) Property management services: 95% of the amount charged for separately-stated compensation, fringe benefits, workers' compensation, and payroll taxes and assessments paid on behalf of employees is excluded from the definition of sales price, applicable to sales made on or after 1/1/86 2) Base Increase: (effective 10/1/91) a) Amusement & recreation services b) Boatslip rentals for noncommercial vessels c) Extended warranties d) International phone calls e) 900 phone calls f) House painting & wallpapering services g) Miscellaneous personal services h) Motor vehicle parking except seasonal lots j) Paving services to consumers k) Roofing, siding & sheet metal working services l) Tax preparation services m) Transportation services except taxis n) Used vehicles taxed at book value 3) Rate Change: (effective 10/1/91) a) Hotel rooms taxed at 12% b) Boats taxed at the lesser of Connecticut or destination state 4) Other: Taxpayers may use cash basis accounting if they use it for federal |
| 1993           | 2,056.2              | 6.0%                   | purposes (effective 10/1/91)ÿ  1) Exemptions and base reductions: (effective 7/1/92 unless noted) a) Amusement & recreation services subject to Admissions or Dues Taxes are exempt b) Receipts from parking lots owned or leased by employers for sole use by their employees are exempt c) Dance lesson services are exempt d) Land surveyor services are exempt e) Receipts from commercial passenger vehicles carrying more than 16 people are exempt   |

|               | Gross        |      |
|---------------|--------------|------|
| <b>Fiscal</b> | Revenue      |      |
| Year          | (\$Millions) | Rate |

#### **Base Changes**

- f) Special equipment installed in autos for physically disable persons are exempt
- g) Returnable containers used for dairy products are exempt
- h) Bunker fuel oil, intermediate fuel, marine diesel oil and marine gas oil used in vessels displacing more than 4,000 tons of dead weight are exempt
- i) Licensed massage therapist services are exempt (license program begins 7/1/93)
- j) Aviation fuel is exempt from the tax at 2.5%
- k) Aviation repair parts and service are exempt (effective 7/1/93)
- I) The property management service exemption for employee salaries, fringe benefits, etc. is changed from 95% to 100%
- m) Exemption for commercial fishing vessels and equipment is broadened to cover vessels with coastwise fishing certificates from US Coast Guard (eff 10/1/92)
- n) Computer and data processing services rendered by retailer who acquired the data processing facility after 7/1/91 from customer receiving services are exempt. (eff 7/1/93)
- o) The manufacturing exemption is broadened.
- p) Out-of-state boat purchasers are required to sign an affidavit regarding residency to be able to pay the lower of the CT or the destination state's rate
- 2) Base Increase: (effective 7/1/92 unless otherwise noted)
- a) Tax on recreation & amusement services is expanded to include participative sports, except swimming, provided to persons over age 19 by government, nonprofit hospitals and charitable or religious organizations
- b) Golf services at municipally-owned golf courses are taxable after 1/1/93
- c) Use Tax is imposed on raw materials used in building components assembled out of state but used in state.
- d) The 12% Room Occupancy Tax is applied to campgrounds (effective 7/1/93)

#### 1994 2.181.5 6.0%

#### 1) Exemptions and base reductions: (effective 1/1/94 unless noted)

- a) Amusement and recreation services are exempt
- b) Apnea monitors are exempt
- c) Repairs to hearing aids are exempt
- d) Car wash services are exempt
- e) Wigs or hairpieces for permanent hair loss due to disease are exempt
- f) Winter boat storage from 11/1 to 4/30 is exempt
- g) Sales under \$100 by long-term care facilities are exempt
- h) Auction services for wholesale auto auctions are exempt
- i) Airport valet parking services are exempt
- j) Sales of commercial motor vehicles which derive 75% of their revenue from out-of-state trips are exempt
- k) Sales to UConn Educational Properties, Inc for use at the technology park are exempt
- I) Landscaping and horticultural services, window cleaning and maintenance services provided to disabled persons are exempt
- m) Equipment used to transmit films or tapes of accredited medical or surgical training are exempt
- n) Tax preparation services to businesses are exempt (effective 1/1/95)
- o) Sales to nonprofit organizations which are partially funded by the state or a municipality are exempt
- p) Public and private campground rentals are excluded from the tax (eff 7/1/93)
- q) Sales to nonprofit nursing homes, rest homes and homes for the aged are exempt
- r) Employee compensation for long-term leasing services, but not temporary employment services, are exempt (effective 7/1/93)
- s) The agricultural exemption is broadened to include contract farmers (eff 10/1/93)

|        | Gross        |      |
|--------|--------------|------|
| Fiscal | Revenue      |      |
| Year   | (\$Millions) | Rate |

#### **Base Changes**

- t) Equipment, tools and materials used exclusively in the manufacture of optical lenses are exempt (effective 7/1/93)
- u) Sample drugs available by prescription, given to physicians for no consideration are exempt, effective 1/1/90
- 2) Base Expansion: Freight and delivery charges must be included in the sales price for the purpose of calculating tax liability (effective 7/1/93)
- 3) Business analysis, management or managing consulting services rendered by general partners to a limited partnership are taxable under certain circumstances
- 4) PA 93-44 imposed the sales tax on hospital patient care services and earmarked the revenues to the Uncompensated Care Pool Fund effective 4/23/93.

#### 1995 2,368.1 6.0%

- 1) Exemptions and base reductions: (effective 7/1/96 unless noted)
- a) Hazardous waste removal services (effective 7/1/89)
- b) Environmental consulting services (effective 7/1/89)
- c) Health Clubs (effective 1/1/95)
- d) Compensation for general partners
- e) Puzzle magazines
- f) Manufacturing quality control and testing equipment
- g) Tax preparation services
- h) Auctioneer services
- i) Safety apparel
- j) Sales to private water companies
- k) Aircraft trade-ins
- I) The tax on computer and data processing services is phased out as follows:

| Effective Date | Tax Rate   |
|----------------|------------|
| 7/1/96         | 5%         |
| 7/1/97         | 4%         |
| 7/1/98         | 3%         |
| 7/1/99         | 2%         |
| 7/1/00         | 1%         |
| 7/1/01         | eliminated |

- 2) PA 94-21 Sale of services for resale is exempt from the sales tax if the services are an integral, inseparable component part of a service that the purchaser subsequently resells to a consumer.
- 3) PA 94-82 Business services provided between affiliates participating in the implementation of the community economic development program established by PA 93-404 are exempted from the tax.
- 4) PA 94-9 Maintains the sales tax on hospital patient care services, but effective 4/1/94, the revenue is to be deposited in the General Fund.

#### 1996 2.460.1 6.0%

PA 95-160 makes the following modifications:

- 1) Exemptions and base reductions: (effective 7/1/97 unless noted)
- a) Repair Services for hearing aids (7/1/95)
- b) Sales for certain computer and data processing services and equipment (7/1/95)
- c) Rare and antique coins (7/1/96)
- d) Fuel for interstate vessels
- e) Sales to Conn. Resource Recovery Authority
- f) Services for off-duty police officers at construction sites
- g) Parking at municipal-owned railroad facilities in Clear Air Act nonattainment areas
- h) Electrologist services (PA 01-109 changed the term from hypertrichologist to electrologist.)

| Gross                               |      | SALES AND USE TAX   |
|-------------------------------------|------|---|
| Fiscal Revenue<br>Year (\$Millions) | Rate | Base Changes  |
|                                     |      | <ul> <li>i) Book sales at library support groups</li> <li>j) Remove \$5 limit on municipal publications and person property sold by libraries</li> <li>k) Food sold in vending machines</li> <li>l) Sales of motion picture &amp; video production and sound recording equipment and film, record or video production.</li> </ul>             |
|                                     |      | 2) Delays exemptions following categories: (New effective date 7/1/97) a) Tax preparation services b) Auctioning services c) Sales of safety apparel d) purchases by private water companies e) Aircraft trade-ins  |
|                                     |      | f) Phase out of tax on computer and data processing services  PA 95-327 creates an exemption for trade-in allowances on remanufactured core components for trucks with gross vehicle rating of 26,000 pounds.(eff. 7/1/95)  |
|                                     |      | PA 95-359 contains the following provisions: The exemption for the sale of oxygen, blood, or blood plasmas expanded to include medical use in animals. (eff. 7/1/95)  |
|                                     |      | Permits the transfer a farmer's tax permit to a new purchasing owner(s). (eff. 7/1/95)  |
|                                     |      | Establishes a limit of one year after purchase, during which vehicles must be used for exempt purposes under the Sales and Use Tax exemptions for (1) commercial trucks and tractor trailers and (2) commercial vehicles and buses deriving 75% of their revenue from out-of-state trips.   |
|                                     |      | Clarifies the definition of charitable and religious organizations for sale and use tax exemptions.   |
|                                     |      | PA 95-294 imposes a 3% surcharge on motor vehicles rented for less than 31 days. The surcharge is to be used is to be used to pay property taxes, and licensing and titling fees on rented motor vehicles. Any excess revenue after these expenses have covered by a municipality must be remitted for deposit into the State's General Fund. |
|                                     |      | PA 95-260 exempts sales of motor vehicles that have been declared a total loss by the insurance company and subsequently rebuilt by the owner, who was the same owner subject to the vehicle's last taxable sale. (eff. 7/1/95)   |

1997

2,611.5

6.0%

PA 96-252 exempts the sales of machinery, equipment, tools, materials, supplies and fuel purchased by biotechnology technology companies. (eff. 7/1/96)

PA 96-253 exempts banks, insurers, and investment companies from paying the sales and use tax if all of their business is outside the United States, and if the company's headquarters is located within a special export zone in Hartford.

# Gross Fiscal Revenue Year (\$Millions) Rate

#### **Base Changes**

PA 96-232 reduces the rate on repairs or maintenance services on all form of water transportation, except seaplanes by the following schedule.

|                             | New         |
|-----------------------------|-------------|
| <u>Period</u>               | <u>Rate</u> |
| July 1,1997 to July 1, 1998 | 4%          |
| July 1,1998 to July 1, 1999 | 2%          |
| Beginning on July 1, 1999   | Exempt      |

PA 96-104 exempts services provided by out-of-state printing companies whose only activities in the state are related to a contract with in-state commercial printers to print and distribute printed material.

#### PA 96-172

- 1) extends to motor buses the exemption for the trade-in allowance on remanufactured truck core parts and components for certain large trucks to motor buses.
- 2) exempts machinery, equipment, tools, and materials used exclusively in commercial processing of photographic film and paper.

PA 96-165 extends the exemption on transportation services to include livery services, including limousine and sedan car services. A federal law terminating the Interstate Commerce Commission (PL 104-88) prohibits states from taxing interstate transportation services.

PA 96-139 made technical change on the effective date of the phase-down of sales tax on data processing equipment enacted by PA 95-160.

#### 1998 2,772.1 6.0%

PA 97-315 with PA 97-243 and PA 97-4 (June 18, 1997 Special Session)

- 1) allocates \$150,000 from fiscal year 1997-98 lodging tax revenue to the Connecticut Film, Video and Media Office.
- 2) extends the sales tax exemption to services provided to any low- and moderate-income housing facility sponsored by a Mutual Housing Association at a site conveyed to it by the US Department of Housing and Urban Development berfore Sept 1, 1995.

PA 97-243 extends the exemption for services provided to MHA-sponsored facilties to sales occuring on or after September 1, 1995. PA 97-4 (June 18, 1997 Special Session) extends the sales tax exemption for certain services in construction, renovation, but not operation, of low- and moderate-income housing facilties retroactively to Jan 1, 1997)

PA 97-316 makes the following modifications:

- 1) Exemptions and base reductions: (effective 7/1/97 unless noted)
- a) services and tangible personal property sold to solid waste-to-energy facilities
- b) services and tangible personal property sold to tourism districts facilities applicable to sales occuring on or after May 28, 1996
- c) sales of vegetable seeds and yarn for non-commercial use
- d) sales, storage, use rental or lease of broadcast equipment used by television or radio stations
- e) sales of personal property by non-profit organizations at bazaars, fairs, picnics, and tax sales to the extent of five such events of a day's duration held during any calendar year
- f) sale of tangible personal property by historical societies
- g) sales of personal property and services by the Connecticut Development Authority
- h) computer and data processing services rendered in connection with the World Wide Web

|        | Gross                   |      | SALES AND USE TAX  |
|--------|-------------------------|------|--|
| Fiscal | Revenue                 |      |  |
| Year   | (\$Millions)            | Rate | Base Changes   |
|        |                         |      | <ul> <li>i) expand the exemption for services provided by off-duty police officers from just limited to construction sites and add the services of off-duty firefighters</li> <li>j) exclude from the sales tax the amount charged for seperately-stated compensated, fringe benefits, workers' compensation and payroll taxes or assessments paid to or on behalf of leased employees</li> <li>k) extend the sales tax exemption for oxygen equipment purchased or leased for the use by veterinarians on animals</li> <li>l) exempt the sale, use or storage of aircraft with a maximum takeoff weight of 6,000 pounds or more</li> <li>l) extend the sales tax exemption for aircraft replacement parts and services to all aircraft with a certified maximum takeoff weight of 6,000 pounds or more</li> </ul> |
|        |                         |      | PA 97-309 Nexus Investigation Project (DRS). Funding was provided to enhance tax compliance on non-resident and out-of-state businesses.   |
|        |                         |      | PA 97-243 makes the following modifications:  1) Exemptions and base reductions: (effective 7/1/97 unless noted)  a) creates an exemption for property purchased by a business person or entity to be delivered out of state or to be incorporated into property that will be delivered out of state   |
|        |                         |      | <ul><li>b) phases out the use tax on computer and dataprocessing services to be consistent with the existing phase-out of the sales tax on these services.</li><li>c) extends the exemption for services provided to MHA-sponsored facilties to sales sales occuring on or after September 1, 1995.</li><li>d) makes various techhnical changes to the sales and use tax.</li></ul>  |
|        |                         |      | PA 97-2 exempts the CT Childrens Hospital from the hospital sales tax imposed on hospital patient care services.   |
| 1999   | 2,932.2                 | 6.0% | PA 98-128 transfers Sales Tax collected by the Department of Motor Vehicle on motor vehicle sales between individuals to the Transportation Fund of amounts of \$10 million in FY 00, \$20 million in FY 01, \$30 million in FY 02 and \$40 million in FY 03 and thereafter.   |
|        |                         |      | PA 98-110 makes the following modifications:  1) Exemptions and base reductions: (effective 7/1/98 unless noted) a) exempts newspapers sold over the counter b) exempts trade-ins of like kind c) exempts coupons and discounts from subject to the sales tax  |
|        |                         |      | d) exempts state mandated deposits e) exempts repair and replacement parts effective 1/1/99. f) exempts shipping charges for tax exempt items  |
|        |                         |      | PA 98-262 extends the three year limit for crediting a retailer's sales tax return for writeoffs of bad consumer debt. It also deletes vending machines from the Sales Tax definition of eating establishments and thus making it consistent with law exempting sale of food from coin operated machines from the Sales Tax.   |
| 2000   | 3,106.8<br>See Note [1] | 6.0% | PA 99-173 makes the following modifications:  1) Exemptions and base reductions: (effective 7/1/99 unless noted)  a) exempt inclined stairway chairlifts and repair and replacement parts of equipment for persons with disabilities   |

|               | Gross        |      |
|---------------|--------------|------|
| <b>Fiscal</b> | Revenue      |      |
| Year          | (\$Millions) | Rate |

#### **Base Changes**

- b) expanded the exemption of nonprescription drugs and medicines to include all drugs and medicines used in humans
- c) exempted the repair and replacement parts of glucose monitoring equipment used in care of diabetes
- d) exempted the replacement parts of equipment installed in motor vehicles for persons with disabilities
- e) exempted the sale of firearm safety devices which include safes, lock boxes, trigger and barrel locks and other items designed to enhance home firearm safety.
- f) exempted the sales of bicycle helmets
- g) extended the sunset date from 7/1/2000 to 1/1/2002 for the sales of motor vehicles powered by clean alternative fuels, equipment used in converting vehicles to use alternative fuels, and equipment associated with compressed natural gas filling stations
- h) exempted diesel fuel to be used exclusively in portable power system generators that are greater than 150 kilowatts
- I) expand the exemption to include sales between business, other interest, other than corporations, where the same interest owns 100% of each business
- j) exempts telecom services and CATV services rendered between paretn companies and wholly-owned subsidiaries
- k) exempts shoe repair services
- I) exempts calibration services and ISO services
- m) exempts "Call Before You Dig" services
- n) expanded exemption of the sale or repair of vessels to include labor services
- o) reduces the sales tax rate to 5 3/4% levied on patient care services
- p) exempts the John Dempsey Hospital from the tax
- q) expands the exemption for low and moderate income housing organizations to include for profit organizations
- r) expanded the sales tax exemption for motor vehicles purchased but not registered in this state by a person who is not a resident of this state to include vessels
- s) phase-out the tax on renovation and repair on residential real property. The tax rate is reduced from 6% to 4% effective 7/1/99, 2% effective 7/1/00 and exempted effective 7/1/01. The exemption is for sales of renovation and repair services of paving of any sort, painting or staining, wallpapering, roofing, siding and exterior sheet metal work other than industrial, commercial or income producing real property.
- t) exempted railroad locomotives, track ballasts, ties, machinery and equipment used to maintain the railroad right-of-way which is used or operated exclusively for the carriage of freight.
- v) expanded the exemption of services related to personnel, management or reseach when a company rendering service and recipent are participating in a joint venture for pursposes of research and new product development from 10 to 30 years.

2001 3,185.2 6.0% See Note [2] PA 00-01 June 30th Special Session permits the retail sales of alcohol on Sundays preceding Christmas and New Years Days.

PA 00-198 legalized the sale of sparklers and other non-explosive fireworks.

PA 00-227 exempts fulfillment companies from any requirement to collect and pay sales tax on items it stores or ships for an unaffiliated out-of-state retailer.

PA 00-170 makes the following modifications:

- 1) Exemptions and base reductions: (effective 7/1/00 unless noted)
- a) exempted items sold through vending machines costing 50 cents or less.
- b) increases the clothing and footware exemption from \$50 to \$75 per item

|               | Gross        |      |
|---------------|--------------|------|
| <b>Fiscal</b> | Revenue      |      |
| Year          | (\$Millions) | Rate |

#### **Base Changes**

- c) exempted sales of passanger cars, occurring prior to 7/1/02, that have an estimated highway gasoline mileage of at least 50 miles per gallon.
- d) exempted child car seats and college text books.
- e) transfer all of the sales tax collected on automobile sales by DMV to the Transportation Fund (See PA 98-128 for previous transfers)
- f) extended an existing sales tax exemption for leased employees wages and benefits to employees paid under professional employee agreements.
- g) established a sales tax free week on items of clothing and footwear costing less than \$300 beginning on the 3rd Sunday in August until the next succeed Saturday.
- 2) Exemptions and base reductions: (effective 7/1/01 unless noted)
- a) exempted television equipment used as a reading aid by persons who are visually impared.
- b) exempted canes and support hoses specially designed to aid blod circulation
- c) exempted caskets for burial in addition to the current exemption for the first \$2,500 of personal property services.
- d) exempted specially formulated gum, inhalants, or similar product designed to aid in the cessation of smoking.
- e) exempted the sales of equipment to a telecommunications company or CATV company that is used to provide high speed data transmission or broadband internet services
- f) accelerate the phase-out on internet services access charges effective 7/1/01 from 1% to 0%.
- g) established a pilot program of a credit against the sales and use tax for the purchase of computer equipment to be used in electronic commerce for business making qualified investments in higher education institutions for electronic commerce. The credit is capped at \$2 million per year. PA 01-6 JSS increased the cap to \$4 million

PA 00-174 makes the following modifications, effective 7/1/00:

- a) changed when the tax is applied to pre-paid phone cards.
- b) clarified the exemption of candy and non-alcoholic beverages sold at educational institutions.
- c) clarified the exemption of nonprescription drugs and medicines for use on animals.
   PA 99-173 expanded the exemption for nonprescription durgs but unintentionally restricted the exemption to the human body.
- d) changed the farmers' sales tax exemption and conformed the commercial fishermen exemption to the farmers' sales tax exemption.
- e) exempted from the Use Tax property removed by retailers from their inventory and donated to charaties or government agencies.

PA 00-174 and PA 00-1 of the June 30th Special Session clarified the definition of patient care services and computer data processing service and canned and custome software.

2002 3,248.9 Estimate[2] 6.0%

PA 01-6 JSS makes the following modifications

- a) exempt parking at railroad parking facilities owned or operatd by the state from the tax.
- b) suspend the sales tax on hospital patient care services from 7/1/01 to 6/30/03
- c) increased the pilot tax credit against the sales and use tax for the purchase of computer equipment to be used in electronic commerce for business making qualified investments in higher education institutions for electronic commerce from \$2 million to \$4 million cap per year effective 7/1/2003.
- d) material, equipment, tools fuel and machinery used by fuel cell manufacturing facility.
- e) extended the sunset date from 1/1/2002 to 7/1/2002 for the sales of motor vehicles powered by clean alternative fuels, equipment used in converting vehicles to use alternative fuels, and equipment associated with compressed natural gas filling stations

## Gross Fiscal Revenue Year (\$Millions) Rate

#### **Base Changes**

- f) exempt caskets used for cremation.
- h) changes the criteria for applying the sales tax on cell phone calls to conform to federal law.
- I) extend the business tax exemptions for services rendered between parent companies and wholly-owned subsidiaries to to Indian tribes.

PA 02-3 applies the sales tax exemption to services for which hospital are paid rather than when they are provided. The change excludes hospitals from having to remit taxes for services rendered in May and June 2001 (services rendered in May and June are remitted in July and August).

- [1] Includes \$10 million transferred to the Transportation Fund for Sales Tax collected by the Department of Motor Vehicles on motor vehicle sales between individuals.
- [2] PA 98-128 & PA 00-170 transfers Sales Tax collected by the Department of Motor Vehicles on motor vehicle sales between individuals to the Transportation Fund.

|           | P        | mounts in Millions |          |                                  |
|-----------|----------|--------------------|----------|----------------------------------|
|           |          | Transfers to       |          |                                  |
|           | Gross    | Transportation     | Net      |                                  |
|           | Revenues | Fund               | Revenues |                                  |
| FY 00     | 3,106.8  | 10.0               | 3,096.8  |                                  |
| FY 01     | 3,185.2  | 60.1               | 3,125.1  |                                  |
| Est-FY 02 | 3,248.9  | 55.2               | 3,193.7  | Budget Act FY 2002 (Net Revenue) |

### Sales Tax Exemptions Revenue Loss (\$ Millions)

| Exemption   | FY 92         | FY 93       | FY 94       | FY 95      | FY 96         | FY 97        | FY 98        | FY 99    | FY 00      | FY 01        |
|---|---------------|-------------|-------------|------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|----------|------------|--------------|
| Resale-Labor/Services   | \$35.2        | \$36.2      | \$42.2      | \$48.7     | \$50.9        | \$56.6       | \$66.5       | \$77.9   | \$78.3     | \$81.7       |
| Resale-Lease/Rent   | 28.3          | 36.8        | 46.4        | 60.3       | 60.1          | 75.9         | 80.3         | 79.5     | 85.8       | 88.5         |
| Resale-Sale of Goods  | 1,965.8       | 2,046.1     | 2,316.1     | 2,725.7    | 2,728.5       | 2,877.8      | 3,092.5      | 3,002.1  | 3,369.4    | 3,722.3      |
| Subscription and Newspapers[10]   | 7.7           | 8.2         | 9.9         | 13.7       | 17.9          | 19.8         | 29.5         | 32.1     | 93.3       | 77.1         |
| Children's Clothing   | 5.5           | -           | -           | -          | -             | -            | -            | -        | -          | -            |
| Clothing/Footwear [1][2]  | 106.3         | 105.3       | 100.1       | 98.4       | 102.4         | 95.4         | 106.0        | 110.2    | 114.8      | 140.3        |
| Livestock, Fertilizer, Feed[3]  | 2.4           | -           | -           | -          | -             | -            | -            | -        | -          | -            |
| Food for Human ConsumptionFood Stamp  | 239.3         | 256.5       | 261.5       | 256.3      | 255.1         | 231.1        | 237.1        | 247.0    | 243.2      | 252.5        |
| Electricity/Gas/Heating Fuel for Residential Use  | 76.2          | 82.6        | 83.4        | 76.2       | 88.1          | 88.8         | 79.9         | 78.3     | 89.2       | 103.6        |
| Electricity (\$150 Month. Exemp.)   | 2.8           | 3.0         | 2.7         | 2.9        | 2.8           | 2.8          | 3.0          | 3.0      | 3.4        | 3.4          |
| Utilities used in Manufacturing or Agricultural Production  | 26.4          | 27.9        | 29.0        | 28.5       | 31.4          | 30.3         | 22.0         | 20.9     | 23.7       | 27.6         |
| Fuel for Motor Vehicles   | 138.7         | 128.4       | 127.6       | 131.8      | 132.5         | 156.3        | 143.2<br>1.5 | 118.1    | 149.6      | 172.4<br>2.3 |
| Aviation Fuel Connecticut Aircraft Sales [8]  | 2.1<br>0.05   | 1.7<br>0.08 | 1.3<br>0.01 | 1.2<br>0.2 | 1.6<br>0.4    | 1.8<br>0.01  | 1.5          | 1.2      | 1.7        | 2.3          |
| Repair/Replacement Parts/Services to Aircraft [6]   | 0.03          | -           | 1.2         | 1.8        | 2.1           | 3.6          | 3.3          | -<br>5.1 | 2.7        | 4.1          |
| Sales Tangible Personal Property to Farmers   | 7.1           | 7.9         | 5.6         | 5.7        | 4.9           | 6.6          | 5.3          | 6.4      | 5.3        | 6.2          |
| Machinery, Materials, Tools & Fuel used in Mfg. Production  | 74.7          | 94.9        | 94.0        | 93.7       | 100.4         | 103.5        | 116.0        | 108.9    | 122.1      | 124.2        |
| Machinery, Materials, Tools & Fuel used in Cmmrcl Fishing   | 8.9           | 11.5        | 10.4        | 7.5        | 6.8           | 4.5          | 11.6         | 8.9      | 11.4       | 4.9          |
| Machinery Used in Printing [4]  | 1.3           | 4.0         | 2.7         | 4.1        | 4.7           | 5.5          | 5.7          | 6.8      | 4.7        | 4.0          |
| Out-of-State Sales Labor/Services   | 168.5         | 179.0       | 195.6       | 208.2      | 248.6         | 303.0        | 343.6        | 343.3    | 348.5      | 367.5        |
| Out-of-State Sales Leases/Rentals   | 32.5          | 23.0        | 22.1        | 32.2       | 28.6          | 33.0         | 31.4         | 33.5     | 36.5       | 35.4         |
| Out-of-State Sales of Goods   | 1,239.7       | 1,438.0     | 1,418.8     | 1,432.0    | 1,699.0       | 1,735.6      | 1,888.2      | 1,922.2  | 1,891.3    | 2,049.3      |
| Sales of Motor Vehicles, Vessels to Nonresidents  | 9.9           | 8.7         | 12.3        | 13.5       | 12.5          | 13.5         | 15.6         | 18.2     | 20.1       | 26.3         |
| Prescription Medicines  | 41.0          | 42.5        | 49.5        | 55.8       | 60.9          | 74.7         | 85.7         | 101.1    | 116.6      | 97.8         |
| Non-prescription Medicines  | 9.1           | 7.9         | 7.5         | 9.6        | 9.6           | 9.8          | 10.1         | 13.3     | 12.2       | 12.0         |
| Charitable & Governmental Labor/Services  | 105.0         | 110.4       | 118.4       | 112.0      | 133.4         | 147.0        | 174.3        | 214.4    | 172.8      | 328.5        |
| Charitable & Governmental Leases/Rental   | 14.9          | 7.9         | 9.2         | 9.7        | 13.1          | 10.8         | 9.4          | 13.3     | 24.8       | 18.6         |
| Charitable & Governmental Sale of Goods   | 351.7         | 354.2       | 375.3       | 338.0      | 324.5         | 314.5        | 288.9        | 335.2    | 299.1      | 193.2        |
| Cogeneration Tech. [3]  | 2.8           | 0.0         | -           | -          | -             | -            | -            | -        | -          | -            |
| Pollution Abatement Sale of Goods/Leases/Rentals  | 4.4           | 1.4         | 2.3         | 2.2        | 2.4           | 2.1          | 1.8          | 3.3      | 6.2        | 8.8          |
| Non-taxable Labor/Services  | 207.2         | 236.6       | 280.7       | 312.2      | 351.6         | 401.6        | 458.2        | 481.0    | 539.2      | 605.8        |
| Bus. Services/Parent-Owned Subs.  | 6.1<br>3.2    | 8.9         | 8.9         | 9.3        | 13.9          | 19.6         | 46.4         | 34.5     | 52.7       | 31.3         |
| Repair Serv. to Nonbusiness M.Veh. [3]  | 0.3           | -           | -           | -          | -             | -            | -            | -        | -          | -            |
| Horses[3] Trade-Ins (Motor Veh., Construction Equip., etc.)   | 20.3          | -<br>21.5   | 24.2        | 28.9       | -<br>31.8     | 32.3         | 33.3         | 35.4     | 39.6       | -<br>41.1    |
| Taxed Goods Returned w/in 90 days   | 6.4           | 8.0         | 7.7         | 8.8        | 8.6           | 9.0          | 9.7          | 9.0      | 9.0        | 9.0          |
| Taxed Goods Returned w/in 90 days @ 5.5% [8]  | 0.03          | 0.02        | 0.02        | 0.0        | 0.0           | 0.1          | - 3.1        | -        | - 3.0      | - 3.0        |
| Lease/Rental Canceled w/in 90 days [8]  | 0.1           | 0.02        | 0.02        | 0.01       | 0.02          | 0.03         | _            | _        | _          | _            |
| Oxygen, Plasma, etc Sales of Goods/Lease/Rental   | 5.7           | 6.2         | 7.5         | 7.8        | 9.3           | 8.6          | 8.2          | 6.6      | 10.4       | 8.8          |
| Print for Future Deliv. Out-of-State  | 1.4           | 1.6         | 2.6         | 1.8        | 2.4           | 1.3          | 1.4          | 2.8      | 2.2        | 1.6          |
| Non-Profit Ambulance Sale/Lease/Rent [3]  | 0.1           | -           | -           | -          | -             | -            | -            | -        | -          | -            |
| Ambulance-Certif/License  | 0.0           | -           | -           | -          | -             | -            | -            | -        | -          | -            |
| Material/Cloth/Non-Commercial   | 1.8           | 1.2         | 0.8         | 0.9        | 0.7           | 1.2          | 1.0          | 0.5      | 0.5        | 0.5          |
| Low-Moderate Housing-Sale of Goods [8]  | 0.05          | 0.08        | 0.1         | 0.1        | 0.1           | 0.1          | -            | -        | -          | -            |
| Low-Moderate Housing-Lease/Rental [8]   | 0.02          | 0.02        | 0.03        | 0.05       | 0.08          | 0.04         | -            | -        | -          | -            |
| Funeral Expenses  | 2.9           | 2.9         | 2.9         | 2.9        | 3.2           | 3.32         | 3.3          | 3.2      | 3.0        | 3.3          |
| Certain Machinery-Mfg Recovery Act '92 [5]  | -             | 0.02        | 1.3         | 1.5        | 2.0           | 2.8          | 3.4          | 4.7      | 2.6        | 3.0          |
| Outsourcing Computer & Data Proc Services [5]   | -             | 0.05        | 0.3         | 0.1        | 0.2           | 0.1          | -            | -        | -          | -            |
| Trucks, GRVW Over 26,000 pounds or Interstate Freight [4,8]   | 1.6           | 4.3         | 5.6         | 5.9        | 7.8           | 8.0          | 9.0          | 10.6     | 12.7       | 10.9         |
| Computer and Data Processing Services [9]   | -             | -           | -           | -          | -             | -            | 4.8          | 16.4     | 32.2       | 44.7         |
| Sales of Machinery, Equip., Tools, etc. to Biotech Industry [9]   | -             | -           | -           | -          | -             | -            | 0.4          | 0.7      | 1.2        | 1.7<br>2.4   |
| Sales of Repair and Maintenance Service to Vessels [9] Renovation and Repair Services for Residential Real Property | -             | -           | -           | -          | -             | -            | 0.5          | 1.3      | 2.0<br>3.1 | 2.4<br>7.1   |
| Hospital Patient Care Services (lower rate)   | -             | -           | -           | -          | -             | -            | -            | -        | 3.1<br>8.0 | 9.6          |
| College Textbooks [11]  | -             | -           | -           | -          | -             | -            | -            | -        | - 0.0      | 0.9          |
| Other Adjustments   | 848.4         | 503.0       | -<br>461.9  | 634.8      | 644.3         | 662.2        | 738.9        | 829.5    | 856.0      | 863.8        |
| Sais. Adjustitionis   | <u>0 10.7</u> | 000.0       | 101.0       | 007.0      | <u>0 17.0</u> | <u>552.2</u> | 100.0        | 020.0    | 000.0      | 000.0        |

**Total Tax Exemption** 

\$5,813.9 \$5,818.5 \$6,149.7 \$6,785.2 \$7,199.3 \$7,554.6 \$8,170.9 \$8,340.4 \$8,901.1 \$9,598.0

Source: Department of Revenue Services, Annual Report, Various Years.

n.m. = nominal

<sup>[1]</sup> Effective at \$50 from 4/1/85 - 9/30/85, after which it increased to \$75.
[2] The exemption on Clothing/Footwear, including children's, was lowered to \$50 (Effective 10/1/91).
[3] Repealed, effective 10/1/93.
[4] Effective 11/193.
[5] Effective 11/193.

<sup>[6]</sup> Effective 7/1/93

<sup>[7]</sup> Figure not available for 1989-1990 due to legislative changes

<sup>[8]</sup> Combined with Other Adjustements FY98. [9] Effective 7/1/97

<sup>[10]</sup> Newspapers effective 7/1/98 [11] Sales of college textbooks 7/1/00

#### **TOURISM DISTRICTS**

In the 1992 Session, the Legislature passed PA 92-184 which creates a two-tiered structure consisting of (1) a tourism office in the Department of Economic Development with an 11-member council and (2) 11 regional districts covering the entire state, established as of 7/1/93. It also establishes a special nonlapsing fund to finance tourism promotion and award challenge grants. The fund is supported by a \$1 surcharge on passenger motor vehicles rented or leased for less than 30 days.

The tourism districts are funded by allocating a portion of the 12% Sales Tax paid on hotel and motel room occupancy receipts based on the population of towns in the district. The district keeps 1.5% of the gross receipts in towns under 65,000, 3.5% in towns between 65,000 and 75,000, and 4.5% in towns over 75,000. An exception is made for towns under 65,000 which the state tourism office determines has the most popular tourist attraction in the state. The district in which this town is located can keep 3.5% of the gross receipts in that town. The districts are:

**Greater Fairfield:** Bridgeport, Darien, Easton, Fairfield, Greenwich, Monroe, New Caanan, Norwalk, Stamford, Stratford, Weston, Westport and Wilton

**Greater Waterbury:** Beacon Falls, Middlebury, Naugatuck, Oxford, Seymour, Thomaston, Waterbury, Watertown and Wolcott

**Greater New Haven:** Ansonia, Bethany, Derby, East Haven, Hamden, Milford, New Haven, North Branford, North Haven, Orange, Prospect, Shelton, Trumbull, West Haven and Woodbridge

**Connecticut Valley:** Branford, Chester, Clinton, Cromwell, Deep River, Durham, East Haddam, East Hampton, Essex, Guilford, Haddam, Killingworth, Madison, Meriden, Middlefield, Middletown, Old Saybrook, Portland, Wallingford and Westbrook

**Southeastern Connecticut:** Bozrah, Colchester, East Lyme, Franklin, Griswold, Groton, Ledyard, Lisbon, Lyme, Montville, New London, North Stonington, Norwich, Old Lyme, Preston, Salem, Sprague, Stonington, Voluntown and Waterford

**Litchfield Hills:** Barkhamsted, Bethlehem, Bristol, Caanan, Colebrook, Cornwall, Goshen, Hartland, Harwinton, Kent, Litchfield, Morris, New Hartford, New Milford, Norfolk, North Caanan, Plymouth, Roxbury, Salisbury, Sharon, Southbury, Torrington, Warren, Washington, Winchester and Woodbury

Central Connecticut: Berlin, Cheshire, New Britian, Plainville and Southington

**Greater Hartford:** Andover, Avon, Bolton, Burlington, Canton, East Hartford, Ellington, Farmington, Glastonbury, Hartford, Hebron, Manchester, Marlborough, Newington, Rocky Hill, Simsbury, South Windsor, Vernon, Tolland, West Hartford and Wethersfield

**Northeast Connecticut:** Ashford, Brooklyn, Canterbury, Chaplin, Columbia, Coventry, Eastford, Hampton, Killingly, Lebanon, Mansfield, Plainfield, Pomfret, Putnam, Scotland, Sterling, Thompson, Union, Willington, Windham and Woodstock

**Housatonic Valley:** Bethel, Bridgewater, Brookfield, Danbury, New Fairfield, Newtown, Redding, Ridgefield and Sherman

**Tobacco Valley:** Bloomfield, East Granby, East Windsor, Enfield, Granby, Somers, Stafford, Suffield, Windsor and Windsor Locks

The act requires the following convention and coliseum authorities to receive a portion of the lodgings tax revenue returned to their respective tourism districts (CGS Section 32-305).

**Capital City Economic Development Authority** (90% of the amount attributable to room occupancy tax receipts from sales in Hartford);

**Greater Hartford Arts Council** (10% of the amount attributable to room occupancy tax receipts from sales in Hartford);

**New Haven Coliseum Authority** (75% of the amount attributable to room occupancy tax receipts from sales in New Haven)

**Stamford Center for the Arts** (75% of the amount attributable to room occupancy tax receipts from sales in Stamford); and

**Maritime Center Authority** (75% of the amount attributable to room occupancy tax receipts from sales in Norwalk.)

## DISBURSEMENTS TO TOURISM DISTRICTS AND OTHER RELATED ENTITIES (\$ Millions)

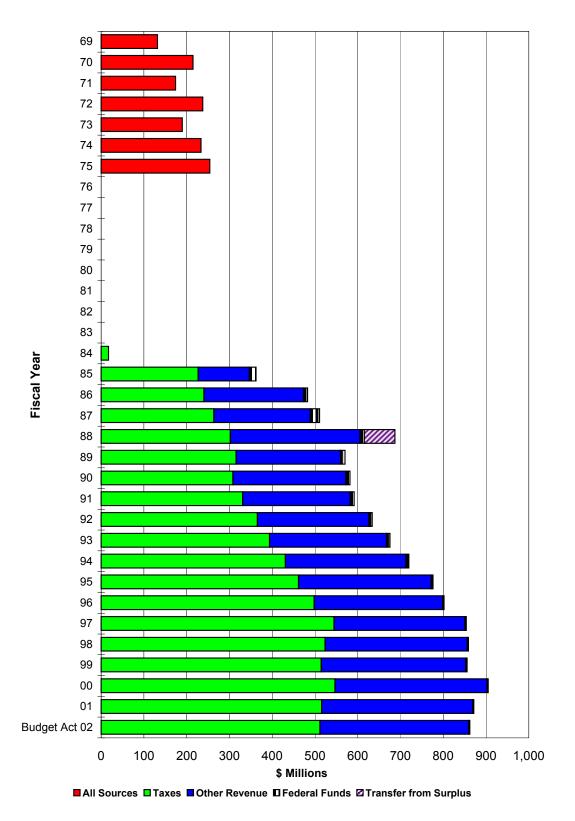
|  |        | •      |        |        |        |        |
|--|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| District and/or Entity                 | FY 96  | FY 97  | FY 98* | FY 99  | FY 00  | FY 01  |
| Greater Fairfield District             | \$1.1  | \$1.3  | \$1.4  | \$1.6  | \$1.8  | \$1.9  |
| Greater Waterbury District             | 0.4    | 0.4    | 0.5    | 0.5    | 0.6    | 0.6    |
| Greater New Haven District             | 0.6    | 0.7    | 0.8    | 0.9    | 1.0    | 1.1    |
| Connecticut Valley District            | 0.5    | 0.5    | 0.5    | 0.7    | 0.7    | 8.0    |
| Southeastern CT District               | 1.3    | 1.4    | 1.5    | 1.5    | 1.8    | 1.9    |
| Litchfield Hills District              | 0.3    | 0.4    | 0.5    | 0.4    | 0.4    | 0.4    |
| Central Connecticut District           | 0.1    | 0.1    | 0.1    | 0.1    | 0.2    | 0.2    |
| Greater Hartford Tourism District      | 0.6    | 0.6    | 0.7    | 0.9    | 1.0    | 1.1    |
| Northeast CT Visitors District         | 0.07   | 0.08   | 0.09   | 0.08   | 0.09   | 0.11   |
| Housatonic Valley District             | 0.7    | 0.8    | 0.8    | 1.0    | 1.1    | 1.2    |
| CT North Central Tourism Bureau        | 0.5    | 0.5    | 0.6    | 0.6    | 0.7    | 0.7    |
| CT Convention Center Authority         | 0.9    | 1.0    | 1.2    | -      | -      | -      |
| Greater Hartford Arts Council          | -      | -      | -      | 0.1    | 0.2    | 0.2    |
| New Haven Coliseum Authority           | 0.4    | 0.4    | 0.5    | 0.6    | 0.8    | 0.8    |
| Stamford Center for the Arts           | 1.2    | 1.5    | 1.8    | 2.0    | 2.4    | 2.5    |
| Norwalk Maritime Center Authority      | 0.4    | 0.4    | 0.4    | 0.7    | 0.8    | 0.8    |
| Capital City Economic Dev. Authority** | -      | -      | -      | 1.2    | 1.3    | 1.5    |
| Total Revenue to District/Entities     | \$8.8  | \$10.0 | \$11.4 | \$13.0 | \$14.7 | \$15.7 |
| Total Hotel Occupancy Tax Revenue      | \$45.0 | \$50.2 | \$55.8 | \$61.7 | \$68.8 | \$72.9 |

<sup>\*</sup>During FY 98, \$150,000 was given to the CT Film, Video and Media Office pursuant to CGS 31-305. The monies were allocated based upon each district and entity's pro-rata share of funding. Therefore, the amounts reflected above represent the net disbursement actually received by the districts and entities for FY 98.

Public Act 01-6 JSS caps the total amount of funds allocated to the tourism districts at FY 01 levels for FY 02 and FY 03 and intercepts funds to the CT Historical Commission, CT Film Office, State Commission on

<sup>\*\*</sup>Public Act 99-241 created the Capital City Economic Development Authority (CGS 32-305). Effective for FY 99, the Authority receives 90% of the amount from gross room occupancy receipts from sales in Hartford. The remaining 10% is used to fund the Greater Hartford Arts Council.

# Transportation Fund Revenues\* FY 69 - FY 75 and FY 84 - FY 02\*\*



\*FY 76 - FY 83 included as part of the General Fund.

\*\*Budget Act FY 2002

#### TRANSPORTATION FUND

|      | Total<br>Revenues<br>(Millions \$) | Fur<br>Break<br>(Millio   | down                   | Base Changes   |
|------|------------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|--|
| 1972 | 237.5                              |                           |                        |  |
| 1973 | 189.5                              |                           |                        |  |
| 1974 | 233.4                              |                           |                        |  |
| 1975 | 254.0                              |                           |                        | The Highway Fund became the Transportation Fund on 7/1/74  |
| 1976 | NA                                 |                           |                        | Transportation Fund was eliminated on 6/30/75. All activities were transferred to General Fund accounts.   |
| 1984 | 17.5                               |                           |                        | 1) PA 83-30 established a Special Transportation Fund for the maintenance and construction of state roads and bridges. Revenues are derived from a set aside of one cent of the State Motor Fuels Tax (currently 14 cents/gallon Gasoline and 13 cents/gallon - gasohol). State Treasurer may utilize fund revenues as part of the State's Short Term Investment Fund. 2) PA 83-1 (October Special Session) appropriated \$3.333 million of the FY 84 General Fund surplus from operations to the Special Transportation Fund. The appropriated amount is included in the total. |
| 1985 | 362.6                              | Taxes<br>Other<br>Federal |                        | Special Transportation Fund expanded to include all highway-related state and federal revenues (except tolls).   |
| 1986 | 482.9                              | Taxes<br>Other<br>Federal |                        | <ol> <li>PA 85-529 changes various motor vehicle fees.</li> <li>PA 85-413 revises surcharges on motor vehicle related fines and penalties.</li> </ol>  |
| 1987 | 511.2                              | Taxes<br>Other<br>Federal | 225.9                  | 1) PA 86-383 changes various motor vehicle registration fees. 2) PA 86-271 increases fees associated with the transfer of a motor vehicle because of a business partial liquidation or reorganization (7/1/86). 3) PA 86-352 allows motor carriers registered with DRS to purchase fuel at designated stations without paying Motor Fuels Tax at the pump. The tax is paid quarterly (10/1/86).  |
| 1988 | 615.6                              | Taxes<br>Other<br>Federal | 303.0                  | 1) PA 87-329 postpones the motor vehicle fee increase scheduled for 1988 until 1992 and eliminates another increase scheduled for 1992. The fees would had increased 12.9% in 1988 and 14.3% in 1992.  |
| 1989 | 570.4                              | Taxes<br>Other<br>Federal | 244.4                  | <ol> <li>PA 88-249 requires mandatory registration for all motor carriers, in-state and out-of-state, and payment of an annual registration fee of \$10.</li> <li>PA 88-320 sets fines for not stopping at truck weighing areas and littering</li> </ol>   |
| 1990 | 582.1                              | Taxes<br>Other<br>Federal | 308.1<br>264.0<br>10.0 |  |

### TRANSPORTATION FUND

| Fiscal<br>Year | Total<br>Revenues<br>(Millions \$) | Fund<br>Breakdown<br>(Millions \$) |                       | Base Changes  |
|----------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------|---|
| 1991           | 591.9                              | Taxes<br>Other<br>Federal          | 330.9<br>251.8<br>9.2 |   |
| 1992           | 634.2                              | Taxes<br>Other<br>Federal          |                       | 1) PA 91-13 (June Special Session) changes various motor vehicle and transportation-related fees.   |
| 1993           | 675.6                              | Taxes<br>Other<br>Federal          | 273.4                 | <ol> <li>PA 92-177 (May Special Session) changes various motor vehicle and transportation-related fees.</li> <li>PA 92-136 establishes a motor carrier decal program.</li> <li>PA 92-13 (May Special Session) requires employers in severe air pollution areas to pay fees when filing traffic-management compliance plans.</li> </ol>  |
| 1994           | 719.8                              | Taxes<br>Other<br>Federal          | 281.8                 | 1) Towns with aircrafts on their grand list are required to exempt them from the property tax and implement a registration program. Towns will be reimbursed for the tax that would have been collected from aircrafts on their 1992 grand list, less the fees collected under the registration program from the Transportation Fund at 100% in FY 94 and FY 95 and in subsequent years at 90%, 70%, 50%, 30%, 10%.                     |
| 1995           | 776.4                              | Taxes<br>Other<br>Federal          | 461.6<br>310.1<br>4.7 | PA 94-189 changes various motor vehicle and transportation related fees.  |
| 1996           | 802.2                              | Taxes<br>Other<br>Federal          | 498.4<br>299.8<br>4.0 | PA 95-126 eliminates the regulation of the motor carrier industry by the Department of Transportation, except for carriers of household goods.  PA 95-35 redefines a motor carrier subject to the state motor carrier road tax to adopt the definition used under the International Fuel Tax Agreement (IFTA). It requires motor carriers to display two identification markers.  |
| 1997           | 854.2                              | Taxes<br>Other<br>Federal          | 306.0                 | PA 96-222 makes technical changes to numerous laws to reflect the termination of the federal Interstate Commerce Commission (ICC) and transfer of some of its former functions to other entities.  PA 96-31 eliminates the regulation of certain household goods in the motor carrier industry by the Department of Transportation. Only carriers transporting personal effects and property for homeowners remain regulated. PA 95-126 |
| 1998           | 858.9                              | Taxes<br>Other<br>Federal          | 331.9                 | eliminated the regulation of motor carriers industry except for household goods carriers.  PA 97-309 transfers revenues generated from tax on petroleum products to the Transportation Fund. (20 Million in FY 99 and 36 Million in FY 00 and subsequent fiscal years)  |

### TRANSPORTATION FUND

| Fiscal<br>Year | Total<br>Revenues<br>(Millions \$) | Fui<br>Break<br>(Millio   | down                  | Base Changes   |
|----------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|--|
|                |                                    |                           |                       | PA 97-309 and PA 97-226 waive the \$5 safety fee and \$11 transfer fee for stolen or mutilated motor vehicle marker plates effective 7/1/98. It also transfers funds from the Emission Enterprise Fund (2.5 Million per fiscal year) and transfers certain fees collected by Motor Vehicle Department and Consumer Protection to the Transportation Fund.                          |
|                |                                    |                           |                       | PA 97-1 (July 21, 1997 Special Session) eliminates earmarking of Bond Forfeiture Fund.   |
|                |                                    |                           |                       | PA 97-236 transfers funds to the Automobile Insurance Enforcement Fund (\$100,000 per fiscal year).  |
| 1999           | 855.8                              | Taxes<br>Other<br>Federal | 338.0                 | PA 98-128 transfers Sales Tax collected by the Department of Motor Vehicle on motor vehicle sales between individuals to the Transportation Fund of amounts of \$10 million in FY 00, \$20 million in FY 01, \$30 million in FY 02 and \$40 million in FY 03 and thereafter.   |
|                |                                    |                           |                       | PA 98-95 Reduces the fees charged for returned checks as uncollectible by the Department of Motor Vehicle.   |
|                |                                    |                           |                       | PA 98-182 eliminates the \$20 late fee if a motor vehicle has been transferred to a new owner after the 30-day expiration period for emissions testing. It also exempts from emission inspection requirement motor vehicles 25 years or older or vehicles driven by a licensed dealer or repairer.   |
| 2000           | 905.4                              | Taxes<br>Other<br>Federal | 547.0<br>355.4<br>3.0 | Topalion.  |
| 2001           | 871.8                              | Taxes<br>Other<br>Federal |                       | PA 00-170 makes the following modifications:  (a) transfer all of the sales tax collected on automobile sales by DMV to the Transportation Fund (See PA 98-128 for previous transfers)  (b) transferred an additiona \$10 million per year from the petroleum products to \$46 in FY 01 (see PA 97-309).  (c) transferreds funds of \$1 million per year to the Conservation Fund. |
|                |                                    |                           |                       | PA 00-180 provide a waiver from emmission testing for vehicles less than four years old no later than July 1, 2002.  |
| 2002           | 862.4<br>Budget Act                | Taxes<br>Other<br>Federal | 347.6                 | PA 01-6 JSS makes motor vehicle operator licenses valid for six years rather than four years and increases the fees by a proportionate amount for six years. It also inceases the clean air assessment fee on motor vehicle registrations from \$4 to \$10 and split the fee between the Transportation Fund and Clean Air Account.  |

Note: Changes to the Motor Fuels tax may be found in the Excise Tax section.

### **SUMMARY OF ENACTED TAX AND FEE CHANGES**

|       | Motor Fu<br>Per G | iels Tax<br>allon |     | Motor Vehicles<br>Receipts |                  |
|-------|-------------------|-------------------|-----|----------------------------|------------------|
|       | Increase/         |                   |     | (% Increase) [1]           | (% Increase) [2] |
|       | (Decrease)        | Tax               |     |                            |                  |
|       | 1 cent            | \$0.15            |     |                            |                  |
|       | 1 cent            | 0.16              |     | 25%                        | 0                |
|       | 1 cent            | 0.17              |     | 0                          | 50%              |
| 7/87  | 2 cents           | 0.19              |     | 24%                        | 0                |
| 7/88  | 1 cent            | 0.20              |     | 0                          | 0                |
| 7/90  | 2 cents           | 0.22              |     | 0                          | 50%              |
| 7/91  | 1 cent            | 0.23              |     | 0                          | 0                |
| 9/91  | 2 cents           | 0.25              |     | 0                          | 0                |
| 1/92  | 1 cent            | 0.26              |     | 0                          | 0                |
| 7/92  | 0                 | 0.26              |     | 0                          | 25%              |
| 1/93  | 2 cents           | 0.28              |     | 0                          | 0                |
| 7/93  | 1 cent            | 0.29              |     | 12.9%                      | 0                |
| 1/94  | 1 cent            | 0.30              |     | 0                          | 0                |
| 7/94  | 1 cent            | 0.31              |     | 0                          | 25%              |
| 1/95  | 2 cents           | 0.33              |     | 0                          | 0                |
| 10/95 | 1 cent            | 0.34              | [3] | 0                          | 0                |
| 1/96  | 1 cent            | 0.35              |     | 0                          | 0                |
| 4/96  | 1 cent            | 0.36              |     | 0                          | 0                |
| 7/96  | 1 cent            | 0.37              |     | 0                          | 0                |
| 10/96 | 1 cent            | 0.38              |     | 0                          | 0                |
| 1/97  | 1 cent            | 0.39              |     | 0                          | 0                |
| 7/97  | (3 cents)         | 0.36              | [4] | 0                          | 0                |
| 7/98  | (4 cents)         | 0.32              | [5] | 0                          | 0                |
| 7/00  | (7 cents)         | 0.25              | [6] | 0                          | 0                |
|       |                   |                   |     |                            |                  |

[1] The percentage increase compares the increased fee rates to the rates in effect during the previous State fiscal year. Included in Motor Vehicle Receipts are motor vehicle registration fees, motor vehicle and motorcycle operator's license fees, certain business license fees, and some DMV administrative fees. PA 87-329 postponed the 12.9% increase originally scheduled for July 1, 1988 and eliminated the 14.3% increase scheduled for July 1, 1992. In addition, PA 91-13 of the June Special Session scheduled for July 1, 1992. In addition, PA 91-13 of the June Special Session and PA 92-177 imposed and increased certain motor vehicle fees. These increase are not reflected in the percentages listed in the table above.

[2] Included in Licenses, Permits and Fees are business license and registration fees (for dealers, repairers, junk yards, etc.), permits (motorcycle learner's permit, etc.), various administrative fees (vehicle inspection fees, title fees, driver's license information, etc.), surcharges on motor vehicle-related fines, and penalties. Not included are fees for which federal law establishes a maximum, such as the motor carrier registration fee.

[3] PA 93-74 increases the motor fuels tax by 5 cents per gallon, in 1 cent increments from 10/1/95 through 1/1/97.

PA 85-413 repealed the surcharge on motor vehicle fines and penalties scheduled to go into effect July 1, 1985 and reduced other surcharges scheduled to become effective July 1, 1989, 1991, and 1993. However, the increases listed above still apply for other Licenses, Permits and Fees.

[4] PA 97-309 reduced the Gasoline Tax from \$0.39 per gallon to \$0.36 effective 7/1/97 & from \$0.36 to \$0.33 effective 7/1/98.

[5] PA 98-128 reduced the Gasoline Tax from \$0.33 per gallon to \$0.32 effective 7/1/98. This is in addition to the 3 cent reduction effective 7/1/98 per PA 97-309.

[6] PA 00-170 reduced the Gasoline Tax from \$0.32 per gallon to \$0.25 effective 7/1/00.

### THE TRANSPORTATION INFRASTRUCTURE PROGRAM

In 1984, the State adopted legislation establishing a transportation infrastructure program and authorizing special tax obligation (STO) bonds to finance the program. The infrastructure program is a continuous program for planning, construction and improvement of state highways and bridges, projects on the interstate highway system, alternate highway projects in the interstate highway substitution program, waterway facilities, mass transportation and transit facilities, aeronautic facilities (excluding Bradley International Airport), the highway safety program, maintenance garages and administrative facilities of the Department of Transportation and payment of the state's share of the costs of the local bridge program established under the act. The infrastructure program is administered by the Department of Transportation.

The cost of the infrastructure program for state fiscal years 1985-2006, which is to be met from federal, state and local funds, is currently estimated at \$15.6 billion. The state's share of such cost, estimated at \$5.9 billion, is to be funded from transportation related taxes, fees and revenue deposited in the Special Transportation Fund, as described below, and from the proceeds of STO bonds. The portion of state program costs not financed by STO bonds is estimated at \$0.6 billion and includes the expenses of the infrastructure program which either are not sufficiently large or do not have a long enough life expectancy to justify the issuance of long-term bonds. Such expenses include resurfacing and restoring state highways, improving certain highways in urban areas, providing safety improvements along the state roads, and completing certain other transportation improvements.

The state has established a Transportation Fund for the purpose of budgeting and accounting for all transportation related taxes, fees and revenues credited to such fund and securing the STO bonds. STO bonds are payable solely from revenues of the Special Transportation Fund. The aggregate of motor fuels taxes, motor vehicle receipts, motor vehicle related licenses, permits and fees, and portions of the oil companies tax and sales tax on motor vehicles and other transportation related revenues sources, including enacted adjustments to all foregoing sources, are intended to cover the cost of the state's share of the infrastructure program, including debt services requirements. After providing for debt service requirements, the balance of the receipts from such revenue sources may be applied to the payment of general obligation bonds of the state issued or previously authorized and to be issued for transportation purposes and for the payment of annually budgeted expenses of the department of Transportation, the Department of Motor Vehicles and certain expenses related to the highway patrol function of the Department of Public Safety for FY 94 through FY 98.

## THE INFRASTRUCTURE RENEWAL PROGRAM TRANSPORTATION FUND (\$ MILLIONS)

### FY 85 FY 86 FY 87 FY 88 FY 89 FY 90 FY 91 FY 92 FY 93 FY 94 FY 95 FY 96 FY 97 FY 98 FY 99 FY 00 FY 01

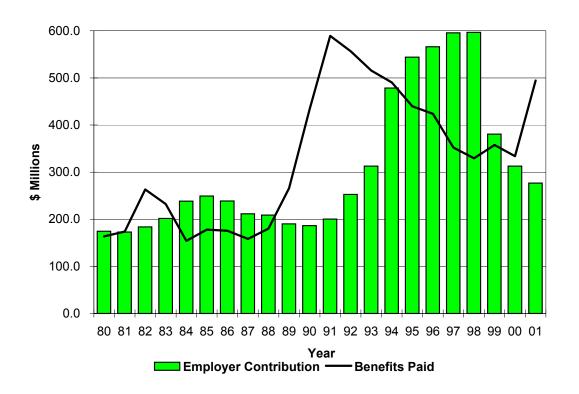
| Beginning Balance                         | 0.3     |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Motor Fuels Taxes, Receipts, Fees         | \$339.5 | \$422.0 | \$473.3 | \$523.8 | \$542.3 | \$547.3 | \$556.6 | \$593.7 | \$640.7 | \$689.8 | \$729.2 | \$764.0 | \$814.8 | \$824.5 | \$799.9 | \$809.3 | \$729.0 |
| Statutory Transfers from Gen. Fund [1]    | ,       | •       | ,       | •       | •       | , -     | ,       |         | •       | ,       | •       | •       | •       | , -     | 20.0    | 46.0    | 106.1   |
| UMTA Grants                               | 15.7    | 9.6     | 21.7    | 10.3    | 10.3    | 10.0    | 9.2     | 8.1     | 8.3     | 7.1     | 4.7     | 4.1     | 3.6     | 3.1     | 3.1     | 3.0     | 3.3     |
| Interest Income                           | 7.4     | 11.6    | 9.4     | 13.6    | 22.7    | 29.1    | 30.1    | 36.8    | 29.9    | 25.8    | 35.2    | 40.7    | 42.0    | 35.4    | 38.5    | 37.7    | 43.9    |
| Transfer - General Fund Surplus           | 0.0     | 25.0    | 10.0    | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.6     | 2.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     |
| Transfer - General Fund Tolls             | 0.0     | 18.3    | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     |
| Transfer - Other Funds                    | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | (0.2)   | (0.2)   | (0.2)   | (0.5)   | (2.0)   | (3.0)   |
| Release from Reserve Account              | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 14.3    | 0.0     | 0.0     | 3.0     | 0.0     | 16.8    | 0.0     |
| Total - Revenues                          | 362.9   | 486.5   | 514.4   | 547.7   | 575.3   | 586.4   | 595.9   | 638.6   | 679.5   | 724.7   | 783.4   | 808.6   | 860.2   | 865.8   | 861.0   | 910.8   | 879.3   |
| Refunds of Taxes                          | 0.0     | (3.7)   | (3.2)   | (3.7)   | (4.9)   | (4.3)   | (4.0)   | (4.4)   | (3.8)   | (4.9)   | (7.0)   | (6.4)   | (6.0)   | (6.7)   | (5.2)   | (5.4)   | (7.5)   |
| Total - Net Resources                     | 362.9   | 482.8   | 511.2   | 544.0   | 570.4   | 582.1   | 591.9   | 634.2   | 675.7   | 719.8   | 776.4   | 802.2   | 854.2   | 859.1   | 855.8   | 905.4   | 871.8   |
| Debt Service & Expenditures:              |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
| Special Tax Obligation Bonds              | 12.6    | 26.5    | 38.9    | 57.0    | 91.2    | 126.4   | 163.9   | 204.1   | 238.5   | 253.7   | 271.0   | 290.7   | 313.6   | 341.1   | 319.6   | 344.3   | 366.1   |
| Debt Service Reduction-PA 97-309          |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         | (9.7)   | (31.4)  | (51.9)  |         |         |
| General Obligation Bonds                  | 105.3   | 117.0   | 113.9   | 94.7    | 98.9    | 86.9    | 85.0    | 73.0    | 73.6    | 49.7    | 59.3    | 54.8    | 45.0    | 46.4    | 44.8    | 31.4    | 29.2    |
| Total - Debt Service                      | 117.9   | 143.5   | 152.8   | 151.7   | 190.1   | 213.3   | 248.9   | 277.1   | 312.1   | 303.4   | 330.3   | 345.5   | 348.9   | 356.1   | 312.5   | 375.7   | 395.3   |
| Total - Debt Service                      | 117.9   | 143.5   | 152.0   | 151.7   | 190.1   | 213.3   | 240.9   | 211.1   | 312.1   | 303.4   | 330.3   | 345.5   | 340.9   | 336.1   | 312.5   | 3/5./   | 395.3   |
| DOT Expenditures:                         | 209.0   | 225.5   | 240.4   | 260.8   | 312.9   | 329.9   | 314.3   | 298.4   | 268.4   | 262.0   | 255.2   | 283.1   | 269.5   | 271.4   | 289.3   | 306.2   | 296.8   |
| Program Costs paid from current operation | 33.5    | 82.1    | 60.8    | 122.9   | 57.9    | 58.4    | 45.6    | 18.4    | 10.3    | 14.2    | 10.0    | 10.2    | 18.8    | 19.6    | 20.5    | 60.3    | 16.0    |
| DMV Budgeted Expenses                     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 35.7    | 36.0    | 39.5    | 40.4    | 43.2    | 43.7    | 43.6    | 57.9    | 49.1    | 49.6    |
| Highway Patrol Budgeted Expenses          | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 37.5    | 39.1    | 41.1    | 41.8    | 46.0    | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     |
| Other Budgeted Expenses                   | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 12.4    | 55.6    | 54.4    | 58.3    | 68.0    | 79.2    | 59.6    | 71.8    | 43.9    | 68.6    |
| Defeasance Transfer [1]                   | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 50.0    | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     |
| Total - Expenditures                      | 242.5   | 307.6   | 301.2   | 433.7   | 370.8   | 388.3   | 359.9   | 364.9   | 370.3   | 407.6   | 403.0   | 445.6   | 453.0   | 440.2   | 439.5   | 459.5   | 431.0   |
| Projected Excess (Deficiency)             | 2.5     | 31.7    | 57.2    | (41.4)  | 9.5     | (19.5)  | (16.9)  | (7.8)   | (6.7)   | 8.8     | 43.1    | 11.1    | 42.9    | 31.4    | 51.9    | 70.2    | 45.5    |

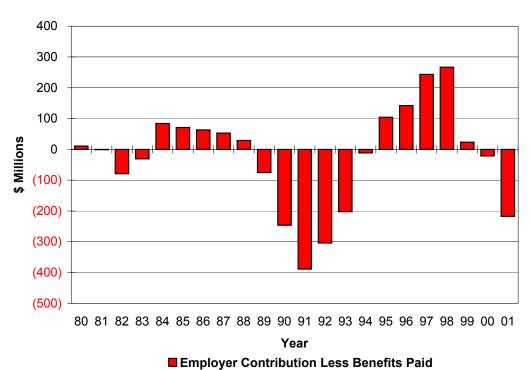
<sup>[1]</sup> Transfers from the Oil Companies Tax per PA 97-309 and from the Sales and Use Taxes per PA 98-128.

Source: The Official Statement, State of Connecticut, Special Tax Obligation Bonds, Transportation Infrastructure Purposes.

<sup>[2]</sup> In FY 1988, \$50 million of cumulative excess in Transportation Fund was set aside to redeem outstanding bonds, callable in 1995, from a 1984 issue.

## **Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund 1980 - 2001**





**Source: Connecticut Department of Labor** 

### UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION FUND 1972 - 2001 (\$ Millions)

| Calendar<br>Year | Benefits Paid | Employer<br>Contribution | Federal<br>Loans | Repayments | U. C. Trust<br>Fund Res. | Loan<br>Balance |
|------------------|---------------|--------------------------|------------------|------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| 1972             | 174.6         | 92.7                     | 31.8             |            | 23.0                     | 31.8            |
| 1973             | 117.6         | 114.2                    | 21.7             |            | 40.8                     | 53.5            |
| 1974             | 163.3         | 124.9                    | 8.5              |            | 11.8                     | 62.0            |
| 1975             | 298.4         | 140.9                    | 203.0            | 12.9       | 20.5                     | 252.1           |
| 1976             | 238.0         | 164.9                    | 137.0            | 26.0       | 21.3                     | 363.1           |
| 1977             | 193.2         | 177.7                    | 75.0             | 27.3       | 26.7                     | 410.8           |
| 1978             | 138.4         | 189.9                    | 37.0             | 37.3       | 76.3                     | 410.5           |
| 1979             | 114.9         | 181.4                    |                  | 39.6       | 103.5                    | 370.9           |
| 1980             | 163.6         | 174.4                    |                  |            | 108.5                    | 370.9           |
| 1981             | 173.7         | 172.8                    |                  | 46.6       | 98.6                     | 324.3           |
| 1982             | 263.0         | 183.7                    |                  | 49.5       | 18.0                     | 274.8           |
| 1983             | 232.3         | 201.6                    | 63.8             | 54.0       | 53.5                     | 284.6           |
| 1984             | 154.2         | 238.5                    |                  | 88.3       | 109.9                    | 196.3           |
| 1985             | 177.9         | 249.1                    |                  | 94.0       | 152.3                    | 102.3           |
| 1986             | 175.6         | 238.7                    |                  | 104.6      | 187.8                    | 0.0             |
| 1987             | 158.3         | 211.4                    |                  |            | 262.2                    | 0.0             |
| 1988             | 179.8         | 208.7                    |                  |            | 315.0                    | 0.0             |
| 1989             | 265.8         | 190.3                    |                  |            | 262.3                    | 0.0             |
| 1990             | 432.9         | 186.4                    |                  |            | 29.7                     | 0.0             |
| 1991             | 589.1         | 200.2                    | 501.5            | 147.7      | 0.0                      | 353.8           |
| 1992             | 556.5         | 252.5                    | 502.5            | 203.0      | 0.0                      | 653.3           |
| 1993             | 515.3         | 312.9                    | 362.5            | 1015.7 **  | 1.0                      | 0.0             |
| 1994             | 490.3         | 478.5                    | 168.4            | 168.4      | 0.0                      | 0.0             |
| 1995             | 439.8         | 544.0                    | 124.1            | 124.1      | 109.0                    | 0.0             |
| 1996             | 423.7         | 566.0                    |                  |            | 298.2                    | 0.0             |
| 1997             | 352.1         | 595.6                    |                  |            | 523.8                    | 0.0             |
| 1998             | 329.3         | 596.5                    |                  |            | 813.9                    | 0.0             |
| 1999             | 357.6         | 380.8                    |                  |            | 847.8                    | 0.0             |
| 2000             | 333.9         | 312.7                    |                  |            | 840.7                    | 0.0             |
| 2001             | 494.5         | 276.9                    |                  |            | 624.0                    | 0.0             |

<sup>\*\*</sup> PA 93-243, An Act Modifying Eligibility For Unemployment Compensation, authorized the issuance of tax-exempt bonds for the purpose of paying the State's debt owed to the Federal Unemployment Compensation Fund as of September 1, 1993, and to provide advances to pay unemployment benefits until revenue from employer taxes is sufficient to support benefit payouts. During 1993 the State issued \$1.02 billion in Connecticut Unemployment Revenue Bonds of which \$780.3 million of the proceeds was used to repay a portion of the outstanding federal advances.

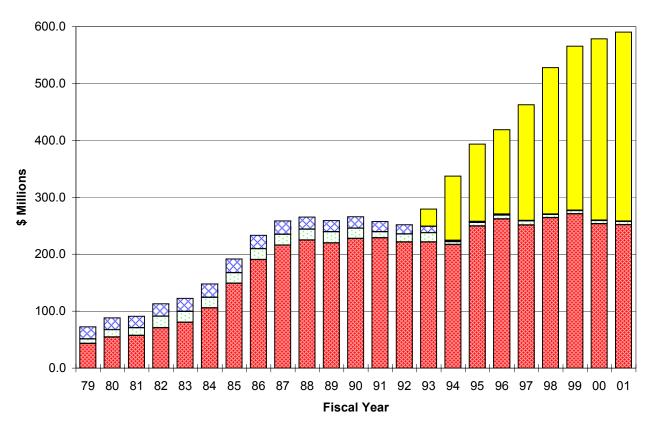
**Source: Connecticut Department of Labor** 

### **UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION BONDS OUTSTANDING**

| Outstanding<br>Balance<br>as of: | Amount<br>(\$ Millions) |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| June 30, 1994                    | \$1,020.7               |
| June 30, 1995                    | 990.7                   |
| June 30, 1996                    | 911.5                   |
| June 30, 1997                    | 814.5                   |
| June 30, 1998                    | 689.8                   |
| June 30, 1999                    | 544.8                   |
| June 30, 2000                    | 369.0                   |
| June 30, 2001                    | -                       |

Source: Comptroller's Annual Report, various years

# Annual Gambling Revenues By Source FY 1979 - FY 2001



■ Lottery ☐ OTB ☑ Betting ☐ Indian Gaming Payments

### GENERAL FUND REVENUES SINCE INCEPTIOI (Millions \$)

|          |          |        |       | Lottery |       |       |       |           | Betting |          |          |
|----------|----------|--------|-------|---------|-------|-------|-------|-----------|---------|----------|----------|
| Fiscal   | Total    |        |       |         | Cash  |       | Power | Off-Track | Dog     | All      | Indian   |
| Year     | Gambling | Weekly | Daily | Instant | Lotto | Lotto | Ball  | Betting   | Racing  | Jai-Alai | Payments |
| 1979     | 72.8     | 3.9    | 21.0  | 18.2    | NA    | NA    | NA    | 7.8       | 7.9     | 14.0     | NA       |
| 1980     | 88.2     | 3.5    | 33.3  | 17.7    | NA    | NA    | NA    | 13.1      | 7.1     | 13.5     | NA       |
| 1981     | 91.1     | 1.5    | 34.6  | 21.5    | NA    | NA    | NA    | 13.5      | 7.5     | 12.5     | NA       |
| 1982     | 112.8    | 2.4    | 46.8  | 21.8    | NA    | NA    | NA    | 20.2      | 8.1     | 13.5     | NA       |
| 1983     | 122.5    | 4.1    | 53.6  | 22.8    | NA    | NA    | NA    | 19.0      | 9.3     | 13.7     | NA       |
| 1984     | 148.0    | 3.0    | 59.0  | 24.7    | NA    | 18.8  | NA    | 18.8      | 9.8     | 13.9     | NA       |
| 1985     | 191.8    | NA     | 64.5  | 31.3    | NA    | 53.0  | NA    | 18.7      | 9.9     | 14.4     | NA       |
| 1986     | 233.5    | NA     | 67.7  | 30.5    | NA    | 92.6  | NA    | 18.9      | 9.7     | 14.1     | NA       |
| 1987     | 258.8    | NA     | 73.1  | 33.6    | NA    | 109.4 | NA    | 18.7      | 9.2     | 14.8     | NA       |
| 1988     | 265.2    | NA     | 78.9  | 31.0    | NA    | 115.1 | NA    | 18.8      | 8.2     | 13.2     | NA       |
| 1989     | 259.1    | NA     | 84.2  | 30.1    | NA    | 105.4 | NA    | 19.6      | 7.9     | 11.9     | NA       |
| 1990     | 265.8    | NA     | 90.0  | 39.0    | NA    | 98.7  | NA    | 18.3      | 7.0     | 12.8     | NA       |
| 1991     | 257.3    | NA     | 85.5  | 47.9    | NA    | 95.2  | NA    | 10.9      | 5.9     | 11.9     | NA       |
| 1992     | 252.2    | NA     | 88.2  | 38.7    | 1.2   | 93.2  | NA    | 14.4      | 5.3     | 11.2     | NA       |
| 1993     | 279.3    | NA     | 93.5  | 33.2    | 10.9  | 84.2  | NA    | 16.2      | 2.6     | 8.7      | 30.0     |
| 1994     | 337.6    | NA     | 91.1  | 49.4    | 12.0  | 64.8  | NA    | 4.9       | 0.7     | 1.7      | 113.0    |
| 1995     | 393.4    | NA     | 88.0  | 76.3    | 14.5  | 70.8  | NA    | 6.1       | 0.6     | 1.4      | 135.7    |
| 1996     | 419.0    | NA     | 81.6  | 86.7    | 17.4  | 59.0  | 17.3  | 6.6       | 0.7     | 1.0      | 148.7    |
| 1997 [3] | 462.9    | NA     | 77.2  | 98.1    | 16.9  | 37.6  | 21.7  | 6.9       | 0.4     | 0.5      | 203.6    |
| 1998     | 528.0    | NA     | 73.8  | 105.4   | 20.1  | 38.9  | 26.1  | 5.4       | 0.3     | 0.4      | 257.6    |
| 1999     | 565.9    | NA     | 70.4  | 110.3   | 15.7  | 19.3  | 55.6  | 5.5       | 0.3     | 0.3      | 288.5    |
| 2000     | 578.7    | NA     | 71.4  | 116.1   | 18.6  | 17.1  | 30.4  | 5.6       | 0.2     | 0.3      | 319.0    |
| 2001     | 590.6    | NA     | 72.5  | 126.1   | 14.8  | 14.8  | 23.8  | 5.7       | 0.2     | 0.3      | 332.4    |

Note on audits:

<sup>1.</sup> The Division of Special Revenue audits "non" state-owned facilities only (i.e., Plainfield dog track and Jai-Alai Frontons

<sup>2.</sup> The State's auditors audit OTB and the Division itself each 2 years (Including lotteries). However certain segments of OTB are audite on an ongoing basis to facilitate the more detailed audit every two years

<sup>3.</sup> Lottery revenue figures are net of operating expense. Prior to FY 96, revenues were reported before operating were accounte

| Fiscal<br>Year               | Amount (Millions \$)        | Yearly<br>% Change           | Base/Rate Changes  |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| 1972<br>1973<br>1974<br>1975 | 8.2<br>16.5<br>16.0<br>15.0 | -<br>102.5<br>(3.0)<br>(6.3) | Weekly lottery established.  |
| 1976                         | 30.0                        | 100.2                        | Instant lottery added to fund education equalization grants  |
| 1977                         | 55.8                        | 85.8                         | <ul> <li>(1) Daily lottery game established and mandated that \$1 million be allocated to the Department of Social Services for an Emergency Food Relief Program for persons eligible under AFDC (The \$1 million allocation was repealed by PA 77-3 and 77-517.</li> <li>(2) Jai Alai and dog racing added.</li> </ul>  |
| 1978                         | 72.2                        | 29.4                         | <ul> <li>(1) Off-track betting added: tax of 17% on feature bets, 25% on exotics.</li> <li>(2) Rates on Jai Alai and dog racing handles increased: <ul> <li>(a) Tax rate on Jai Alai increases to 6.75% from 5.25%.</li> <li>(b) Tax rate on dog racing is changed from a graduated schedule (ranging from 5.75% to 8.25%) to a flat rate of 8%.</li> <li>(c) The percentage that hosting towns receive increases to: <ul> <li>(1) 1% from .25% for towns with population of 50,000 and over and</li> <li>(2) .5% from .25% for towns with population under 50,000.</li> </ul> </li> <li>(d) Take-out percentage (amount not returned to bettors) increases to 18% from 17%.</li> <li>(3) Instant lottery proceeds are directed into the General Fund. (The direct tie-in of of instant lottery proceeds with the educational equalization grand is removed and proceeds from the instant lottery go into the General Fund (as do all other gaming revenues). A General Fund appropriation of a like amount is made for the equalization grant.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |
| 1979                         | 72.8                        | 0.9                          | The Commission on Special Revenue is given statutory power to collect delinquent accounts of lottery agents. A 10% penalty on the delinquent amount is provided as well as an interest rate charge of 1% per month on the delinquent amount until paid.  |
| 1980                         | 88.3                        | 21.2                         |  |
| 1981                         | 91.2                        | 3.3                          |  |
| 1982                         | 112.8                       | 23.8                         | <ul> <li>(1) Sundays are included in the meeting dates for racing and Jai Alai (with approval of legislative body of towns). Facilities can open no more than six days per week.</li> <li>(2) An accounting change results in direct operating expenses within the Personal Services, Other Expenses, and Equipment accounts within the Daily and Instant Lottery funds being paid with General Funds appropriations. Direct operating expenses from the OTB fund will also be paid with General Fund appropriations (effective 1/1/81).</li> </ul>  |
| 1983                         | 122.5                       | 8.5                          | <ul><li>(1) The takeout on feature bets at OTB is increased to 19% from 17%.</li><li>(2) The tax on dog racing increased to 8.25% from 8%, with the .25% going to the dog owners.</li><li>(3) Interest from late payments from lottery agents and other gaming licenses is increased to 1.5% per month from 1.25% per month. A minimum fee of \$10 is</li></ul>  |

also established.

| Fiscal<br>Year | Amount (Millions \$) | Yearly<br>% Change | Base/Rate Changes  |
|----------------|----------------------|--------------------|--|
|                |                      |                    | <ul><li>(4) Licensing and registration fees administered by the Division are increased.</li><li>(5) The game of Lotto is added as a state lottery beginning 11/83.</li></ul>   |
| 1984           | 148.0                | 20.8               | <ol> <li>(1) Increase the takeout from 18.5% to 19%.</li> <li>(2) Increase the amount of gross wagering receipts paid to state from 8.25% to 8.5%.</li> <li>(3) Increase the amount of gross wagering receipts allocated to purses from .25% to .5%.</li> <li>(4) Treatment program for chronic gamblers ends 12/31/84 (funding mechanism 6/30/84). Funding mechanism is through fees:         <ul> <li>(a) \$135 on each licensee for each performance of jai alai or dog racing, maximum \$45,000 per year per licensee.</li> <li>(b) \$25 on each supplier of pari-mutuel equipment to teletrack facilities.</li> </ul> </li> <li>(5) Municipal share of revenues from OTB increases to .4% from .25%.</li> <li>(6) Sunday OTB is permitted on harness or thoroughbred racing events.</li> <li>(7) The Saturday evening performances of Jai Alai or racing events may conclude by 1 a.m. Sunday without municipal approval.</li> <li>(8) A statement indicating the chances of winning when advertising state lottery tickets is limited to advertisements in newspapers, magazines, brochures and posters, and television and radio ads at least 30 seconds in duration.</li> <li>(9) The moratorium on new gambling facilities and pari-mutuel licenses is extended from July 1, 1983 to June 30, 1985. Pari-mutuel license renewals and new betting facilities contracted prior to 5/23/79 are not affected</li> </ol> |
| 1985           | 191.8                | 29.6               |  |
| 1986           | 234.1                | 22.0               | <ol> <li>(1) The moratorium on new gambling facilities and pari-mutuel licenses is extended from July 1, 1985 to June 30, 1987 (7/1/85).</li> <li>(2) Wagering on make-up performances at off-track betting facilities, including tele-track, is allowed when requested by the facility and authorized by the Executive Director (7/1/85).</li> <li>(3) A special fund is established to pay for the testing of greyhound urine by UCONN's lab. The Fund will receive 1/4 of 1% of all money wagered at dog racing events (previously these costs were paid by the Plainfield Track). Any revenue exceeding actual costs (as determined by an audit every two years) will be returned to the General Fund, (7/1/85).</li> <li>(4) The Weekly lottery game is eliminated effective 7/1/85.</li> <li>(5) As of April, 1986, rules of the Lotto game was changed to reflect a choice of six numbers from a field of 40.</li> <li>(6) There was an increase in weekly drawings from one on Friday evening to two (one on Tuesday and one on Friday evenings).</li> <li>(7) A prize was established in Lotto for matching three numbers.</li> </ol>   |
| 1987           | 257.7                | 10.1               | <ul> <li>(1) The authority to regulate bingo, bazaars, raffles and games of chance is transferred from the Commissioner of Public Safety to the Division of Special Revenue. The following is also provided for:</li> <li>(a) A 5% tax on gross receipts from bingo is established and payable annually by organizations having annual gross receipts in excess of \$25,000, (10/1/87).</li> </ul>   |

| Fiscal<br>Year | Amount<br>(Millions \$) | Yearly<br>% Change | Base/Rate Changes  |
|----------------|-------------------------|--------------------|--|
|                |                         |                    | <ul> <li>(b) The municipal share of gross receipts from bingo is 0.25%. Bingo permit fees are decreased (10/1/87).</li> <li>(c) The sale of sealed tickets by bingo permittees is legalized. Nonprofit organizations with liquor permits may also sell sealed tickets for a one year trial period (10/1/87).</li> <li>(d) Volunteer fire companies conducting bazaars are allowed to award cash prizes not exceeding \$25 for money-wheel games, (10/1/86).</li> <li>(e) A legalized gambling investigative unit is created within the Division of State Police.</li> <li>(2) The municipal share of revenue from OTB is increased to 1% from four-tenths of one percent of the gross amount wagered. (1/1/87)</li> <li>(3)(a) Eliminates the separate daily and instant lottery funds and creates one lottery fund.</li> <li>(b) Changes the transfer of funds from the lottery fund to "from time to time" rather than December and June.</li> <li>(c) Authorities may permit games of chance in the same location twice, rather than once, every three weeks.</li> <li>(d) The Chronic Gamblers' Program and the funding mechanism are made permanent (see 1984 (4) above for fees).</li> </ul> |
| 1988           | 265.2                   | 2.9                | PA 87-528 - Extended the moratorium on new gambling facilities until 6/30/89. The Division is authorized to substantially upgrade one OTB branch facility. The total number of OTB branch facilities is reduced to 18 from 20 facilities.  PA 87-542 - A number of changes regarding the use and payment of proceeds from dog racing are made as follows:  (a) Tax rate reduced to 7.25% from 8.5%.  (b) Increases the amount that licenses must allocate to purses by one-half of one percent of total money wagered to 3.5% from 3.0%.  (c) Requires licensees to allocate one-quarter of one percent of the handle to capital expenditures and one-quarter of one percent of the handle to promotional marketing. (Quarterly financial statements to the division are required) (7/1/87).  PA 87-121 - The state's OTB vendor is authorized to accept wagering on any type of racing event and not just thoroughbred and harness horse racing. Different types of   |
| 1989           | 259.1                   | (2.3)              | racing may be offered in the same program.  PA 88-363 - A number of changes concerning the operation of bingo and sealed tickets are made.   |
| 1990           | 265.7                   | 2.6                | PA 89-390 - Extended the moratorium on new gambling facilities to 6/30/91. In addition, the Division was authorized to provide simulcasting in a total of three OTB OTB branch facilities (including the Windsor Locks Teletheater).   |

and for organizations to sell sealed tickets.

PA 89-214 - New fees were established for equipment dealers for games of chance

| Fiscal<br>Year | Amount<br>(Millions \$) | Yearly<br>% Change | Base/Rate Changes  |
|----------------|-------------------------|--------------------|--|
|                |                         |                    | PA 89-355 - Provided that a total of \$1 million will be transferred from the Unclaimed Lottery Prize Fund to the Department of Education for the Interdistrict Co-operation   |
|                |                         |                    | Grant Program (\$700,000) and for a pilot program in training paraprofessionals for teaching (\$300,000).  |
|                |                         |                    | A change was made in the Lotto game to increase the field of number from 40 to 44.   |
|                |                         |                    | The number of instant games per year will be increased from two to four per year with two games operating concurrently in the Spring and then again, in the Fall.  |
| 1991           | 257.3                   | (3.2)              | PA 90-325 - Legalized the use of animals for cow-chip bingo but because of statutory restrictions, permits must be issued for each event and no cash prizes may be awarded.  |
| 1992           | 252.2                   | (2.0)              | PA 91-281mandates lottery agents to deposit collections from lottery sales into a special account in DRS's name, and file reports documenting lottery receipts and and transactions to DRS.  |
|                |                         |                    | <ul> <li>PA-309 makes various changes in the laws concerning dog track operations.</li> <li>(a) Authorizes the conversion of one of current operating Jai Alai frontons into a dog track.</li> <li>(b) Authorizes a simulcasting theater at Plainfield's dog track.</li> <li>(c) Increases the takeout rate from 19% to 20%.</li> <li>(d) Replaces the fixed 7.25% tax rate on gross wagers with a sliding scale ranging from 5.0%-8.5%.</li> <li>(e) Beginning in fiscal year 1992-93 Plainfield's municipal share increases from .5% to .8% and provides .2% to the Northeast Economic Alliance.</li> <li>PA 91-320 removes location limitations on towns wishing to host Las Vegas nights.</li> </ul> |
|                |                         |                    | PA 91-366 extends the moratorium on new gambling facilities and para-mutual licenses for an additional two years, until June 30, 1993.   |
|                |                         |                    | PA 91-409 subjects gambling winnings to state capital gains tax laws.  |
| 1993           | 249.2                   | (1.2)              | PA 92-17(MSS) expands or changes a number of gaming laws and regulations.  (a) Creates a Class C bingo permit which allows between 15-40 games per year.  (b) Makes permanent the temporary moratorium on additional OTB facilities and authorizes one additional simulcasting facility at the current Bridgeport site.  (c) Increases the Jai Alai takeout rate from 18% to 20% until June 1994, after which it reports back to 1997.   |

(d) Establishes a task force to study the feasibility of authorizing additional casino

it reverts back to 18%.

gambling in the state.

| Fiscal<br>Year | Amount (Millions \$) | Yearly<br>% Change | Base/Rate Changes  |
|----------------|----------------------|--------------------|--|
| 1994           | 225.4                | (9.6)              | <ul> <li>(a) Instructed the DSR to sell the right to operate the state's off-track betting system to a private licensee. A 3.5% (1% to the host municipality) tax is imposed on the licensee based on the total amount wagered, effective 7/1/93.</li> <li>(b) The tax rate on Jai Alai is reduced from a flat rate of 6.75% to a sliding scale ranging from 2% - 4%, effective 7/1/93.</li> <li>(c) The tax rate on Dog Racing is reduced from 5% - 8.5% to 2% - 4% (Bridgeport Dog Track will be taxed a flat 2% when opened), effective 7/1/93</li> </ul>   |
|                |                      |                    | PA 93-13 increases the limit that a special bingo grand prize can accumulate from from 12 weeks or a maximum of \$1,500 to 16 weeks or a maximum of \$2,000, effective 10/1/93.  |
| 1995           | 257.8                | 14.4               | PA 94-223 allows the State's OTB facilities to accept wagering on jai alai games.  |
|                |                      |                    | PA 94-1(MSS) levies a fee of \$25 per performance on the State's four teletheaters for the Chronic Gamblers Treatment Fund.  |
| 1996           | 270.4                | 4.9                | PA 95-160:  (a) Allows the state to participate in multi-state lottery games (Powerball)  (b) Required the Office of Policy and Management and the Division of Special Revenue to prepare a plan for partial or total privatization of the state lottery.  |
|                |                      |                    | <ul> <li>(a) Allows organizations conducting a bazaar to hold the event in a municipality other than the one that granted it.</li> <li>(b) Clarifies duck-race raffles and requires the division to adopt regulations that establish duck racing procedures. Duck racing raffles are defined as one in which artificial ducks (usually the yellow species) are numbered consecutively to correspond to the tickets sold. The ducks are placed in a naturally moving stream of water at the designated starting point. The winning ticket is the one corresponding to the first duck to pass the designated finish line.</li> <li>(c) Allows organizations to apply for a bazaar or raffle permit after six moths existence instead of one year.</li> </ul> |
|                |                      |                    | PA 95-61 exempts crane game machines or devices and redemption machines from the prohibition of gambling devices.  |
| 1997           | 258.7                | (4.3)              | PA 96-102 allows bazaar and raffle permittees to rent equipment from a dealer who does not have a principal business place in Connecticut provided the dealer is registered with the Department of Special Revenue and an in-state dealer is unavailable. Under prior law permittees could rent bazaar and raffle equipment from only a dealer registered with the Department of Special Revenue and with a principal business place in state. The annual registration fee continues to be \$300.  |

Fiscal Amount Yearly
Year (Millions \$) % Change

### **Base/Rate Changes**

#### PA 96-151:

- (a) Eliminates certain restrictions on the operating hours and days of jai alai, racing, and off-track betting (OTB) facilities. Allows operation 7 days a week.
- (b) Allows jai alai and dog track licensees to keep unclaimed prize money instead of paying it to the Department of Special Revenue for deposit into the General Fund.
- (c) Requires dog track licensees to submit annual, instead of quarterly, financial statements showing allocation of money for purses, capital improvements and promotional marketing.

PA 96-212 transferred Lottery oprations to the newly created Connecticut Lottery Corporation (CLC) on July 1, 1996. The CLC is a quasi-public corporation established to operate the State's Lottery subject to Division of Special Revenue Regulations. All revenue generated from the Lottery sales net of prizes and expenses will be transferred to the State's General Fund.

PA 96-236 prohibits anyone from assigning lottery winnigs except to (1) the estate of the deceased winner, (2) anyone entitled to such winnings as specified by jundicial order, or (3) for satisfaction of a delinquent child support obligation.

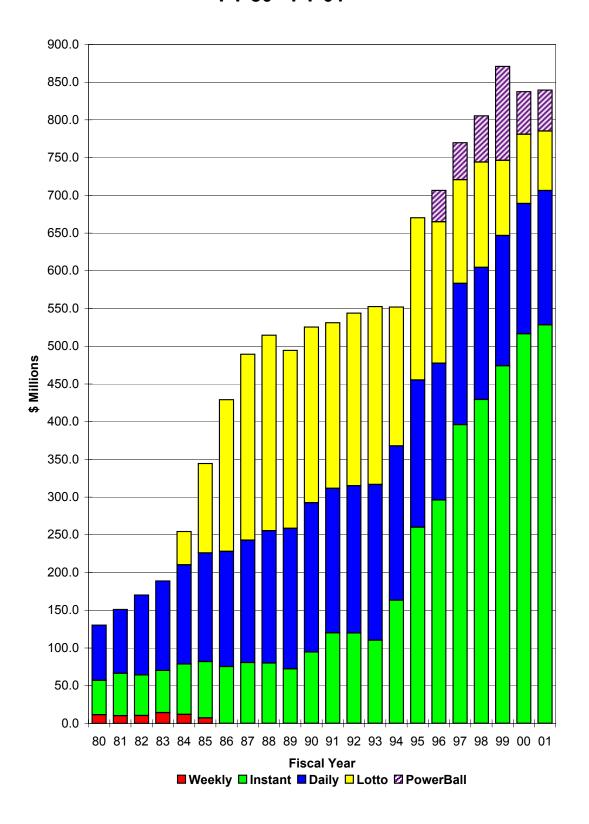
1998 267.3 3.3 PA 97-277:

- (a) increases, from four to eight, the number of the 18 currently authorized OTB branch facilities that may simulcast OTB or jai alai games.
- (b) prohibits locating simulcasting facilities in any zone of protection negotiated between the OTB systen operator and any parimutuel betting facility.
- (c) allows simulcasting facilities to be located within 35 miles of the Windsor Locks teletheater by removing the zone of protection around that facility.
- (d) increases from 1% to 1.6% of wagers, the amount the DSR must pay towns with an OTB facility and requires DSR to pay New Haven and Windsor Locks an additional .5% of the wagers from any facility equipped for simulcasting after October 1,1997 and located within 15 miles of the teletheaters in these towns.
- (e) sets the OTB takeout rate on multiple froms of wagering on three or more animals at 23% of the amount in the betting pool and eliminates the Gaming Policy Board's mandate to set it between 17% and 25%.
- (f) gives the operators of the state's dog racing and jai alai facilities the option of separate takeout rates for win, place, or show pools (maximum 18%) and other other pools (maximum 23%) or the existing rate of 20% for all pools on any given day.
- (g) requires employees of the Connecticut Lottery Corporation to be licensed by the DSR.

PA97-233 requires DSR to assign to the Connecticut Lottery Corporation all annuities the state purchased to pay lottery prizes before the state lottery was transferred to the CLC (7/1/96). It makes the CLC solely responsible for paying all lottery prizes, not just those awarded since it took over the lottery.

| Fiscal<br>Year | Amount (Millions \$) | Yearly<br>% Change | Base/Rate Changes  |
|----------------|----------------------|--------------------|--|
| 1999           | 280.5                | 4.9                | PA 98-137 and PA 98-219 establish a procedure for the voluntary assignment of all, or some, of any lottery winnings paid in installments.  |
| 2000           | 259.8                | (7.4)              | PA 00-129 increases Plainfield's municipal share of gambling revenue from .8% to 1% and eliminates the .2% payment to the Northeast Economic Alliance effective 7/1/01.  |
| 2001           | 258.2                | (0.6)              |  |
| 2002           | 265.2<br>Budget Act  | 2.7                | PA 01-06 (JSS) imposes the income tax on a nonresident that wins the CT Lottery and allows a resident that wins an out-of-state Lottery to credit to any taxes paid to other jurisdictions against their CT Income Tax final liability. It also defines that the starting point for CT AGI is Federal Adjusted Gross Income. |

# Annual Lottery Sales By Type of Game FY 80 - FY 01



# LOTTERY REVENUES COMPARISON OF GROSS SALES WITH AMOUNTS TRANSFERRED TO THE GENERAL FUND (Millions \$)

| Fiscal<br><u>Year</u>                    |                                      | Gross Sales                                  | Transfers to<br>General Fund              | Percent                                    |
|--|--------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| 1971-72<br>1972-73<br>1973-74<br>1974-75 | Weekly<br>Weekly<br>Weekly<br>Weekly | \$17.20<br>34.7<br>30.8<br>30.9              | \$8.10<br>16.5<br>16.0<br>15.0            | 47.1<br>47.6<br>51.9<br>48.5               |
| 1975-76                                  | Weekly<br>Instant                    | 29.5<br>41.9<br><b>71.4</b>                  | 13.5<br><u>18.4</u><br><b>31.9</b>        | 45.8<br><u>43.9</u><br><b>44.7</b>         |
| 1976-77                                  | Weekly<br>Instant<br>Daily           | 25.8<br>23.8<br><u>13.1</u><br><b>62.7</b>   | 9.4<br>11.7<br><u>4.2</u><br><b>25.3</b>  | 36.4<br>49.2<br><u>32.1</u><br><b>40.4</b> |
| 1977-78                                  | Weekly<br>Instant<br>Daily           | 19.2<br>41.9<br><u>46.4</u><br><b>107.5</b>  | 8.2<br>18.2<br><u>15.4</u><br><b>41.8</b> | 42.7<br>43.4<br><u>33.2</u><br><b>38.9</b> |
| 1978-79                                  | Weekly<br>Instant<br>Daily           | 12.9<br>49.8<br><u>58.2</u><br><b>120.9</b>  | 3.9<br>18.2<br><u>21.0</u><br><b>43.1</b> | 30.2<br>36.5<br><u>36.1</u><br><b>35.6</b> |
| 1979-80                                  | Weekly<br>Instant<br>Daily           | 11.5<br>45.5<br><u>73.2</u><br><b>130.2</b>  | 3.5<br>17.7<br><u>33.3</u><br><b>54.5</b> | 30.4<br>38.9<br><u>45.5</u><br><b>41.9</b> |
| 1980-81                                  | Weekly<br>Instant<br>Daily           | 10.1<br>56.2<br><u>84.7</u><br><b>151.0</b>  | 1.5<br>21.5<br><u>34.6</u><br><b>57.6</b> | 14.9<br>38.3<br><u>40.9</u><br><b>38.1</b> |
| 1981-82                                  | Weekly<br>Instant<br>Daily           | 10.4<br>53.8<br><u>105.8</u><br><b>170.0</b> | 2.4<br>21.8<br><u>46.8</u><br><b>71.0</b> | 23.1<br>40.5<br><u>44.2</u><br><b>41.8</b> |
| 1982-83                                  | Weekly<br>Instant<br>Daily           | 14.2<br>56.0<br><u>118.5</u><br><b>188.7</b> | 4.1<br>22.8<br><u>53.6</u><br><b>80.5</b> | 28.9<br>40.7<br><u>45.2</u><br><b>42.7</b> |

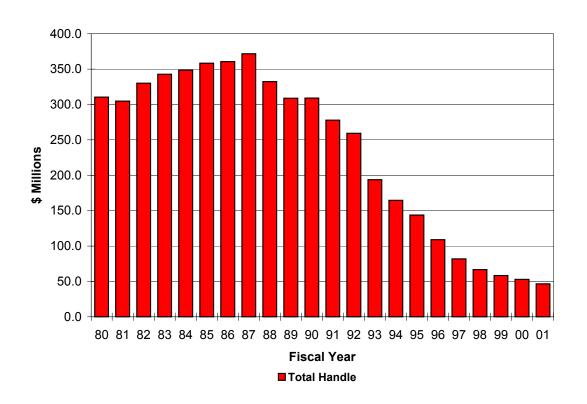
| Fiscal<br><u>Year</u> |   | Gross Sales   | Transfers to<br>General Fund                       | <u>Percent</u>                                     |
|-----------------------|---|---|--|--|
| 1983-84               | Weekly<br>Instant<br>Daily<br>Lotto     | 11.8<br>67.0<br>131.5<br><u>44.1</u><br><b>254.4</b>  | 3.0<br>24.7<br>59.0<br><u>18.8</u><br><b>105.5</b> | 25.4<br>36.9<br>44.9<br><u>42.6</u><br><b>41.5</b> |
| 1984-85               | Weekly[1]<br>Instant<br>Daily<br>Lotto  | 7.3<br>74.4<br>144.2<br><u>118.5</u><br><b>344.4</b>  | 0.0<br>31.3<br>64.5<br><u>53.0</u><br><b>148.8</b> | 0.0<br>42.1<br>44.7<br><u>44.7</u><br><b>43.2</b>  |
| 1985-86               | Instant<br>Daily<br>Lotto               | 75.4<br>152.5<br><u>201.2</u><br><b>429.1</b>         | 30.5<br>67.7<br><u>92.6</u><br><b>190.8</b>        | 40.5<br>44.4<br><u>46.0</u><br><b>44.5</b>         |
| 1986-87               | Instant<br>Daily<br>Lotto               | 80.8<br>162.1<br><u>246.4</u><br><b>489.3</b>         | 33.6<br>73.1<br><u>109.4</u><br><b>216.1</b>       | 41.6<br>45.1<br><u>44.4</u><br><b>44.2</b>         |
| 1987-88               | Instant<br>Daily<br>Lotto               | 80.0<br>175.3<br><u>259.3</u><br><b>514.6</b>         | 31.0<br>78.9<br><u>115.1</u><br><b>225.0</b>       | 38.8<br>45.0<br><u>44.4</u><br><b>43.7</b>         |
| 1988-89               | Instant<br>Daily<br>Lotto               | 72.3<br>186.2<br><u>236.0</u><br><b>494.5</b>         | 30.1<br>84.2<br><u>105.4</u><br><b>219.7</b>       | 41.6<br>45.2<br><u>44.7</u><br><b>44.4</b>         |
| 1989-90               | Instant<br>Daily<br>Lotto               | 94.7<br>197.8<br><u>233.0</u><br><b>525.5</b>         | 39.0<br>90.0<br><u>98.7</u><br><b>227.7</b>        | 41.2<br>45.5<br>42.4<br><b>43.3</b>                |
| 1990-91               | Instant<br>Daily<br>Lotto               | 120.0<br>191.6<br><u>219.5</u><br><b>531.1</b>        | 47.9<br>85.5<br><u>95.2</u><br><b>228.6</b>        | 39.9<br>44.6<br><u>43.4</u><br><b>43.0</b>         |
| 1991-92               | Instant<br>Daily<br>Lotto<br>Cash Lotto | 119.8<br>195.2<br>219.9<br><u>8.9</u><br><b>543.8</b> | 38.7<br>88.2<br>93.2<br>1.2<br><b>221.3</b>        | 32.3<br>45.2<br>42.4<br><u>13.5</u><br><b>40.7</b> |

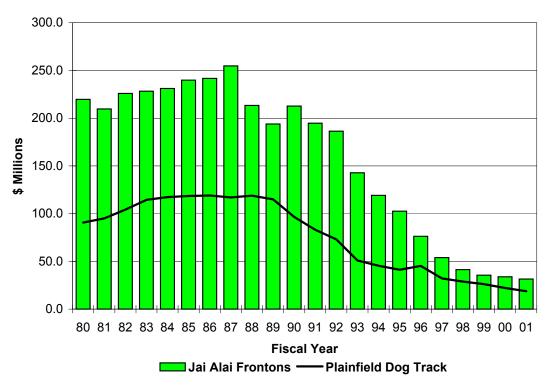
| Fiscal<br><u>Year</u> |   | Gross Sales  | Transfers to<br>General Fund                                 | <u>Percent</u>   |
|-----------------------|---|--|--|--|
| 1992-93               | Instant<br>Daily<br>Lotto<br>Cash Lotto               | 110.2<br>206.5<br>202.6<br>33.3<br><b>552.6</b>                | 33.2<br>93.5<br>84.2<br>10.9<br><b>221.8</b>                 | 30.1<br>45.3<br>41.6<br>32.7<br><b>40.1</b>                |
| 1993-94               | Instant<br>Daily<br>Lotto<br>Cash Lotto               | 163.4<br>204.4<br>153.5<br><u>30.7</u><br><b>552.0</b>         | 49.4<br>91.1<br>64.8<br><u>12.0</u><br><b>217.3</b>          | 30.2<br>44.6<br>42.2<br><u>39.1</u><br><b>39.4</b>         |
| 1994-95               | Instant<br>Daily<br>Lotto<br>Cash Lotto               | 260.1<br>195.1<br>170.1<br><u>45.0</u><br><b>670.3</b>         | 76.3<br>88.0<br>70.8<br><u>14.5</u><br><b>249.6</b>          | 29.3<br>45.1<br>41.6<br>32.2<br>37.2                       |
| 1995-96               | Instant<br>Daily<br>Lotto<br>Cash Lotto<br>Power Ball | 296.2<br>181.2<br>139.5<br>48.1<br><u>41.6</u><br><b>706.6</b> | 86.7<br>81.6<br>59.0<br>17.4<br><u>17.3</u><br><b>262.0</b>  | 29.3<br>45.0<br>42.3<br>36.2<br><u>41.6</u><br><b>37.1</b> |
| 1996-97 *             | Instant<br>Daily<br>Lotto<br>Cash Lotto<br>Power Ball | 396.0<br>187.4<br>90.1<br>47.3<br>49.0<br><b>769.8</b>         | 98.1<br>77.2<br>37.6<br>16.9<br><u>21.7</u><br><b>251.5</b>  | 24.8<br>41.2<br>41.7<br>35.7<br>44.3<br><b>32.7</b>        |
| 1997-98 *             | Instant<br>Daily<br>Lotto<br>Cash Lotto<br>Power Ball | 429.3<br>175.2<br>81.0<br>58.5<br><u>61.5</u><br><b>805.5</b>  | 105.4<br>73.8<br>38.9<br>20.1<br><u>26.1</u><br><b>264.3</b> | 24.6<br>42.1<br>48.0<br>34.4<br>42.4<br>32.8               |
| 1998-99 *             | Instant<br>Daily<br>Lotto<br>Cash Lotto<br>Power Ball | 474.0<br>172.7<br>51.3<br>48.4<br><u>124.6</u><br><b>871.0</b> | 110.3<br>70.4<br>19.3<br>15.7<br><u>55.6</u><br><b>271.3</b> | 23.3<br>40.8<br>37.6<br>32.4<br>44.6<br><b>31.1</b>        |

| Fiscal              | Transfers to       |                     |                |  |
|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|----------------|--|
| <u>Year</u>         | <b>Gross Sales</b> | <b>General Fund</b> | <u>Percent</u> |  |
| 1999-2000 * Instant | 516.6              | 116.1               | 22.5           |  |
| Daily               | 172.6              | 71.4                | 41.4           |  |
| Lotto               | 47.3               | 18.6                | 39.3           |  |
| Cash Lotto          | 44.5               | 17.1                | 38.4           |  |
| Power Ball          | <u>56.5</u>        | <u>30.4</u>         | <u>53.8</u>    |  |
|                     | 837.5              | 253.6               | 30.3           |  |
| 2000-2001 * Instant | 528.3              | 126.1               | 23.9           |  |
| Daily               | 178.0              | 72.5                | 40.7           |  |
| Lotto               | 37.2               | 14.8                | 39.8           |  |
| Cash Lotto          | 41.8               | 14.8                | 35.4           |  |
| Power Ball          | <u>54.3</u>        | <u>23.8</u>         | <u>43.8</u>    |  |
|                     | 839.6              | 252.0               | 30.0           |  |

<sup>\*</sup> Beginning with the 1996-97 fiscal year revenue transferred to the General Fund are net of lottery operating expenses. Prior to the 1996-97 fiscal year revenue was transferred before operating expenses.

## Jai Alai and Dog Track Handle FY 80 - FY 01





|          | Take Out Rates |              | Tax Rates |             |
|----------|----------------|--------------|-----------|-------------|
|          | Jai            | Dog          | Jai       | Dog         |
|          | Alai           | Track        | Alai      | Track       |
| 1977     | 18.00%         | 18.00%       | 5.25%     | 5.75%-8.25% |
| 1978     | 18.00          | 18.00        | 6.75      | 8.00        |
| 1979     | 18.00          | 18.00        | 6.75      | 8.00        |
| 1980     | 18.00          | 18.00        | 6.75      | 8.00        |
| 1981     | 18.00          | 18.00        | 6.75      | 8.00        |
| 1982     | 18.00          | 18.00        | 6.75      | 8.00        |
| 1983     | 18.50          | 18.00        | 6.75      | 8.25        |
| 1984     | 19.00          | 18.00        | 6.75      | 8.50        |
| 1985     | 19.00          | 18.00        | 6.75      | 8.50        |
| 1986     | 19.00          | 18.00        | 6.75      | 8.50        |
| 1987     | 19.00          | 18.00        | 6.75      | 8.50        |
| 1988     | 19.00          | 18.00        | 6.75      | 7.25        |
| 1989     | 19.00          | 18.00        | 6.75      | 7.25        |
| 1990     | 19.00          | 18.00        | 6.75      | 7.25        |
| 1991     | 19.00          | 18.00        | 6.75      | 7.25        |
| 1992     | 19.00          | 20.00        | 6.75      | 5.0-8.50    |
| 1993     | 20.00          | 20.00        | 6.75      | 5.0-8.50    |
| 1994     | 20.00          | 20.00        | 2.0-4.00  | 2.0-4.00    |
| 1995     | 20.00          | 20.00        | 2.0-4.00  | 2.0-4.00    |
| 1996     | 20.00          | 20.00        | 2.0-4.00  | 2.0-4.00    |
| 1997     | 20.00          | 20.00        | 2.0-4.00  | 2.0-4.00    |
| 1998 [1] | 18.00 -23.00   | 18.00 -23.00 | 2.0-4.00  | 2.0-4.00    |
| 1999     | 18.00 -23.00   | 18.00 -23.00 | 2.0-4.00  | 2.0-4.00    |
| 2000     | 18.00 -23.00   | 18.00 -23.00 | 2.0-4.00  | 2.0-4.00    |
| 2001     | 18.00 -23.00   | 18.00 -23.00 | 2.0-4.00  | 2.0-4.00    |

<sup>[1]</sup> PA 97-277 gives operators the option of a 20% takeout rate for all wagers or split rate which cannot exceed 18% for win, place, or show pools and 23% for all other pools.

|             |   | Amounts in Millions                                |   |  |
|-------------|---|--|---|--|
| Fiscal Year | <u>Facility</u>                                 | <u>Handle</u>                                      | Transfers To<br>General Fund [1]            | the General<br><u>Fund</u>             |
| 1975-1976   | Bridgeport<br>Hartford<br>Plainfield            | \$8.8<br>11.8<br><u>64.9</u><br>\$85.5             | \$0.2<br>0.4<br><u>4.9</u><br>\$5.5         | 2.3<br>3.4<br><u>7.6</u><br>6.4        |
| 1976-1977   | Bridgeport<br>Hartford<br>Milford<br>Plainfield | \$143.3<br>82.0<br>22.9<br><u>125.6</u><br>\$373.8 | \$7.5<br>4.2<br>0.9<br><u>9.9</u><br>\$22.5 | 5.2<br>5.1<br>3.9<br><u>7.9</u><br>6.0 |
| 1977-1978   | Bridgeport<br>Hartford<br>Milford<br>Plainfield | \$80.4<br>74.9<br>74.8<br><u>98.0</u><br>\$328.1   | \$4.6<br>4.6<br>4.5<br><u>8.0</u><br>\$21.7 | 5.7<br>6.1<br>6.0<br><u>8.2</u><br>6.6 |
| 1978-1979   | Bridgeport<br>Hartford<br>Milford<br>Plainfield | \$85.3<br>72.9<br>78.6<br><u>100.4</u><br>\$337.2  | \$5.3<br>4.3<br>4.4<br><u>7.9</u><br>\$21.9 | 6.2<br>5.9<br>5.6<br><u>7.9</u><br>6.5 |
| 1979-1980   | Bridgeport<br>Hartford<br>Milford<br>Plainfield | \$79.2<br>66.3<br>74.3<br><u>90.7</u><br>\$310.5   | \$4.7<br>4.1<br>4.7<br><u>7.1</u><br>\$20.6 | 5.9<br>6.2<br>6.3<br><u>7.8</u><br>6.6 |
| 1980-1981   | Bridgeport<br>Hartford<br>Milford<br>Plainfield | \$77.8<br>64.3<br>67.5<br><u>95.1</u><br>\$304.7   | \$4.6<br>3.9<br>4.0<br><u>7.5</u><br>\$20.0 | 5.9<br>6.1<br>5.9<br><u>7.9</u><br>6.6 |
| 1981-1982   | Bridgeport<br>Hartford<br>Milford<br>Plainfield | \$74.9<br>82.6<br>68.4<br><u>104.2</u><br>\$330.1  | \$4.5<br>4.9<br>4.1<br><u>8.1</u><br>\$21.6 | 6.0<br>5.9<br>6.0<br><u>7.8</u><br>6.5 |

| Amounts in Millions |                        |                         |                                  | % of Handle<br>Transferred to |  |
|---------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Fiscal Year         | <u>Facility</u>        | <u>Handle</u>           | Transfers To<br>General Fund [1] | the General<br><u>Fund</u>    |  |
|                     |                        |                         |                                  |                               |  |
| 1982-1983           | Bridgeport             | \$73.8                  | \$4.4                            | 6.0                           |  |
|                     | Hartford               | 80.7                    | 4.8                              | 5.9                           |  |
|                     | Milford<br>Plainfield  | 73.8                    | 4.5                              | 6.1                           |  |
|                     | Plaifillelu            | <u>114.4</u><br>\$342.7 | <u>9.3</u><br>\$23.0             | <u>8.1</u><br>6.7             |  |
|                     |                        | φ342.7                  | φ23.0                            | 0.7                           |  |
| 1983-84             | Bridgeport             | \$76.0                  | \$4.5                            | 5.9                           |  |
|                     | Hartford               | 80.2                    | 4.9                              | 6.1                           |  |
|                     | Milford                | 74.9                    | 4.5                              | 6.0                           |  |
|                     | Plainfield             | <u>117.3</u>            | 9.8                              | <u>8.4</u>                    |  |
|                     |                        | \$348.4                 | \$23.7                           | 6.8                           |  |
| 1984-85             | Bridgeport             | \$73.3                  | \$4.4                            | 6.0                           |  |
|                     | Hartford               | 86.4                    | 5.2                              | 6.0                           |  |
|                     | Milford                | 80.1                    | 4.8                              | 6.0                           |  |
|                     | Plainfield             | <u>118.5</u>            | <u>9.9</u>                       | <u>8.4</u>                    |  |
|                     |                        | \$358.3                 | \$24.3                           | 6.8                           |  |
| 1985-86             | Bridgeport             | \$90.6                  | \$5.3                            | 5.8                           |  |
| 1505-00             | Hartford               | φ30.0<br>86.1           | φ5.9<br>5.0                      | 5.8                           |  |
|                     | Milford                | 64.9                    | 3.8                              | 5.9                           |  |
|                     | Plainfield             | 119.0                   | <u>9.7</u>                       | <u>8.2</u>                    |  |
|                     |                        | \$360.6                 | \$23.8                           | 6.6                           |  |
| 1986-87             | Dridgenert             | \$83.8                  | \$4.9                            | 5.8                           |  |
| 1900-07             | Bridgeport<br>Hartford | 90.0                    | φ4.9<br>5.2                      | 5.8                           |  |
|                     | Milford                | 81.3                    | 4.7                              | 5.8                           |  |
|                     | Plainfield             | 117.0                   | 9.2                              | 7.9                           |  |
|                     | · idiiiioid            | \$372.1                 | \$24.0                           | 6.4                           |  |
|                     |                        |                         |                                  |                               |  |
| 1987-88             | Bridgeport             | \$52.3                  | \$3.4                            | 6.5                           |  |
|                     | Hartford               | 73.9                    | 4.5                              | 6.1                           |  |
|                     | Milford                | 87.2                    | 5.3                              | 6.1                           |  |
|                     | Plainfield             | 118.9                   | 8.2                              | <u>6.9</u>                    |  |
|                     |                        | \$332.3                 | \$21.4                           | 6.4                           |  |
| 1988-89             | Bridgeport             | \$60.4                  | \$3.6                            | 6.0                           |  |
|                     | Hartford               | 53.8                    | 3.4                              | 6.3                           |  |
|                     | Milford                | 79.7                    | 4.9                              | 6.1                           |  |
|                     | Plainfield             | <u>114.9</u>            | <u>7.9</u>                       | <u>6.9</u>                    |  |
|                     |                        | \$308.8                 | \$19.8                           | 6.4                           |  |

|             | Amounts in Millions |               |                                  |                            |
|-------------|---------------------|---------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Fiscal Year | <u>Facility</u>     | <u>Handle</u> | Transfers To<br>General Fund [1] | the General<br><u>Fund</u> |
| 1989-90     | Bridgeport          | \$63.2        | \$3.8                            | 6.0                        |
|             | Hartford            | 71.5          | 4.3                              | 6.0                        |
|             | Milford             | 78.1          | 4.7                              | 6.0                        |
|             | Plainfield          | <u>96.5</u>   | <u>7.0</u>                       | <u>7.3</u>                 |
|             |                     | \$309.3       | \$19.8                           | 6.4                        |
| 1990-91     | Bridgeport          | \$61.4        | \$3.7                            | 6.0                        |
|             | Hartford            | 64.9          | 3.9                              | 6.0                        |
|             | Milford             | 68.5          | 4.2                              | 6.1                        |
|             | Plainfield          | 83.1          | <u>5.9</u>                       | <u>7.1</u>                 |
|             |                     | \$277.9       | \$17.7                           | 6.4                        |
| 1991-92     | Bridgeport          | \$56.9        | \$3.4                            | 6.0                        |
|             | Hartford            | 66.3          | 4.0                              | 6.0                        |
|             | Milford             | 63.2          | 3.8                              | 6.0                        |
|             | Plainfield          | <u>73.0</u>   | <u>5.3</u>                       | <u>7.3</u>                 |
|             |                     | \$259.4       | \$16.5                           | 6.4                        |
| 1992-93     | Bridgeport          | \$42.8        | \$2.6                            | 6.1                        |
|             | Hartford            | 48.5          | 3.0                              | 6.2                        |
|             | Milford             | 51.5          | 3.1                              | 6.0                        |
|             | Plainfield          | <u>51.0</u>   | 2.6                              | <u>5.1</u>                 |
|             |                     | \$193.8       | \$11.3                           | 5.8                        |
| 1993-94     | Bridgeport          | \$30.4        | \$0.4                            | 1.3                        |
|             | Hartford            | 37.1          | 0.5                              | 1.3                        |
|             | Milford             | 51.7          | 0.7                              | 1.4                        |
|             | Plainfield          | 45.4          | 0.7                              | <u>1.5</u>                 |
|             |                     | \$164.6       | \$2.3                            | 1.4                        |
| 1994-95     | Bridgeport          | \$23.9        | \$0.4                            | 1.7                        |
|             | Hartford            | 29.4          | 0.4                              | 1.4                        |
|             | Milford             | 49.2          | 0.6                              | 1.2                        |
|             | Plainfield          | 41.3          | 0.6                              | <u>1.5</u>                 |
|             |                     | \$143.8       | \$2.0                            | 1.4                        |
| 1995-96     | Bridgeport [2]      | \$12.6        | \$0.2                            | 1.6                        |
|             | Hartford [3]        | 4.1           | 0.1                              | 2.4                        |
|             | Milford             | 59.6          | 0.9                              | 1.5                        |
|             | Plainfield          | <u>32.6</u>   | <u>0.5</u>                       | <u>1.5</u>                 |
|             |                     | \$108.9       | \$1.7                            | 1.6                        |

|             |                                     | Amounts in Millions                    |                                      |                                 |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
|             |                                     |  | Transfers To                         | the General                     |
| Fiscal Year | <u>Facility</u>                     | <u>Handle</u>                          | General Fund [1]                     | <u>Fund</u>                     |
| 1996-97     | Bridgeport<br>Milford               | \$4.3<br>49.6                          | \$0.05<br>0.5                        | 1.2<br>1.0                      |
|             | Plainfield                          | <u>27.9</u><br>\$81.8                  | <u>0.3</u><br>\$0.9                  | <u>1.1</u><br>1.0               |
| 1997-98     | Bridgeport<br>Milford<br>Plainfield | \$3.5<br>37.9<br><u>25.3</u><br>\$66.7 | \$0.04<br>0.4<br><u>0.3</u><br>\$0.7 | 1.1<br>1.1<br><u>1.2</u><br>1.1 |
| 1998-99     | Bridgeport<br>Milford<br>Plainfield | \$3.3<br>32.2<br><u>22.9</u><br>\$58.4 | \$0.04<br>0.3<br><u>0.3</u><br>\$0.6 | 1.2<br>0.9<br><u>1.3</u><br>1.1 |
| 1999-2000   | Bridgeport<br>Milford<br>Plainfield | \$3.1<br>30.7<br><u>19.0</u><br>\$52.8 | \$0.04<br>0.3<br><u>0.2</u><br>\$0.5 | 1.3<br>1.0<br><u>1.1</u><br>1.0 |
| 2000-2001   | Bridgeport<br>Milford<br>Plainfield | \$3.6<br>27.9<br><u>15.1</u><br>\$46.6 | \$0.04<br>0.3<br><u>0.2</u><br>\$0.5 | 1.1<br>1.1<br><u>1.3</u><br>1.2 |

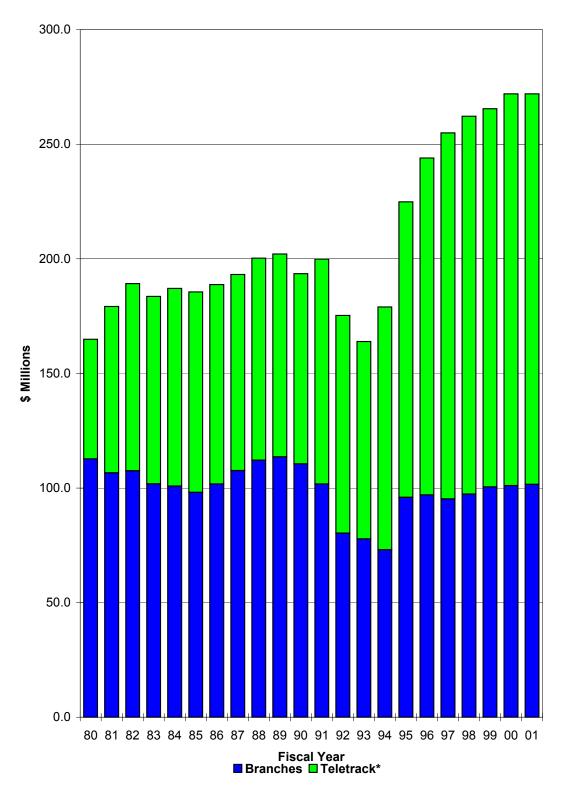
<sup>[1]</sup> Transfer of money to the state occurs monthly

<sup>[2]</sup> Bridgeport Jai Alai Fronton converted to a dog track.

Dog track operations began November 1995.

<sup>[3]</sup> Hartford Jai Alai Fronton closed September 1995.

## Annual Off-Track Betting Sales FY 80 - FY 01



\*Teletrack includes Windsor Locks Theater, New Haven Teletrack and Bridgeport and Plainfield Simulcast.

| Fiscal Year |                                       | Gross Sales<br>(\$ Millions)      | Transfers To<br>General Fund<br>(\$ Millions) | Transfers as<br>a Percent of<br>Gross Sales |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| 1975-76 [1] | Branches & Telephone                  | \$11.3                            | -   | -   |
| 1976-77     | Branches & Telephone                  | \$94.0                            | \$8.0   | 8.5%  |
| 1977-78     | Branches & Telephone                  | \$108.0                           | \$8.8   | 8.1%  |
| 1978-79     | Branches & Telephone                  | \$118.5                           | \$7.8   | 6.6%  |
| 1979-80     | Branches & Telephone<br>Teletrack [2] | \$112.7<br><u>52.2</u><br>\$164.9 | \$13.1  | 7.9%  |
| 1980-81     | Branches & Telephone<br>Teletrack     | \$106.6<br><u>72.6</u><br>\$179.2 | \$13.5  | 7.5%  |
| 1981-82     | Branches & Telephone<br>Teletrack     | \$107.5<br><u>81.7</u><br>\$189.2 | \$20.2  | 10.7%                                       |
| 1982-83     | Branches & Telephone<br>Teletrack     | \$101.8<br><u>81.8</u><br>\$183.6 | \$19.0  | 10.4%                                       |
| 1983-84     | Branches & Telephone<br>Teletrack     | \$100.8<br><u>86.3</u><br>\$187.1 | \$18.8  | 10.1%                                       |
| 1984-85     | Branches & Telephone<br>Teletrack     | \$98.1<br><u>87.5</u><br>\$185.6  | \$18.7  | 10.1%                                       |
| 1985-86     | Branches & Telephone<br>Teletrack     | \$101.7<br><u>87.1</u><br>\$188.8 | \$18.9  | 10.0%                                       |
| 1986-87     | Branches & Telephone<br>Teletrack     | \$107.6<br><u>85.6</u><br>\$193.3 | \$18.7  | 9.7%  |
| 1987-88     | Branches & Telephone<br>Teletrack     | \$112.1<br><u>88.2</u><br>\$200.3 | \$18.8  | 9.4%  |

| Fiscal Year |  | Gross Sales<br>(\$ Millions)                             | Transfers To<br>General Fund<br>(\$ Millions) | Transfers as<br>a Percent of<br>Gross Sales |
|-------------|--|--|---|---|
| 1988-89     | Branches & Telephone<br>Teletrack  | \$113.6<br><u>88.5</u><br>\$202.1                        | \$19.6  | 9.7%  |
| 1989-90     | Branches & Telephone<br>Teletrack  | \$110.5<br><u>83.0</u><br>\$193.4                        | \$18.3  | 9.5%  |
| 1990-91     | Branches & Telephone<br>Teletrack<br>Windsor Locks [3]   | \$101.6<br>65.9<br><u>32.4</u><br>\$199.9                | \$10.9  | 5.5%  |
| 1991-92     | Branches & Telephone<br>Teletrack (Old)<br>Teletrack (Coliseum) [4]<br>Windsor Locks<br>Plainfield [5] | \$80.3<br>34.8<br>6.7<br>44.0<br><u>9.6</u><br>\$175.3   | \$14.4  | 8.2%  |
| 1992-93     | Branches & Telephone<br>New Haven Teletrack<br>Windsor Locks<br>Plainfield<br>Bridgeport [6]           | \$77.8<br>18.3<br>43.9<br>12.1<br><u>11.8</u><br>\$163.9 | \$16.2  | 9.9%  |
| 1993-94     | Branches & Telephone<br>New Haven Teletrack<br>Windsor Locks<br>Plainfield<br>Bridgeport               | \$73.0<br>16.0<br>45.0<br>15.0<br>30.0<br>\$179.0        | \$4.9*  | 2.7%  |
| 1994-95     | Branches & Telephone<br>New Haven Teletrack<br>Windsor Locks<br>Plainfield<br>Bridgeport               | \$95.9<br>23.0<br>51.0<br>18.0<br><u>37.0</u><br>\$224.9 | \$6.1   | 2.7%  |

<sup>\*</sup>The State sold right to operate OTB system to private sector; therefore General Fund transfers are net of expenses.

| Fiscal Year |  | Gross Sales<br>(\$ Millions)                              | Transfers To<br>General Fund<br>(\$ Millions) | Transfers as<br>a Percent of<br>Gross Sales |
|-------------|--|---|---|---|
| 1995-96     | Branches & Telephone<br>New Haven Teletrack<br>Windsor Locks<br>Plainfield<br>Bridgeport | \$97.0<br>45.0<br>53.0<br>18.0<br><u>31.0</u><br>\$244.0  | \$6.6   | 2.7%  |
| 1996-97     | Branches & Telephone<br>New Haven Teletrack<br>Windsor Locks<br>Plainfield<br>Bridgeport | \$95.2<br>53.2<br>57.3<br>18.9<br><u>30.4</u><br>\$255.0  | \$6.9   | 2.7%  |
| 1997-98     | Branches & Telephone<br>New Haven Teletrack<br>Windsor Locks<br>Plainfield<br>Bridgeport | \$97.3<br>53.7<br>55.9<br>21.1<br><u>34.3</u><br>\$262.2  | \$5.4   | 2.1%  |
| 1998-99     | Branches & Telephone<br>New Haven Teletrack<br>Windsor Locks<br>Plainfield<br>Bridgeport | \$100.5<br>56.5<br>54.4<br>18.1<br><u>36.0</u><br>\$265.5 | \$5.5   | 2.1%  |
| 1999-2000   | Branches & Telephone<br>New Haven Teletrack<br>Windsor Locks<br>Plainfield<br>Bridgeport | \$101.0<br>60.1<br>58.3<br>15.1<br><u>37.5</u><br>\$272.0 | \$5.6   | 2.1%  |

| Fiscal Year |                      | Gross Sales<br>(\$ Millions) | Transfers To<br>General Fund<br>(\$ Millions) |      |
|-------------|----------------------|------------------------------|---|------|
| 2000-2001   | Branches & Telephone | \$101.6                      |   |      |
|             | New Haven Teletrack  | 61.6                         |   |      |
|             | Windsor Locks        | 58.5                         |   |      |
|             | Plainfield           | 15.3                         |   |      |
|             | Bridgeport           | <u>37.5</u>                  |   |      |
|             |                      | \$274.5                      | \$5.7   | 2.1% |

<sup>[1]</sup> FY 1975-1976 covers the period from April 29, 1976 through June 30, 1976.

Source: OTB Revenues, Comparison of Gross Sales with Amounts Transferred to the General Fund, The Division of Special Revenue.

<sup>[2]</sup> First year operations for Teletrack are October 24, 1979 - June 30, 1980

<sup>[3]</sup> Windsor Locks (Bradley Teletheater) opened on 10/24/90.

<sup>[4]</sup> The New Haven Teletrack moved into its existing sight, the New Haven Coliseum, on 3/1/92.

<sup>[5]</sup> PA 91-309 authorized a simulcast theater at Plainfield's dog track. Simulcasting at Plainfield began on 11/1/91.

<sup>[6]</sup> PA 92-17 (MSS) authorized a simulcast theater at the Bridgeport facility. Simulcasting at Bridgeport began 12/26/

### SUMMARY OF PAYMENTS TO MUNICIPALITIES OFF-TRACK BETTING AND PARI-MUTUELS

|                | Off Track Betting[1] |           |              | Pari-mutuel [2]      |             |           | <b>Grand Total</b>      |
|----------------|----------------------|-----------|--------------|----------------------|-------------|-----------|-------------------------|
| Fiscal<br>Year | Total<br>OTB         | Branches  | Teletheaters | Total<br>Pari-mutuel | Jai Alai    | Dog Track | OTB and<br>Pari-mutuels |
| 1979           | \$292,645            | \$292,645 | \$0          | \$2,870,499          | \$2,368,389 | \$502,110 | \$3,163,144             |
| 1980           | 410,667              | 278,136   | 132,531      | 2,651,053            | 2,197,691   | 453,362   | 3,061,720               |
| 1981           | 445,094              | 263,131   | 181,963      | 2,571,554            | 2,096,112   | 475,442   | 3,016,648               |
| 1982           | 470,236              | 265,657   | 204,579      | 2,780,300            | 2,259,099   | 521,201   | 3,250,536               |
| 1983 [3,4]     | 474,547              | 264,539   | 210,008      | 2,855,650            | 2,283,441   | 572,209   | 3,330,197               |
| 1984           | 756,795              | 410,703   | 346,092      | 2,897,883            | 2,311,193   | 586,690   | 3,654,678               |
| 1985           | 750,577              | 399,622   | 350,955      | 2,990,578            | 2,398,071   | 592,507   | 3,741,155               |
| 1986           | 763,615              | 414,065   | 349,550      | 3,011,431            | 2,415,729   | 595,702   | 3,775,046               |
| 1987 [5]       | 2,026,622            | 1,420,722 | 605,900      | 3,135,500            | 2,551,119   | 584,381   | 5,162,122               |
| 1988           | 2,028,253            | 1,142,652 | 885,601      | 2,729,241            | 2,134,241   | 595,000   | 4,757,494               |
| 1989           | 2,045,946            | 1,157,595 | 888,351      | 2,512,539            | 1,938,038   | 574,501   | 4,558,485               |
| 1990           | 1,957,983            | 1,068,503 | 889,480      | 2,610,166            | 2,127,883   | 482,283   | 4,568,149               |
| 1991           | 2,020,450            | 1,034,651 | 985,799      | 2,363,786            | 1,948,360   | 415,426   | 4,384,236               |
| 1992 [6]       | 1,753,079            | 871,190   | 881,889      | 2,228,645            | 1,863,685   | 364,960   | 3,981,724               |
| 1993 [7]       | 1,638,314            | 1,031,866 | 606,448      | 1,835,565            | 1,427,451   | 408,114   | 3,473,879               |
| 1994           | 1,782,472            | 661,734   | 1,120,738    | 1,645,679            | 1,191,887   | 453,792   | 3,428,151               |
| 1995           | 2,217,434            | 902,593   | 1,314,841    | 1,438,771            | 1,025,445   | 413,326   | 3,656,205               |
| 1996           | 2,440,071            | 1,460,160 | 979,911      | 1,089,532            | 637,431     | 452,101   | 3,529,603               |
| 1997           | 2,549,469            | 1,276,486 | 1,272,983    | 818,038              | 495,854     | 322,184   | 3,367,507               |
| 1998           | 4,260,559            | 2,202,120 | 2,058,439    | 666,124              | 378,767     | 287,357   | 4,926,683               |
| 1999           | 4,337,167            | 2,219,699 | 2,117,468    | 597,724              | 322,697     | 275,027   | 4,934,891               |
| 2000           | 4,445,523            | 1,617,693 | 2,827,830    | 528,157              | 307,236     | 220,921   | 4,973,680               |
| 2001           | 4,484,936            | 1,625,889 | 2,859,047    | 430,590              | 279,260     | 151,330   | 4,915,526               |

<sup>[1]</sup> Municipal share of revenue from OTB is 1.0% (effective 1/1/87).

Jai Alai - 1% of daily handle

Greyhound - 1/2% of daily handle

Note: The municipal share is paid from the amount retained by the state but is levied on total wagers. The transfer of funds to municipalities occurs monthly.

Source: Statement I and OTB statement of sales and payments to municipalities.

<sup>[2]</sup> The tax rates for the Pari-mutuel facilities are as follows:

<sup>[3]</sup> Municipal share of revenue from OTB increased to .4% from .25%, effective June, 1983.

<sup>[4]</sup> The Off-Track Betting Parlors in New Haven and Meriden were closed on March 31, 1983 and November 30, 1984, respectively.

<sup>[5]</sup> Effective January, 1987 the Municipal share increases to 1% from .4%.

<sup>[6]</sup> Includes simulcast figures from Plainfield Dog Track.

<sup>[7]</sup> Between 7/1/92 and 6/30/01 Plaifield received .8% and the Northeast Economic Alliance received .2%. Effective 7/1/01 Plainfield receives .1% and the payment to the Alliance is eliminated.

### MUNICIPAL SHARE OF REVENUES FROM STATE GAMBLING [1]

|          | Dog Trac  | k/Jai Alai | ОТВ   |               |
|----------|-----------|------------|-------|---------------|
|          | Popu      | Population |       |               |
| Fiscal   | Under     | Over       |       |               |
| Year     | 50,000    | 50,000     |       |               |
| 1981     | 0.50%     | 1.00%      | 0.25% |               |
| 1982     | 0.50%     | 1.00%      | 0.25% |               |
| 1983     | 0.50%     | 1.00%      | 0.25% |               |
| 1984     | 0.50%     | 1.00%      | 0.40% |               |
| 1985     | 0.50%     | 1.00%      | 0.40% |               |
| 1986     | 0.50%     | 1.00%      | 0.40% |               |
| 1987     | 0.50%     | 1.00%      | 1.00% | (eff. 1/1/87) |
| 1988     | 0.50%     | 1.00%      | 1.00% |               |
| 1989     | 0.50%     | 1.00%      | 1.00% |               |
| 1990     | 0.50%     | 1.00%      | 1.00% |               |
| 1991     | 0.50%     | 1.00%      | 1.00% |               |
| 1992     | 0.50%     | 1.00%      | 1.00% |               |
| 1993 [2] | 0.50%     | 1.00%      | 1.00% |               |
| 1994     | 0.5%/0.8% | 1.00%      | 1.00% |               |
| 1995     | 0.5%/0.8% | 1.00%      | 1.00% |               |
| 1996     | 0.5%/0.8% | 1.00%      | 1.00% |               |
| 1997     | 0.5%/0.8% | 1.00%      | 1.00% |               |
| 1998     | 0.5%/0.8% | 1.00%      | 1.60% | [3]           |
| 1999     | 0.5%/0.8% | 1.00%      | 1.60% |               |
| 2000     | 0.5%/0.8% | 1.00%      | 1.60% |               |
| 2001     | 0.5%/0.8% | 1.00%      | 1.60% |               |

<sup>[1]</sup> Municipal share is based on total money wagered.

Source: Division of Special Revenue

<sup>[2]</sup> Between 7/1/92 and 6/30/01 Plaifield received .8% and the Northeast Economic Alliance received .2%. Effective 7/1/01 Plainfield receives .1% and the payment to the Alliance are eliminated.

<sup>[3]</sup> PA 97-277 increased the payments to municipalities from 1% to 1.6%, effective July 1, 1997. Additionally, the Act provides that the city of New Haven and town of Windsor Locks will each receive one-half of the 1% total handle any facility equipped with screens for simulscasting located within a 15 mile radius of each facility effective 10/1/97.

### **PAYMENTS TO MUNICIPALITIES BY TOWN** OFF-TRACK BETTING (FISCAL YEARS)

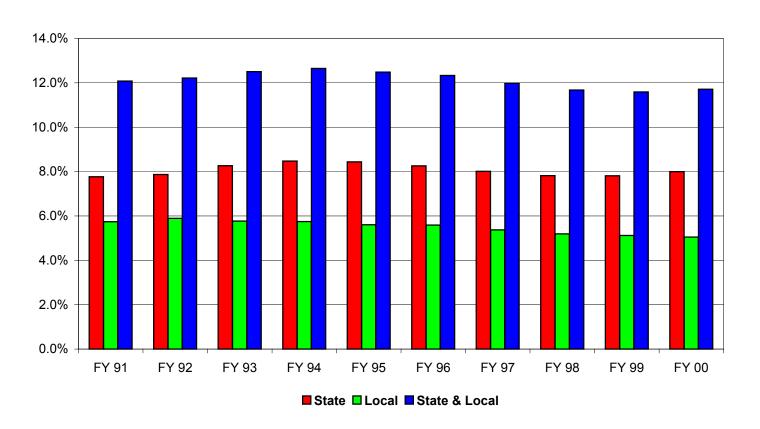
| Town  | 1995                    | 1996      | 1997      | 1998      | 1999      | 2000      | 2001      |
|---|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Meriden (closed 11/84,<br>Reopened 6/87, closed a | 70,600<br>gain 8/31/99) | 57,765    | 49,167    | 65,735    | 57,637    | 10,074    | -         |
| Bridgeport  | 440,686                 | 491,557   | 363,378   | 633,084   | 653,309   | 674,873   | 677,397   |
| Torrington  | 42,055                  | 38,055    | 37,410    | 57,095    | 52,414    | 56,085    | 54,669    |
| Waterbury[1]                                      | 102,050                 | 100,915   | 100,433   | 155,679   | 157,984   | 153,005   | 147,079   |
| West Haven  | 79,188                  | 43,364    | 35,973    | 50,085    | 48,027    | 49,519    | 47,311    |
| Bristol   | 51,602                  | 48,521    | 67,368    | 134,664   | 149,303   | 157,398   | 168,642   |
| Norwalk   | 100,967                 | 107,368   | 116,190   | 188,268   | 182,465   | 193,894   | 192,225   |
| East Haven  | 70,630                  | 52,617    | 55,826    | 80,988    | 71,853    | 64,892    | 67,478    |
| New Britain                                       | 75,896                  | 87,592    | 102,803   | 204,610   | 244,327   | 272,807   | 277,783   |
| Telephone Betting<br>(New Haven)                  | 40,836                  | 239,890   | 244,757   |           | <u> </u>  | <u> </u>  |           |
| Subtotal  | 1,074,510               | 1,267,644 | 1,173,305 | 1,570,208 | 1,617,319 | 1,632,547 | 1,632,584 |
| Teletrack-(New Haven)                             | 361,514                 | 445,512   | 454,548   | 1,098,797 | 1,157,574 | 1,224,402 | 1,255,669 |
| Windsor Locks                                     | 500,243                 | 534,399   | 573,678   | 959,642   | 959,894   | 1,026,124 | 1,024,804 |
| Plainfield (Simulcast)                            | 181,752                 | 176,236   | 188,492   | 336,727   | 290,489   | 240,836   | 243,060   |
| Hartford (Jai Alai Branch                         | 73,845                  | 120,605   | 139,595   | 268,052   | 286,281   | 298,566   | 295,724   |
| Milford (Jai Alai Branch                          | 25,570                  | 22,062    | 19,851    | 27,133    | 25,610    | 23,048    | 20,862    |
| Total   | 2,217,434               | 2,566,458 | 2,549,469 | 4,260,559 | 4,337,167 | 4,445,523 | 4,472,703 |

Source: The Division of Special Revenue.

<sup>[1]</sup> New London, Waterbury #12, Norwich, and Derby were all closed effective 5/30/91. [2] Killingly closed effective 10/27/91.

<sup>[3]</sup> Newington opened on 10/1/92. Closed 5/94.

# State and Local Government Expenditures as a Percent of Gross State Product FY 91 - FY 00



### Connecticut's Gross State Product and Government Expenditures (Millions \$)

### State and Local Government Expenditures As a Percent of Gross State Product.

|       | <u>GSP</u> (1) | <u>State</u> | Local | State & Local(2) | <u>State</u> | Local | State & Local |
|-------|----------------|--------------|-------|------------------|--------------|-------|---------------|
| FY 91 | 100,395        | 7,706        | 5,696 | 11,978           | 7.8%         | 5.7%  | 12.1%         |
| FY 92 | 103,794        | 7,962        | 5,963 | 12,355           | 7.9%         | 5.9%  | 12.2%         |
| FY 93 | 107,924        | 8,694        | 6,068 | 13,160           | 8.3%         | 5.8%  | 12.5%         |
| FY 94 | 112,395        | 9,298        | 6,310 | 13,884           | 8.5%         | 5.8%  | 12.7%         |
| FY 95 | 118,645        | 9,790        | 6,503 | 14,490           | 8.4%         | 5.6%  | 12.5%         |
| FY 96 | 124,157        | 10,023       | 6,779 | 14,967           | 8.3%         | 5.6%  | 12.3%         |
| FY 97 | 134,968        | 10,399       | 6,971 | 15,552           | 8.0%         | 5.4%  | 12.0%         |
| FY 98 | 143,191        | 10,839       | 7,193 | 16,183           | 7.8%         | 5.2%  | 11.7%         |
| FY 99 | 151,779        | 11,414       | 7,484 | 16,941           | 7.8%         | 5.1%  | 11.6%         |
| FY 00 | 158,813        | 12,405       | 7,829 | 18,168           | 8.0%         | 5.0%  | 11.7%         |

- (1) GSP=Gross State Product, Nominal \$.
- (2) To avoid double counting Grants to Municipalities amounts have been removed from the State expenditures to derive State and Local Expenditures

#### **FUNDING THE FY 90-91 DEFICIT**

Public Act 91-3 of the June Special Session established the Economic Recovery Note Debt Retirement Fund for the purpose of financing the cumulative FY 1990-91 General Fund deficit. The sum of \$965.71 million was to be financed over 5 years through the issuance of General Obligation notes.

In the Fall of 1991, the Treasurer issued \$640.71 million in fixed rate notes and \$325 million in variable rate notes with the following maturity schedule:

|       | Fixed Rate   | Variable Rate | Total Principal Payment |
|-------|--------------|---------------|-------------------------|
|       | (\$ million) | (\$ million)  | (\$ million)            |
| FY 92 | \$50.0       | \$0           | \$50.0                  |
| FY 93 | 125.0        | 75.0          | 200.0                   |
| FY 94 | 150.0        | 100.0         | 250.0                   |
| FY 95 | 150.0        | 0             | 150.0                   |
| FY 96 | <u>165.7</u> | <u>150.0</u>  | <u>315.7</u>            |
| Total | \$640.7      | \$325.0       | \$965.7                 |

Section 127(f) of PA 91-3 JSS required that any General Fund surplus up to \$205 million be used to accelerate retirement of the Economic Recovery Fund Notes. Because the General Fund ended FY 92 with an un-appropriated surplus of \$110.1 million, \$10.1 million of the \$75 million variable rate notes due to mature 6/1/93 were retired and \$100 million fixed rate notes were retired. Of the \$100 million fixed rate notes, \$50 million was due to mature 12/1/93 and \$50 million in 6/1/94. This left \$89.9 million to be refinanced instead of the \$100 million authorized in the FY 93 Appropriations Act. (SA 92-13, the Appropriations Act, authorized the State Treasurer to refinance \$100 million of Economic Recovery notes due in FY 93.) The Treasurer refinanced the \$25 million fixed rate notes due 6/15/93, with \$25 million variable rate notes due 12/1/94. In addition, \$64.9 million variable rate notes due 6/1/95.

PA 93-80, the 1993-95 Budget Act, altered the provision for any FY 93 General Fund un-appropriated surplus, directing instead that any surplus be dedicated to payment of debt service in FY 94. Section 43(a) of PA 94-1 MSS appropriated the estimated FY 94 General Fund surplus of \$149.6 million for payment of the Economic Recovery Fund Notes due in FY 95. The remaining monies to pay the \$263.5 million in Economic Recovery Fund Notes due in FY 95 came from: (1) a revenue intercept of \$106.6 million, and (2) use of \$7.3 million in old bond fund balances.

Sections 36 and 37 of PA 95-160 authorized the re-issuance of a portion of the \$315.71 million of Economic Recovery notes due in FY 96. The notes were issued with \$79 million maturing in FY 97 and FY 98 and an additional \$78.1 million maturing in FY 99.

Section 59 of SA 97-21 earmarks \$166.7 million of the FY 97 budget surplus for payment of principal and interest on the Economic Recovery Notes in FY 98 and FY 99.

The following revised schedule shows principal payments and interest costs, including the use of surplus and refinancing authorized by SA 92-13 and PA 95-160:

|                | Principal    | Interest     | Total Debt Service |
|----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------------|
|                | (\$ million) | (\$ million) | (\$ million)       |
| FY 92          | \$50.0       | \$36.1       | \$86.1             |
| FY 93          | 100.0        | 36.7         | 136.7              |
| Use of surplus | 110.1        | 0            | 110.1              |
| FY 94          | 150.0        | 36.0         | 186.0              |
| FY 95          | 239.9        | 27.1         | 267.0              |
| FY 96          | 79.6         | 14.3         | 93.9               |
| FY 97          | 79.0         | 10.5         | 89.5               |
| FY 98          | 79.0         | 6.8          | 85.8               |
| FY 99          | <u>78.1</u>  | <u>2.8</u>   | <u>80.9</u>        |
| Total          | \$965.7      | \$170.3      | \$1,136.0          |

#### CONDITION OF THE GENERAL FUND FY 92 - FY 01

| 1132   | -1101                          |                               |
|--|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|
|  | Amount<br>(millions)           | Percent                       |
| FY 91-92   | \$110.1                        |                               |
| Retirement of Economic Recovery  Notes Issued to Fund Deficit  | <b>Φ110.1</b>                  |                               |
| Other Uses   | 0.0                            |                               |
| Total Surplus  | \$110.1                        |                               |
| FY 92-93   |                                |                               |
| Appropriated for FY 93-94 Debt<br>Service  | \$52.0                         | 26.3%                         |
| Appropriated for FY 94-95 Debt<br>Service  | 32.0                           | 16.2                          |
| Unapropriated surplus earmaked for FY 93-94 Debt Service   | <u>113.5</u>                   | <u>57.5</u>                   |
| Total Surplus  | \$197.5                        | 100.0                         |
| FV 00 04   |                                |                               |
| FY 93-94 Appropriated for Economic   | \$149.6                        | 88.4%                         |
| Recovery Notes Debt Service Due in FY 94-95  |                                |                               |
| Appropriated for FY 94-95 Debt Service   | <u>19.7</u>                    | <u>11.6</u>                   |
| Total Surplus *  | \$169.3                        | 100.0                         |
| * Of the \$169.3 million FY 93-94 surplus, \$113.5 million is in<br>year's unappropriated surplus, thereby making the surplus from the surplus f |                                |                               |
| FY 94-95   |                                |                               |
| Budget Reserve Fund  Total Surplus   | <u>80.5</u><br><b>\$80.5</b>   | <u>100.0%</u><br><b>100.0</b> |
| i otai surpius   | <b>\$00.5</b>                  | 100.0                         |
| FY 95-96   | <b>400 E</b>                   | 25 00/                        |
| Appropriated for Economic Recovery Notes Debt Service  | \$89.5                         | 35.8%                         |
| Due in FY 96-97  | 400.5                          | 04.0                          |
| Budget Reserve Fund  Total Surplus   | <u>160.5</u><br><b>\$250.0</b> | <u>64.2</u><br><b>100.0</b>   |
| ·  | <b>7</b>                       |                               |
| FY 96-97 Appropriated for Economic   | \$166.7                        | 63.5%                         |
| Recovery Notes Debt Service  |                                |                               |
| Due in FY 97-98 and FY 98-99<br>Budget Reserve Fund  | 95.9                           | 36.5                          |
| Total Surplus  | \$262.6                        | 100.0                         |
|  |                                |                               |

#### CONDITION OF THE GENERAL FUND FY 92 - FY 01 Amount

|   | Amount (millions) | Percent      |
|---|-------------------|--------------|
| FY 97-98  |                   |              |
| Tax Rebate Program and Related Costs                                      | \$124.5           | 22.1%        |
| Year 2000 Information Technology Conversions                              | 80.0              | 14.2         |
| Property Tax Relief   | 40.0              | 7.1          |
| School Library Books UCONN Endowment                                      | 3.0<br>1.8        | 0.5<br>0.3   |
| Budget Reserve Fund   | 1.6<br>161.7      | 28.8         |
| Debt Retirement (Unappropriated Surplus)                                  | 151.7<br>151.2    | 26.6<br>26.9 |
| Total Surplus   | \$562.2           | 100.0        |
| . от р. шо  | <b>400</b> 22     |              |
| FY 98-99  |                   |              |
| Tax Rebate 99   | \$96.2            | 14.5%        |
| 27th Payroll  | 90.0              | 13.6         |
| Stadium Construction  | 80.0              | 12.1         |
| Medicaid Managed Care Capitation Payments                                 | 78.0              | 11.8         |
| State Employee Health Insurance Claims                                    | 60.0              | 9.0          |
| School Construction Costs   | 55.0              | 8.3          |
| Higher Education Endowment  | 21.3              | 3.2          |
| Lawsuit Litigation and Settlements  | 20.2              | 3.0          |
| Local Capital Improvement Funds   | 20.0              | 3.0          |
| Y2K - Year 2000 Computer Compliance                                       | 15.0<br>9.0       | 2.3<br>1.4   |
| Loans for and a Study of Distressed Hospitals School Library Books Grants | 9.0<br>6.3        | 1.4          |
| Arts Grants   | 6.0               | 0.9          |
| All Other Items   | 34.2              | 5.2          |
| Budget Reserve Fund   | 30.5              | 4.6          |
| Debt Retirement (Unappropriated Surplus)                                  | 41.3              | 6.2          |
| Total Surplus   | \$663.0           | 100.0        |
| . ota. ou. p.uo   | 4000.0            | 10010        |
| FY 99-00  |                   |              |
| School Construction Grants (includes \$255.5m from U                      | \$296.9           | 59.8%        |
| One-Time Surplus Revenue Sharing to Towns                                 | 34.0              | 6.8          |
| School Wiring (includes \$10m from Unappropriated St                      | 20.0              | 4.0          |
| Deficit Reduction for UConn Health Center                                 | 20.0<br>12.0      | 4.0<br>2.4   |
| CT Education Technology Initiatives Charter Oak Open Space Trust Account  | 10.0              | 2.4          |
| Arts Grants   | 9.0               | 1.8          |
| Core Financial Systems  | 7.5               | 1.5          |
| New Facility Move for Department of Information Tech                      | 6.0               | 1.2          |
| ECS Hartford Supplemental School Aid                                      | 5.7               | 1.1          |
| Operation Sail 2000   | 5.5               | 1.1          |
| Magnet Schools  | 5.0               | 1.0          |
| All Other Items   | 30.3              | 6.1          |
| Budget Reserve Fund   | <u>34.9</u>       | <u>7.0</u>   |
| Total Surplus   | \$496.8           | 100.0        |

#### CONDITION OF THE GENERAL FUND FY 92 - FY 01

| Amount       |   |
|--------------|---|
| (millions)   | Percent   |
|              |   |
| \$100.0      | 20.1%   |
| 32.0         | 6.4   |
| 31.0         | 6.2   |
| 28.2         | 5.7   |
| 27.4         | 5.5   |
| 25.3         | 5.1   |
| 23.5         | 4.7   |
| 21.5         | 4.3   |
| 18.7         | 3.8   |
| 15.0         | 3.0   |
| 9.0          | 1.8   |
| 8.1          | 1.6   |
| 7.5          | 1.5   |
| 6.1          | 1.2   |
| 5.3          | 1.1   |
| 5.0          | 1.0   |
| 83.6         | 16.8  |
| <u>30.7</u>  | <u>6.2</u>  |
| \$477.9      | 100.0   |
| <u>129.0</u> |   |
| \$606.9      |   |
|              | \$100.0 \$2.0 \$31.0 28.2 27.4 25.3 23.5 21.5 18.7 15.0 9.0 8.1 7.5 6.1 5.3 5.0 83.6 30.7 \$477.9 129.0 |

<sup>\*</sup> after the November 15, 2001 Special Session

#### **BUDGET RESERVE FUND HISTORY**

(Amounts in Millions)

| Surpluses from:   |                                 |
|---|---------------------------------|
| FY 84<br>FY 85<br>FY 86   | \$165.2<br>27.3<br>16.2         |
| FY 87   | 104.8                           |
| Plus interest earnings[1] Balance as of 9/01/87   | 6 <u>.1</u><br><b>\$319.6</b>   |
| Less: Transfer to General Fund as Revenue for FY 89 (per Sec. 14 of SA 88-20)  Balance as of 7/02/88  | -73.7<br><b>\$245.9</b>         |
| Less: Transfer to General Fund to cover FY 88 Deficit  Balance as of 9/01/88  | <u>-115.6</u><br><b>\$130.3</b> |
| Less: Transfer to General Fund to cover FY 89 Deficit  Balance as of 9/01/89  | - <u>28.0</u><br><b>\$102.3</b> |
| Less: Transfer to General Fund to cover FY 90 Deficit[2] <b>Balance as of 9/01/90</b>   | <u>-102.3</u><br><b>\$0.0</b>   |
| (Surpluses from FY 92, FY 93 & FY 94 were used to make Economic Recovery Fund (ERF) payments or for Debt Service payments.)                                   |                                 |
| Surplus from:<br>FY 95  | <u>80.5</u>                     |
| Balance as of 9/01/95   | \$80.5                          |
| Surplus from FY 96 of \$250 million less transfer of \$89.5 million to the Economic Recovery Fund (ERF)  Balance as of 9/01/96                                | 160.5<br><b>\$241.0</b>         |
| Surplus from FY 97 of \$262.6 million less transfer of<br>\$166.7 million to the Economic Recovery Fund (ERF)<br>for Debt Service payments in FY 98 and FY 99 | <u>95.9</u>                     |
| Balance as of 9/01/97   | \$336.9                         |
| Surplus from FY 98 of \$312.9 million less transfer of \$151.2 million to Debt Retirement Balance as of 9/01/98   | <u>161.7</u><br><b>\$498.6</b>  |
| Surplus from FY 99 of \$71.8 million less transfer of \$41.3 million to Debt Retirement  Balance as of 9/01/99[3]   | 30.5<br><b>\$529.1</b>          |
| Surplus from FY 00 of \$300.4 million less transfer of \$10 million to School Wiring and \$255.5 million to   |                                 |
| School Construction  Balance as of 9/01/00[4]   | \$34.9<br><b>\$564.0</b>        |
| Surplus from:   |                                 |
| FY 01   | \$30.7                          |

- [1] Since 7/01/85, interest earned has been deposited in the General Fund.
- [2] The remaining \$157.2 million of the deficit was carried over and added to the FY 91 deficit and then financed with Economic Recovery Fund (ERF) notes (\$965.7 million total).
- [3] The balance is equal to 5% of Net General Fund appropriations for FY 00 as permitted under current law (CGS Sec. 4-30a).
- [4] The balance is equal to 5% of Net General Fund appropriations for FY 01 as permitted under current law (CGS Sec. 4-30a).
- [5] The balance is equal to 5% of Net General Fund appropriations for FY 02 as permitted under current law (CGS Sec. 4-30a).

### A HISTORY OF GENERAL FUND LAPSE BUDGETED VS. ACTUAL

Percentage

| Fiscal<br>Year     | Budgeted<br>Lapse/Savir |      | Actual<br>Lapse |      | Additional<br>Lapse<br>(col. 2 - 1) | Percentage<br>Budgeted<br>is of Actual | Actual Lapse<br>is of Total<br>Budget [1] |
|--------------------|-------------------------|------|-----------------|------|-------------------------------------|--|---|
| 1981-82            | 49,551,000              | [2]  | 59,933,046      |      | 10,382,046                          | 82.7                                   | 1.9                                       |
| 1982-83            | 36,250,000              |      | 59,865,121      |      | 23,615,121                          | 60.6                                   | 1.8                                       |
| 1983-84            | 54,500,000              |      | 51,238,457      |      | (3,261,543)                         | 106.4                                  | 1.4                                       |
| 1984-85            | 49,000,000              |      | 136,626,063     |      | 87,626,063                          | 35.9                                   | 3.6                                       |
| 1985-86            | 60,000,000              |      | 85,416,471      |      | 25,416,471                          | 70.2                                   | 2.1                                       |
| 1986-87            | 70,000,000              |      | 62,323,445      |      | (7,676,555)                         | 112.3                                  | 1.4                                       |
| 1987-88            | 79,200,000              |      | 73,243,535      |      | (5,956,465)                         | 108.1                                  | 1.5                                       |
| 1988-89            | 82,060,000              |      | 152,141,379     | [3]  | 70,081,379                          | 53.9                                   | 2.7                                       |
| 1989-90            | 118,642,638             | [4]  | 101,594,498     |      | (17,048,140)                        | 116.8                                  | 1.6                                       |
| 1990-91            | 95,674,353              |      | 129,935,922     |      | 34,261,569                          | 73.6                                   | 1.9                                       |
| 1991-92            | 458,723,753             | [5]  | 587,582,508     |      | 128,858,755                         | 78.1                                   | 7.9                                       |
| 1992-93            | 223,377,102             | [6]  | 279,301,940     |      | 55,924,838                          | 80.0                                   | 3.8                                       |
| 1993-94            | 82,000,000              | [7]  | 223,401,236     | [8]  | 141,401,236                         | 36.7                                   | 2.8                                       |
| 1994-95            | 82,000,000              | [7]  | 256,770,833     | [9]  | 174,770,833                         | 31.9                                   | 3.0                                       |
| 1995-96            | 103,200,000             | [10] | 158,809,284     | [9]  | 55,609,284                          | 65.0                                   | 1.8                                       |
| 1996-97            | 110,725,000             | [11] | 118,297,448     | [9]  | 7,572,448                           | 93.6                                   | 1.3                                       |
| 1997-98            | 191,912,000             | [12] | 128,199,482     | [13] | (63,712,518)                        | 149.7                                  | 1.3                                       |
| 1998-99            | 147,450,000             | [14] | 178,233,228     | [15] | 30,783,228                          | 82.7                                   | 1.8                                       |
| 1999-00            | 160,600,000             | [16] | 109,000,000     | [17] | (51,600,000)                        | 147.3                                  | 1.0                                       |
| 2000-01            | 120,000,000             | [18] | 96,254,644      | [19] | (23,745,356)                        | 124.7                                  | 8.0                                       |
| 20 Year<br>Average | \$118,743,292           |      | \$152,408,427   |      | \$33,665,135                        | 85.5                                   | 2.3                                       |

- [1] Total budget equals Gross General Fund Appropriations plus General Fund Deficiency Appropriations.
- [2] This reflects the budgeted lapse of \$30,000,000, plus \$19,551,000 designated "not to be expended".
- [3] Includes the \$50,000,000 in pension funds that were directed to lapse via legislative act.
- [4] Includes an estimated lapse of \$68,342,638 plus \$50,300,000 in other mandated savings.
- $\hbox{\small [5] Includes an estimated lapse of $77,659,540 plus $381,064,213 in other mandated savings.}$
- [6] Includes an estimated lapse of \$73,377,102 plus \$150,000,000 in "collective bargaining savings".
- [7] Includes an estimated lapse of \$70,000,000 plus \$12,000,000 in mandated Other Expenses savings.
- [8] Includes \$103,490,562 lapse from surplus appropriated to the Debt Service Account.
- [9] Includes \$19,654,737 lapse from surplus appropriated to Debt Service Account.
- [10] Includes an estimated lapse of \$72,200,000 plus \$12,000,000 in mandated Other Expenses savings, plus \$19,000,000 in savings from a statewide hiring freeze.
- [11] Includes an estimated lapse of \$86,725,000 plus \$12,000,000 in mandated Personal Services savings and \$12,000,000 in mandated Other Expenses savings.
- [12] Includes an estimated lapse of \$64,250,000 plus \$104,662,000 in Early Retirement Incentive Program (ERIP) savings, \$11,000,000 in mandated Personal Services savings and \$12,000,000 in mandated Other Expenses savings.
- [13] Primarily reflects \$58,020,309 in lower savings from the Early Retirement Incentive Program (ERIP). The original budgeted savings for ERIP was \$104,662,000, whereas \$46,641,691 was realized.
- [14] Includes an estimated lapse of \$74,450,000, plus \$11,000,000 in mandated Personal Services savings and \$12,000,000 in mandated Other Expenses savings, plus \$50,000,000 in estimated savings from state Information Technology (IT) privatization.
- [15] Primarily reflects an additional net lapse of \$91,400,000 in the Department of Social Services (DSS), partially offset by the loss of \$50,000,000 in savings due to the unsuccessful effort to privatize state Information Technology (IT) operations and an unrealized savings of \$13,800,000 in Personal Services (PS) and Other Expenses (OE) Reductions for which \$23,000,000 had been anticipated in the budget. The DSS lapse resulted primarily from declining Medicaid expenditures and welfare expenditures.
- [16] Includes an estimated lapse of \$86,000,000, plus \$13,600,000 in mandated Personal Services savings and \$11,000,000 in mandated Other Expenses savings, plus \$50,000,000 in estimated savings from state Information Technology (IT) privatization.
- [17] Primarily reflects the loss of \$50,000,000 in savings due to the unsuccessful effort to privatize state Information Technology (IT) operations.
- [18] Includes an estimated lapse of \$89,400,000, plus \$13,500,000 in mandated Personal Services savings and \$11,000,000 in mandated Other Expenses savings, plus \$6,100,000 in estimated savings from a statewide hiring freeze.
- [19] Primarily reflects the transfer of \$47.4 million in lapses to cover a portion of FY 01 General Fund deficiencies.

## A HISTORY OF GENERAL FUND DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATIONS OR TRANSFERS

|                 | Deficiency<br>Appropriations | % Deficiency is of Original |
|-----------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Fiscal Year     | or Transfers                 | Net Appropriations          |
|                 |                              |                             |
| 1981-82         | 40.6                         | 1.4                         |
| 1982-83         | 71.0                         | 2.2                         |
| 1983-84         | 27.1                         | 0.8                         |
| 1984-85         | 43.1                         | 1.2                         |
| 1985-86         | 10.2                         | 0.3                         |
| 1986-87         | 47.9 [1]                     | 1.1                         |
| 1987-88         | 38.8 [2]                     | 0.8                         |
| 1988-89         | 54.0                         | 1.0                         |
| 1989-90         | 110.0                        | 1.8                         |
| 1990-91         | 222.5                        | 3.5                         |
| 1991-92         | 13.1                         | 0.2                         |
| 1992-93         | 33.6                         | 0.5                         |
| 1993-94         | 83.5                         | 1.1                         |
| 1994-95         | 10.5 [3]                     | 0.1                         |
| 1995-96         | 66.9                         | 8.0                         |
| 1996-97         | 137.1                        | 1.5                         |
| 1997-98         | 108.6                        | 1.2                         |
| 1998-99         | 27.7 [3]                     | 0.3                         |
| 1999-00         | 6.7 [4]                      | 0.1                         |
| 2000-01         | 108.9 [5]                    | 1.0                         |
| 20 Year Average | \$63.1                       | 1.0                         |
| 10 Year Average | \$59.7                       | 0.7                         |
| 5 Year Average  | \$77.8                       | 0.8                         |

<sup>[1]</sup> Does not include \$10 million deficiency for the Educational Excellence Trust Fund.

Note: Had the \$50 million in "IT Savings" been achieved in FY 99 and FY 00, there would have been the potential for the savings in an individual agency to be transferred to a deficient account in the agency to further reduce the agency's deficiency, on a net basis.

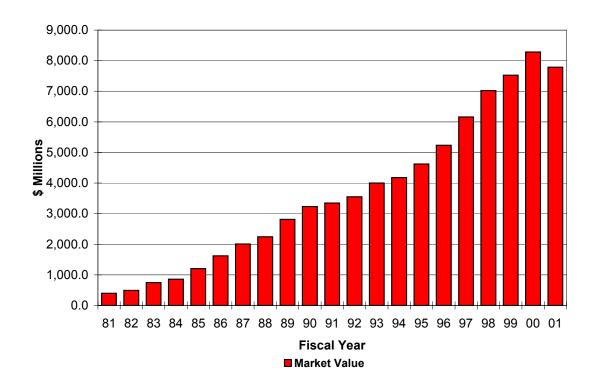
[5] This amount was covered by \$61.5 million in deficiency appropriations contained within 3 separate bills and a \$47.4 million transfer of lapses.

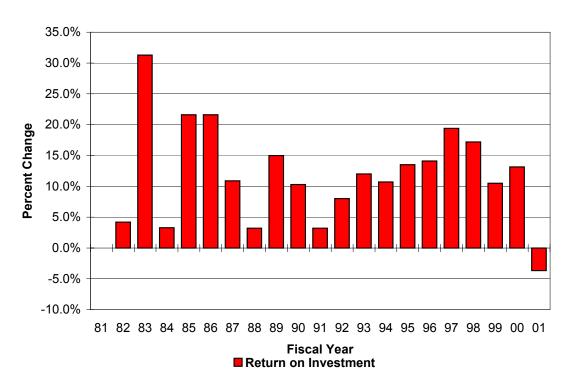
<sup>[2]</sup> Does not include \$3.5 million deficiency for the Educational Excellence Trust Fund.

<sup>[3]</sup> This sum was transferred from the Medicaid account, rather than being provided as an additional appropriation.

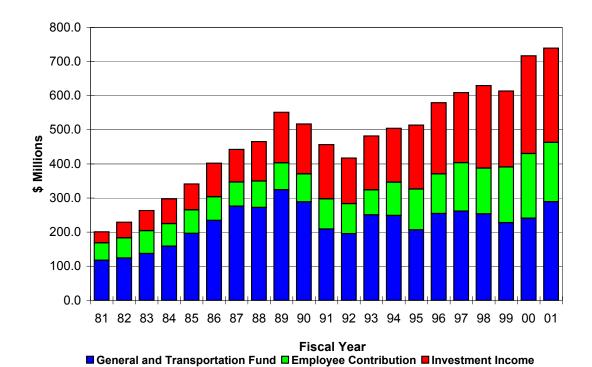
<sup>[4]</sup> The General Fund total for sHB 5216 is \$66.7 million. However, this is on a semi-gross basis, a departure from past practice. OFA estimates that on the typical net basis for deficiencies used in the past, only \$6.7 million would be required.

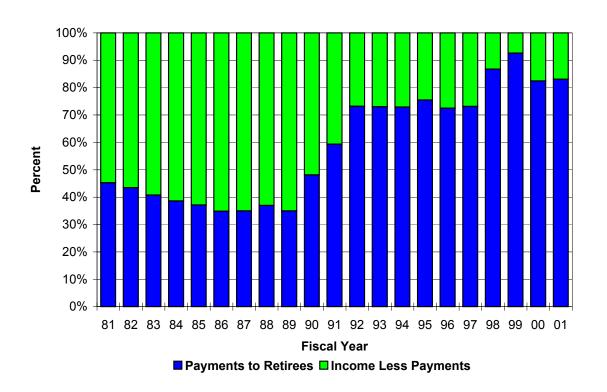
# State Employees' Retirement Fund Assets FY 81 - FY 01





# State Employees' Retirement Fund Income FY 81 - FY 01





# STATE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT FUND (\$ Millions)

#### **Sources of Income**

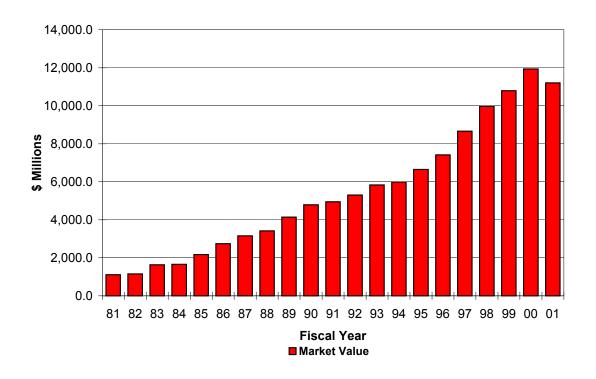
| Fiscal | Return on  | Market  |       |      | Federal    |                 |            | Total  | Payment to | Income Less     |
|--------|------------|---------|-------|------|------------|-----------------|------------|--------|------------|-----------------|
| Year   | Investment | Value   |       |      | and Other  | <b>Employee</b> | Investment | Income | Retirees   | <b>Payments</b> |
|        |            |         | Fund  | Fund | Reimb. (1) | Contrib.        | Income     |        |            |                 |
| 1981   |            | 396.3   | 117.3 |      | 26.0       | 25.2            | 32.1       | 200.6  | 90.8       | 109.8           |
| 1982   | 4.2%       |         | 123.9 |      | 33.4       | 25.7            | 45.9       | 228.9  | 99.4       | 129.5           |
| 1983   | 31.3%      |         | 136.8 |      | 40.2       | 27.1            | 59.1       | 263.2  | 107.2      | 156.0           |
| 1984   | 3.3%       |         | 158.8 |      | 37.1       | 29.0            | 72.6       | 297.5  | 114.8      | 182.7           |
| 1985   |            | 1,204.0 | 196.2 |      | 38.6       | 30.1            | 76.0       | 340.9  | 126.5      | 214.4           |
| 1986   |            | 1,620.1 | 234.2 |      | 38.7       | 30.5            | 98.5       | 401.9  | 140.1      | 261.8           |
| 1987   |            | 2,007.5 | 275.8 |      | 43.0       | 27.8            | 95.7       | 442.3  | 154.7      | 287.6           |
| 1988   | 3.2%       | 2,243.0 | 272.2 |      | 49.3       | 28.0            | 116.0      | 465.5  | 171.9      | 293.6           |
| 1989   | 15.0%      | 2,815.7 | 294.3 | 30.0 | 50.0       | 28.7            | 148.5      | 551.5  | 192.8      | 358.7           |
| 1990   | 10.3%      | 3,233.7 | 262.0 | 26.4 | 53.0       | 29.2            | 146.7      | 517.3  | 248.7      | 268.6           |
| 1991   | 3.2%       | 3,346.1 | 192.2 | 16.6 | 55.0       | 33.8            | 159.0      | 456.6  | 270.8      | 185.8           |
| 1992   | 8.0%       | 3,553.1 | 162.1 | 33.2 | 55.0       | 33.2            | 133.5      | 417.0  | 305.1      | 111.9           |
| 1993   | 12.0%      | 3,998.5 | 223.9 | 26.8 | 40.1       | 32.9            | 158.4      | 482.1  | 351.8      | 130.3           |
| 1994   | 10.7%      | 4,180.0 | 227.6 | 20.9 | 61.8       | 35.8            | 158.2      | 504.3  | 367.4      | 136.9           |
| 1995   | 13.5%      | 4,624.7 | 180.5 | 26.1 | 84.1       | 35.5            | 187.7      | 513.9  | 387.7      | 126.2           |
| 1996   | 14.1%      | 5,235.6 | 223.1 | 31.3 | 80.6       | 35.9            | 208.6      | 579.5  | 420.0      | 159.5           |
| 1997   | 19.4%      | 6,161.9 | 228.0 | 33.5 | 104.2      | 37.8            | 205.7      | 609.2  | 445.5      | 163.7           |
| 1998   | 17.2%      | 7,022.8 | 227.6 | 25.7 | 98.9       | 35.4            | 242.3      | 629.9  | 546.4      | 83.5            |
| 1999   | 10.5%      | 7,524.3 | 199.3 | 28.4 | 124.1      | 38.9            | 222.9      | 613.6  | 567.9      | 45.7            |
| 2000   | 13.1%      | 8,284.9 | 212.9 | 27.6 | 145.9      | 43.8            | 286.7      | 716.9  | 590.9      | 126.0           |
| 2001   | -3.7%      | 7,785.1 | 257.8 | 31.3 | 128.1      | 46.1            | 276.1      | 739.4  | 614.1      | 125.3           |

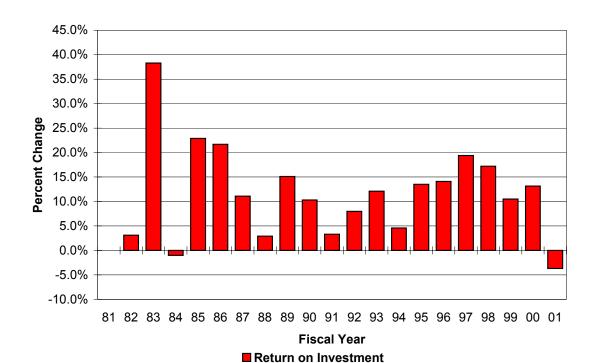
- (1) Other Reimbursement Any Reimbursement from funds other than General Fund or Special Transportation Fund which pay for Personal Services. Below is a list of some of the Funds:
  - Higher Education Operation Fund
  - Unemployment Compensation
  - Consumer Counsel and Public Utility Control Fund
  - Banking Fund
  - Insurance Fund

Source: State Treasurer & Comptroller

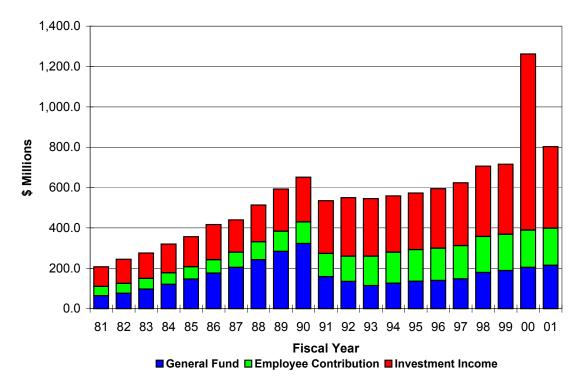
The State Employees' Retirement Fund (SERF) is administered by the State Employees' Retirement Commission. Payments into the SERF are made through General and Transportation Fund Appropriations, Federal contributions or by contributions by individual employees. Income is also generated as a result of activity in the Fund's assets. The table above shows these amounts as well as the payments made to the beneficiaries of the fund. The data also indicate the return on investment as calculated by the State's Treasurer.

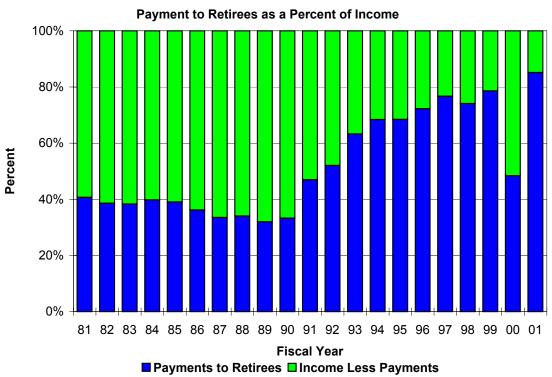
# Teachers' Retirement Fund Assets FY 81 - FY 02





# Teachers' Retirement Fund Income FY 81 - FY 02





# TEACHERS' RETIREMENT FUND (\$ Millions)

| Fiscal | Return on  | Market   |        | rces of Inc |                   |         | •        | Income Less |
|--------|------------|----------|--------|-------------|-------------------|---------|----------|-------------|
| rear   | Investment | Value    | Fund   | Contrib.    | Investment Income | Income  | Retirees | Payments    |
|        |            |          | i uliu | Contrib.    | IIICOIIIe         |         |          |             |
| 1981   |            | 1,110.1  | 64.2   | 46.0        | 97.6              | 207.8   | 84.6     | 123.2       |
| 1982   | 3.1%       | 1,155.9  | 75.9   | 49.1        | 119.6             | 244.6   | 94.3     | 150.3       |
| 1983   | 38.3%      | 1,634.4  | 96.8   | 53.1        | 126.1             | 276.0   | 105.7    | 170.3       |
| 1984   | -1.0%      | 1,660.1  | 120.5  | 56.7        | 143.3             | 320.5   | 127.4    | 193.1       |
| 1985   | 22.9%      | 2,168.6  | 146.4  | 61.1        | 149.3             | 356.8   | 139.3    | 217.5       |
| 1986   | 21.7%      | 2,740.8  | 175.8  | 67.1        | 174.2             | 417.1   | 151.0    | 266.1       |
| 1987   | 11.1%      | 3,157.9  | 204.6  | 75.5        | 159.8             | 439.9   | 147.5    | 292.4       |
| 1988   | 2.9%       | 3,419.9  | 242.6  | 88.7        | 182.1             | 513.4   | 174.5    | 338.9       |
| 1989   | 15.1%      | 4,138.9  | 284.2  | 99.1        | 210.0             | 593.3   | 189.6    | 403.7       |
| 1990   | 10.3%      | 4,790.9  | 323.0  | 106.9       | 222.0             | 651.9   | 217.0    | 434.9       |
| 1991   | 3.3%       | 4,949.5  | 158.4  | 115.0       | 261.5             | 534.9   | 251.1    | 283.8       |
| 1992   | 8.0%       | 5,305.9  | 134.9  | 124.9       | 290.6             | 550.4   | 286.4    | 264.0       |
| 1993   | 12.1%      | 5,832.2  | 114.3  | 145.8       | 285.5             | 545.6   | 345.0    | 200.6       |
| 1994   | 4.6%       | 5,985.1  | 126.4  | 153.4       | 278.9             | 558.7   | 382.1    | 176.6       |
| 1995   | 13.5%      | 6,646.8  | 135.2  | 157.2       | 281.1             | 573.5   | 392.6    | 180.9       |
| 1996   | 14.1%      | 7,419.5  | 139.9  | 159.7       | 295.2             | 594.8   | 429.9    | 164.9       |
| 1997   | 19.4%      | 8,661.3  | 147.8  | 164.5       | 311.3             | 623.6   | 478.3    | 145.3       |
| 1998   | 17.2%      | 9,971.0  | 179.4  | 178.1       | 348.8             | 706.3   | 523.0    | 183.3       |
| 1999   | 10.5%      | 10,792.9 | 188.3  | 180.7       | 347.2             | 716.2   | 562.9    | 153.3       |
| 2000   | 13.1%      | 11,940.2 | 204.4  | 184.9       | 872.8             | 1,262.1 | 610.5    | 651.6       |
| 2001   | -3.7%      | 11,204.0 | 214.7  | 184.1       | 403.9             | 802.7   | 683.1    | 119.6       |

Source: State Treasurer & Teacher's Retirement Board

The Teachers' Retirement Fund (TERF) is administered by the Teachers' Retirement Board. The Fund pays benefits to teachers and administrators of Connecticut's public school system. Although municipalities set salary levels for teachers and administrators, they are not required to make contributions to the fund on behalf of their employees. Payments into TERF are made through General Fund appropriations and as a result of employee contributions. Income is also generated as a result of activity in the Fund's assets. The table above shows these amounts as well as the payments made to the beneficiaries of the fund. The data also indicate the return on investment as calculated by the State's Treasurer.

## STATE PENSION SYSTEMS RATE OF RETURN ON INVESTMENTS ASSUMPTIONS

In determining the actuarial accrued liability for the State Employees Retirement System (SERS) and the Teacher's Retirement System (TERS), the actuaries determine the excess of pension fund liabilities over assets. This value is calculated using various assumptions, including an annual assumption for the rate of return on pension fund investments. The annual pension fund contribution the State is required to make is inversely related to the rate of return assumption.

#### STATE EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS)

The SERS rates of return assumptions are as follows:

| Figural Voor | Rate of           | Determined Dy              |
|--------------|-------------------|----------------------------|
| Fiscal Year  | Return Assumption | <u>Determined By</u>       |
| 1980         | 6.5%              | Actuary                    |
| 1981         | 6.5%              | Actuary                    |
| 1982         | 6.5%              | Actuary                    |
| 1983         | 6.5%              | Actuary                    |
| 1984         | 6.5%              | Actuary                    |
| 1985         | 7.5%              | Actuary                    |
| 1986         | 7.5%              | Actuary                    |
| 1987         | 8.5%              | Actuary                    |
| 1988         | 8.5%              | Actuary                    |
| 1989         | 8.5%/9.5%         | Collectively Bargained (1) |
| 1990         | 9.5%              | Collectively Bargained     |
| 1991         | 8.5%              | Collectively Bargained     |
| 1992         | 8.5%              | Collectively Bargained     |
| 1993         | 8.5%              | Collectively Bargained     |
| 1994         | 8.5%              | Collectively Bargained     |
| 1995         | 8.5%              | Actuary                    |
| 1996         | 8.5%              | Actuary                    |
| 1997         | 8.5%              | Actuary                    |
| 1998         | 8.5%              | Actuary                    |
| 1999         | 8.5%              | Actuary                    |
| 2000         | 8.5%              | Actuary                    |
| 2001         | 8.5%              | Actuary                    |

<sup>(1)</sup> During the 1990 Legislative Session, the rate of return assumption was increased from 8.5% to 9.5%, effective January 1, 1990. This change was implemented by a Memorandum of Understanding amending the 1989 Pension Arbitration Award between the State of Connecticut and the State Employees Bargaining Agent Coalition (SEBAC). This agreement also provided a formula for calculating the rate of return assumption from FY 1990-91 through FY 1993-94.

#### **TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (TERS)**

The TERS rates of return assumptions are as follows:

| Fiscal Year | Rate of<br>Return Assumption | Determined By   |
|-------------|------------------------------|-----------------|
| 1980        | 8.0%                         | Actuary         |
| 1981        | 8.0%                         | Actuary         |
| 1982        | 8.0%                         | Actuary         |
| 1983        | 8.0%                         | Actuary         |
| 1984        | 8.0%                         | Actuary         |
| 1985        | 8.0%                         | Actuary         |
| 1986        | 8.0%                         | Actuary         |
| 1987        | 8.0%                         | Actuary         |
| 1988        | 8.0%                         | Actuary         |
| 1989        | 8.5%                         | Actuary         |
| 1990        | 8.5%                         | Actuary         |
| 1991        | 9.5%                         | Legislature (1) |
| 1992        | 9.5%                         | Legislature     |
| 1993        | 8.5%                         | Actuary         |
| 1994        | 8.5%                         | Actuary         |
| 1995        | 8.5%                         | Actuary         |
| 1996        | 8.5%                         | Actuary         |
| 1997        | 8.5%                         | Actuary         |
| 1998        | 8.5%                         | Actuary         |
| 1999        | 8.5%                         | Actuary         |
| 2000        | 8.5%                         | Actuary         |
| 2001        | 8.5%                         | Actuary         |

<sup>(1)</sup> In the absence of legislative action, the actuary for the Teachers' Retirement Board sets the assumptions for the rate of return on pension fund investments. During the 1990 Session, the Legislature increased the rate of return from 8.5% to 9.5% for FY 1990-91 and during the 1991 Session, the rate of return was increased from 8.5% to 9.5% for FY 1991-92. In both cases the change was accomplished through the Appropriation Act.

#### UNFUNDED ACCRUED LIABILITY 1992-2000 (Millions)

| Valuation<br>Date   | State Employees'<br>Retirement Fund           |
|---|---|
| June 30, 1992   | 3,242.8                                       |
| June 30, 1993   | 3,493.5                                       |
| June 30, 1994   | 3,384.7                                       |
| June 30, 1995   | 3,629.0                                       |
| June 30, 1996   | 3,730.9                                       |
| June 30, 1997   | 3,702.2                                       |
| June 30, 1998   | 3,922.5                                       |
| June 30, 1999*  | -   |
| June 30, 2000   | 4,316.1                                       |
|   |   |
|   | Teachers'                                     |
|   | Teachers'<br>Retirement Fund                  |
| June 30, 1992   |   |
| June 30, 1993*  | Retirement Fund<br>2,430.2                    |
| June 30, 1993*<br>June 30, 1994   | Retirement Fund                               |
| June 30, 1993*<br>June 30, 1994<br>June 30, 1995*   | Retirement Fund<br>2,430.2<br>-<br>2,620.5    |
| June 30, 1993*<br>June 30, 1994<br>June 30, 1995*<br>June 30, 1996                                    | Retirement Fund<br>2,430.2                    |
| June 30, 1993*<br>June 30, 1994<br>June 30, 1995*<br>June 30, 1996<br>June 30, 1997*                  | Retirement Fund 2,430.2 - 2,620.5 - 2,978.6 - |
| June 30, 1993*<br>June 30, 1994<br>June 30, 1995*<br>June 30, 1996<br>June 30, 1997*<br>June 30, 1998 | Retirement Fund<br>2,430.2<br>-<br>2,620.5    |
| June 30, 1993*<br>June 30, 1994<br>June 30, 1995*<br>June 30, 1996<br>June 30, 1997*                  | Retirement Fund 2,430.2 - 2,620.5 - 2,978.6 - |

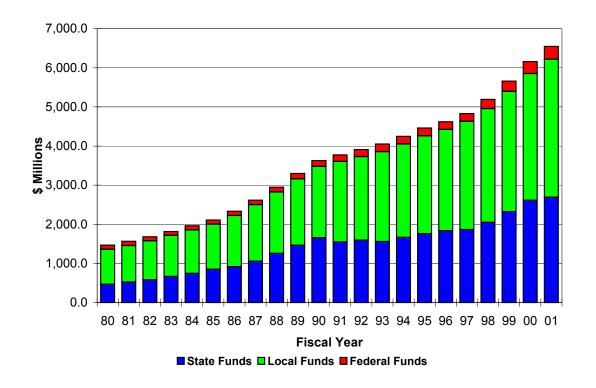
## State Judges and Workers' Compensation Commissioners

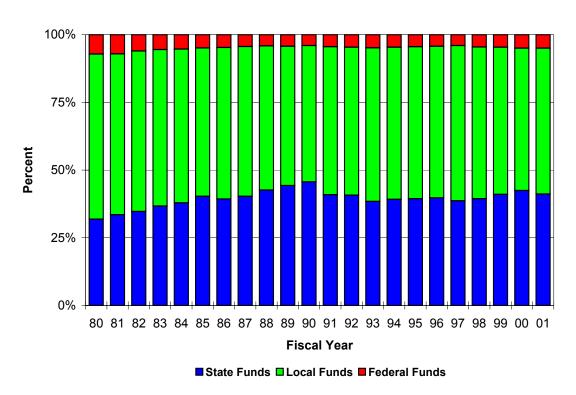
### Retirement Fund

| September 30, 1992 | 78.6 |
|--------------------|------|
| September 30, 1993 | 84.1 |
| September 30, 1994 | 84.8 |
| September 30, 1995 | 84.2 |
| September 30, 1996 | 83.7 |
| September 30, 1997 | 79.7 |
| June 30, 1998      | 69.9 |
| June 30, 1999      | -    |
| June 30, 2000      | 58.3 |

<sup>\*</sup> No valuations were performed as of June 30, 1993, 1995, 1997, 1999 and 2001. The next valuation will be available June 30, 2002.

### Sources of Funds for Primary and Secondary Education Expenditures FY 1980 - FY 2001\*





\*FY 2001 based on unaudited data.

# SOURCES OF FUNDS FOR PUBLIC ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION EXPENDITURES (\$ Millions)

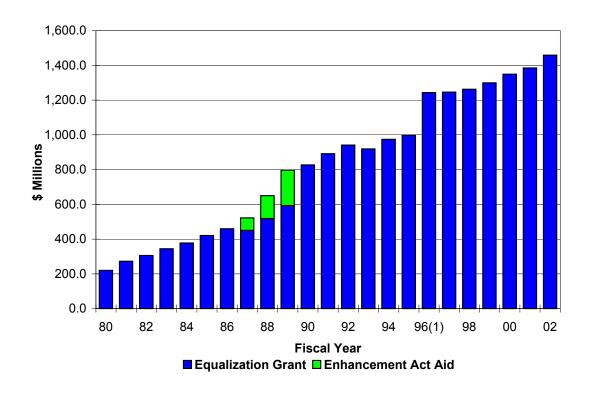
| Fiscal Year  | State<br>Funds | Local<br>Funds | Federal<br>Funds | Other<br>Funds | Total<br>Funds |
|--------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|
| 1979 - 1980  | 466.9          | 894.4          | 104.8            | 7.5            | 1,473.6        |
| 1980 - 1981  | 525.1          | 930.9          | 110.7            | 9.4            | 1,576.1        |
| 1981 - 1982  | 582.1          | 995.7          | 101.1            | 8.3            | 1,687.2        |
| 1982 - 1983  | 666.1          | 1,049.7        | 99.4             | 7.8            | 1,823.0        |
| 1983 - 1984  | 743.1          | 1,114.5        | 104.3            | 7.4            | 1,969.3        |
| 1984 - 1985  | 850.2          | 1,154.5        | 103.9            | 7.6            | 2,116.2        |
| 1985 - 1986  | 917.5          | 1,305.4        | 110.6            | 6.1            | 2,339.6        |
| 1986 - 1987  | 1,055.2        | 1,447.1        | 114.9            | 5.8            | 2,623.0        |
| 1987 - 1988  | 1,255.2        | 1,569.0        | 122.6            | 6.5            | 2,953.3        |
| 1988 - 1989  | 1,462.3        | 1,698.7        | 140.6            | 7.8            | 3,309.4        |
| 1989 - 1990  | 1,654.0        | 1,825.5        | 145.8            | 8.3            | 3,633.6        |
| 1990 - 1991  | 1,544.4        | 2,062.0        | 167.2            | 9.6            | 3,783.2        |
| 1991 - 1992  | 1,593.3        | 2,136.8        | 180.6            | 9.0            | 3,919.7        |
| 1992 - 1993  | 1,557.1        | 2,298.2        | 197.4            | 9.8            | 4,062.5        |
| 1993 - 1994  | 1,664.9        | 2,386.9        | 195.6            | 11.1           | 4,258.5        |
| 1994 - 1995  | 1,756.8        | 2,505.6        | 196.5            | 11.6           | 4,470.5        |
| 1995 - 1996  | 1,834.1        | 2,590.9        | 196.3            | 11.7           | 4,633.0        |
| 1996 - 1997  | 1,865.9        | 2,767.2        | 195.0            | 11.8           | 4,839.9        |
| 1997 - 1998  | 2,047.7        | 2,909.6        | 236.5            | 16.3           | 5,210.1        |
| 1998 - 1999  | 2,321.8        | 3,076.8        | 262.2            | 19.4           | 5,680.2        |
| 1999 - 2000* | 2,611.2        | 3,241.6        | 304.5            | 19.4           | 6,176.7        |

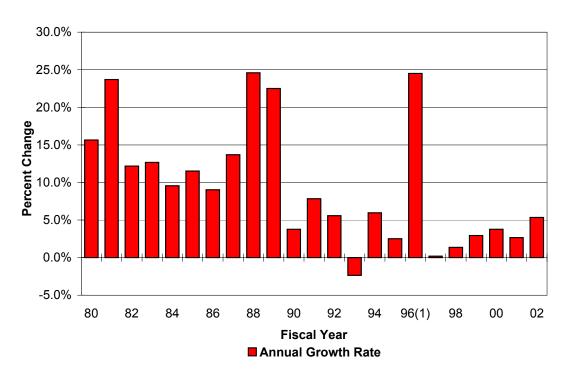
**Source: Connecticut State Department of Education** 

<sup>\*</sup>These figures reflect all state expenditures on behalf of public elementary and secondary education, including state grants and bond funds, and Department expenditures. The latter include the Vocational-Technical Schools, teachers' retirement costs and unified (state) school district expenditures.

<sup>\*</sup>FY01 based on unaudited data.

### Education Equalization Grants to Towns FY 1980 - FY 2002\*





(1) PA 95-226 combines ECS aid with regular special education aid. \*Budget Act FY 2002

| Fiscal<br>Year | Total<br>(Millions \$) | Equalization<br>Expenditure<br>(Millions \$) | ADM<br>Grant<br>(Millions \$) | Actual/Percent<br>Phase-In of Full<br>Entitlement [1] | Equalization<br>Fully Funded<br>Level<br>(Millions \$) | Legislative Changes to Education<br>Equalization Grant Program  |
|----------------|------------------------|--|-------------------------------|---|--|---|
| 1976[2]        | \$169.8                | \$6.9  | \$162.9                       | NA  | \$7.1  | PA 75-341:  1) Established new procedures and formulas for determining additional school aid for towns that had above average tax rates and relatively low levels of tax capacity.  2) Limited amount of increased aid to a town under GTB to 5% of state ADM grant.  3) All equalization grants were initially paid from funds acquired through the state's Instant Instant Lottery (see PA 77-540) below. |
| 1977           | 170.4                  | 10.1   | 160.4                         | NA  | 10.0   | PA 76-387:  1) Raised the limit on the amount of increased aid a town received under GTB to 7.3% from 5% of the ADM grant received by town (see "a" of PA 77-579 below).  |
| 1978           | 176.1                  | 19.9   | 156.2                         | NA  | 9.9  | PA 77-540:  1) The \$19.939 million was comprised of \$9.939 million appropriated from the General Fund and \$10.0 million earmarked from proceeds of the Instant Lottery. The Educational Equalization program in subsequent years was funded only by General Fund appropriations, not Lottery proceeds.  PA 77-579:  1) Eliminated the 7.3% cap on the amount of  |
| 1070           | 100.7                  | 40.0   | 150.7                         | NA  | 40.0   | GTB funds a town may receive.  2) Altered the method of computing a town's total population for calculating its wealth for GTB ranking.  3) Changed GTB distribution formula.   |
| 1979           | 190.7                  | 40.0   | 150.7                         | NA  | 40.0   |   |

| Fiscal<br>Year | Total<br>(Millions \$) | Equalization<br>Expenditure<br>(Millions \$) | ADM<br>Grant<br>(Millions \$) | Actual/Percent<br>Phase-In of Full<br>Entitlement [1] | Equalization<br>Fully Funded<br>Level<br>(Millions \$) | Legislative Changes to Education<br>Equalization Grant Program  |
|----------------|------------------------|--|-------------------------------|---|--|---|
| 1980[3]        | 220.5                  | 75.9   | 144.6                         | 56.00%  | 393.8  | PA 79-128:  1) Required the state to appropriate 100% of the amount needed to provide for full entitlement to each town in FY 1984 beginning with a phase in as follows:  |
|                |                        |  |                               |   |  | 56% of full funding 1980  |
|                |                        |  |                               |   |  | 67% 1981  |
|                |                        |  |                               |   |  | 78% 1982  |
|                |                        |  |                               |   |  | 89% 1983  |
|                |                        |  |                               |   |  | These promised phase-in percents were amended each year by bills to implement the budget. For the actual percents phased-in, see the chart - Footnote 1.  2) Repealed the average daily membership grant which provided a flat \$250 per pupil although town's ineligible for equalization still received a minimum, "hold-harmless" grant of \$250 per pupil in ADM the preceding year.  |
| 1981           | 272.8                  | 146.0  | 126.8                         | 66.53%  | 410.0  | PA 80-6: 1) Clarified the mathematical formula originally drafted in PA 79-553 by specifying that the formula's first factor, the population of the last decennial census, be added to the product of the remaining factors.  |
| 1982           | 306.0                  | 167.4  | 138.6                         | 72.86%  | 420.0  | PA 81-31: [4]  1) Made adjustments in the distribution of GTB aid for FY 1981 only by requiring that one-half of the "hold-harmless" aid to eligible towns be withheld from the April, 1981 payment.  2) Validated the mistake made by the State Department of Education in calculating the FY 1981 grants. \$10.7 million was over paid in FY 1981 because the Department had mistakenly counted school nutrition programs as part of local education expenses when they should have been considered a state or federal expenditure. |

| Fiscal<br>Year | Total<br>(Millions \$) | Equalization<br>Expenditure<br>(Millions \$) | ADM<br>Grant<br>(Millions \$) | Actual/Percent<br>Phase-In of Full<br>Entitlement [1] | Equalization<br>Fully Funded<br>Level<br>(Millions \$) | Legislative Changes to Education<br>Equalization Grant Program  |
|----------------|------------------------|--|-------------------------------|---|--|---|
|                |                        |  |                               |   |  | PA 81-413:  1) Substituted an appropriation of a flat \$306 million for the 78% of full funding required by statute. This in effect represents a reduction in the percentage to approximate 72% of full funding.  2) The minimum grants which "wealthy" towns receive was reduced (see Footnote [4]).   |
| 1983           | 344.8                  | 0  | 0                             | 82.00%  | 419.7  | PA 82-91:  1) Decreased the percentage of full funding to be appropriated to 81% from 89% for FY 1983.  Towns paid a "hold-harmless" grant also receive a lower per student grant: \$203 from \$223 (or \$233 from \$245 in Regional Districts.)  |
|                |                        |  |                               |   |  | PA 82-275:  1) Required the Department of Education to submit to the Auditors of Public Accounts for review proposed changes in the method of calculating GTB grants.   |
| 1984           | 377.8                  | 0  | 0                             | 90%   | 419.7  | PA 83-4: 1) Reduced the GTB grant to 90% of full-funding instead of 100% and delayed full funding until FY 1985 ("hold-harmless" grants are therefore lowered from \$250 to \$225 (or \$275 to \$248 for regional districts).   |
| 1985           | 421.3                  | 0  | 0                             | 95%   |  | PA 84-490:  1) Reduces the GTB grant to 95% of full-funding from 100% and delays full-funding until FY 1986.  2) Alters the timing of grant payments so that 25% of grant is paid in October, 25% in January, and the final 50% in April. (Under prior law two installments of 50% each in October and April were made). This change was made to improve the match of state payments to state revenue, reducing the state's use (and interest cost) of short-term debt. |

| Fiscal<br>Year | Total<br>(Millions \$) | Equalization<br>Expenditure<br>(Millions \$) | ADM<br>Grant<br>(Millions \$) | Actual/Percent<br>Phase-In of Full<br>Entitlement [1] | Equalization<br>Fully Funded<br>Level<br>(Millions \$) | Legislative Changes to Education<br>Equalization Grant Program   |
|----------------|------------------------|--|-------------------------------|---|--|--|
| 1986           | 459.3                  | 0  | 0                             | 100%  | 459.3  | PA 85-180:  1) Changed the way towns' net current local expenditures (NCLE) are calculated for purposes of the "effort" portion of the GTB grant. The change will be used to calculate grants for FY 88.  2) Allowed towns to be eligible for an alternate minimum expenditure requirement (MER) instead of a full MER. The alternate MER allows towns below the state median in wealth and above the state median in school tax rate to match the previous year's expenditures in education and devote all GTB aid to education.  PA 85-550:  1) Allowed any town which would not be spending a minimum amount per pupil (as required by law under the GTB formula) to increase their net current expenditures by at least 12% and still be eligible for GTB aid. |
|                |                        |  |                               |   |  | 2) Allowed the city of Waterbury to make corrections in its 1982-83 data and receive a corrected GTB grant for FY 1986.  |
| 1987           | 449.7                  | 0  | 0                             | 100%  | 449.7  |  |
| 1988           | 518.1                  | 0  | 0                             | 100%  | 518.1  |  |
| 1989           | 592.2                  | 0  | 0                             | 100%  | 592.2  | PA 88-358:  1) Replaced the GTB grant program and the grants established under the Education Enhancement Act (EEA) with a new program, the Education Cost Sharing (ECS) grant beginning in FY 1989-90. [6]   |
| 1990           | 827.0                  | 0  | 0                             | 21.50%  | 1,074.3  | PA 89-355:  1) Decreased both the guaranteed wealth level and hold harmless provisions provided in PA 88-358. The original guaranteed wealth level was defined as twice the median town's wealth. The new level is defined as 1.833 times the median. The original hold harmless levels were 1% and 5%. The new levels are 1/2% and 4 1/2%. [6]  |

| Fiscal<br>Year | Total<br>(Millions \$) | Equalization<br>Expenditure<br>(Millions \$) | ADM<br>Grant<br>(Millions \$) | Actual/Percent<br>Phase-In of Full<br>Entitlement [1] | Equalization<br>Fully Funded<br>Level<br>(Millions \$) |   |
|----------------|------------------------|--|-------------------------------|---|--|---|
| 1991           | 891.9                  | 0  | 0                             | 45%   | 1,053.2  | PA 90-225  1) Decreases both the guaranteed wealth level and hold harmless provisions. The new guaranteed wealth level is defined as 1.6651 times the median town's wealth, while the new hold harmless levels are 4% and 0% (level funding).   |
|                |                        |  |                               |   |  | 2) Redefines eligibility for each hold harmless level. Previous law had set eligibility based on old GTB data. This act set eligibility by current wealth rank. The sixteen wealthiest towns (except Stamford) are now level funded, while all others receive 4% increases.                                 |
| 1992           | 941.6                  | 0  | 0                             | 71%   | 1,050.0  | PA 91-7 JSS  1) Decreased hold harmless funding levels by providing that hold harmless towns receive only a sliding scale portion of their hold harmless aid based on AFDC levels and mastery performance rather than guaranteed increases or flat funding.   |
| 1993           | 919.5                  | 0  | 0                             | 100%  | 919.5  | PA 92-262  1) Decreases both the guaranteed wealth level and hold harmless provisions. The new guaranteed wealth level is defined as 1.5361 times the median town's wealth. Hold harmless funding is reduced from a sliding scale portion to decreased levels based on actual AFDC and mastery percentages. |
| 1994           | 974.3                  | 0  | 0                             | 100%  | 974.3  | PA 93-145 1) Maintained the foundation level of spending at \$4,800 and continued to hold towns harmless to their previous years grants.  |
| 1995           | 998.8                  | 0  | 0                             | 100%  | 998.8  | PA 94-6 MSS 1) Provided that Hartford, New Haven and Bridgeport receive at least a \$1.0 million increase in ECS aid.   |

| Fiscal<br>Year | Total<br>(Millions \$) | Equalization<br>Expenditure<br>(Millions \$) | ADM<br>Grant<br>(Millions \$) | Actual/Percent<br>Phase-In of Full<br>Entitlement [1] | Equalization<br>Fully Funded<br>Level<br>(Millions \$) | Legislative Changes to Education<br>Equalization Grant Program   |
|----------------|------------------------|--|-------------------------------|---|--|--|
| 1996           | 1,243.5                | 0  | 0                             | 100%  | 1,243.5  | PA 95-226  1) Combined ECS aid with regular special education aid and redefined definition of town wealth to include income. Began a phase-out of hold harmless aid.   |
| 1997           | 1,245.8                | 0  | 0                             | 100%  | 1,245.8  | PA 96-178 1) Reduced grants to the 42 wealthiest towns by 1.02% and reduced all other towns by 0.56%.  |
| 1998           | 1,262.9                | 0  | 0                             | 100%  | 1,262.9  | PA 97-318  1) provided that no priority school district town receives less than it receives in the previous year or 70% of its formula aid whichever was greater.  |
| 1999           | 1,300.0                | 0  | 0                             | 100%  | 1,300.0  | PA 98-168 1) increased the foundation from \$5,711 to \$5,775 2) increased the cap on increases from 2% to 5% 3) decreased the cap on decreases from 9% to 5%  |
| 2000           | 1,349.1                | 0  | 0                             | 100%  | 1,349.1  | PA 99-217 1) increased the foundation from \$5,775 to \$5,891 2) increased the cap on increases from 5% to 6% 3) decreased the cap on decreases from 5% to 0% 4) increased the minimum base aid ratio from 0% to 6% 5) set a minimum aid percentage for transitional school districts at 40% 6) provided that no priority school district could receive less per pupil than the previous year 7) froze the poverty measure (AFDC) at the previous year's level 8) provided that density aid would be at least equal to the previous year's aid |
| 2001           | 1,385.0                | 0  | 0                             | 100%  | 1,385.0  | PA 00-187  1) ElimInated a \$6.0 million addition to Hartford's calculated grant  2) Increased the regional bonus from \$25 to \$100 per student   |

| Fiscal<br>Year | Total<br>(Millions \$) | Equalization<br>Expenditure<br>(Millions \$) | ADM<br>Grant<br>(Millions \$) | Actual/Percent<br>Phase-In of Full<br>Entitlement [1] | Equalization Fully Funded Level (Millions \$) | Legislative Changes to Education<br>Equalization Grant Program   |
|----------------|------------------------|--|-------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 2002           | 1,459.0                | 0  | 0                             | 100%  | 1,459.0                                       | PA 01- 01, JSS  1) Provided a pro rated share of \$25 million to each capped town in FY 02 and \$50 million in FY 03.  2) Provided a cost-of-living minimum requirement in both FY 20 and FY 03. |

#### **Endnotes:**

[1] Because of budgetary constraints, the GTB formula was not fully funded until 1986.

| Fiscal      | Legislated | Actual   |
|-------------|------------|----------|
| <u>Year</u> | Phase-In   | Phase-In |
| 1980        | 56%        | 56%      |
| 1981        | 67%        | 67%      |
| 1982        | 78%        | 72%      |
| 1983        | 89%        | 81%      |
| 1984        | 100%       | 90%      |
| 1985        | 100%       | 95%      |
| 1986        | 100%       | 100%     |

[2] The state Superior Court found the method of school financing unconstitutional in 1974 (Horton vs. Meskill) because the state had delegated responsibility for financing public schools to individual towns creating disparities among towns in terms of revenues raised to support education. The ruling was upheld by the state Supreme Court in 1977.
[3] PA 79-128 was passed in response to the 1977 Supreme Court ruling in the Horton vs. Meskill suit. The court established that there was a relationship between funding and equity for purposes of the state's school finance system and that the state was in violation of the equal protection and free public education provisions of the State Constitution.
[4] Under prior law the difference between the minimum grant, \$250 per pupil for towns or \$275 per pupil for regional districts and what a town received under the GTB formula (if less than the minimum) was known as "hold-harmless" aid. Towns that receive less than the minimum grant under GTB were entitled to the entire minimum grant amount.

PA 81-413, in effect created two minimum grants: one for calculating full funding (\$250 or \$275) and one for purposes of determining the actual appropriation. This latter minimum is based upon a percentage equal to the ratio of:

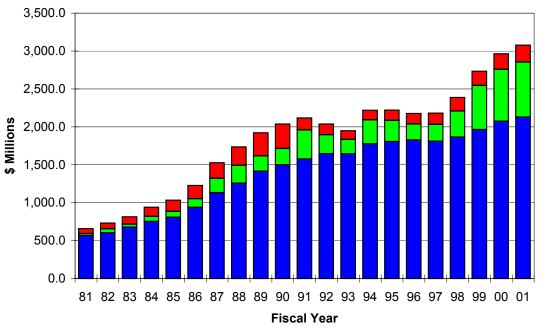
Formula: Total GTB Appropriation X \$250 or \$275

Total GTB Full Funding

Example: Minimum Grant = \$360 million X \$250 or \$275 = .7286 X \$ \$420 million

Formerly, towns which received less than the \$250 per pupil (or \$275 for regional school districts) under the GTB formula were granted the full \$250/\$275. Under PA 81-413 all towns receive at least the appropriated minimum and for towns whose grants fall between the appropriated minimum and \$250/\$275, receive the appropriated minimum.

# State Aid to Local Governments FY 81 - FY 01\*



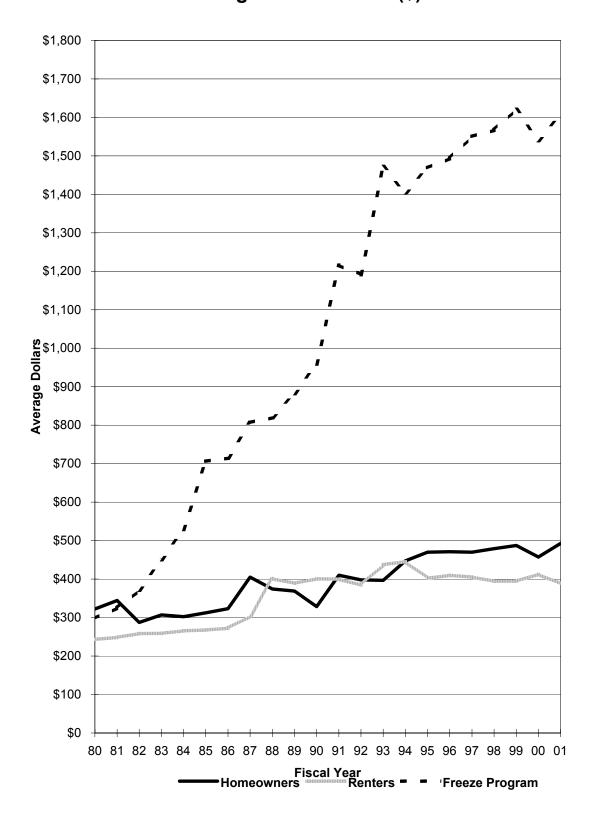
■ Operating Funds ■ State Bond Authorizations ■ Teachers' Retirement

|        | Teachers' |                |               |
|--------|-----------|----------------|---------------|
| Fiscal | Operating | State Bond     | Retirement    |
| Year   | Funds     | Authorizations | Appropriation |
| 1981   | 567.0     | 26.3           | 64.2          |
| 1982   | 603.8     | 52.8           | 75.9          |
| 1983   | 677.0     | 40.3           | 97.1          |
| 1984   | 753.5     | 67.6           | 120.5         |
| 1985   | 808.6     | 77.9           | 146.4         |
| 1986   | 939.6     | 112.7          | 175.8         |
| 1987   | 1,133.1   | 188.8          | 204.6         |
| 1988   | 1,258.3   | 235.1          | 242.6         |
| 1989   | 1,416.1   | 202.1          | 304.1         |
| 1990   | 1,499.8   | 215.8          | 323.0         |
| 1991   | 1,575.6   | 384.8          | 158.1         |
| 1992   | 1,645.5   | 250.8          | 142.2         |
| 1993   | 1,644.0   | 191.2          | 114.1         |
| 1994   | 1,775.9   | 316.2          | 127.7         |
| 1995   | 1,805.9   | 279.9          | 136.4         |
| 1996   | 1,826.5   | 211.4          | 139.9         |
| 1997   | 1,809.9   | 224.1          | 147.8         |
| 1998   | 1,864.8   | 343.1          | 179.4         |
| 1999   | 1,965.0   | 581.7          | 188.3         |
| 2000   | 2,073.6   | 686.4          | 204.4         |
| 2001   | 2,128.3   | 725.5          | 224.9         |

Source: Office of Fiscal Analysis \*Budget Act FY2001

State Aid to Municipalities include direct aid to local governments, payments made on behalf of municipalities (i. e. the Teachers' Retirement Fund), committed or potential payments authorized by various Bond Acts and payments which reflect the sharing of state operating funds (i. e. Visitors and Convention Center or Hotel Room Occupancy).

### Property Tax Relief for the Elderly Circuit Breaker and Freeze Programs Average Benefit Level (\$)



#### LOCAL PROPERTY TAX RELIEF FOR THE ELDERLY **CIRCUIT BREAKER AND FREEZE PROGRAMS**

| Total | <b>Expenditures</b> | for Both | Programs |
|-------|---------------------|----------|----------|
|       |                     |          |          |

| Total Expenditures for Both Programs |              |                |            |            |  |  |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|----------------|------------|------------|--|--|
| Fiscal                               | Total        | Circuit Breake | er Program | Freeze     |  |  |
| Year                                 | Expenditures | Homeowners     | Renters    | Program    |  |  |
|                                      |              |                |            |            |  |  |
| 1980                                 | 30,178,439   | 9,155,902      | 7,194,893  | 13,827,644 |  |  |
| 1981                                 | 31,279,333   | 9,716,016      | 6,577,544  | 14,985,773 |  |  |
| 1982                                 | 31,371,940   | 7,638,313      | 6,292,412  | 17,441,215 |  |  |
| 1983                                 | 29,308,757   | 7,691,268      | 6,326,470  | 15,291,019 |  |  |
| 1984                                 | 30,202,308   | 7,371,316      | 5,889,840  | 16,941,152 |  |  |
| 1985                                 | 28,677,709   | 7,532,842      | 5,606,245  | 15,538,622 |  |  |
| 1986                                 | 29,120,985   | 7,738,987      | 5,302,681  | 16,079,317 |  |  |
| 1987                                 | 28,907,182   | 9,488,416      | 5,547,907  | 13,870,859 |  |  |
| 1988                                 | 31,859,684   | 9,271,236      | 8,287,119  | 14,301,329 |  |  |
| 1989                                 | 31,633,847   | 10,146,208     | 9,131,326  | 12,356,313 |  |  |
| 1990                                 | 33,300,000   | 10,707,000     | 10,050,000 | 12,543,000 |  |  |
| 1991                                 | 37,500,000   | 14,000,000     | 10,500,000 | 13,000,000 |  |  |
| 1992                                 | 36,595,565   | 14,419,938     | 10,294,205 | 11,881,422 |  |  |
| 1993                                 | 38,900,000   | 15,500,000     | 11,400,000 | 12,000,000 |  |  |
| 1994                                 | 41,270,894   | 18,812,030     | 11,947,908 | 10,510,956 |  |  |
| 1995                                 | 40,423,752   | 21,490,687     | 9,924,185  | 9,008,880  |  |  |
| 1996                                 | 41,173,926   | 22,666,312     | 10,017,947 | 8,489,667  |  |  |
| 1997                                 | 39,946,638   | 22,601,580     | 10,180,984 | 7,164,074  |  |  |
| 1998                                 | 39,657,056   | 22,493,973     | 10,666,391 | 6,496,692  |  |  |
| 1999                                 | 38,271,581   | 21,982,098     | 10,972,022 | 5,317,461  |  |  |
| 2000                                 | 36,971,996   | 21,142,855     | 11,270,202 | 4,558,939  |  |  |
| 2001                                 | 36,766,498   | 21,537,549     | 11,554,280 | 3,674,669  |  |  |
|                                      |              |                |            |            |  |  |
|                                      |              | Freeze Prograi | m          |            |  |  |
| Fiscal                               |              |                | Number of  | Average    |  |  |

|        |               |             | • • •        |         |
|--------|---------------|-------------|--------------|---------|
| Fiscal |               |             | Number of    | Average |
| Year   | Appropriation | Expenditure | Applications | Payment |
| 1980   | 13,911,000    | 13,827,644  | 46,392       | 298     |
| 1981   | 14,506,000    | 14,985,773  | 46,143       | 325     |
| 1982   | 17,309,576    | 17,441,215  | 47,008       | 371     |
| 1983   | 15,650,000    | 15,291,019  | 33,971       | 450     |
| 1984   | 14,500,000    | 16,941,152  | 32,039       | 529     |
| 1985   | 17,791,150    | 15,538,622  | 21,994       | 706     |
| 1986   | 16,900,000    | 16,079,317  | 22,515       | 714     |
| 1987   | 15,900,000    | 13,870,859  | 17,183       | 807     |
| 1988   | 15,800,000    | 14,301,329  | 17,448       | 820     |
| 1989   | 14,475,000    | 12,356,313  | 14,011       | 882     |
| 1990   | 12,543,000    | 12,543,000  | 13,079       | 959     |
| 1991   | 13,000,000    | 13,000,000  | 10,693       | 1,216   |
| 1992   | 11,875,000    | 11,881,422  | 9,973        | 1,191   |
| 1993   | 12,000,000    | 12,000,000  | 8,151        | 1,472   |
| 1994   | 10,511,000    | 10,510,956  | 7,491        | 1,403   |
| 1995   | 9,500,000     | 9,008,880   | 6,133        | 1,469   |
| 1996   | 8,500,000     | 8,489,667   | 5,685        | 1,493   |
| 1997   | 7,300,000     | 7,164,074   | 4,621        | 1,550   |
| 1998   | 7,200,000     | 6,496,692   | 4,147        | 1,567   |
| 1999   | 6,000,000     | 5,317,461   | 3,281        | 1,621   |
| 2000   | 5,000,000     | 4,558,939   | 2,961        | 1,540   |
| 2001   | 4,500,000     | 3,674,669   | 2,288        | 1,606   |
|        |               |             |              |         |

## LOCAL PROPERTY TAX RELIEF FOR THE ELDERLY Circuit Breaker Program

|  |  | Homeowners  |  |   |
|--|--|---|--|---|
| Fiscal<br>Year   | Appropriation  | Expenditure   | Number of<br>Applications  | Average<br>Payment  |
| 1980   | 11,839,000   | 9,155,902   | 28,416   | 322   |
| 1981   | 10,309,000   | 9,716,016   | 28,205   | 344   |
| 1982   | 11,415,000   | 7,638,313   | 26,599   | 287   |
| 1983   | 10,100,000   | 7,691,268   | 25,056   | 307   |
| 1984   | 8,700,000  | 7,371,316   | 24,386   | 302   |
| 1985   | 7,771,320  | 7,532,842   | 24,137   | 312   |
| 1986   | 8,600,000  | 7,738,987   | 23,967   | 323   |
| 1987   | 9,500,000  | 9,488,416   | 23,432   | 405   |
| 1988   | 9,630,000  | 9,271,236   | 24,780   | 374   |
| 1989   | 10,930,000   | 10,146,208  | 27,507   | 369   |
| 1990   | 10,707,000   | 10,707,000  | 32,605   | 328   |
| 1991   | 14,000,000   | 14,000,000  | 34,144   | 410   |
| 1992   | 14,000,000   | 14,419,938  | 36,236   | 398   |
| 1993   | 15,500,000   | 15,500,000  | 39,069   | 397   |
| 1994   | 18,812,030   | 18,812,030  | 42,049   | 447   |
| 1995   | 21,860,000   | 21,490,687  | 45,721   | 470   |
| 1996   | 24,500,000   | 22,666,312  | 48,100   | 471   |
| 1997   | 26,000,000   | 22,601,580  | 48,100   | 470   |
| 1998   | 25,250,000   | 22,493,973  | 46,954   | 479   |
| 1999   | 27,500,000   | 21,982,098  | 45,107   | 487   |
| 2000   | 26,500,000   | 21,142,855  | 46,219   | 457   |
| 2001   | 23,000,000   | 21,537,549  | 43,695   | 493   |
|  |  |   |  |   |
|  |  | Renters   |  |   |
| Fiscal   |  | Renters   | Number of  | Average   |
| Fiscal<br>Year   | Appropriation  | Renters  Expenditure  | Number of Applications   | Average<br>Payment  |
|  | 7,690,000  | Expenditure 7,194,893   |  | -   |
| Year<br>1980<br>1981   | 7,690,000<br>7,444,000   | 7,194,893<br>6,577,544  | Applications 29,601 26,467   | Payment   |
| Year<br>1980<br>1981<br>1982   | 7,690,000<br>7,444,000<br>9,133,676  | 7,194,893<br>6,577,544<br>6,292,412   | Applications 29,601 26,467 24,343  | Payment<br>243<br>249<br>258  |
| Year<br>1980<br>1981<br>1982<br>1983   | 7,690,000<br>7,444,000<br>9,133,676<br>7,500,000   | 7,194,893<br>6,577,544<br>6,292,412<br>6,326,470  | 29,601<br>26,467<br>24,343<br>24,408   | Payment<br>243<br>249<br>258<br>259   |
| Year 1980 1981 1982 1983 1984  | 7,690,000<br>7,444,000<br>9,133,676<br>7,500,000<br>6,900,000  | 7,194,893<br>6,577,544<br>6,292,412<br>6,326,470<br>5,889,840   | 29,601<br>26,467<br>24,343<br>24,408<br>22,171   | Payment<br>243<br>249<br>258<br>259<br>266  |
| Year 1980 1981 1982 1983 1984 1985   | 7,690,000<br>7,444,000<br>9,133,676<br>7,500,000<br>6,900,000<br>6,490,000   | 7,194,893<br>6,577,544<br>6,292,412<br>6,326,470<br>5,889,840<br>5,606,245  | 29,601<br>26,467<br>24,343<br>24,408<br>22,171<br>20,951   | Payment  243 249 258 259 266 268  |
| Year 1980 1981 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986  | 7,690,000<br>7,444,000<br>9,133,676<br>7,500,000<br>6,900,000<br>6,490,000<br>6,355,000  | 7,194,893<br>6,577,544<br>6,292,412<br>6,326,470<br>5,889,840<br>5,606,245<br>5,302,681   | Applications  29,601 26,467 24,343 24,408 22,171 20,951 19,456   | Payment  243 249 258 259 266 268 273  |
| Year  1980 1981 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987  | 7,690,000<br>7,444,000<br>9,133,676<br>7,500,000<br>6,900,000<br>6,490,000<br>6,355,000<br>7,000,000   | 7,194,893<br>6,577,544<br>6,292,412<br>6,326,470<br>5,889,840<br>5,606,245<br>5,302,681<br>5,547,907  | 29,601<br>26,467<br>24,343<br>24,408<br>22,171<br>20,951<br>19,456<br>18,278   | Payment  243 249 258 259 266 268 273 304  |
| Year  1980 1981 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988   | 7,690,000<br>7,444,000<br>9,133,676<br>7,500,000<br>6,900,000<br>6,490,000<br>6,355,000<br>7,000,000<br>8,500,000  | 7,194,893<br>6,577,544<br>6,292,412<br>6,326,470<br>5,889,840<br>5,606,245<br>5,302,681<br>5,547,907<br>8,287,119   | 29,601<br>26,467<br>24,343<br>24,408<br>22,171<br>20,951<br>19,456<br>18,278<br>20,651   | Payment  243 249 258 259 266 268 273 304 401  |
| Year 1980 1981 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989   | 7,690,000<br>7,444,000<br>9,133,676<br>7,500,000<br>6,900,000<br>6,490,000<br>6,355,000<br>7,000,000<br>8,500,000<br>8,900,000   | 7,194,893<br>6,577,544<br>6,292,412<br>6,326,470<br>5,889,840<br>5,606,245<br>5,302,681<br>5,547,907<br>8,287,119<br>9,131,326  | 29,601<br>26,467<br>24,343<br>24,408<br>22,171<br>20,951<br>19,456<br>18,278<br>20,651<br>23,464   | Payment  243 249 258 259 266 268 273 304 401 389  |
| Year  1980 1981 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989 1990   | 7,690,000<br>7,444,000<br>9,133,676<br>7,500,000<br>6,900,000<br>6,490,000<br>6,355,000<br>7,000,000<br>8,500,000<br>8,900,000   | 7,194,893<br>6,577,544<br>6,292,412<br>6,326,470<br>5,889,840<br>5,606,245<br>5,302,681<br>5,547,907<br>8,287,119<br>9,131,326<br>10,050,000  | 29,601<br>26,467<br>24,343<br>24,408<br>22,171<br>20,951<br>19,456<br>18,278<br>20,651<br>23,464<br>25,063   | 243<br>249<br>258<br>259<br>266<br>268<br>273<br>304<br>401<br>389<br>401                             |
| Year  1980 1981 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989 1990 1991                                    | 7,690,000<br>7,444,000<br>9,133,676<br>7,500,000<br>6,900,000<br>6,490,000<br>7,000,000<br>8,500,000<br>8,900,000<br>10,050,000  | 7,194,893<br>6,577,544<br>6,292,412<br>6,326,470<br>5,889,840<br>5,606,245<br>5,302,681<br>5,547,907<br>8,287,119<br>9,131,326<br>10,050,000<br>10,500,000  | 29,601<br>26,467<br>24,343<br>24,408<br>22,171<br>20,951<br>19,456<br>18,278<br>20,651<br>23,464<br>25,063<br>26,257   | 243<br>249<br>258<br>259<br>266<br>268<br>273<br>304<br>401<br>389<br>401<br>400                      |
| Year  1980 1981 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989 1990 1991 1992                               | 7,690,000 7,444,000 9,133,676 7,500,000 6,900,000 6,490,000 7,000,000 8,500,000 8,900,000 10,050,000 10,575,000  | 7,194,893<br>6,577,544<br>6,292,412<br>6,326,470<br>5,889,840<br>5,606,245<br>5,302,681<br>5,547,907<br>8,287,119<br>9,131,326<br>10,050,000<br>10,500,000<br>10,294,205  | Applications  29,601 26,467 24,343 24,408 22,171 20,951 19,456 18,278 20,651 23,464 25,063 26,257 26,800   | Payment  243 249 258 259 266 268 273 304 401 389 401 400 384  |
| Year  1980 1981 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989 1990 1991 1992 1993                          | 7,690,000 7,444,000 9,133,676 7,500,000 6,900,000 6,490,000 7,000,000 8,500,000 10,050,000 10,575,000 11,400,000   | 7,194,893<br>6,577,544<br>6,292,412<br>6,326,470<br>5,889,840<br>5,606,245<br>5,302,681<br>5,547,907<br>8,287,119<br>9,131,326<br>10,050,000<br>10,500,000<br>10,294,205<br>11,400,000  | Applications  29,601 26,467 24,343 24,408 22,171 20,951 19,456 18,278 20,651 23,464 25,063 26,257 26,800 26,054  | Payment  243 249 258 259 266 268 273 304 401 389 401 400 384 438                                      |
| Year  1980 1981 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994                     | 7,690,000 7,444,000 9,133,676 7,500,000 6,900,000 6,490,000 7,000,000 8,500,000 10,050,000 10,575,000 11,400,000 12,200,000  | 7,194,893<br>6,577,544<br>6,292,412<br>6,326,470<br>5,889,840<br>5,606,245<br>5,302,681<br>5,547,907<br>8,287,119<br>9,131,326<br>10,050,000<br>10,500,000<br>10,500,000<br>10,294,205<br>11,400,000<br>11,947,908  | 29,601<br>26,467<br>24,343<br>24,408<br>22,171<br>20,951<br>19,456<br>18,278<br>20,651<br>23,464<br>25,063<br>26,257<br>26,800<br>26,054<br>26,799   | 243<br>249<br>258<br>259<br>266<br>268<br>273<br>304<br>401<br>389<br>401<br>400<br>384<br>438<br>446 |
| Year  1980 1981 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995                | 7,690,000 7,444,000 9,133,676 7,500,000 6,900,000 6,490,000 7,000,000 8,500,000 10,050,000 10,575,000 11,400,000 12,200,000 12,450,000   | 7,194,893<br>6,577,544<br>6,292,412<br>6,326,470<br>5,889,840<br>5,606,245<br>5,302,681<br>5,547,907<br>8,287,119<br>9,131,326<br>10,050,000<br>10,500,000<br>10,500,000<br>10,294,205<br>11,400,000<br>11,947,908<br>9,924,185   | 29,601<br>26,467<br>24,343<br>24,408<br>22,171<br>20,951<br>19,456<br>18,278<br>20,651<br>23,464<br>25,063<br>26,257<br>26,800<br>26,054<br>26,799<br>24,685                               | 243 249 258 259 266 268 273 304 401 389 401 400 384 438 446 402                                       |
| Year  1980 1981 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996           | 7,690,000 7,444,000 9,133,676 7,500,000 6,900,000 6,490,000 7,000,000 8,500,000 10,050,000 10,575,000 11,400,000 12,200,000 12,450,000 11,500,000  | 7,194,893<br>6,577,544<br>6,292,412<br>6,326,470<br>5,889,840<br>5,606,245<br>5,302,681<br>5,547,907<br>8,287,119<br>9,131,326<br>10,050,000<br>10,500,000<br>10,500,000<br>10,294,205<br>11,400,000<br>11,947,908<br>9,924,185<br>10,017,947   | Applications  29,601 26,467 24,343 24,408 22,171 20,951 19,456 18,278 20,651 23,464 25,063 26,257 26,800 26,054 26,799 24,685 24,434   | Payment  243 249 258 259 266 268 273 304 401 389 401 400 384 438 446 402 410                          |
| Year  1980 1981 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995                | 7,690,000 7,444,000 9,133,676 7,500,000 6,900,000 6,490,000 7,000,000 8,500,000 10,050,000 10,575,000 11,400,000 12,200,000 12,450,000 11,500,000 11,500,000   | 7,194,893<br>6,577,544<br>6,292,412<br>6,326,470<br>5,889,840<br>5,606,245<br>5,302,681<br>5,547,907<br>8,287,119<br>9,131,326<br>10,050,000<br>10,500,000<br>10,294,205<br>11,400,000<br>11,947,908<br>9,924,185<br>10,017,947<br>10,180,984   | Applications  29,601 26,467 24,343 24,408 22,171 20,951 19,456 18,278 20,651 23,464 25,063 26,257 26,800 26,054 26,799 24,685 24,434 25,110  | 243 249 258 259 266 268 273 304 401 389 401 400 384 438 446 402                                       |
| Year  1980 1981 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997      | 7,690,000 7,444,000 9,133,676 7,500,000 6,900,000 6,490,000 7,000,000 8,500,000 10,050,000 10,575,000 11,400,000 12,200,000 12,450,000 11,500,000  | 7,194,893<br>6,577,544<br>6,292,412<br>6,326,470<br>5,889,840<br>5,606,245<br>5,302,681<br>5,547,907<br>8,287,119<br>9,131,326<br>10,050,000<br>10,500,000<br>10,500,000<br>10,294,205<br>11,400,000<br>11,947,908<br>9,924,185<br>10,017,947   | Applications  29,601 26,467 24,343 24,408 22,171 20,951 19,456 18,278 20,651 23,464 25,063 26,257 26,800 26,054 26,799 24,685 24,434   | Payment  243 249 258 259 266 268 273 304 401 389 401 400 384 438 446 402 410 405                      |
| Year  1980 1981 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998      | 7,690,000 7,444,000 9,133,676 7,500,000 6,900,000 6,490,000 7,000,000 8,500,000 10,050,000 10,575,000 11,400,000 12,200,000 12,450,000 11,500,000 11,500,000 11,000,000 10,675,000   | 7,194,893<br>6,577,544<br>6,292,412<br>6,326,470<br>5,889,840<br>5,606,245<br>5,302,681<br>5,547,907<br>8,287,119<br>9,131,326<br>10,050,000<br>10,500,000<br>10,294,205<br>11,400,000<br>11,947,908<br>9,924,185<br>10,017,947<br>10,180,984<br>10,666,391                             | 29,601<br>26,467<br>24,343<br>24,408<br>22,171<br>20,951<br>19,456<br>18,278<br>20,651<br>23,464<br>25,063<br>26,257<br>26,800<br>26,054<br>26,799<br>24,685<br>24,434<br>25,110<br>27,039 | Payment  243 249 258 259 266 268 273 304 401 389 401 400 384 438 446 402 410 405 394                  |
| Year  1980 1981 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 | 7,690,000 7,444,000 9,133,676 7,500,000 6,900,000 6,490,000 7,000,000 8,500,000 10,550,000 10,575,000 11,400,000 12,200,000 12,450,000 11,500,000 11,500,000 11,500,000 11,500,000 11,500,000 11,500,000 11,500,000 11,500,000 11,100,000 11,100,000 | 7,194,893<br>6,577,544<br>6,292,412<br>6,326,470<br>5,889,840<br>5,606,245<br>5,302,681<br>5,547,907<br>8,287,119<br>9,131,326<br>10,050,000<br>10,500,000<br>10,500,000<br>10,294,205<br>11,400,000<br>11,947,908<br>9,924,185<br>10,017,947<br>10,180,984<br>10,666,391<br>10,972,022 | Applications  29,601 26,467 24,343 24,408 22,171 20,951 19,456 18,278 20,651 23,464 25,063 26,257 26,800 26,054 26,799 24,685 24,434 25,110 27,039 27,809                                  | Payment  243 249 258 259 266 268 273 304 401 389 401 400 384 438 446 402 410 405 394 395              |

#### DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY TAX RELIEF PROGRAMS FOR THE ELDERLY AND DISABLED

The state provides two programs of local property tax relief for the elderly: the tax freeze program and the circuit breaker program for homeowners and renters.

The circuit breaker program which is also available to disabled of any age provides a property tax credit to homeowners and a grant to renters. The state reimburses towns for the tax credit given to homeowners.

The tax freeze program caps a participant's tax benefit to the amount received for the 1985 assessment year for individuals that received \$2,000 or more in the assessment year commencing 10/1/85. If the tax benefit for the assessment year beginning 10/1/85 was less than \$2,000 it will never exceed the \$2,000 amount in any subsequent year. PA 98-262 excludes postal pension income from tax freeze program eligibility determinations.

#### **Tax Freeze Program**

#### Description:

- a. This program is mandated by the State.
- b. It provides a qualified homeowner a freeze on both the assessed value (minus \$1,000) and on the mill rate.
- c. The municipal tax exemption is reimbursed by the state.

#### Eligibility:

- Homeowner must be 65 years of age or over, or the spouse who is living with him/her must be 65 or over.
- b. A surviving spouse over 50 is eligible.
- c. The applicant must occupy the real property as his/her principal place of residence and must have resided in the state for one year before filing a claim. Qualifying income limit is \$6,000 adjusted gross income plus tax exempt interest (but excluding Social Security or Railroad Retirement Income). PA 98-262 excludes postal pension income from tax freeze program eligibility determinations.

#### Application:

- a. Closed. This grant is available only to elderly persons who applied prior to May 15, 1980.
- b. Reapplication is required every two years.

#### **Circuit Breaker Program**

#### 1. Homeowners:

Description: Homeowners receive a tax credit against their real property tax. The amount of the credit varies inversely with income.

#### Eliaibility:

- a. A homeowner must be 65 years of age or over, or the spouse who is living with him/her must be 65 or over, or be under 65 but eligible for permanent total disability benefits under Social Security requirements or a comparable program. PA 98-244 allows legally separated homeowners and renters to file as single people for the circuit breaker benefits.
- b. A surviving spouse over 50 is eligible.
- c. The applicant must occupy the real property as his/her principal place of residence and must have resided in the state for one year before filing a claim. Have qualifying income for the previous year of not more than \$25,400 for unmarried individuals or if married joint income of not more than \$31,100 for homeowners filing between February 1, and May 15, 2002. (Qualifying income is defined as federal adjusted gross income plus social security income and other income not included in federal adjusted gross income. Qualifying income will be adjusted by October 1 of each year to reflect the Social Security inflation adjustment.) PA 98-262 excludes postal pension income from tax freeze program eligibility

determinations.

#### Application:

The deadline is May 15 and reapplication is required every two years.

Property tax credit amount is equal to a specified percentage of property tax up to the maximum amount shown on the table below.

#### 2. Renters:

Description: Renters are entitled to a state grant based on the percent considered to be paid toward property taxes. PA 98-244 allows legally separated homeowners and renters to file as single people for the circuit breaker benefits.

#### Eligibility:

Same as for homeowner.

#### Application:

Renters must apply between May 15 and September 15. Grant amount is equal to 35% of the total of all charges for rent, electricity, gas, water and fuel used during the preceding calendar year less 5% of qualifying income, up to the maximum amount shown in the table below for renters.

#### 3. Resident of a Continuing Care Community:

Description: The program is open to residents of continuing care communities only if a residents contract: (1) does not confer any ownership interest in the complex or dwelling unit or (2) is not a lease. Residents are entitled to a state grant equal to the product of the portion of the assessed value of the entire complex that is attributable to the dwelling unit and the town's mill rate.

#### Eligibility:

Same as for homeowners.

#### Application:

Residents must apply to municipal assessors between February 1, and May 15.

Grant amount is equal to a specified percentage of property tax (see Residents chart).

The schedules on the following page indicate the amount of benefit individuals at the various qualifying income levels may be eligible for under these programs for FY 1999-2000. The tables are based on a sliding scale, in which benefits decrease as income increases.

#### **Elderly Renter and Homeowner Rebate for 1998**

Special Act 98-6 (the Appropriations Act) included \$8 million to provide a supplemental \$100 rebate to the low-income elderly renters and homeowners participating in the three elderly tax relief programs administered by the Office of Policy and Management (OPM).

#### Eligibility:

Renters who received rebates under OPM's Tax Relief for Elderly Renters program, beginning October 1997 based on income year 1996.

Homeowners who received credits on their July 1, 1997 property tax bills under OPM's Circuit Breaker and Freeze Programs.

Under the Renter and Circuit Breaker Programs, a claimant's qualifying income must not exceed \$23,100 if single, or \$28,300 if married (income year 1996). The Freeze Program is a closed program whose participants had to have been granted a frozen tax benefit on or before the Grand List of 1979. In order to continue to receive a frozen tax benefit, claimants (whether single or married) cannot have received more than \$6,000 in qualifying income.

#### Payment Date:

All payments are to be made no later than September 30,1998.

#### PROPERTY TAX RELIEF PROGRAMS FOR THE ELDERY & DISABLED

#### 2000 Grand List Homeowner and Renter Appiclations Filing Period February 1 - May 15, 2002

#### **Residents of Continuing Care Communities & Homeowner Benefits**

| Qualifyir | ng Income<br>Not | Tax Reduction as a % of | Tax reduction | ı for any Year |
|-----------|------------------|-------------------------|---------------|----------------|
| Over      | Exceeding        | Property Tax            | Maximum       | Minimum        |
|           | <u>N</u>         | Married Homeowners      |               |                |
| \$0       | \$12,600         | 50%                     | \$1,250       | \$400          |
| 12,600    | 17,100           | 40                      | 1,000         | 350*           |
| 17,100    | 21,200           | 30                      | 750           | 250*           |
| 21,200    | 25,400           | 20                      | 500           | 150*           |
| 25,400    | 31,100           | 10                      | 250           | 150*           |
| 31,100    |                  | None                    | None          | None           |
|           | Ur               | nmarried Homeowner      | rs            |                |
| \$0       | \$12,600         | 40%                     | <br>\$1,000   | \$350*         |
| 12,600    | 17,100           | 30                      | 750           | 250*           |
| 17,100    | 21,200           | 20                      | 500           | 150*           |
| 21,200    | 25,400           | 10                      | 250           | 150*           |
| 25,400    |                  | None                    | None          | None           |
|           |                  |                         |               |                |

|                   |                | Renter Benefits   |                 |             |  |
|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------|--|
| Qualifying Income |                |                   | Amount of Grant |             |  |
| 0                 | Not            |                   |                 |             |  |
| Over              | Exceeding      |                   | Maximum Minimu  |             |  |
|                   |                | Married Renters   |                 |             |  |
| \$0               | \$12,600       | <u> </u>          | \$900           | \$400       |  |
| 12,600            | 17,100         |                   | 700             | 300         |  |
| 17,100            | 21,200         |                   | 500             | 200         |  |
| 21,200            | 25,400         |                   | 250             | 100         |  |
| 25,400            | 31,100         |                   | 150             | 50          |  |
| 31,100            |                |                   | None            | None        |  |
|                   |                | Unmarried Denters |                 |             |  |
| ΦO                | <b>#40.000</b> | Unmarried Renters | <b>6700</b>     | <b>#200</b> |  |
| \$0               | \$12,600       |                   | \$700           | \$300       |  |
| 12,600            | 17,100         |                   | 500             | 200         |  |
| 17,100            | 21,200         |                   | 250             | 100         |  |
| 21,200            | 25,400         |                   | 150             | 50          |  |
| 25,400            |                |                   | None            | None        |  |

<sup>\*</sup>PA 99-1 of the June Special Session increased the minimum tax reduction levels by \$50.

#### LOCAL OPTION PROPERTY TAX RELIEF FOR THE ELDERLY

The local option property tax relief for the elderly program was established in 1973 by PA 73-628. The program allows municipalities upon vote of its legislative body on recommendation of its board of finance or equivalent body to provide property tax relief for elderly homeowners.

Prior to approval by the legislative body, the executive authority of the town must appoint a committee of not less than five resident taxpayers to study and report within 60 days the fiscal effect of the relief on the property tax revenue of the town and recommendations on the form and extent of such relief. After initial approval of the relief by the legislative body, any changes may be made by vote of the legislative body without appointment of a study committee. The total abatement of property tax revenue cannot exceed 10 per cent of the total real property tax assessed in the preceding tax year.

The property tax relief for a principal residence may be provided to any resident who:

- (1) is 65 years of age or over, or has a spouse, age 65 or over living in the household, or is a surviving spouse, age 60 or over;
- (2) has been a taxpayer in the town for one year immediately preceding receipt of tax benefits; and
- (3) meets any income criteria which the town may have adopted.

Prior to October 1, 1987, the total amount of tax relief was limited to 75% of the total due. Commencing with the October 1, 1987 assessment year, PA 87-116 expanded the allowable tax relief to 100% provided that when total tax relief exceeds 75% of the tax due, the town must file a lien against the property and charge interest, at a rate determined by the town.

It should be noted that the local option elderly homeowner tax relief benefits program was extended by PA 87-91 of permanently and totally disabled persons, regardless of age commencing with the October 1, 1987 assessment year.

# VETERAN'S PROPERTY TAX EXEMPTION DATES OF WARS AND OTHER RECOGNIZED MILITARY CAMPAIGNS AND OPERATIONS CGS Section 12-81(19)

April 21, 1898 to August 13, 1898 Spanish-American War Philippine Insurrection August 13, 1898 to July 4, 1902 Moro Province Engagement August 13, 1898 to July 15, 1903 Boxer Rebellion June 20, 1900 to May 12, 1901 **Cuban Pacification** September 12, 1906 to April 1, 1909 Nicaraguan Campaign August 28, 1912 to November 2, 1913 Haitian Campaign July 9, 1915 to December 6, 1915 Punitive Expedition to Mexico March 10, 1916 to April 6, 1917 World War I April 6, 1917 to November 11, 1918

Service in Russia April 6, 1917 to April 1, 1920

World War II December 7, 1941 to December 31, 1946 (1)

Korean Hostilities June 27, 1950 to January 31, 1955

South Korea Demilitarized Zone After February 1, 1955

Lebanon Conflict

Vietnam Era

February 28, 1961 to July 1, 1975

Berlin Airlift

July 1, 1958 to November 1, 1958

February 28, 1961 to July 1, 1975

August 14, 1961 to June 1, 1962

Lebanon Peace-Keeping Mission September 29, 1982 to March 30, 1984 Invasion of Grenada October 25, 1983 to December 15, 1983 (2)

Operation Earnest Will February 1, 1987 to July 23, 1987

Invasion of Panama December 20, 1989 to January 31, 1990 (2)

Operation Desert Shield/Desert Storm August 2, 1990 to June 30, 1994 (3)

Somalia After December 2, 1992 Bosnia After December 20, 1995

- (1) Pursuant to 12-86, twelve o'clock midnight on December 31, 1947 is the World War II termination date for purposes of granting a property tax exemption.
- (2) A person must serve in a combat or combat support role for the duration of any campaign lasting less than 90 days in order to qualify for a property tax exemption. An Armed Forces Expeditionary Medal is awarded to such individuals.
- (3) Active duty service personnel first became eligible for an exemption based on service in Operation Desert Shied/Desert Storm, while that campaign was ongoing. Individuals who received an exemption based on receipt of an Armed Forces Expeditionary Medal for service in Operation Desert Shield/Desert Storm continue to be eligible even though they do not meet the 90-day service requirement.

#### **VETERAN'S EXEMPTION CHART**

|   |   | Benefits with Income Requirement<br>PA 85-573 (12-81g) |  | Benefits with no Income Requirement PA 85-573 (12-81g) |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Statute Summary:  | Unreimbursed<br>Entitlement   | •  | Total<br>Entitlement                     | Unreimbursed<br>Entitlement                            | Additional<br>Reimbursed               | Total<br>Entitlement                     |  |
| Sec. 12-81 (19)<br>90 Day service during time<br>war, or discharge was reco<br>Prior to Oct., 1977  |   | \$2,000  | \$3,000                                  | \$1,000  | \$500                                  | \$1,500                                  |  |
| Sec. 12-81 (20)  V.A. Rating  10% - 25%  26% - 50%  51% - 75%  76% - 100% or  Over 65 yrs. and > 10 | \$1,500<br>\$2,000<br>\$2,500<br>\$3,000                                      | \$3,000<br>\$4,000<br>\$5,000<br>\$6,000               | \$4,500<br>\$6,000<br>\$7,500<br>\$9,000 | \$1,500<br>\$2,000<br>\$2,500<br>\$3,000               | \$750<br>\$1,000<br>\$1,250<br>\$1,500 | \$2,250<br>\$3,000<br>\$3,750<br>\$4,500 |  |
| Sec. 12-81 (21a)<br>Severe disability: VA Rated<br>Service-C<br>* Real P                            |   | \$20,000<br>\$10,000<br>applied on domi                | \$30,000<br>\$15,000<br>cle.             | \$10,000<br>\$5,000                                    | \$5,000<br>\$2,500                     | \$15,000<br>\$7,500                      |  |
| Sec. 12-81 (22)<br>Surviving Spouse or minor<br>if service related death                            | child \$1,000<br>\$3,000  | \$2,000<br>\$6,000                                     | \$3,000<br>\$9,000                       | \$1,000<br>\$3,000                                     | \$500<br>\$1,500                       | \$1,500<br>\$4,500                       |  |
| Sec. 12-81 (23)<br>Surviving Spouse receives<br>annuities or compensation<br>U. S. (Federal)        | \$1,000<br>from   | \$2,000  | \$3,000                                  | \$1,000  | \$500                                  | \$1,500                                  |  |
| Sec. 12-81 (24) Active duty service-connect death, surviving spouse recompensation from V.A.        |   | \$6,000  | \$9,000                                  | \$3,000  | \$1,500                                | \$4,500                                  |  |
| Sec. 12-81 (25) Benefits to single parent of who left no surviving spous or when spouse remarried   |   | \$2,000  | \$3,000                                  | \$1,000  | \$500                                  | \$1,500                                  |  |
| Sec. 12-81 (26) Parents of serviceman recepension annuity or compenfrom U.S. (Federal)              |   | \$2,000  | \$3,000                                  | \$1,000  | \$500                                  | \$1,500                                  |  |
| General: Less   | me requirements for ak<br>Than: \$31,100 (married<br>me includes: Adjusted gr | l) & \$25,400 (sir                                     |  | Sec. 12-90(a) N<br>exemption unde<br>(19), (20), (22), | er two or more o                       | f subdivisions                           |  |
| 100% VA Rating: Less  | me requirements for al<br>Than: \$21,000 (married<br>me includes: Adjusted gr | l) & \$18,000 (sir                                     | ngle)                                    | section 12-81 sl exemption.                            |  |  |  |

It should be noted that 12-62g allows the amount of veterans exemption to be increased by the amount of change in the grand list in the year of a general revaluation.

[1] Real property exemption to be applied on domicile.

Source: State Office of Policy and Management, Intergovernmental Relations Division.

#### PROPERTY TAXATION OF FARM, FOREST AND OPEN SPACE LAND

Enacted in 1963, PA 490 (C.G.S. 12-107a-107c) represents the state's policy of preserving farm, forest, and open space land by preferential taxation by allowing such land to be assessed for tax purposes according to its current use as opposed to its market value. In an attempt to prevent abuse and to help recover abated taxes, a declining conveyance tax was placed on sales occurring during the first ten years.

The classification of land as farm land and forest land is made by the town assessor and the state forester respectively following the submission of a written request from the property owners. The municipal planning commission, in preparing a development plan, may designate areas as open space. The legislative body of the municipality must approve the designation by a majority vote.

For purposes of classification farm land means any tract of land, including woodland and wasteland, constituting a farm unit. Forest land is any tract of land of at least 25 acres or more in an area bearing tree growth. Open Space land means any area of land including forest lands and designated wetlands, the preservation of which would:

- 1. Maintain and enhance the conservation of natural or scenic resources
- 2. Protect natural streams or water supply
- 3. Promote conservation of soils, wetlands, beaches or tidal marshes
- 4. Enhance the value to the public of abutting or neighboring parks, forests, etc.
- 5. Enhance public recreation opportunities
- 6. Preserve historic sites or
- 7. Promote orderly urban or suburban development

Conveyance taxes are levied on the sale of land which has been classified by the owner as farm, forest or open space as follows:

Land classified as Open Space:

Land classified as Farm or Forest:

#### MUNICIPAL PROPERTY TAX EXEMPTIONS C. G. S. Section 12-81

The following property is exempt from taxation (C.G.S. Section 12-81).

- 1) Property of the United States.
- 2) State property, reservation land held in trust by the state for an Indian tribe.
- 3) County property. (REPEALED)
- 4) Municipal property.
- 5) Property held by trustees for public purposes.
- 6) Property of volunteer fire companies and property for public use.
- 7) Property used for scientific, educational, literary, historical or charitable purposes.
- 8) College property.
- 9) Personal property loaned to tax-exempt educational institutions.
- 10) Property belonging to agricultural or horticultural societies.
- 11) Property held for cemetery use.
- 12) Personal property of religious organizations devoted to religious or charitable use.
- 13) Houses of religious worship.
- 14) Property of religious organizations used for certain purposes.
- 15) Houses used by officiating clergymen as dwellings.
- 16) Hospitals and sanitariums.
- 17) Property of blind persons up to \$3,000.
- 18) Property of veterans' organizations.
  - (a) Property of bona fide war veterans' organization.
  - (b) Property of the Grand Army of the Republic.
- 19) Veteran's exemptions upto \$1,000.
- 20) Servicemen and veterans having disability ratings up to \$3,000.
- 21) Disabled veterans with severe disability.
  - (a) Disabilities.
  - (b) Exemptions hereunder additional to others. Surviving spouse's rights.
  - (c) Municipal option to allow total exemption for residence with respect to which veteran has received assistance for special housing under Title 38 of the United States Code.
- 22) Surviving spouse or minor child of servicemen and veterans.
- 23) Serviceman's surviving spouse receiving federal benefits.
- 24) Surviving spouse and minor child of veteran receiving compensation from Veteran's Administration.
- 25) Surviving parent of deceased serviceman or veteran.
- 26) Parents of veterans.
- 27) Property of grand army posts.
- 28) Property of United States army instructors.
- 29) Property of American National Red Cross.
- 30) Fuel and provisions.
- 31) Household furniture.
- 32) Private libraries.
- 33) Musical instruments.
- 34) Watches and jewelry.
- 35) Wearing apparel.
- 36) Commercial fishing vessels and fishing apparatus up to \$500.
- 37) Mechanic's tools.
- 38) Farming tools.
- 39) Farm produce, livestock and poultry.
- 40) Sheep, goats and swine.
- 41) Dairy and beef cattle and oxen.
- 42) Poultry.
- 43) Cash.
- 44) Nursery products.
- 45) Property of units of Connecticut National Guard.
- 46) Watercraft owned by nonresident. (REPEALED)
- 47) Carriages, wagons and bicycles.

#### MUNICIPAL PROPERTY TAX EXEMPTIONS C. G. S. Section 12-81

The following property is exempt from taxation (C.G.S. Section 12-81).

- 48) Airport improvements.
- 49) Nonprofit camps or recreational facilities for charitable purposes.
- 50) Exemption of manufacturers' inventories.
- 51) Water pollution control structures and equipment exempt.
- 52) Structures and equipment for air pollution control.
- 53) Motor vehicle of serviceman.
- 54) Wholesale and retail business inventory.
- 55) Property of totally disabled persons up to \$1,000.
- 56) Active solar energy systems.
- 57) Solar energy electricity generating systems.
- 58) Property leased to a charitable, religious or nonprofit organization.
- 59) Manufacturing or service facility in a distressed municipality or a targeted investment community.
- 60) Machinery and equipment in a manufacturing facility in a distressed municipality or a targeted investment community.
- 61) Vessels used primarily for commercial fishing.
- 62) Passive solar energy systems.
- 63) Solar energy electricity generating and cogeneration systems.
- 64) Vessels in the assessment year beginning on or after October 1, 1981...
- 65) Vanpool vehicles.
- 66) Motor vehicles leased to state agencies on or after June 4, 1982.
- 67) Beach property belonging to or held in trust for cities.
- 68) Any livestock used in farming or any horse or pony assessed at less than \$1,000.
- 69) Property of the Metropolitan Transportation Authority.
- 70) Manufacturing and equipment acquired as part of the technological upgrading of a manufacturing process in a distressed municipality or a targeted investment community.
- 71) Any motor vehicle owned by a member of an indigenous Indian tribe or their spouse, and garaged on the reservation of the tribe.
- 72) New machinery and equipment in manufacturing facilities, including machinery and equipment used in the biotechnology industry.
- 73) Temporary structures used in seasonal agricultural production, including hoop houses, poly houses, high tunnels, overwintering structures and shade houses
- 74) Certain vehicles used to transport freight for hire (GRW in excess of 26,000.)
- 75) Certain health care institutions (UCONN Dempsey Hospital)

## MOBILE MANUFACTURED HOMES LEGISLATION AFFECTING TAXATION

#### PA 85-512

From October 1, 1985 to June 30, 1986:

- 1. The sale of 'New' mobile manufactured homes (MMH) 12 feet wide or wider is subject to the sales tax. For purposes of the sales tax, a mobile manufactured home means a home at least twelve feet wide, which cannot proceed under its own power, which is towed or placed on flatbed trucks to be taken to its destination and which requires a limited duration over-size load permit in order to be transported on the highways.
- 2. The "Resale' of MMH located in licensed mobile home parks or on a single family lot is subject to the real estate conveyance tax.

#### PA 86-310

The provisions of PA 85-512 regarding the imposition of sales tax on new MMH and the imposition of the real estate conveyance tax on the sale of used MMH is made permanent with the following modification: The sales tax on a new MMH applies to 70% of the selling price of a new MMH sold by the manufacturer.

PA 310 also made a number of other tax related changes as follows:

1. A uniform procedure for towns to assess and tax mobile homes is established. 'Beginning with the 10/1/86 grand list MMH occupied as residences and connected to utilities must be assessed as residential real property (i.e., assessed at 70% of true market value). Under certain conditions (see phase-in below) the assessed value may be phased-in over a 5 year period. Prior to this act, there was no uniform statewide procedure for assessing mobile homes and assessors could tax mobile homes as either real or personal property.

Phase-in: The act phases in any increase in the assessed value of mobile homes when, (1) mobile homes are assessed as real property for the first time on or after 10/1/86 and (2) where the assessment results in a tax increase of over 25%. The phase-in occurs over a 5 year period, with 20% of the increased assessment being phased-in on the 10/1/86 grand list and 20% in each of the next four assessment years.

- 2. The act eliminated the authority of a town to charge a mobile home owner a monthly fee in lieu of property tax.
- 3. The act renames a 'Mobile Home' a 'Mobile Manufactured Home' and changes the definition with regard to property taxation. A Mobile Manufactured Home is defined as: (1) a detached residential unit having three-dimensional components which are intrinsically mobile, with or without a wheel chassis, or (2) a detached unit built after 6/15/76 in accordance with federal standards. In either case, the home must have sleeping accommodations, electrical connections and be designed for long-term occupancy. As under existing law, a home must have running water, bathing facilities, and a flush toilet.

#### PA 87-447 (as amended by PA 87-589)

PA 87-447 was amended to allow towns, by ordinance, to tax mobile manufactured homes as personal property instead of real property, from 10/1/86 until the first sale of the home. Mobile homes must be taxed as real property on the first assessment date following the first sale. First sale does not include conveyance to an owner's spouse, his sibling who resides in the unit being sold, or an owner who uses the sale proceeds to purchase a mobile home and place it on the same leasehold site as the existing home.

#### PA 92-174

PA 92-174 creates a separate standard for valuing mobile manufactured homes located on leased land, such as those in mobile home parks. It limits the valuation of the home and the leased land on which the home is located, taken together, to no more than what their value would be if the lessee actually owned the land in determining assessment values as residential real property for tax purposes.

### STATE GRAND LEVIES FISCAL YEARS 1994-2001 (\$ Millions)

| Category           | FY 94<br>Levies | %<br>Total  | FY 95<br>Levies | %<br>Total  | FY 96<br>Levies | %<br>Total  | FY 97<br>Levies | %<br>Total  |
|--------------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------|
| Category           | Levies          | Iotai       | LCVICS          | Total       | Levies          | Total       | Levies          | Total       |
| Industrial         | \$229.2         | 4.9%        | \$224.9         | 4.6%        | \$218.3         | 4.6%        | \$218.0         | 4.4%        |
| Commercical        | 820.0           | 17.4%       | 812.3           | 16.7%       | 755.6           | 15.8%       | 784.6           | 15.7%       |
| Public Utility     | 37.0            | 0.8%        | 37.0            | 0.8%        | 32.3            | 0.7%        | 34.6            | 0.7%        |
| Bus. Per. Property | <u>420.6</u>    | <u>8.9%</u> | <u>405.5</u>    | <u>8.4%</u> | <u>392.4</u>    | 8.2%        | 402.2           | <u>8.1%</u> |
| Total              | 1,506.8         | 31.9%       | 1,479.7         | 30.5%       | 1,398.6         | 29.2%       | 1,439.4         | 28.8%       |
| Residential        | 2,843.2         | 60.3%       | 2,971.0         | 61.2%       | 2,965.2         | 61.9%       | 3,078.6         | 61.7%       |
| Motor Vehicles     | 282.8           | 6.0%        | 314.6           | 6.5%        | 342.4           | 7.1%        | 384.1           | 7.7%        |
| Land Use           | 7.0             | 0.1%        | 7.1             | 0.1%        | 7.0             | 0.1%        | 6.9             | 0.1%        |
| Vacant Land        | <u>76.9</u>     | <u>1.6%</u> | <u>80.3</u>     | <u>1.7%</u> | <u>78.7</u>     | <u>1.6%</u> | <u>83.0</u>     | <u>1.7%</u> |
| Total              | 366.7           | 7.8%        | 402.0           | 8.3%        | 428.1           | 8.9%        | 474.0           | 9.5%        |
| Gross Grand Levy   | \$4,716.7       | 100%        | \$4,852.7       | 100%        | \$4,791.9       | 100%        | \$4,992.0       | 100%        |
| Exemptions (1)     | (\$241.3)       |             | (\$327.0)       |             | (\$205.6)       |             | (\$184.0)       |             |
| Net Grand Levy     | \$4,475.4       |             | \$4,525.7       |             | \$4,586.3       |             | \$4,808.0       |             |
|                    | FY 98           | %           | FY 99           | %           | FY 00           | %           | FY 01           | %           |
| Category           | Levies          | Total       | Levies          | Total       | Levies          | Total       | Levies          | Total       |
| Industrial         | \$210.2         | 4.2%        | \$212.3         | 4.1%        | \$213.9         | 4.0%        | \$217.6         | 3.9%        |
| Commercical        | 756.8           | 15.2%       | 762.9           | 14.9%       | 787.8           | 14.7%       | 706.8           | 12.6%       |
| Public Utility     | 29.2            | 0.6%        | 29.2            | 0.6%        | 29.8            | 0.6%        | 30.7            | 0.5%        |
| Bus. Per. Property | <u>402.0</u>    | <u>8.1%</u> | 423.9           | 8.3%        | <u>465.5</u>    | <u>8.7%</u> | <u>503.5</u>    | 8.9%        |
| Total              | 1,398.2         | 28.1%       | 1,428.3         | 27.9%       | 1,497.0         | 28.0%       | 1,458.6         | 25.9%       |
| Residential        | 3,100.4         | 62.2%       | 3,197.1         | 62.4%       | 3,300.7         | 61.8%       | 3,556.6         | 63.2%       |
| Motor Vehicles     | 397.5           | 8.0%        | 412.4           | 8.0%        | 452.3           | 8.5%        | 516.3           | 9.2%        |
| Land Use           | 7.0             | 0.1%        | 7.1             | 0.1%        | 11.5            | 0.2%        | 15.3            | 0.3%        |
| Vacant Land        | <u>79.0</u>     | <u>1.6%</u> | <u>79.5</u>     | <u>1.6%</u> | <u>81.9</u>     | <u>1.5%</u> | <u>81.5</u>     | <u>1.4%</u> |
| Total              | 483.5           | 9.7%        | 499.0           | 9.7%        | 545.7           | 10.2%       | 613.1           | 10.9%       |
| Gross Grand Levy   | \$4,982.1       | 100%        | \$5,124.4       | 100%        | \$5,343.4       | 100%        | \$5,628.3       | 100%        |
| Exemptions (1)     | (\$124.0)       |             | (\$116.8)       |             | (\$118.5)       |             | (\$122.5)       |             |
| Net Grand Levy     | \$4,858.1       |             | \$5,007.6       |             | \$5,224.9       |             | \$5,505.8       |             |

Note: (1) Includes assessed values subject to phase-in schedules for certain municipalities.